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2.6.3 Shell Configuration Facts

Shell configuration files are scripts that execute when a shell starts.

This lesson covers the following topics:

- Shell types
- Shell configuration files
- Login shell configuration script precedence

Shell Types

There are two shell types that determine which shell configuration files are executed.

- Login shells run after the user successfully logs in using a user ID and password. For example:
 - When the user logs in using the GUI.

A login shell runs in the background when a user first logs in using the GUI so the effects from any configuration file are not easily

- When the Linux system does not have a GUI and the user logs in using the text-based interface.
- When the Linux system has a GUI, but a user logs into the text-based console using the Ctrl + Alt+ F2 key combination.
- When a user runs the su -l <user ID> command and enters the correct password.
- When a user runs the **sudo -i <user ID>** command and enters the correct password.
- When a user logs in from a remote system using the SSH protocol.
- Non-login shells run when a user opens a shell after having first authenticating with a user ID and password. For example:
 - When a users opens a shell session (terminal application) from within the GUI.
 - When a user runs the **su <user ID>** command without the **-l** option.
 - When a user runs the sudo <user ID> command without the -i option.
 - When a user executes a script from within a shell.
 - When a user opens a new shell from a shell prompt.

One way to determine the shell type is to run the echo \$0 command. If this command returns a dash followed by the name of the shell (for example, bash), then it is a login shell. If the command returns the name of the shell without the dash or returns the name of the command that created the shell (example, **bash** or **su**), then it is a non-login shell.

Shell Configuration Files

Shell configuration files are scripts that are run during shell startup. The following are configuration files are run when a shell starts.

Configuration File	Run by	Shell Type
/etc/bashrd or /etc/bash.bashrc	All users	Non-login
~/.bashrc	The specified user only	Non-login On most Linux distributions, this file is also called by login shell configuration files.
/etc/profile	All users	Login
*. sh files in the /etc/profile.d/ directory	All users	Login On most Linux distributions, these file is also called by non-login shell configuration files.
~/.bash_profile	The specified user only	Login
~/.bash_login	The specified user only	Login
~/.profile	The specified user	Login

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		only	
~/.	bash_logout	The specified user only	Login This file is only run as the user logs out (runs the exit command).

Login Shell Configuration Script Precedence

Login shells execute the configuration scripts they use in the following order:

- 1. /etc/profile
- 2. ~/.bash_profile (if this file is found, the shell does not look for additional configuration script files).
- 3. ~/.bash_login (if this file is found, the shell does not look for additional configuration script files).
- 4. ~/.profile (this file executes only in the absence of the two preceding configuration script files).

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