# Coursera\_data science capstone(week2)

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#### Load data

```
setwd("D:/1-1. R studio/Lecture10. Data science capstone/week2/final/en_US")
blogs<-readLines("en_US.blogs.txt",warn=FALSE,encoding="UTF-8")
news<-readLines("en_US.news.txt",warn=FALSE,encoding="UTF-8")
twitter<-readLines("en_US.twitter.txt",warn=FALSE,encoding="UTF-8")</pre>
```

I set the directory and load 3 data.

#### Summarize data

```
size_blogs<-file.size(path="D:/1-1. R studio/Lecture10. Data science capstone/week2/final/en_US/en_US.b
size_news<-file.size(path="D:/1-1. R studio/Lecture10. Data science capstone/week2/final/en_US/en_US.ne
size_twitter<-file.size(path="D:/1-1. R studio/Lecture10. Data science capstone/week2/final/en_US/en_US
len_blogs<-length(blogs)</pre>
len_news<-length(news)</pre>
len_twitter<-length(twitter)</pre>
nchar_blogs<-sum(nchar(blogs))</pre>
nchar_news<-sum(nchar(news))</pre>
nchar_twitter<-sum(nchar(twitter))</pre>
library(stringi)
nword_blogs<-stri_stats_latex(blogs)[4]
nword_news<-stri stats latex(news)[4]
nword_twitter<-stri_stats_latex(twitter)[4]
table<-data.frame("File Name"=c("Blogs","News","Twitter"),
                   "File Size(MB)"=c(size_blogs,size_news,size_twitter),
                   "Num of rows"=c(len_blogs,len_news,len_twitter),
                   "Num of character"=c(nchar_blogs,nchar_news,nchar_twitter),
                   "Num of words"=c(nword_blogs,nword_news,nword_twitter))
table
```

```
##
    File.Name File.Size.MB. Num.of.rows Num.of.character Num.of.words
## 1
         Blogs
                    200.4242
                                  899288
                                                206824505
                                                               37570839
## 2
         News
                    196.2775
                                   77259
                                                 15639408
                                                                2651432
## 3
       Twitter
                    159.3641
                                 2360148
                                                162096031
                                                               30451128
```

Summarize the contents, which has file size, number of rows, number of character and number of words in each file. And make the table

#### Clean data

Data sets are really big, so using sample() function, I sample 1% of each file.

### **Build corpus**

rm(corpus3)

```
library(tm)
## Loading required package: NLP
library(NLP)
corpus<-VCorpus(VectorSource(sample_data))</pre>
corpus1<-tm_map(corpus,removePunctuation)</pre>
corpus2<-tm_map(corpus1,stripWhitespace)</pre>
corpus3<-tm_map(corpus2,tolower)</pre>
corpus4<-tm_map(corpus3,removeNumbers)</pre>
corpus5<-tm_map(corpus4,PlainTextDocument)</pre>
corpus6<-tm map(corpus5,removeWords,stopwords("english"))
corpus_result<-data.frame(text=unlist(sapply(corpus6,'[',"content")),stringsAsFactors = FALSE)</pre>
head(corpus_result)
##
## 1
## 2
## 3 ill take opportunity diverge
                                         usual take three path instead focusing one last role offer
## 4
## 5
## 6
rm(corpus)
rm(corpus1)
rm(corpus2)
```

```
rm(corpus4)
rm(corpus5)
```

Build corpus, and check it making data frame.

## **Build N-gram**

```
library(RWeka)
one<-function(x) NGramTokenizer(x,Weka_control(min=1,max=1))</pre>
two<-function(x) NGramTokenizer(x,Weka_control(min=2,max=2))
thr<-function(x) NGramTokenizer(x,Weka_control(min=3,max=3))
one_table<-TermDocumentMatrix(corpus6,control=list(tokenize=one))
two_table<-TermDocumentMatrix(corpus6,control=list(tokenize=two))
thr_table<-TermDocumentMatrix(corpus6,control=list(tokenize=thr))
one_corpus<-findFreqTerms(one_table,lowfreq=1000)
two_corpus<-findFreqTerms(two_table,lowfreq=80)
thr_corpus<-findFreqTerms(thr_table,lowfreq=10)
one_corpus_num<-rowSums(as.matrix(one_table[one_corpus,]))
one_corpus_table<-data.frame(Word=names(one_corpus_num),frequency=one_corpus_num)
one_corpus_sort<-one_corpus_table[order(-one_corpus_table$frequency),]
head(one_corpus_sort)
##
        Word frequency
## just just
                   2484
## like like
                   2259
## will will
                   2162
                   2098
## one
         one
## get
         get
                   1898
                   1886
## can
         can
two_corpus_num<-rowSums(as.matrix(two_table[two_corpus,]))
two_corpus_table<-data.frame(Word=names(two_corpus_num),frequency=two_corpus_num)
two_corpus_sort<-two_corpus_table[order(-two_corpus_table$frequency),]
head(two_corpus_sort)
##
                     Word frequency
## right now right now
                                 230
                                 193
## cant wait
                cant wait
## last night last night
                                 168
## dont know
               dont know
                                 150
## im going
                 im going
                                 138
## can get
                  can get
                                 117
thr_corpus_num<-rowSums(as.matrix(thr_table[thr_corpus,]))
thr_corpus_table<-data.frame(Word=names(thr_corpus_num),frequency=thr_corpus_num)
thr_corpus_sort<-thr_corpus_table[order(-thr_corpus_table$frequency),]
head(thr_corpus_sort)
##
                                    Word frequency
## cant wait see
                          cant wait see
                                                35
```

```
## happy mothers day happy mothers day
## let us know let us know 27
## happy new year happy new year 18
## im pretty sure im pretty sure 18
## dont even know dont even know 15
```

Extract the word and frequency of N-grams.

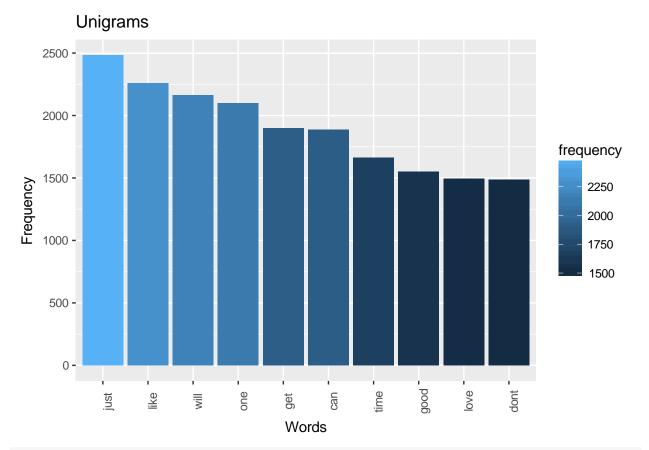
## Plot graph

```
library(ggplot2)

##
## Attaching package: 'ggplot2'

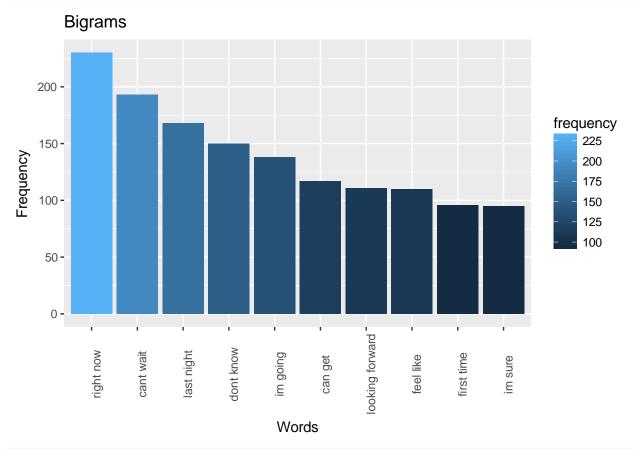
## The following object is masked from 'package:NLP':
##
## annotate

one_g<-ggplot(one_corpus_sort[1:10,],aes(x=reorder(Word,-frequency),y=frequency,fill=frequency))
one_g<-one_g+geom_bar(stat="identity")
one_g<-one_g+labs(title="Unigrams",x="Words",y="Frequency")
one_g<-one_g+theme(axis.text.x=element_text(angle=90))
one_g</pre>
```

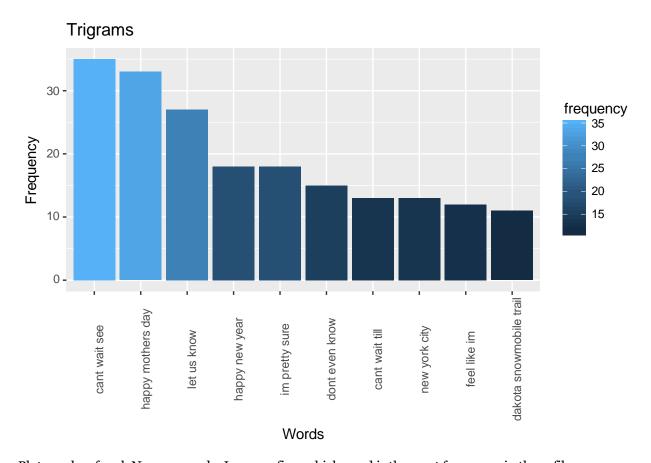


 $two\_g < -ggplot(two\_corpus\_sort[1:10,], aes(x=reorder(Word,-frequency), y=frequency, fill=frequency)) \\two\_g < -two\_g + geom\_bar(stat="identity")$ 

```
two_g<-two_g+labs(title="Bigrams",x="Words",y="Frequency")
two_g<-two_g+theme(axis.text.x=element_text(angle=90))
two_g
```



```
thr\_g < -\textbf{ggplot}(thr\_corpus\_sort[1:10,], \textbf{aes}(x = \textbf{reorder}(Word, -\textbf{frequency}), y = \textbf{frequency}, \textbf{fill} = \textbf{frequency})) \\ thr\_g < -thr\_g + \textbf{geom\_bar}(stat = "identity") \\ thr\_g < -thr\_g + \textbf{labs}(title = "Trigrams", x = "Words", y = "Frequency") \\ thr\_g < -thr\_g + \textbf{theme}(axis.text.x = \textbf{element\_text}(angle = 90)) \\ thr\_g
```



Plot graphs of each N-gram words. I can confirm which word is the most frequency in those files.

# **Next plans**

I do analyze initially. Next, I will make a predictive algorithm, and using shiny() app, I will check the result which input is coming.