

Nolwazi Ndiweni - Exercise 1

Database: employees_db

| id | firstname | last-name | department | salary | hire-date | city |
|----|-----------|-----------|------------|--------|------------|---------------|
| 1 | John | Doe | IT | 55000 | 2018-06-15 | New York |
| 2 | Jane | Smith | HR | 48000 | 2019-07-20 | Chicago |
| 3 | Mike | Johnson | Finance | 60000 | 2017-09-30 | Los Angeles |
| 4 | Sarah | Brown | IT | 53000 | 2021-03-15 | New York |
| 5 | David | White | Marketing | 52000 | 2016-04-10 | San Francisco |
| 6 | Emily | Davis | IT | 62000 | 2015-02-18 | Chicago |
| 7 | Robert | Wilson | Finance | 59000 | 2019-10-01 | Houston |
| 8 | Jessica | Moore | HR | 51000 | 2018-05-22 | Los Angeles |
| 9 | Daniel | Clark | Marketing | 53000 | 2022-06-01 | Chicago |
| 10 | Laura | Hall | IT | 50000 | 2020-08-10 | San Francisco |

Qn 1: write a SQL query to retrieve all columns from the employees table.

Solution

SELECT * FROM employees_db

Salary
FROM employees
ORDER BY salary DESC
LIMIT 5;

5. Write a SQL query to find employees who work in the IT department
~~SELECT~~ SELECT *

FROM employees
WHERE department = 'IT';

6. Write a SQL query to find employees who work in the finance department
AND the marketing department. have a salary greater than 50,000

SELECT *

FROM employees

WHERE department IN ('Finance') AND salary > 50,000;

7. Write a SQL query to find employees who work in the HR department
OR the marketing department

SELECT *

FROM employees

WHERE department IN ('HR', 'Marketing');

8. Write a SQL query to find employees who do not work in the IT department
SELECT *

FROM employees

WHERE department NOT IN ('IT');

9. Write a SQL query to find employees who are in the HR, IT or Finance department.

```
SELECT *
```

```
FROM employees
```

```
WHERE department IN ('HR', 'IT', 'Finance');
```

10. Write a SQL query to find employees who are in the IT department, have a salary greater than 50 000 and are located in New York.

```
SELECT *
```

```
FROM employees
```

```
WHERE department = 'IT'
```

```
AND salary > 50 000
```

```
AND location = 'New York';
```

11. Write a SQL query to retrieve the first and last name of employees who work in the Finance or Marketing, earn more than 52 000 and order the results by salary in descending order.

```
SELECT first-name,  
last-name
```

```
FROM employees
```

```
WHERE department IN ('IT', 'Marketing')
```

```
AND salary > 52,000
```

```
ORDER BY salary DESC;
```

12. Write a SQL query to retrieve find all the unique cities where employees work, excluding those in the IT and HR departments.

```
SELECT DISTINCT city
```

```
FROM employees
```

```
WHERE department NOT IN ('IT', 'HR')
```