

LSSGB Multiple Choice Questions – Additional Quiz for Practice

- **Tick the right answer** for following multiple choice questions.
- Only one choice is correct.
- Each question carries two marks

Q1. Building prevention against theft in a warehouse, by installing CCTV, is an example of:

- a. Appraisal
- b. RCO
- ☒ c. ICD
- d. All of the above
- e. None of the above.

Q2. Quality for any process is exactly measurable, according to:

- a. Toyota
- b. IBM
- c. Honeywell
- d. GE
- ☒ e. None of the above.

Q3. Motorola's "bandit program" was related to

- a. Problem Solving
- b. Statistical Thinking
- ☒ c. Benchmarking
- d. Critical Thinking
- e. None of the above.

Q4. Collecting Baseline data means that we are collecting data for the _____ process.

- a. Improved
- b. Targeted
- ☒ c. Existing
- d. None of the above.

Q5. 24 x 7 service by help desk of a cell phone company is a / an:

- a. Stated Need
- ☒ b. Unstated Need
- c. Exciter
- d. None of the above.

Q6. 24 x 7 service by a service-station for cars is a / an:

- a. Stated Need
- b. Unstated Need
- ☒ c. Exciter
- d. None of the above.

Q7. As per today's definition, QUALITY is:

- a. Producing goods as per the technical specifications
- b. Same as 100 % inspection
- c. A function of production cost
- d. All of the above.
- ☒ e. None of the above.

Q8. Process Capability of a 2-sigma level process means there are _____ % defects.

- a. 20
 - b. 39
 - c. 6.7
 - d. 43
 - ☒ e. None of the above.
- 30.8

Q9. Before we capture VOC, we need to define the:

- a. Quality Characteristics
- b. The CTPs
- ☒ c. Who is the customer
- d. Who is the internal supplier
- e. None of the above.

Q10. In six sigma, we focus on all processes, while in "Quality Assurance" we focus on:

- a. Sales processes
- b. Purchase processes
- ☒ c. Production processes
- d. Financial processes
- e. None of the above.

Q11. Responsibility for Six Sigma project selection rests with:

- a. Workers
- b. Supervisors



- ☒ c. Top Management
- d. Middle Management
- e. None of the above.

Q12. Operating a machine at lower than rated efficiency is an example of:

- a. Cost of Prevention
- ☒ b. Internal Failure Cost + Hidden Cost
- c. Cost of Appraisal
- d. Hidden Cost
- e. None of the above.

Q13. Failure of a new product after launch in the market is:

- a. Cost of Appraisal
- b. Hidden Cost
- c. Cost of Prevention
- d. Cost of Appraisal + Hidden Cost
- ☒ e. External Failure Cost + Hidden Cost.

Q14. Thermostat in a water heater does not allow temperature to go above 80 deg. C. This is an example of _____ prevention.

- a. ICD
- ☒ b. RCO
- c. ICD + RCO
- d. None of the above.

Q15. X-ray screening of baggage at an airport is an example of _____ prevention.

- ☒ a. ICD
- b. RCO
- c. ICD + RCO
- d. None of the above.

Q16. Training an employee for accurate data entry after mistakes are discovered in invoices typed by him is an example of:

- a. Correction
- ☒ b. Corrective Action
- c. Preventive Action
- d. None of the above.

Q17. A process has 23 defectives with average 2 defects each in 400 units.
The DPU = _____

- a. 0.057
- b. 0.135
- c. 0.155
- d. 0.195

$$23 * 2 = 46 \quad \text{-----} \quad 46 / 400 = 0.115$$

☒ e. 0.115

Q18. In above question 17, the opportunities for error are 9.
The DPMO = _____

- a. 0.0063
 - b. 0.0128
 - c. 0.0138
 - d. 0.048
 - ☒ e. None of the above.
- 12777

Q19. In a process there are 4650 defects in 5000 units manufactured. The opportunities for error are 3. Sigma level for the process is:

- a. 3.0
 - b. 3.5
 - ☒ c. 2.0
 - d. 2.5
 - e. 1.5
- 310000

Q20. Hidden Cost is directly proportional to:

- a. Cost of prevention
- b. Cost of appraisal
- ☒ c. Cant say exactly.

Q.21. QCD stands for:

- a. Quality Conformance without Delay
- b. Quantity Conformance without Delay
- c. Quality Certified Documentation
- ☒ d. None of the above.

Q22. If we want to reduce external failure in a process, we need to:

- a. Increase Outgoing Appraisal
- ☒ b. Increase Outgoing Appraisal & Prevention both
- c. Increase Prevention
- d. None of the above.

Q23. If we want to reduce internal failure in a process, we need to:

- a. Increase Outgoing Appraisal



- ☒ b. Increase Online Appraisal & Prevention both
- c. Increase Prevention
- d. None of the above

Q23. Waiting for one's turn at an ATM centre, is example of time spent on _____ activity:

- a. RVA
- b. BVA
- ☒ c. NVA
- d. BVA and RVA

Q24. Increasing Market Share is example of:

- a. Functional Goal
- b. Cross-Functional Goal
- ☒ c. Management Goal
- d. Quality Goal
- e. None of the above.

Q25. If we reduce defects in a process, we are making it more:

- ☒ a. Effective
- b. Efficient
- c. Expensive
- d. None of the above.

Q26. If we use less resources to achieve the same output of a process, we are making it more:

- a. Effective
- ☒ b. Efficient
- c. Expensive
- d. None of the above.

Q27. Motorola planned to move from 3.3 sigma level to 6.0 sigma level in _____ years:

- a. 2
- b. 5
- ☒ c. 8
- d. 10
- e. None of the above.

Q28. Critical Thinking in the team is provided by:

- a. Yellow Belts
- b. Green Belts



- c. Black Belt
- ☒ d. Champion
- e. Implementation leader.

Q29. Pro-active action for a process is same as:

- a. Correction
- b. Corrective Action
- ☒ c. Preventive Action
- d. Systematic Action
- e. None of the above.

Q30. Baseline sigma level is calculated in _____ phase of DMAIC.

- a. Improve
- b. Analyze
- ☒ c. Measure
- d. Define
- e. Control.

Q31. Generally the following method to collect VOC gives more detailed information:

- a. E-mail Questionnaire
- b. Postal Questionnaire
- ☒ c. Personal Interview
- d. None of the above.

Q32. Generally the following method to collect VOC leads to hardly 10 % responses:

- ☒ a. E-mail Questionnaire
- b. Telephonic Interview
- c. Personal Interview
- d. None of the above.

Q33. Boundary-less Collaboration means:

- a. Technical collaboration for six sigma
- b. Financial collaboration for six sigma
- ☒ c. Cross-functional cooperation to give value to customer
- d. None of the above.

Q34. CTPs are:

- a. Controllable factors that affect the process
- b. UnControllable factors that affect the process

- ☒ c. Controllable factors & Inputs that affect the process
- d. None of the above.

e.

Q35. In the equation $Y = f(X_1, X_2, X_3 \dots X_n)$ we need to focus on:

- a. The Y
- b. All the Xs
- ☒ c. Some of the critical Xs.

Q 36. Green belts work _____ on the black belt projects:

- a. Full time
- ☒ b. Part-time
- c. As per the workload targeted for the Green Belts.

Q.37 A customer-focused organization :

- a. Will often have a lot of attrition as employees who don't care about quality are allowed to leave.
- b. Can afford to take longer time in the design and development processes.
- ☒ c. Trains employees to improve the value to the customer.
- d. None of the above.

Q.37 By whom was the concept of "Cost of quality" first developed?

- a. Mikel Harry
- ☒ b. Phil Crosby
- c. Walter Shewhart
- d. Joseph Juran
- e. Motorola.

Q38. Six Sigma methodologies:

- a. Can only be applied to companies who produce goods with large volume.
- b. Concentrate on cost savings rather than customer needs.
- c. Have not been successfully applied to service companies.
- ☒ d. None of the above.

Q39. Training employees before they start working with the organization, is example of:

- a: Corrective Action
- ☒ b. Preventive Action
- c. PDCA
- d. None of the above..



Q.40 Quality checking and testing is the most effective method for:

- a. Defect Reduction
- b. Quality Improvement
- c. Achieving Customer Satisfaction
- d. All of the above
- ☒ e. None of the above.