

# Assisted Problems

## [GitHub Repository](#)

### 1. Welcome to Bridgelabz!

Write a program that prints "Welcome to Bridgelabz!" to the screen.

```
1 public class WelcomeToBridgeLabz {
2     public static void main(String[] args) {
3         System.out.println("Welcome to BridgeLabz!");
4     }
5 }
6
```

---

```
AppExec Console
cd $(CURRENT_DIRECTORY)
CD: C:\Users\nomic\OneDrive\Desktop\Documents\CapgeminiTraining\Practice-Problem\19-jan assign
Current directory: C:\Users\nomic\OneDrive\Desktop\Documents\CapgeminiTraining\Practice-Problem\19-jan assign
===== READY =====
avac $(FILE_NAME)
avac WelcomeToBridgeLabz.java
Process started (PID=12116) >>>
<<< Process finished (PID=12116). (Exit code 0)
===== READY =====
ava $(NAME_PART)
ava WelcomeToBridgeLabz
Process started (PID=8768) >>>
Welcome to BridgeLabz!
<<< Process finished (PID=8768). (Exit code 0)
----- READY -----
```

### 2. Add Two Numbers

Write a program that takes two numbers as input from the user and prints their sum.

```
change.log AddTwoNumbers.java
1
2 import java.util.*;
3 public class AddTwoNumbers{
4     public static void main(String[] args){
5         Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
6
7         int num1 = sc.nextInt();
8         int num2 = sc.nextInt();
9         int add = num1 + num2;
10        System.out.println("Sum of " + num1 + " and " + num2 + " is " + add);
11    }
12 }
13
```

---

```
AppExec Console
cd $(CURRENT_DIRECTORY)
CD: C:\Users\nomic\OneDrive\Desktop\Documents\CapgeminiTraining\Practice-Problem\19-jan assign
Current directory: C:\Users\nomic\OneDrive\Desktop\Documents\CapgeminiTraining\Practice-Problem\19-jan assign
===== READY =====
javac $(FILE_NAME)
javac AddTwoNumbers.java
Process started (PID=17136) >>>
javac $(FILE_NAME) <<< Process finished (PID=17136). (Exit code 0)
===== READY =====
java $(NAME_PART)
java AddTwoNumbers
Process started (PID=8656) >>>
8 4
Sum of 8 and 4 is 12
<<< Process finished (PID=8656). (Exit code 0)
===== READY =====
```

### 3. Celsius to Fahrenheit Conversion

Write a program that takes the temperature in Celsius as input and converts it to Fahrenheit using the formula:

$$\text{Fahrenheit} = (\text{Celsius} * 9/5) + 32.$$

```
change.log CelsiusToFahrenheit.java
1  import java.util.*;
2  public class CelsiusToFahrenheit{
3      public static void main(String args[]){
4          Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
5
6          System.out.print("Enter temperature in Celsius: ");
7          double c = scanner.nextDouble();
8
9          double f = (c * 9/5) + 32;
10
11         System.out.println(c + " degree C is equal to " + f + " degree F");
12     }
13 }
```

#### NppExec Console

```
cd $(CURRENT_DIRECTORY)
CD: C:\Users\nomic\OneDrive\Desktop\Documents\CapgeminiTraining\Practice-Problem\19-jan assign
Current directory: C:\Users\nomic\OneDrive\Desktop\Documents\CapgeminiTraining\Practice-Problem\19-jan assign
===== READY =====
javac $(FILE_NAME)
javac CelsiusToFahrenheit.java
Process started (PID=14056) >>>
<<< Process finished (PID=14056). (Exit code 0)
===== READY =====
java $(NAME_PART)
java CelsiusToFahrenheit
Process started (PID=19152) >>>
Enter temperature in Celsius: 30.8
30.8 degree C is equal to 87.44 degree F
<<< Process finished (PID=19152). (Exit code 0)
===== READY =====
```

#### 4. Area of a Circle

Write a program to calculate the area of a circle. Take the radius as input and use the formula:

$$\text{Area} = \pi * \text{radius}^2.$$

```
1  import java.util.*;
2
3  public class AreaOfCircle {
4      public static void main(String[] args) {
5
6          Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
7
8
9          System.out.print("Enter the radius of the circle: ");
10         double radius = scanner.nextDouble();
11
12         double area = Math.PI * Math.pow(radius, 2);
13
14
15         System.out.printf("The area of the circle with radius %.2f is: %.2f", radius, area);
16     }
17 }
18
```

NppExec Console

```
cd $(CURRENT_DIRECTORY)
CD: C:\Users\nomic\OneDrive\Desktop\Documents\CapgeminiTraining\Practice-Problem\19-jan assign
Current directory: C:\Users\nomic\OneDrive\Desktop\Documents\CapgeminiTraining\Practice-Problem\19-jan assign
===== READY =====
javac $(FILE_NAME)
javac AreaOfCirde.java
Process started (PID=17772) >>>
<<< Process finished (PID=17772). (Exit code 0)
===== READY =====
java $(NAME_PART)
java AreaOfCircle
Process started (PID=13964) >>>
Enter the radius of the circle: 7
The area of the circle with radius 7.00 is: 153.94<<< Process finished (PID=13964). (Exit code 0)
===== READY =====
```

## 5. Volume of a Cylinder

Write a program to calculate the volume of a cylinder. Take the radius and height as inputs and use the formula:

$$\text{Volume} = \pi * \text{radius}^2 * \text{height}.$$

```
1  import java.util.*;
2
3  public class CylinderVolume {
4      public static void main(String[] args) {
5
6          Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
7
8          System.out.print("Enter the radius of the cylinder: ");
9          double radius = scanner.nextDouble();
10
11         System.out.print("Enter the height of the cylinder: ");
12         double height = scanner.nextDouble();
13
14         double volume = Math.PI * Math.pow(radius, 2) * height;
15
16         System.out.printf("The volume of the cylinder with radius %.2f and height %.2f is: %.2f", radius, height, volume);
17     }
18 }
```

NppExec Console

```
cd $(CURRENT_DIRECTORY)
CD: C:\Users\nomic\OneDrive\Desktop\Documents\CapgeminiTraining\Practice-Problem\19-jan assign
Current directory: C:\Users\nomic\OneDrive\Desktop\Documents\CapgeminiTraining\Practice-Problem\19-jan assign
===== READY =====
javac $(FILE_NAME)
javac CylinderVolume.java
Process started (PID=12632) >>>
cd $(CURRENT_DIRECTORY)<<< Process finished (PID=12632). (Exit code 0)
===== READY =====
java $(NAME_PART)
java CylinderVolume
Process started (PID=780) >>>
Enter the radius of the cylinder: 5
Enter the height of the cylinder: 4
The volume of the cylinder with radius 5.00 and height 4.00 is: 314.16<<< Process finished (PID=780). (Exit code 0)
----- DEATH -----
```

## Self Problems

### 1. Calculate Simple Interest

Write a program to calculate simple interest using the formula:

$$\text{Simple Interest} = (\text{Principal} * \text{Rate} * \text{Time}) / 100.$$

Take Principal, Rate, and Time as inputs from the user.

```
1  import java.util.*;
2
3  public class SimpleInterest {
4      public static void main(String[] args) {
5
6          Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
7
8          System.out.print("Enter the Principal amount: ");
9          double principal = scanner.nextDouble();
10
11
12          System.out.print("Enter the Rate of interest: ");
13          double rate = scanner.nextDouble();
14
15          System.out.print("Enter the Time period (in years): ");
16          double time = scanner.nextDouble();
17
18          double interest = (principal * rate * time) / 100;
19          System.out.printf("The Simple Interest is: %.2f\n", interest);
20      }
21  }
```

#### NppExec Console

```
cd $(CURRENT_DIRECTORY)
CD: C:\Users\nomic\OneDrive\Desktop\Documents\CapgeminiTraining\Practice-Problem\19-jan assign
Current directory: C:\Users\nomic\OneDrive\Desktop\Documents\CapgeminiTraining\Practice-Problem\19-jan assign
===== READY =====
javac $(FILE_NAME)
javac SimpleInterest.java
Process started (PID=3360) >>>
<<< Process finished (PID=3360). (Exit code 0)
===== READY =====
java $(NAME_PART)
java SimpleInterest
Process started (PID=9620) >>>
Enter the Principal amount: 1000
Enter the Rate of interest: 3
Enter the Time period (in years): 2
The Simple Interest is: 60.00
<<< Process finished (PID=9620). (Exit code 0)
===== READY =====
```

## 2. Perimeter of a Rectangle

Write a program to calculate the perimeter of a rectangle. Take the length and width as inputs and use the formula:

$$\text{Perimeter} = 2 * (\text{length} + \text{width}).$$

```
1  import java.util.Scanner;
2
3  public class RectanglePerimeter {
4      public static void main(String[] args) {
5
6          Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
7
8
9          System.out.print("Enter the length of the rectangle: ");
10         int length = scanner.nextInt();
11
12
13         System.out.print("Enter the width of the rectangle: ");
14         int width = scanner.nextInt();
15
16         // Calculate the perimeter of the rectangle
17         int perimeter = 2 * (length + width);
18
19         // Display the result
20         System.out.println("The perimeter of the rectangle is: " + perimeter);
21     }
22 }
23
```

NppExec Console

```
cd $(CURRENT_DIRECTORY)
CD: C:\Users\nomic\OneDrive\Desktop\Documents\CapgeminiTraining\Practice-Problem\19-jan assign
Current directory: C:\Users\nomic\OneDrive\Desktop\Documents\CapgeminiTraining\Practice-Problem\19-jan assign
===== READY =====
javac $(FILE_NAME)
javac RectanglePerimeter.java
Process started (PID=2744) >>>
javac $(FILE_NAME)<<< Process finished (PID=2744). (Exit code 0)
===== READY =====
java $(NAME_PART)
java RectanglePerimeter
Process started (PID=688) >>>
Enter the length of the rectangle: 4
Enter the width of the rectangle: 3
The perimeter of the rectangle is: 14
<<< Process finished (PID=688). (Exit code 0)
===== READY =====
```

### 3. Power Calculation

Write a program that takes two numbers as input: a base and an exponent, and prints the result of base raised to the exponent (without using loops or conditionals).

```
1  import java.util.Scanner;
2
3  public class Power {
4      public static void main(String[] args) {
5
6          Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
7
8          double base = scanner.nextDouble();
9
10
11         System.out.print("Enter the exponent: ");
12         double exponent = scanner.nextDouble();
13
14         double result = Math.pow(base, exponent);
15
16         System.out.println(base + " raised to the power of " + exponent + " is: " + result);
17     }
18 }
19
```

NppExec Console

```
cd $(CURRENT_DIRECTORY)
CD: C:\Users\nomic\OneDrive\Desktop\Documents\CapgeminiTraining\Practice-Problem\19-jan assign
Current directory: C:\Users\nomic\OneDrive\Desktop\Documents\CapgeminiTraining\Practice-Problem\19-jan assign
===== READY =====
javac $(FILE_NAME)
javac Power.java
Process started (PID=11732) >>>
<<< Process finished (PID=11732). (Exit code 0)
===== READY =====
java $(NAME_PART)
java Power
Process started (PID=556) >>>
4
Enter the exponent: 2
4.0 raised to the power of 2.0 is: 16.0
<<< Process finished (PID=556). (Exit code 0)
===== READY =====
```

#### 4. Calculate Average of Three Numbers

Write a program that takes three numbers as input from the user and prints their average.

```
1  import java.util.*;
2
3  public class Average {
4      public static void main(String[] args) {
5
6          Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
7
8          System.out.print("Enter the first number: ");
9          double num1 = scanner.nextDouble();
10
11         System.out.print("Enter the second number: ");
12         double num2 = scanner.nextDouble();
13
14         System.out.print("Enter the third number: ");
15         double num3 = scanner.nextDouble();
16
17         double average = (num1 + num2 + num3) / 3;
18
19         System.out.println("The average of the three numbers is: " + average);
20     }
21 }
22
```

##### NppExec Console

```
cd $(CURRENT_DIRECTORY)
CD: C:\Users\nomic\OneDrive\Desktop\Documents\CapgeminiTraining\Practice-Problem\19-jan assign
Current directory: C:\Users\nomic\OneDrive\Desktop\Documents\CapgeminiTraining\Practice-Problem\19-jan assign
===== READY =====
javac $(FILE_NAME)
javac Average.java
Process started (PID=15928) >>>
javac $(FILE_NAME)<<< Process finished (PID=15928). (Exit code 0)
===== READY =====
java $(NAME_PART)
java Average
Process started (PID=12928) >>>
Enter the first number: 33
Enter the second number: 44
Enter the third number: 55
The average of the three numbers is: 44.0
<<< Process finished (PID=12928). (Exit code 0)
===== READY =====
```



## 5. Convert Kilometers to Miles

Write a program that takes the distance in kilometers as input from the user and converts it into miles using the formula:

$\text{Miles} = \text{Kilometers} * 0.621371.$

```
1  import java.util.Scanner;
2
3  public class KiloToMiles {
4      public static void main(String[] args) {
5
6          Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
7
8          System.out.print("Enter the distance in kilometers: ");
9          double kilometers = scanner.nextDouble();
10
11         double miles = kilometers * 0.621371;
12
13         System.out.println(kilometers + " kilometers is equal to " + miles + " miles.");
14     }
15 }
16
```

### NppExec Console

```
cd $(CURRENT_DIRECTORY)
CD: C:\Users\nomic\OneDrive\Desktop\Documents\CapgeminiTraining\Practice-Problem\19-jan assign
Current directory: C:\Users\nomic\OneDrive\Desktop\Documents\CapgeminiTraining\Practice-Problem\19-jan assign
===== READY =====
javac $(FILE_NAME)
javac KiloToMiles.java
Process started (PID=8288) >>>
<<< Process finished (PID=8288). (Exit code 0)
===== READY =====
java $(NAME_PART)
java KiloToMiles
Process started (PID=7768) >>>
Enter the distance in kilometers: 3
3.0 kilometers is equal to 1.8641130000000001 miles.
<<< Process finished (PID=7768). (Exit code 0)
===== READY =====
```