

**Definition**

if V is a subspace of \mathbb{R}^n with an orthonormal basis $\vec{u}_1, \dots, \vec{u}_m$, then

$$\text{proj}_V \vec{x} = (\vec{u}_1 \cdot \vec{x})\vec{u}_1 + \dots + (\vec{u}_m \cdot \vec{x})\vec{u}_m \quad \forall \vec{x} \in \mathbb{R}^n$$

**Problem**

Find the orthogonal projection of $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ onto the subspace of \mathbb{R}^4 spanned by $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

**Problem**

Find the angle between the vectors

$$\vec{x} = (1, 0, 0, 0)^T \text{ and } \vec{y} = (1, 1, 1, 1)^T.$$

**Problem**

Find all vectors orthogonal to both $v = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$ and $w = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$