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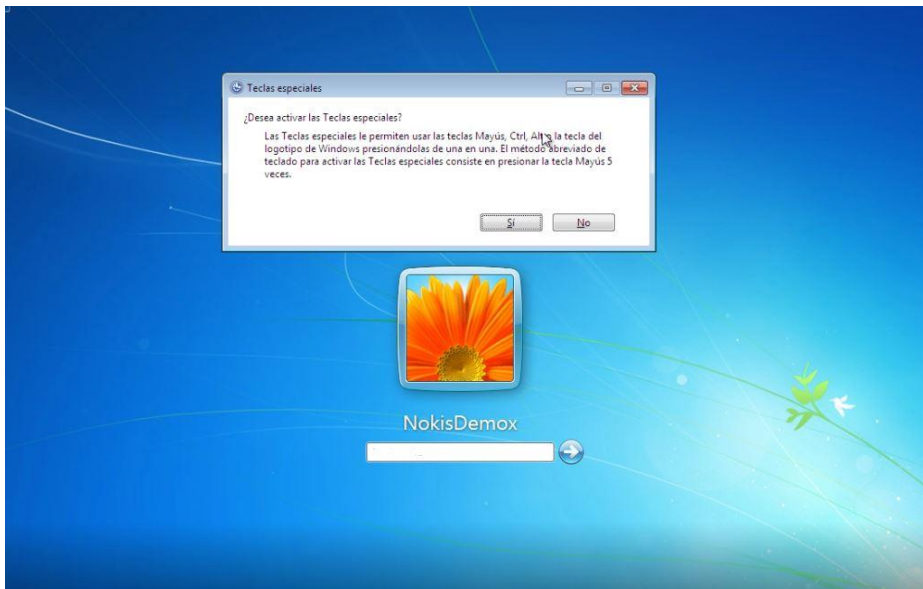
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HOW IT WORKS

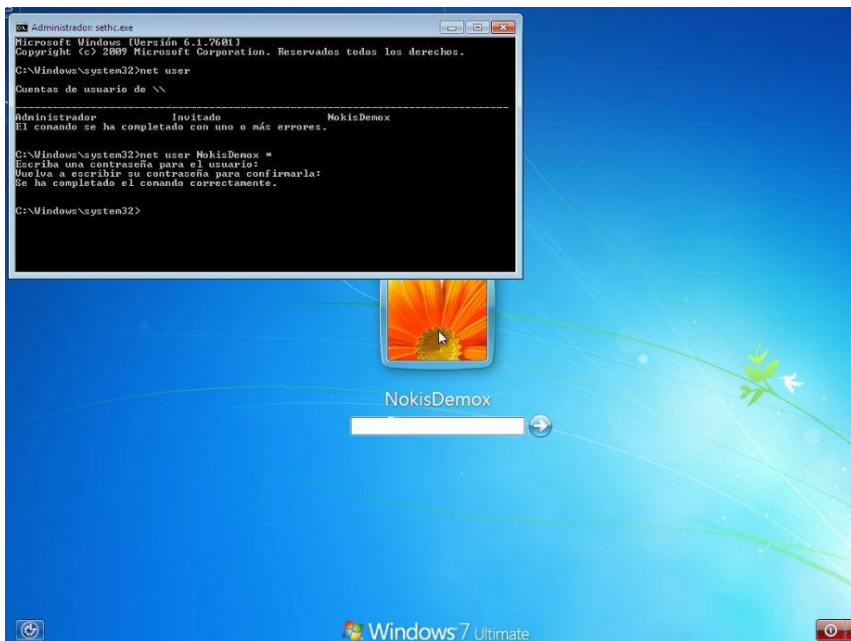
Simple and fast.

This program works in any windows, it changes the windows files so when you are in the password screen and open the help utility (press shift 5 times) it opens the cmd so you can easily change your forgotten windows password.

Before:



After:



INSTALLATION

Simply, Github.

Use -> git clone <https://github.com/NokisDemox/NokisResolver-Terminal> <- To install it

```
root@kali:~# git clone https://github.com/NokisDemox/NokisResolver-Terminal
```

Then make it executable (in my case is Kali linux) and run it using ./

```
root@kali:~/Desktop/NokisResolver-Terminal# chmod +x NokisResolver-Terminal-v1.2
root@kali:~/Desktop/NokisResolver-Terminal# ./NokisResolver-Terminal-v1.2
```

A stylized logo for 'NOKISDEMOMX' rendered in a pixelated, blocky font. The letters are primarily yellow and red, with some purple and blue accents, set against a dark background.

Now everything is done and you are running NokisResolver-Terminal on your Linux.

HOW TO USE

Two modes: Automatic or Manual

A screenshot of the NokisResolver terminal application. At the top, the word 'NOKISRESOLVER' is displayed in a large, cyan, pixelated font. Below it, a message in green text reads: 'With this tool you can easily reset your forgotten windows password this app will look for windows installed disk and make some changes if you have no idea about how to use it, press 2 to instructions'. A menu of options follows, each with a number and a description: '1.- NEXT STEP -Linux only KDE and others', '2.- NEXT STEP-G -Linux only GNOME', '3.- INSTRUCTIONS -Linux only KDE and others', '4.- INSTRUCTIONS-G -Linux only GNOME', '5.- MANUAL CRACK -Linux only', '6.- MANUAL RESTORE -Linux only', '7.- I'M IN WINWDOWS', and '0.- EXIT'. At the bottom, it says 'Choose an option:' followed by a cursor.

Application instructions (well explained in this pdf after image).



Automatic mode

This is the simplest one, just click on next, crack and you are good to go, if you want to restore the help utility just click on next and then on restore.

This mode works if your Linux OS mount all partition disk at startup and are located on /mnt, if not, do this:

For those who use a Linux Live that don't mount disk use the NEXT STEP-G this will mount all partition disk and will make automatic mode work.

If you are on a persistence Linux that doesn't mount disk (Like Kali), mount them manually and then use manual mode on the application.

If you use Ubuntu based Linux your windows will be in /mnt/c so automatic mode will crack, but if you have it with other disk letter or dismount use the manual mode.

Manual mode

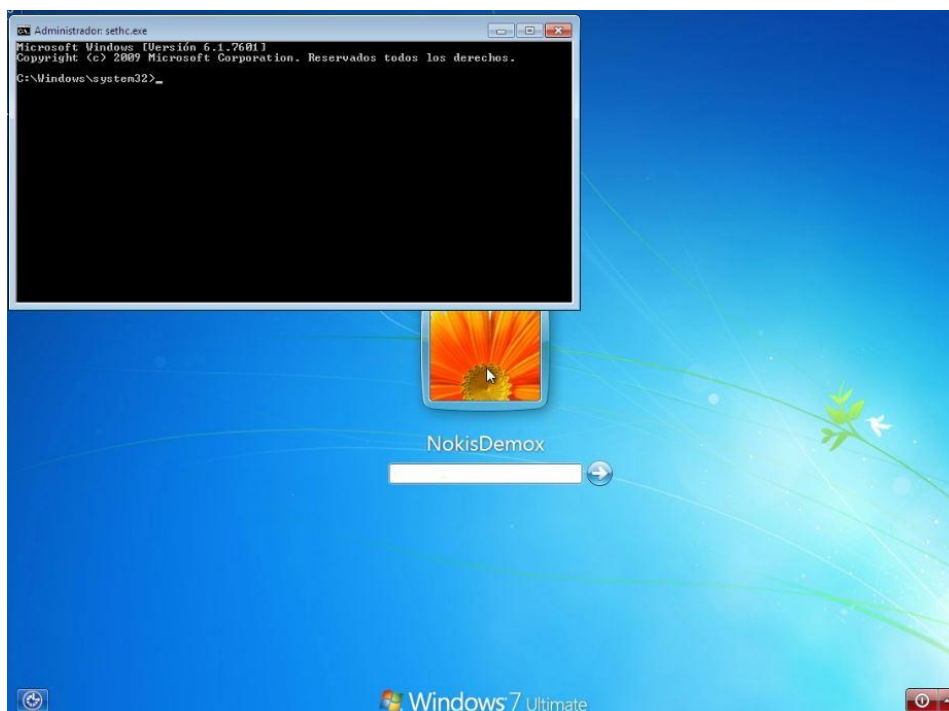
In this mode you have to make sure the disk are mounted and then enter the rute without / at the end.



Crack and restore have the same mechanics.

ONCE YOU ARE IN WINDOWS

When you are in the password screen, press **shift** button 5 times (⇧) to open cmd.



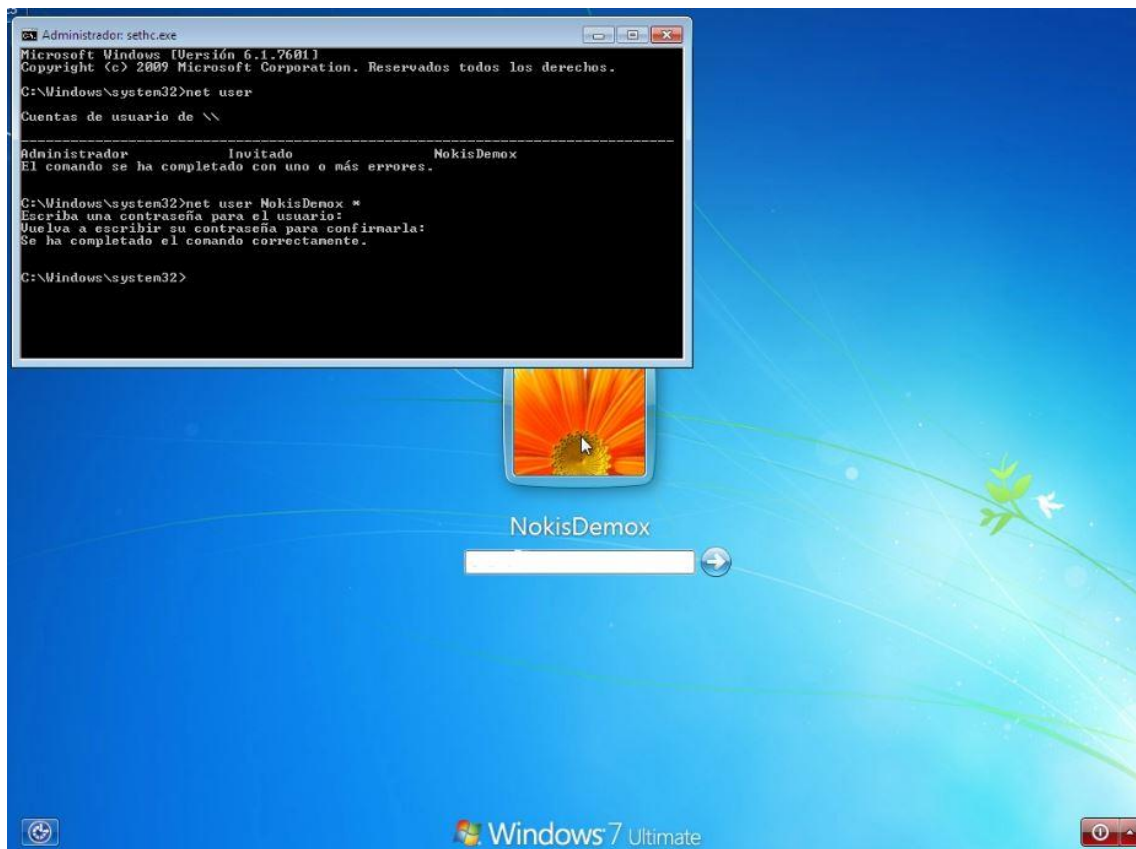
Then type-> `net user`

To see all the users (example: JOE)

Type-> `net user (username) *`

(Example: net user JOE *)

Now you can change the password for that user (if you don't see what you type do not worry it's normal).



SUPPORTED OS

Kali Linux

Mount disk manually and then use manual mode:

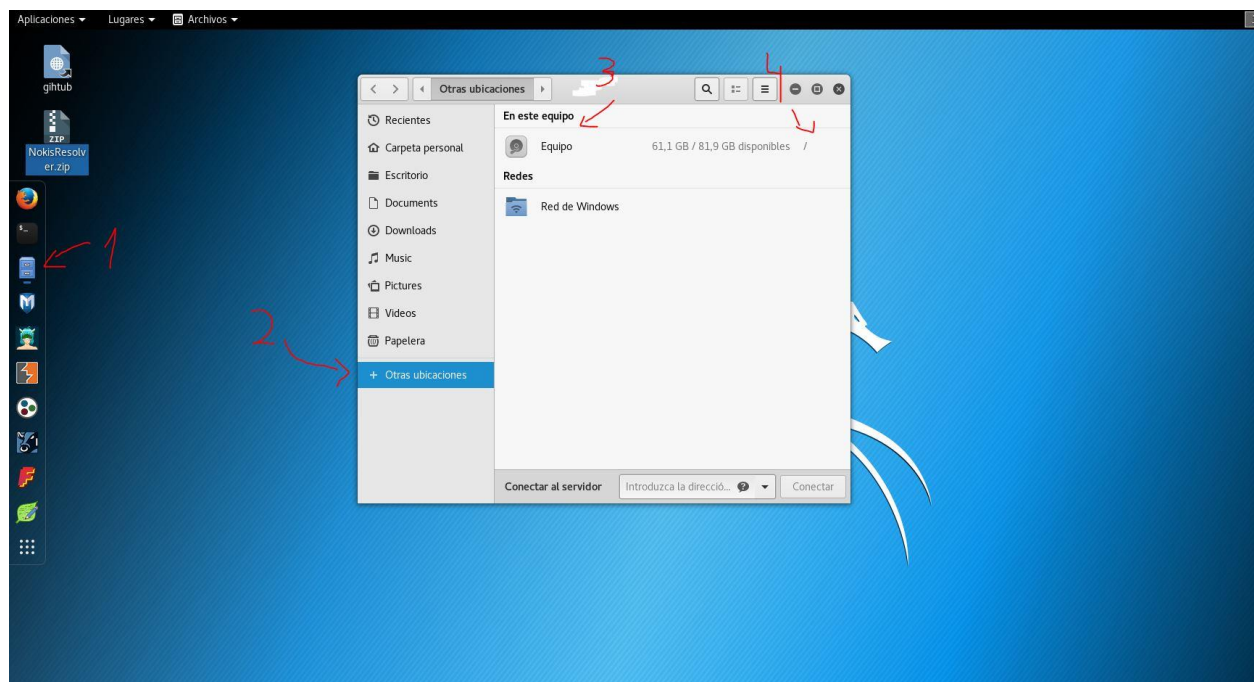
Mount disk manually:

Example-> windows is in `/dev/sda2` , open a terminal and write:

➔ `mkdir /mnt/sda2`

➔ `mount /dev/sda2 /mnt/sda2`

Now you can use automatic mode or if you do in GUI:



1.- Click on file browser

2.- Click on other ubications

3.- You can see the partitions,click in the windows one or if you don't know which is, click on all of them

4.- You can see where are mounted

If you use this last method, in the application you have to use manual mode and introduce the rule given in number 4.

Wifislax

Nothing to do, just run the program and click NEXT STEP, then CRACK and REBOOT, now just boot in windows and restore the password.



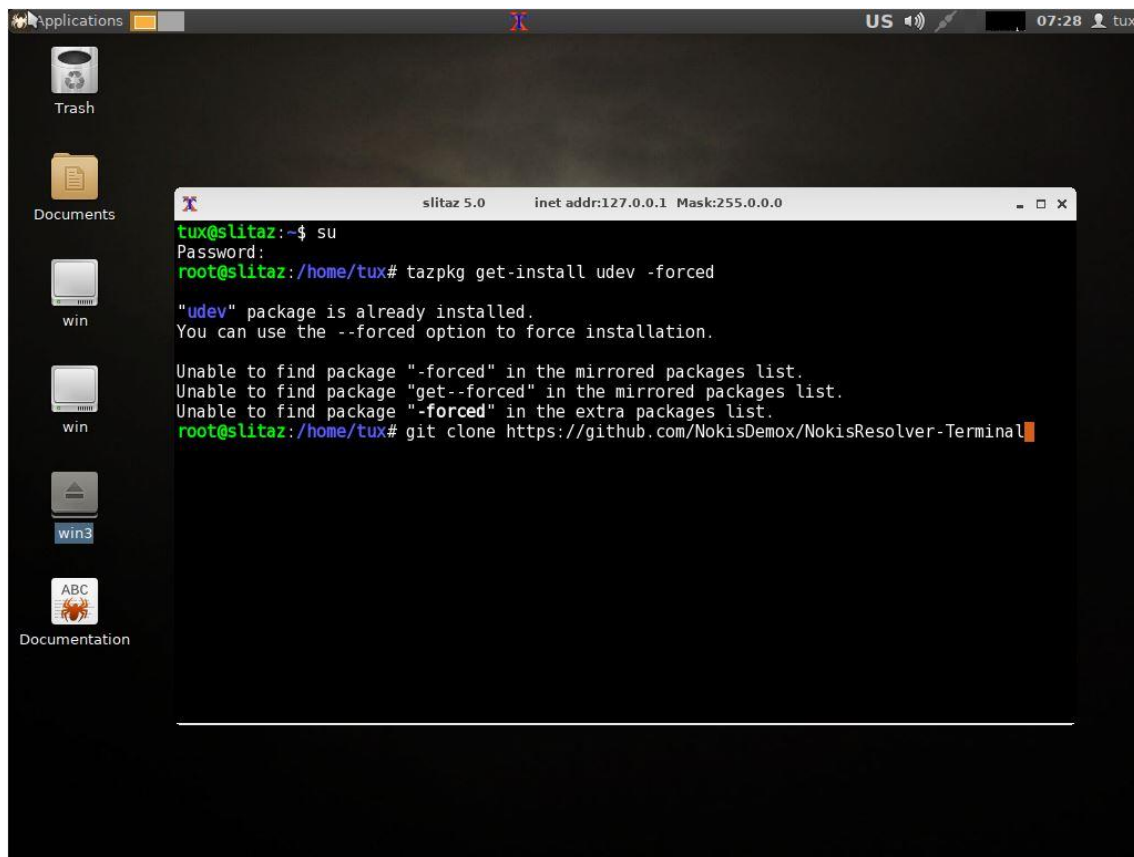
Slitaz

This lightweight Linux OS is very good if you have an old 125mb usb to use it like a windows recover password.

This OS need a little fix in version rolling or older:

Just write in terminal-> `tazpkg get-install udev -forced`

If not, NokisResolver won't get access to windows disk.

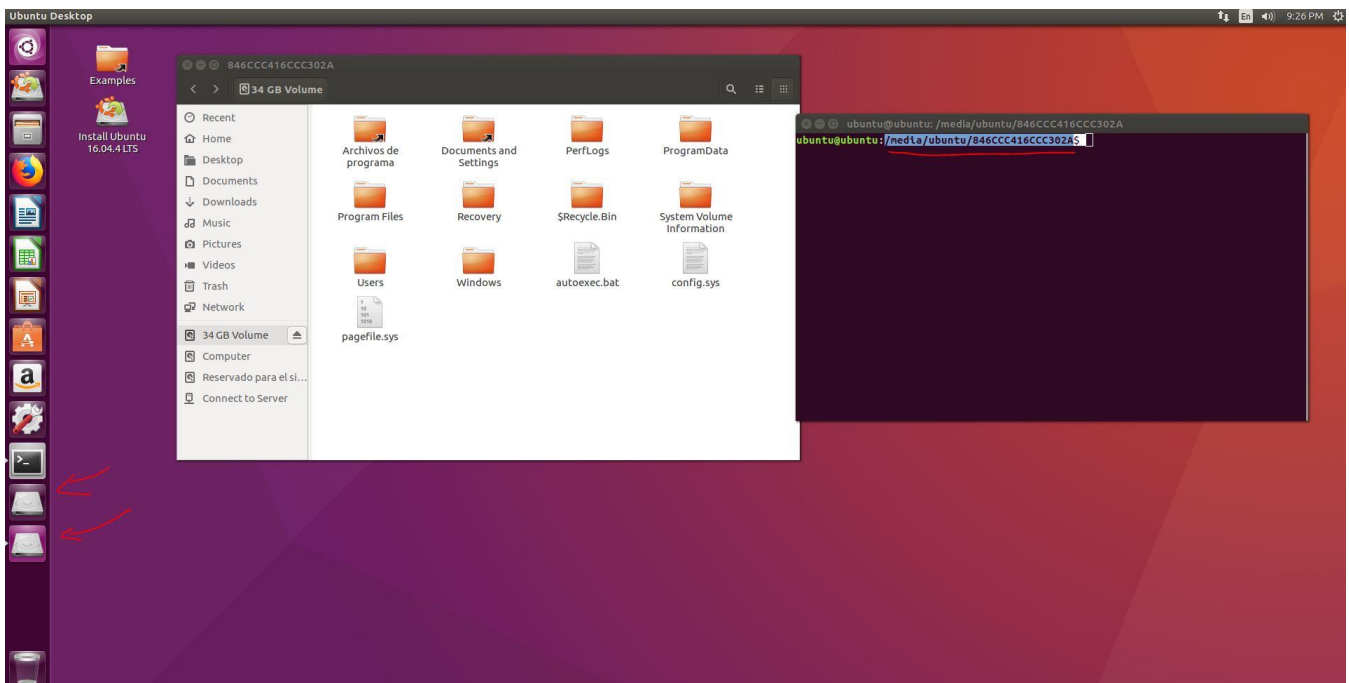


Default slitaz su password is-> root

After that you can use automatic mode or you can mount disk manually and use manual mode in the application.

If your slitaz doesn't have git installed write on terminal-> `tazpkg get-install git`

Ubuntu

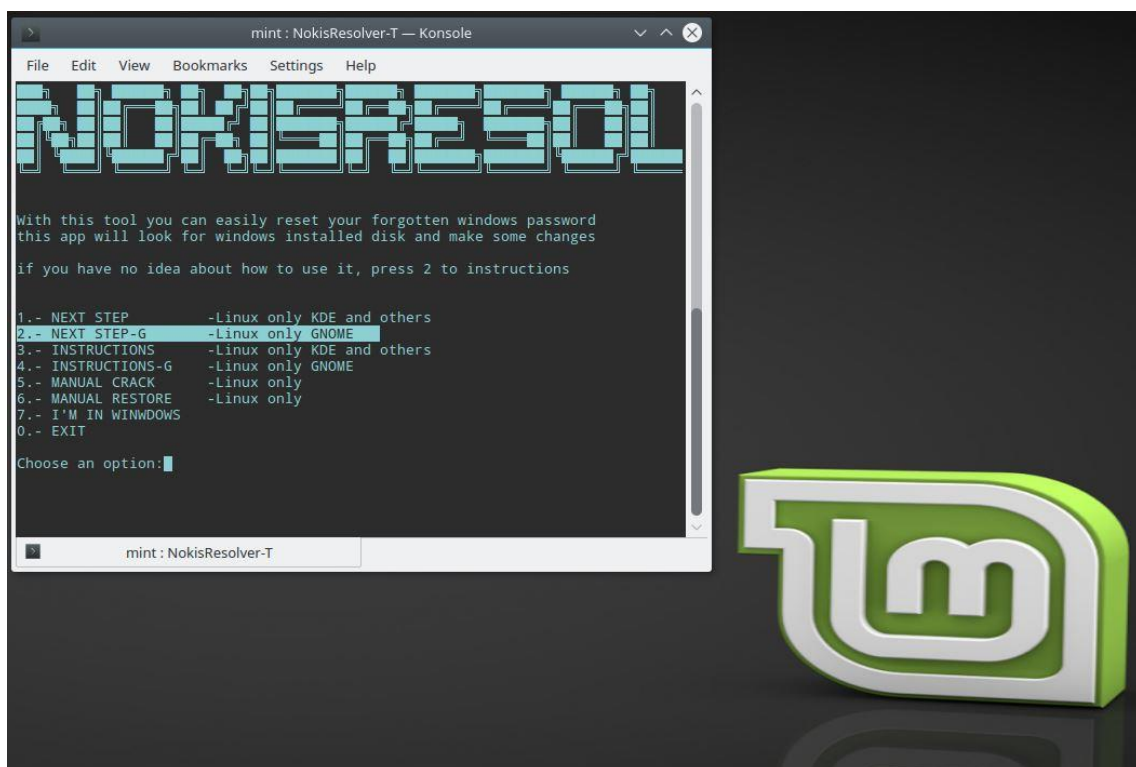


If you have Ubuntu, why another usb?

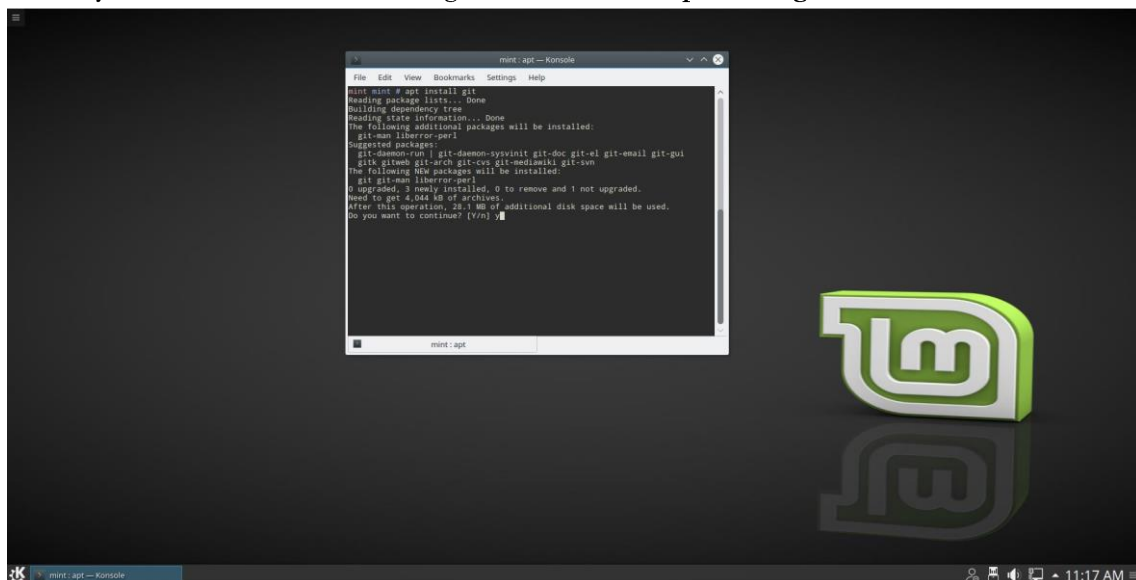
In Ubuntu this tool works pretty well but not in automatic mode, you need to know where windows disk is located, usually in `/media`, in old Ubuntu is on `/mnt` and the letter of windows so it's `/mnt/c`. In my test with the [ubuntu-16.04.4-desktop-amd64](#) it has a lot of numbers but just copy that rule in the manual mode of NokisResolver.

Linux Mint

This Linux version doesn't mount disk at startup like Ubuntu, so you can easily use the automatic Mount mode (NEXT STEP-G).



In case you don't know how to install git on mint-> `apt install git`



Slax-9.5

I don't really recommend this OS for the tool, gives a lot of problems, but if you want to use it...

This OS mount the windows disk in **/media** so you should use manual mode.

(No pictures of this OS sorry)

Custom Nokis Linux Os

It's not ready yet, but it will perform the tool the simplest way possible and trying to be the more lightweight.



Terms and Conditions

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By using this tool you are accepting this terms, also in the app, before can do anything you have to select that you have read the terms and conditions.