Nolan Mullins 0939270 Cloud task 4

#### Task 1

#### Connecting:

This is the initial connection between client and server. The objects returned will be used by other procedures.

**AWS** 

client = boto3.client('s3')
s3 = boto3.resource('s3')

#### Azure

client = BlobServiceClient.from\_connection\_string(connect\_str)
container\_client =
ContainerClient.from connection string(connect str,container name=containerName)

### Creating container:

Each of these will create and return a reference to a specific container. The main difference here is that if the container exists then Azure will throw an exception and AWS will continue without issue. AWS

client.create\_bucket(Bucket=name)

#### Azure

client.create\_container(name)

### Uploading a file:

Uploading a file is straightforward for each platform but Azure needs to create a specific blob client for the file. AWS can use its generic client.

**AWS** 

client.put\_object(Bucket=bucketName, Key=fileName, Body=ffile)

#### Azure

blob\_client = client.get\_blob\_client(container=containerName, blob=fileName) blob\_client.upload\_blob(file)

#### Get containers:

Each of these returns a list of containers and performs very similarly. AWS

Buckets = s3.buckets.all()

Azure

containers = client.list\_containers(include\_metadata=True)

### Get files from container:

Again getting the objects from a container is very similar between platforms.

**AWS** 

objList = s3.Bucket(bucketName).objects.all()

Azure

blobList = container\_client.list\_blobs()

### Task 2

## Connecting to database:

Basic api calls needed to connect the the platform. These will be used by subsequent procedures.

**AWS** 

dynamodb = boto3.resource('dynamodb', region\_name='us-east-1')
client = boto3.client('dynamodb')

Azure

client = cosmos\_client.CosmosClient(endpoint, {'masterKey': prim\_key})

## Creating a table:

Procedure to create a table on each platform. Aws is a little simpler and only needs you to call create\_table() with the structure of the table. Azure requires you to create a database and then put a container inside the database. Each require setup.

```
AWS
table = dynamodb.create_table(
      TableName='Movies',
      KeySchema=[
        {
           'AttributeName': 'year',
           'KeyType': 'HASH' #Partition key
        },
           'AttributeName': 'title',
           'KeyType': 'RANGE' #Sort key
        }
      ],
      AttributeDefinitions=[
           'AttributeName': 'year',
           'AttributeType': 'N'
        },
           'AttributeName': 'title',
           'AttributeType': 'S'
        },
      ],
      ProvisionedThroughput={
         'ReadCapacityUnits': 10,
         'WriteCapacityUnits': 10
      }
    )
Azure
try:
  db = client.CreateDatabase({'id': database_name})
except errors.HTTPFailure:
  #Database already exists
container_definition = {'id': container_name,
                 'partitionKey':
```

{

### Retrieving a table:

How to get a reference to a table. Each are pretty straightforward but again azure requires a little more work.

```
AWS
dynamodb.tables.all()
or
table = dynamodb.Table('Movies')

Azure (Not 100% working for me)
db = client.ReadDatabase("dbs/" + database_name)
container = client.ReadContainer("dbs/" + database_name + "/colls/" + container_definition['id'])
```

### Table information:

This is a simple request that returns some basic information about the table. In this example we retrieve the number of items in the database.

```
AWS
response = client.describe_table(
    TableName=table.name
)
response['Table']['ItemCount']
```

Azure

Not really sure how to do this in Azure as I haven't been able to get the database to connect

# Upload item to table:

Both services will either insert the item in to the database or if the item with the same primary key exists it will update the entry.

## Query data:

The response will contain a list of items based on the query parameters AWS

```
response = table.scan(
   FilterExpression = filter
)
```

Azure

Haven't got this far with azure