

**Definition**

if  $V$  is a subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^n$  with an orthonormal basis  $\vec{u}_1, \dots, \vec{u}_m$ , then

$$\text{proj}_V \vec{x} = (\vec{u}_1 \cdot \vec{x})\vec{u}_1 + \dots + (\vec{u}_m \cdot \vec{x})\vec{u}_m \quad \forall \vec{x} \in \mathbb{R}^n$$

**Problem**

Find the orthogonal projection of  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$  onto the subspace of  $\mathbb{R}^4$  spanned by  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$

**Problem**

Find the angle between the vectors

$$\vec{x} = (1, 0, 0, 0)^T \text{ and } \vec{y} = (1, 1, 1, 1)^T.$$

**Problem**

Find all vectors orthogonal to both  $v = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $w = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$