Lab Assignment - 03 Total (25marks)

Submission Link: https://forms.gle/Pdn42jpqvgy6YWZa6

Submission Guidelines:

- 1. For all the problems, you have to take **inputs from a .txt file**, any language is okay, you are allowed to **use built in** list, dictionary, arraylist and queue.
- 2. For task 4, write the answer in your script, and take a picture.
- 3. Finally, put all the files in a folder. The folder **must** be named following the format **sec_ID_labNo.** Zip this folder. This will result in a zip format of **sec_ID_labNo.zip**. (Example: 2_20101234_1.zip). Submit this zip in the above-mentioned link.
- 4. You **MUST** follow all the guidelines, naming/file/zipping convention stated above. *Failure to do so will result in straight 50%-mark deduction.*



Suppose one fine morning, you woke up in the world of Pokémon. Now you decided to become a Pokémon master just like your childhood idol Ash Ketchum.

In order to do so, you have to defeat the gyms/bad guys in the places you walk into in a limited amount of time. Your goal is to get to the Victory Road as quickly as possible.

Task 1: Graph Building [5 marks]

You were given a map of the region. Create a Graph (preferably with adjacent lists) that represents all the places of the region. To help us calculate, we shall assign a number to each of the places on the map:

Places	Designated Number	Connected Places
Pallet Town (Starting Point)	1	2
Cerulean City	2	3, 4, 5
Celadon City	3	4,7,11
Lavender Town	4	
Viridian City	5	6, 7
Cinnabar Island	6	7, 8
Fuchsia City	7	11
Safari Zone	8	9, 10
Team Rocket's Lair	9	10
Indigo Plateau	10	11
Pewter City	11	12
Victory Road (Destination)	12	

Sample Inputs: (You can use any of the two samples)

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12			12			
17			1	2		
1	2		2	3	4	5
2	3		3	4	7	11
2 2	4 5		4	•	•	•••
3	4		5	6	7	
3	7			6	0	
3	11		6	/	8	
5	6		7	11		
5	7		8	9	10	
6	7		9	10		
6	8		10	11		
7	11		11	12		
8	9		12			
8 9	10 10		12			
10	10		[Here i	n the t	firet row	, 12 means the number of
1 11	12		_			
1 ''						d row, 1 is connected to

[Here in the first row, 12 means the number of places. In the second row, 17 means the total number of connections. The third row indicates that 1 and 2 are connected. The same rule applies for the rest of the rows.

places. In the second row, 1 is connected to 2. In the third row, 2 is connected to 3, 4, and 5. The same rule applies for the rest of the rows. Assume that the first place is the Starting point and the last place is the destination]

Assume that the first place is the Starti	rting
nd the last place is the destination]	

Create a graph using the above values!

Task 2: Breadth-First Search (BFS) [5 marks]

Since you are a genius and you have an idea of the BFS algorithm, you can calculate the least number of cities you need to visit to get to your destination, Victory Road. Implement a BFS algorithm to determine the places you need to visit to get to the victory road!

<u>Sample Pseudocode for the BFS implementation:</u> (You are allowed to try different approaches with same or less time complexity, but the outputs must match)

```
visited =[0]*noOfPlacesOrNodes , queue =[]
BFS (visited, graph, node, endPoint)

Do visited[int(node)-1] 1

Do queue append(node)

While queue not empty

Do m pop()

Print m // [into output text file]

If m= endPoint break

For each neighbour of m in graph

If visited[int(neighbour)-1] = 0

Do visited[int(neighbour)-1] 1

Do queue append(neighbour)
```

#Driver

Read data from input.txt and create a graph BFS(visited, graph, '1', '12')

Sample Inputs:

Same as Task 1

Sample Output:

Places: 1 2 3 4 5 7 11 6 12

Task 3: Depth-First Search (DFS) [5 Marks]

Now, imagine your rival, Gary, who was also sent to the Pokémon world, wants to become Pokémon master before you. He is planning to get to Victory Road using the DFS algorithm. Implement a DFS algorithm to determine the places he needs to visit to get to the victory road!

<u>Sample Pseudocode for the DFS implementation:</u> (You are allowed to try different approaches with same or less time complexity, but the outputs must match)

#Driver

Read data from input.txt and create a graph DFS(graph, '12')

Sample Inputs:

Same as Task 1

Sample Output:

Places: 1 2 3 4 7 11 12

Task 4

Dalai Lama is visiting Maldives, the land of thousand islands. There are a total of N islands in Maldives numbered from 1 to N. Some pairs of islands are connected to each other by bidirectional bridges running over water.

Given Dalai Lama's health condition, crossing these bridges require a lot of efforts. He is standing at Island #1 and wants to reach the Island #N, where he will attend a ceremony where leaders of all countries are gathered to celebrate his life and achievements. Find the minimum the number of bridges that Dalai Lama shall have to cross, if he takes the optimal route.

Input:

First line contains T. T testcases follow.

First line of each test case contains two space-separated integers N, M.

Each of the next M lines contains two space-separated integers X and Y, denoting that there is a bridge between Island X and Island Y.

Output:

Print the answer to each test case in a new line.

Constraints:

 $1 \le T \le 10$

 $1 \le N \le 104$

$$1 \le M \le 105$$

$$1 \le X, Y \le N$$

Sample Input:

- 2 there are 2 graphs in the test case (text file)
- 32-3 indicates that the first graph contains 3 vertices. 2 indicates the number of edges/connections
- 1 2 there is a connection between vertex 1 and 2
- 2 3 there is a connection between vertex 2 and 3
- 4 4 4 indicates that the first graph contains 4 vertices. 4 indicates the number of edges/connections
- 12 there is a connection between vertex 1 and 2
- 2 3 there is a connection between vertex 2 and 3
- 3 4 there is a connection between vertex 3 and 4
- 4 2 there is a connection between vertex 4 and 2

Sample Output:

2

2

Task 5: Comparison [5 Marks]

Now, **calculate** the time-complexity of the BFS (Task 2) and DFS (Task 3) algorithms you used (both for matrix and adjacency list). Also show who gets to the victory road first and why.

Not mandatory task(But Try it for Yourself): (No marks)

- 1. Can you print the places' names instead of the designated numbers as output?
- 2. The given BFS code will not work for disconnected graphs. Can you modify this bfs code so that it can work for disconnected graphs as well?
- 3. Can you detect the cycle using dfs?

If you don't know these, try to find it out. Take help from STs and faculties . Remember that: *a bit more learning will never hurt*.