Exam Report: 4.2.4 Practice Qu	uestions	
Date: 12/7/2019 4:18:18 pm Time Spent: 0:56		Candidate: Garsteck, Matthew Login: mGarsteck
Overall Performance		
Your Score: 13%		Passing Score: 80%
View results by: Objective	Analysis   Individual Responses	
<b>Individual Responses</b>		
<b>▼</b> Question 1:	Correct	
What is the minimum cable	specification that supports 1000 Mbps Ethernet	t?
Cat 3		
Cat 4		
Cat 5		
Cat 5e		
Cat 6		
Cat 7		
Explanation		
1000 Mbps Ethernet (Gigab	it Ethernet) requires at least Cat 5e cables.	
Cat 3 and Cat 4 only suppor 7 is required for bandwidth	t 10 Mbps Ethernet. Cat 5 cable only supports up to 10 Gbps Ethernet.	up to 100 Mbps. Cat 6 or Cat
References		
LabSim for Network Pro, Se [netpro18v5_all_questions_o		
<b>▼</b> Question 2:	Correct	
You want to implement an E and cable type would you ch	thernet network at very long distances using filnoose? (Select two.)	ber optic cables. Which standard
1000BaseCX		
Single-mode fiber		
Muti-mode fiber		
→ ✓ 1000BaseLX		
1000BaseSX		

### **Explanation**

Of the standards listed in this question, 1000BaseLX provides the greatest cable length (think of the "L" in 1000BaseLX as "long"). When using fiber optic across long distances, use single-mode fiber.

Multi-mode fiber is cheaper, but has a shorter maximum distance than single-mode fiber. 1000BaseSX is for short fiber optic, and 1000BaseCX uses short copper within a wiring closet.

#### References

LabSim for Network Pro, Section 4.2. [netpro18v5\_all\_questions\_en.exm NP09\_2-6 #2] **▼** Question 3: **Incorrect** Ethernet 100BaseFX networks use what type of cabling? Fiber optic Shielded twisted pair Coaxial Unshielded twisted pair **Explanation** Ethernet 100BaseFX networks use fiber optic cabling. References LabSim for Network Pro, Section 4.2. [netpro18v5\_all\_questions\_en.exm NP05\_1-3 #41] Question 4: Which of the following Ethernet standards uses fiber-optic cabling? (Select two.) 1000BaseCX 100BaseT4 100BaseFX 100BaseTX 1000BaseLX **Explanation** 100BaseFX and 1000BaseLX are Ethernet standards that use fiber optic cabling. Following the Ethernet naming conventions: • F designates fiber-optic cables. Ethernet standards with the F designation are 10BaseFL and 100BaseFX. • L designates long distances and requires fiber-optic to support the distance. Ethernet standards with the L designation are 10BaseFL, 1000BaseLX, and 10GBaseLR. • S designates short distances that use fiber-optic cables. Ethernet standards with the S designation are 1000BaseSX and 10GBaseSR. • T designates twisted pair cables. Ethernet standards with the T designation are 10BaseT, 100BaseTX, 100BaseT4, and 1000BaseT. • C designates copper cables. The 1000BaseCX standard is for fast Ethernet at short distances within wiring closets. References LabSim for Network Pro, Section 4.2. [netpro18v5\_all\_questions\_en.exm NP05\_1-3 #7] **▼** Question 5: **Incorrect** Your network follows the 100BaseFX specifications for Fast Ethernet and uses half-duplex multi-mode cable. What is the maximum cable segment length allowed? 100 meters 412 meters 550 meters

1,000 meters

2,000 meters	
Explanation	
100BaseFX half-duplex multimode cable has a max	ximum segment length of 412 meters.
1000 Base SX and $1000 Base LX$ support multimode optic cable between 1,000 and 2,000 meters.	cable up to 550 meters. 10BaseFL supports fiber
References	
LabSim for Network Pro, Section 4.2. [netpro18v5_all_questions_en.exm NP05_1-3 #15]	
<b>▼</b> Question 6: <u>Incorrect</u>	
Your network follows the 100BaseTX specification segment length allowed?	is for Fast Ethernet. What is the maximum cable
500 meters	
2,000 meters	
412 meters	
→ ○ 100 meters	
Explanation	
Fast Ethernet using twisted pair cables (either 100E length of 100 meters.	BaseT4 or 100BaseTX) has a maximum cable segment
All Ethernet networks that use twisted pair cable (Edistance limitation of 100 meters.	Ethernet, Fast Ethernet, Gigabit Ethernet) have a
References	
LabSim for Network Pro, Section 4.2. [netpro18v5_all_questions_en.exm NP05_1-3 #24]	
▼ Question 7: <u>Incorrect</u>	
speed network backbone between campus building	etwork. Your client needs to implement a very highs, some of which are around 300 meters apart. Multibetween buildings. Your client has asked that you use
Which Ethernet standard meets these guidelines? (0	Choose two.)
10GBaseER	
1000BaseCX	
→ 1000BaseSX	
10BaseFL	

## **Explanation**

→ 10GBaseSR

1000 BaseT

10GBaseSR and 1000BaseSX can operate within these parameters. Both will support segment lengths 300 meters long and can use multi-mode fiber optic cabling.

10BaseFL isn't a good choice because its data transmission rate is relatively slow. 1000BaseCX and 1000BaseT both use copper wiring.

<b>References</b> LabSim for Networ [netpro18v5_all_qu	k Pro, Section 4.2. estions_en.exm NP05_1-3 #161]
Question 8:	<u>Incorrect</u>
What type of cablin	g is used with 100BaseTX Fast Ethernet networks?
Cat5 or hi	gher
Fiber opti	С
Cat3	
Cat4	
Explanation	
Cat5 Ethernet cable	or higher can be used with 100BaseTX Fast Ethernet networks.
References	
LabSim for Networ [netpro18v5_all_qu	k Pro, Section 4.2. estions_en.exm NP05_1-3 #57]
Question 9:	<u>Incorrect</u>
What topology is us	sed with 100BaseTX Fast Ethernet networks? (Select two.)
Physical r	ing/logical star
Physical s	tar/logical bus
Physical s	star/logical star
Physical s	tar/logical ring
Explanation	
	hernet networks use a physical star/logical bus topology when a hub is used or a I star when a switch is used.
References	
LabSim for Networ [netpro18v5_all_qu	k Pro, Section 4.2. estions_en.exm NP05_1-3 #65]
Question 10:	<u>Incorrect</u>
Which of the follow	ring are requirements of the 1000BaseT Ethernet standards? (Select three.)
Cat 5 cabl	ing
The cable	length must be less than or equal to 100m
RJ45 con	nectors
The cable	length must be less than or equal to 1000m
SC or ST	connectors
Cat 5e cal	oling

# **Explanation**

Gigabit Ethernet (1000BaseT) has similar requirements to 100BaseT with connectors, cabling, and distances. The network cards are simply designed to transfer data ten times as fast.

#### References

LabSim for Network Pro. Section 4.2 [netpro18v5\_all\_questions\_en.exm NP05\_1-3 #105]

**▼** Question 11:

You are planning a network for an educational campus. Due to the size of the buildings and the distance between them, you have elected to use 10BaseFL hubs, cabling, and network interface cards.

What is the maximum length for the network cable between a workstation and a hub?

$\bigcirc$	220	meters

2000 meters

1000 meters

412 meters

550 meters

100 meters

#### **Explanation**

The maximum length for a 10BaseFL network segment is 2000 meters (2 km). Because a 10BaseFL network uses a physical star topology, a segment is defined as one of the arms of the star (between the hub and a host). That means the fiber optic cable between the hub and a workstation can be up to 2000

1000BaseSX and 1000BaseLX support multimode cable up to 550 meters. 100 meters is the maximum twisted pair cable length.

#### References

LabSim for Network Pro, Section 4.2. [netpro18v5\_all\_questions\_en.exm NP05\_1-3 #123]

**Question 12:** 

**Incorrect** 

Which Gigabit Ethernet standard uses multimode fiber optic cabling and supports network segments up to a maximum of 550 meters long?

1000BaseZX

1000BaseT

1000BaseCX



#### **Explanation**

The 1000BaseSX standard uses multimode fiber optic cable with a maximum segment length of 550 meters. However, to implement segments this long, you must use 50-micron 500MHz/km multimode fiber optic cable. Other types of cable will shorten the maximum segment length. 1000BaseFX also supports lengths up to 550 meters using multimode cable. 1000BaseFX supports distances up to 10 kilometers using single mode cable.

1000BaseZX has a maximum segment length of up to 100 km. 1000BaseCX and 1000BaseT use copper cabling instead of fiber optic.

#### References

LabSim for Network Pro, Section 4.2. [netpro18v5\_all\_questions\_en.exm NP05\_1-3 #133]

**▼** Question 13:

Incorrect

You have been tasked with designing a high-speed Ethernet network. Your client's building already has 150-ohm shielded twisted pair (STP) wiring installed. Due to budget constraints, they have asked you to reuse the existing wiring instead of installing new fiber optic cabling.

Which Ethernet standard could you implement in this situation?

7/2019	19 TestOut LabSim	
-	→ ○ 1000BaseCX	
	1000BaseSX	
	○ 1000BaseLX	
	1000BaseT	
	○ 10BaseFL	
	1000BaseZX	
Exp	xplanation	
The	ne 1000BaseCX standard specifies 150-ohm STP cabling. The maximum cable length is 25	meters.
	ne 10BaseFL, 1000BaseSX, 1000BaseLX, and 1000BaseZX standards employ fiber optic o 00BaseT uses Category 5 UTP instead of STP cabling.	cabling.
Ref	eferences	
	bSim for Network Pro, Section 4.2. etpro18v5_all_questions_en.exm NP05_1-3 #142]	
<b>Ques</b>	estion 14: <u>Incorrect</u>	
	hich Gigabit Ethernet standard can support long network segments up to a maximum of 5 th single-mode fiber optic cable?	km when used
<b>⇒</b>	→ ○ 1000BaseLX	
	1000BaseSX	
	1000BaseCX	
	1000BaseT	
Ex	xplanation	
	00BaseLX supports segment lengths of up to 5 km when used with single-mode fiber opti aximum segment length is cut to 550 m when multimode fiber optic cable is used.	c cable. This
	00BaseSX supports segment lengths of only 550 meters. 1000BaseCX uses copper wire a gment lengths of only 25 meters. 1000BaseT uses twisted pair cables.	nd supports
Ref	eferences	
	abSim for Network Pro, Section 4.2. https://etpro18v5_all_questions_en.exm NP05_1-3 #152]	
<b>Q</b> ues	estion 15: <u>Incorrect</u>	
	ou would like to implement $10$ Gbps Ethernet over a distance of $1$ kilometer or greater. Whellowing would be the minimum requirement for the implementation? (Select two.)	ich of the
<b>→</b>	→ 10GBaseLR standards	
	10GBaseSR standards	

# **Explanation**

Multi-mode fiber

→ Single-mode fiber

 $10GBaseER\ standards$ 

For 10 Gbps at distances up to 10 kilometers, use 10 GBaseLR with single-mode fiber.

Multi-mode fiber is cheaper, but has a shorter maximum distance than single-mode fiber. 10GBaseSR uses multi-mode fiber at distances up to 300 meters. 10GBaseER supports distances up to 40 kilometers

using single-mode fiber.

# References

LabSim for Network Pro, Section 4.2. [netpro18v5\_all\_questions\_en.exm NP09\_2-6 #4]