

大物作业三

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1 - 34

对整体, $(m_A + m_B + m_0)a = F - (m_A + m_B + m_0)g$ 得 $a = 2\text{m/s}^2$

在绳子距离下端 x 处, 有 $(m_a + x\lambda)a = T(x) - (m_a + x\lambda)g$ 得 $T(x) = 96 + 24x\text{N}$

1 - 35

设绳子和环之间的摩擦力为 f . 有 $m_1a_1 = m_1g - f$, $m_2a_{2\text{地}} = m_2g - f$. 同时有 $a_{2\text{地}} + a_1 = a_2$
得 $f = \frac{m_1m_2}{m_1 + m_2}(2g - a_2)$

1 - 36

对 A, $m_Ag - N\sin\alpha = m_Aa_A$, 对 B, $N\cos\alpha = m_Bg$. 接触面 $a_B\cos\alpha = a_A\sin\alpha$ 得 $N = \frac{m_Am_Bg\sin\alpha}{m_A\cos^2\alpha + m_B\sin^2\alpha}$, $a_A = \frac{m_Ag}{m_A + m_B\tan^2\alpha}$, $a_B = \frac{m_Ag\tan\theta}{m_A + m_B}$

1 - 38

(1) 设绳中张力为 T , 对 A、B 分析, 有

$$\begin{cases} (T + m_Ag)\sin\alpha = m_Aa_A \\ m_Bg - T = m_Ba_B \end{cases}$$

又 $a_A\sin\alpha = a_B$ 得 $T = \frac{m_Am_Bg\cos^2\alpha}{m_A + m_B\sin\alpha}$.

(2) 设夹角为 θ , 对 A、B 分析, 有

$$m_Ag\sin\alpha + T\cos(\alpha - \theta) = m_Aa_T = m_Bam_Bg\sin\alpha = m_Ba$$

得 $\alpha = \theta$.

1 - 42

(1) 对船分析, $Ma = -kv$. 即 $Mdv = -kdx$. 两边积分得 $M(v_P - v_0) = -kl_0$. 即 $v_P = -\frac{kl_0}{M} + v_0$.

$$(2) \quad a_t = \frac{F_0 \cos \theta - kv_P}{M} = \frac{F_0 \cos \theta - k(v_0 - \frac{kl_0}{m})}{M}.$$

$$Ma_n = F_0 \sin \theta, \rho = \frac{v_P^2}{a_n} \text{ 得 } \rho = \frac{m(v_0 - \frac{kl_0}{m})^2}{F_0 \sin \alpha}$$

1 - 44

对 $r - r + dr$ 的质点, 有 $T(r + dr) - T(r) = dm\omega^2 r$. 即 $\frac{dT(r)}{dr} = \omega^2 r \frac{dm}{dr} = \omega^2 r \frac{M}{L}$. 又 $T(L) = m\omega^2 L$. 故 $T(r) = \frac{M\omega^2}{2L}(L^2 - r^2) + m\omega^2 L$

1 - 48

在斜面系分析, $N = m(g \cos \theta + a \sin \theta)$, $f = m(g \sin \theta - a \cos \theta)$.
由限制 $-\mu N \leq f \leq \mu N$, 得:

$$\bullet \quad \mu \tan \theta < 1 \text{ 时, } \frac{g(\tan \theta - \mu)}{\mu \tan \theta + 1} \leq a \leq \frac{g(\tan \theta + \mu)}{1 - \mu \tan \theta}$$

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$$\mu \tan \theta > 1$$

$$\text{时, } \frac{g(\tan \theta + \mu)}{\mu \tan \theta + 1} \leq a$$

1 - 50

在距离中心为 r 处, 在旋转系中分析有对小液体元 dm , 液体对其作用力垂直于切面, 切面倾斜角为 α . 故由几何关系, $\tan \alpha = \frac{r\omega^2}{g} = \frac{dy}{dt}$. 积分得 $y = \frac{\omega^2}{2g}r^2$

1 - 53

$$\text{质心仍旧匀速运动, 则 } x_1 = 10 = \frac{3x_A + 3x_B + x_C}{7}, y_1 = 0 = \frac{3y_A + 3y_B + y_C}{7}. \text{ 故 } B(7, 3)$$

1 - 55

质心仍旧匀速运动, 则 10 秒后质心 $h = 40\text{m}$. 此时 $h_{\text{人}} = 0$, 故 $h_{\text{球}} = 50\text{m}$, 即绳长为 50 m.

1 - 56

质心最初位置 $x_{C0} = \frac{16}{9}\text{m}$. (设开始时小车左侧为原点)。设最后小车左侧坐标为 x_0 , 有 $x_C = \frac{(\frac{L}{2})M + xm_A + (L+x)m_B}{M + m_A + m_B}$. 得 $x = \frac{4}{9}$