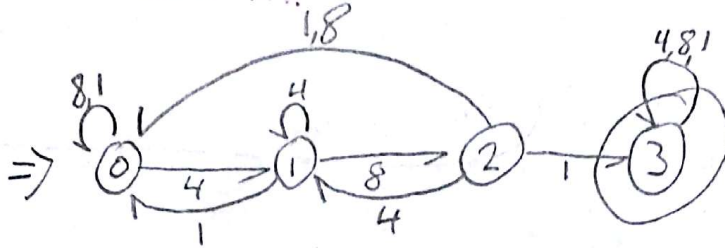
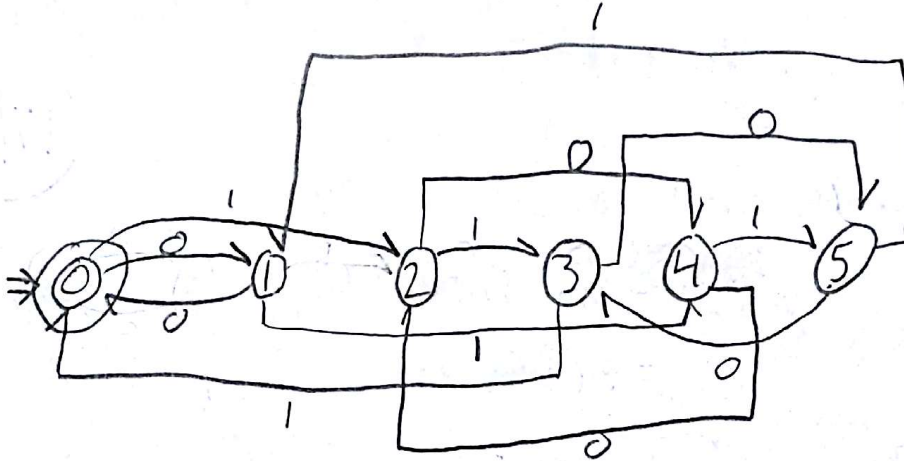


9)



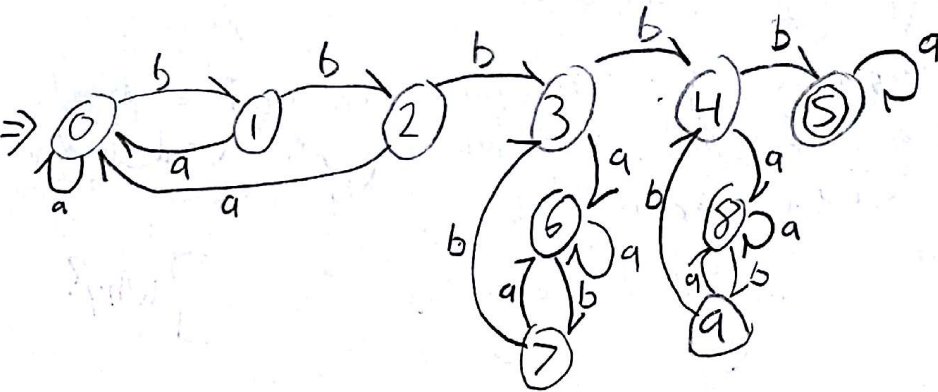
69/100

10)

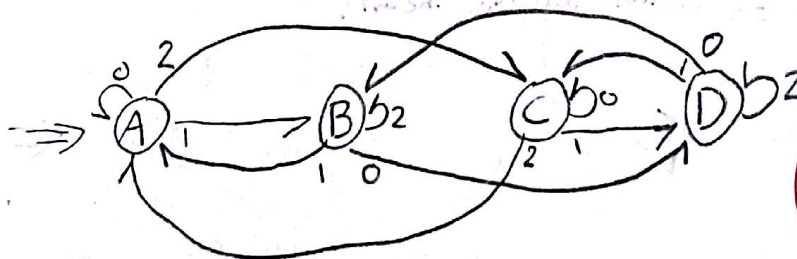


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11)



12)



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$F = \{B, C, D\}$, too crowded to circle

13)

Not finished?

Basis step:

$$\text{If } y = \lambda \text{ then } \delta(q, xy) = \delta(q, x\lambda) = \delta(q, x)$$

Inductive Hyp:

$$\text{Assume } \delta(q, xy) = \delta(\delta(q, x), y) \text{ for all } y.$$

$$\text{We prove that } \delta(q, xya) = \delta(\delta(q, x)ya) \text{ for any symbol } a \in \Sigma.$$

Proof:

$$\delta(q, xya) = \delta(\delta(q, xy) a)$$

I.H.

$$= \delta(\delta(\delta(q, x) y) a)$$

$$= \delta(\delta(q, x) ya) \quad \square$$

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14)

Your proof
is not
clear to
me...

The languages must be maximal because if it was a proper subset it would contain the entire tree excluding none.

$$\sum_{x \in A} 2^{-|x|} = 1 \text{ would be a contradiction. } \text{Why?}$$

Therefore any given full prefix free language cannot be a proper subset and has to be maximal on account of the \leq . What do you mean?

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15) I don't know.

16) I don't know.

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