

**Name – Majahar Mahamud Kazi**

**Div – B**

**Batch – B2**

**Roll no. – 322036**

**PRN no. – 22110729**

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## **Assignment 5**

**Aim:** Write IaC using terraform to create EC2 machine on aws or azure or google cloud.

### **Theory:**

#### **A. What is Terraform ?**

Terraform is an open-source infrastructure as code (IaC) tool developed by HashiCorp. It allows developers to define and manage their infrastructure in a declarative way, using configuration files instead of manual processes.

With Terraform, infrastructure changes can be easily versioned, tested, and deployed across multiple cloud providers, such as AWS, Google Cloud Platform, and Microsoft Azure. Terraform's modular design allows for easy reuse of infrastructure code and promotes collaboration among team members. It automates the deployment of infrastructure, making it more efficient and reliable, reducing the risk of human error.

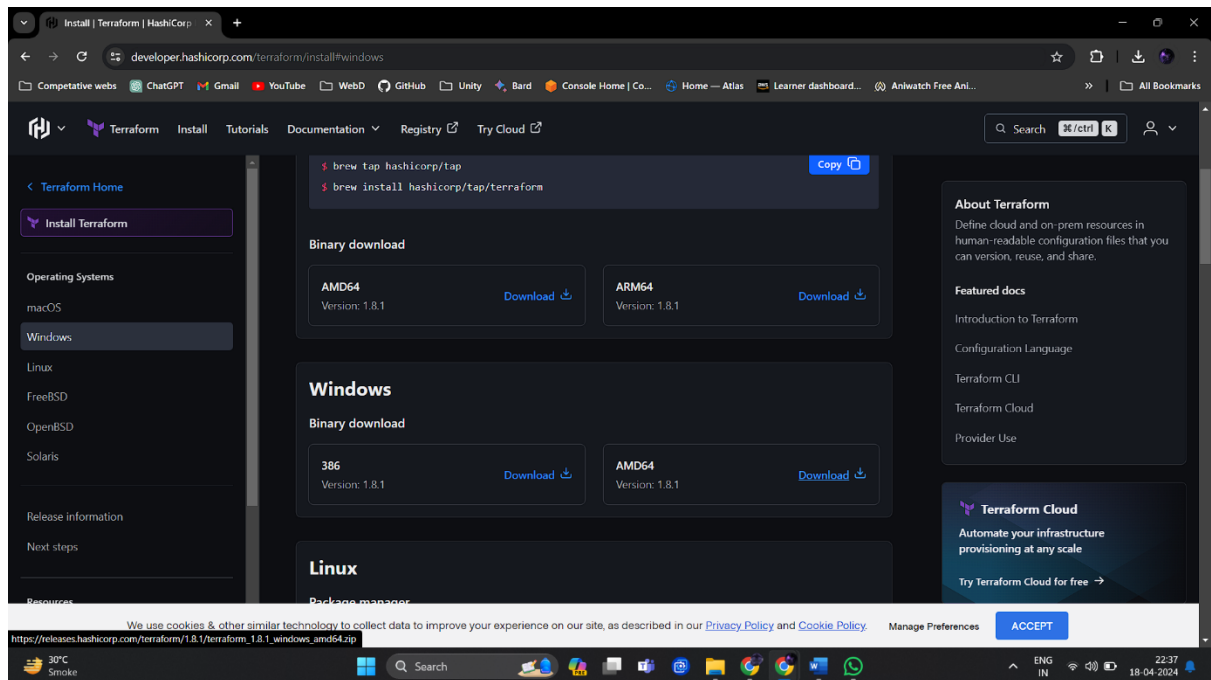
Terraform helps teams to manage their infrastructure as code, and provides greater agility and scalability to their projects.



## B. Step-by-step screenshot to install and configure Terraform:

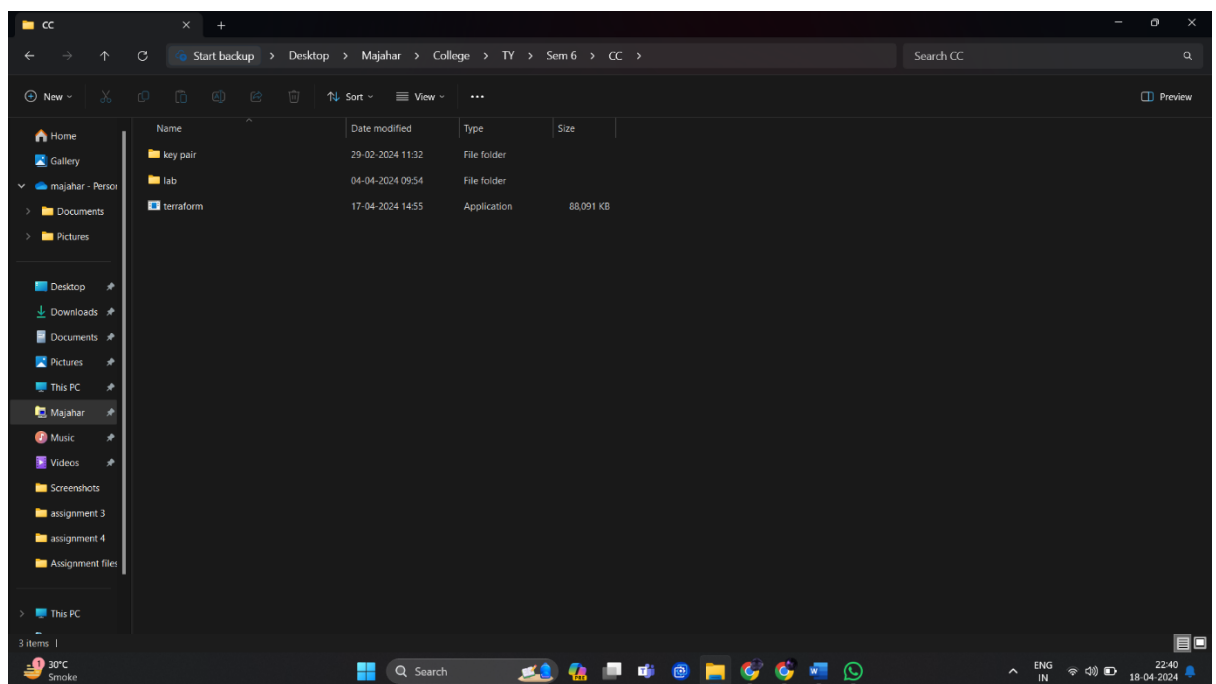
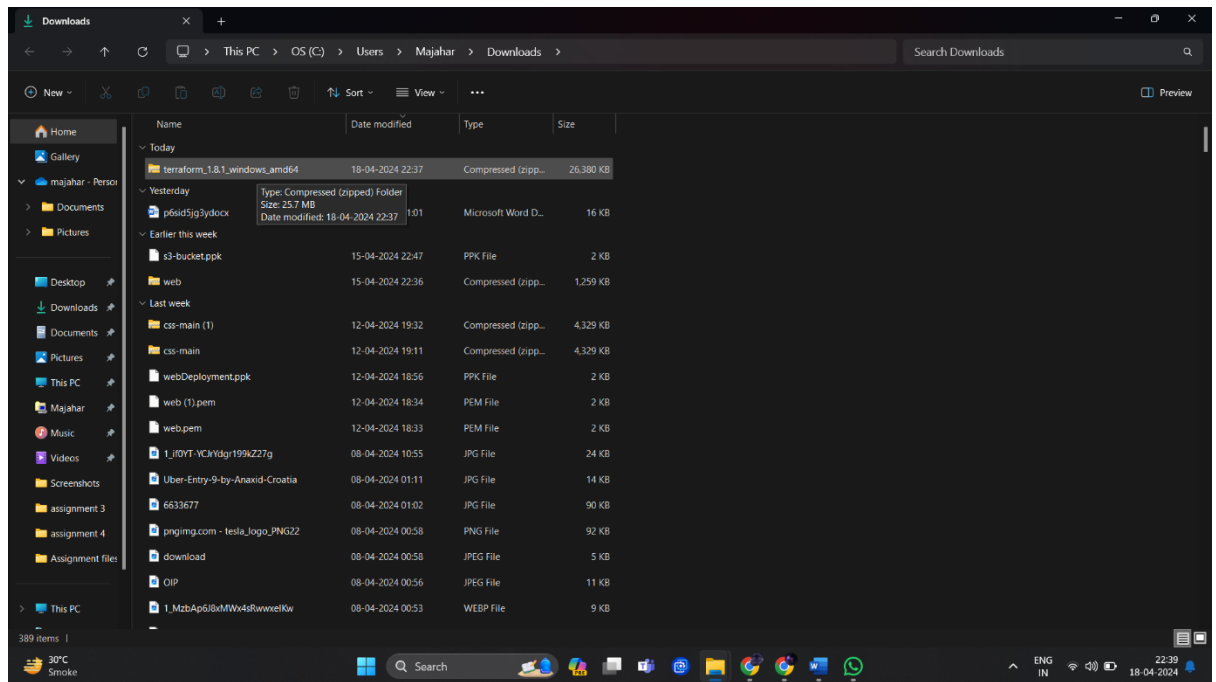
To download Terraform first go to link -

<https://developer.hashicorp.com/terraform/downloads> and select required terraform version to download.

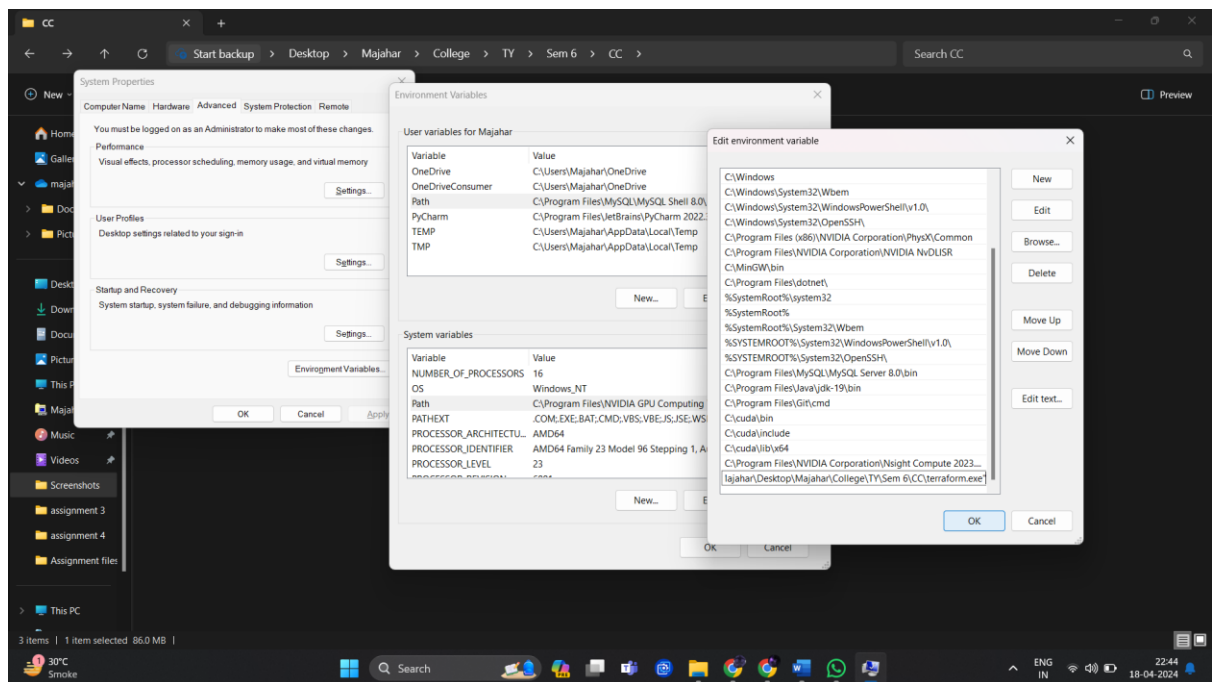


Now that we have got our terraform zip file, unzip in it your required location.

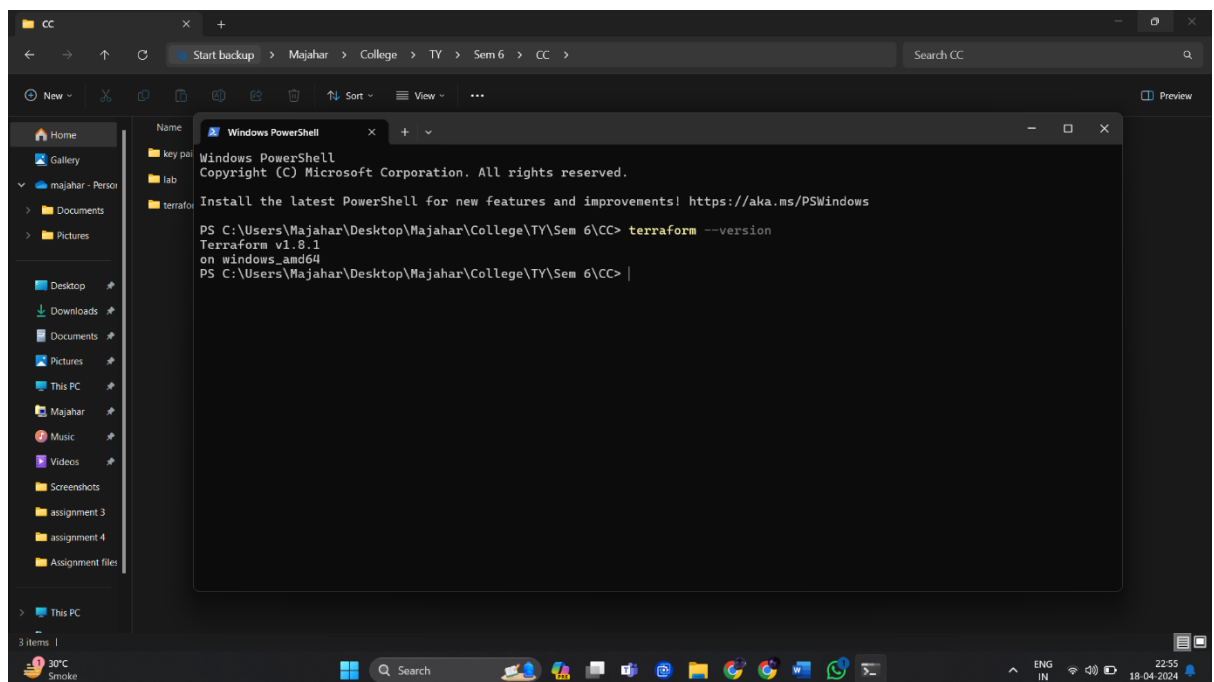




Now add the application path to system environment variables.



Check if installed.



## Terraform script to create Infrastructure on any cloud platform

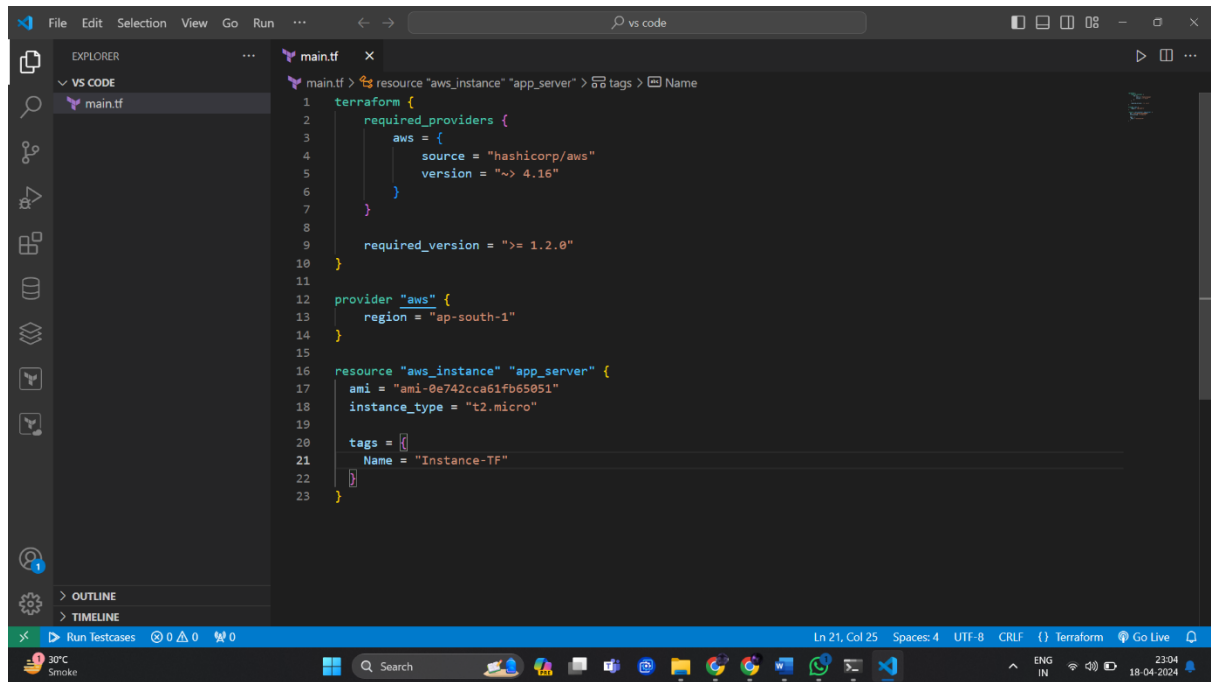


Now open VS code and create a file with name main.tf

Mention the provider. We are going to use AWS as our provider.

The region is Mumbai (ap-south-1)

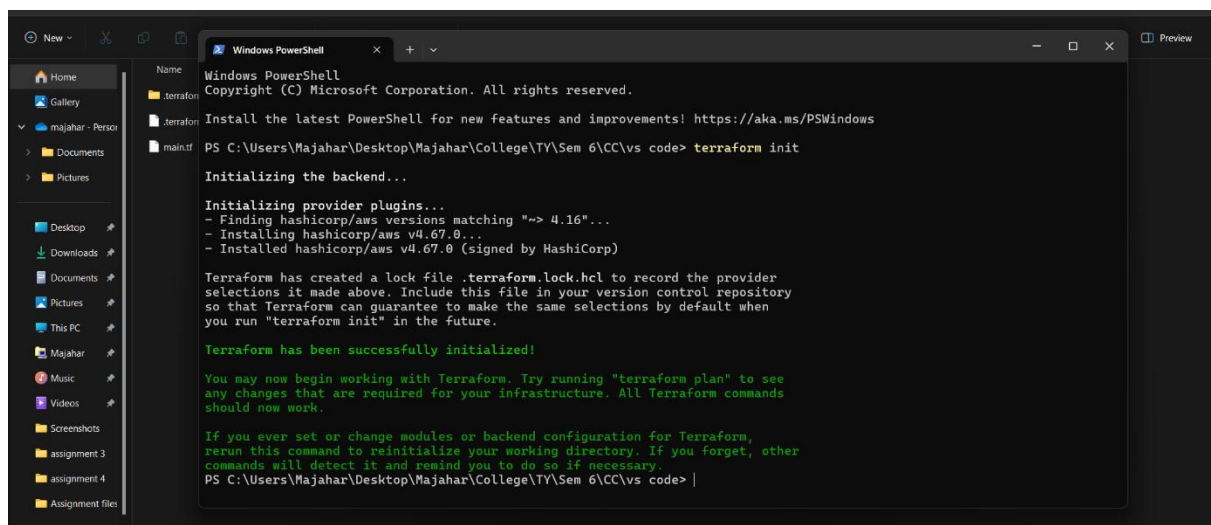
The ami id of the VM is added along with other details.



```
1 terraform {
2   required_providers {
3     aws = {
4       source = "hashicorp/aws"
5       version = "~> 4.16"
6     }
7   }
8
9   required_version = ">= 1.2.0"
10 }
11
12 provider "aws" {
13   region = "ap-south-1"
14 }
15
16 resource "aws_instance" "app_server" {
17   ami = "ami-0e742cca61fb65051"
18   instance_type = "t2.micro"
19
20   tags = {
21     Name = "Instance-TF"
22   }
23 }
```



Using the 'terraform init' command in the folder where we just created our main.tf file to initialize the Terraform Project. This will download any required plugins and initialize the working directory.



```
Windows PowerShell
Copyright (C) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

Install the latest PowerShell for new features and improvements! https://aka.ms/PSWindows

PS C:\Users\Majahar\Desktop\Majahar\College\TY\Sem 6\CC\vs code> terraform init

Initializing the backend...

Initializing provider plugins...
- Finding hashicorp/aws versions matching "~> 4.16"...
- Installing hashicorp/aws v4.67.0...
- Installed hashicorp/aws v4.67.0 (signed by HashiCorp)

Terraform has created a lock file .terraform.lock.hcl to record the provider
selections it made above. Include this file in your version control repository
so that Terraform can guarantee to make the same selections by default when
you run "terraform init" in the future.

Terraform has been successfully initialized!

You may now begin working with Terraform. Try running "terraform plan" to see
any changes that are required for your infrastructure. All Terraform commands
should now work.

If you ever set or change modules or backend configuration for Terraform,
rerun this command to reinitialize your working directory. If you forget, other
commands will detect it and remind you to do so if necessary.
PS C:\Users\Majahar\Desktop\Majahar\College\TY\Sem 6\CC\vs code> |
```



- 'terraform apply' This will create or update the resources specified in your configuration files after giving the plan.

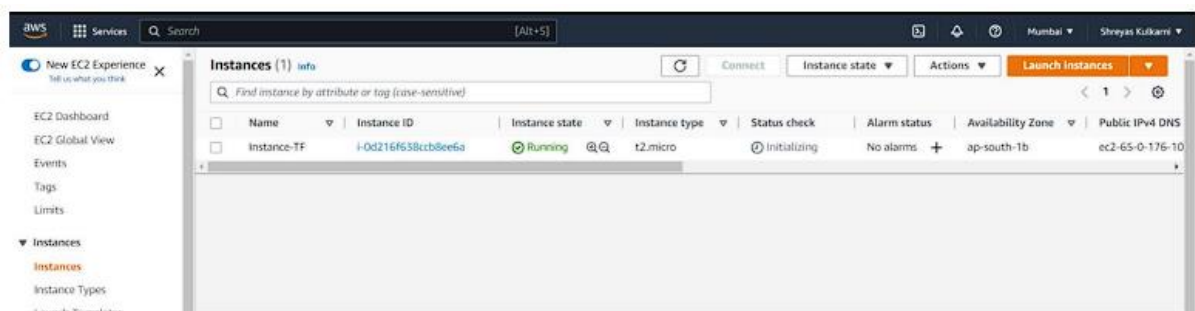
```
D:\TF>terraform apply

Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Review the following symbols:
+ create

Terraform will perform the following actions:

# aws_instance.app_server will be created
+ resource "aws_instance" "app_server" {
  + ami                  = "ami-0e742cca61fb65051"
  + arn                  = (known after apply)
  + associate_public_ip_address = (known after apply)
  + availability_zone     = (known after apply)
  + cpu_core_count        = (known after apply)
  + cpu_threads_per_core  = (known after apply)
  + disable_api_stop      = (known after apply)
  + disable_api_termination = (known after apply)
  + ebs_optimized         = (known after apply)
  + get_password_data     = false
  + host_id               = (known after apply)
  + host_resource_group_arn = (known after apply)
  + iam_instance_profile   = (known after apply)
  + id                    = (known after apply)
  + instance_initiated_shutdown_behavior = (known after apply)
  + instance_state         = (known after apply)
  + instance_type          = "t2.micro"
  + ipv6_address_count     = (known after apply)
  + ipv6_addresses         = (known after apply)
  + key_name               = (known after apply)
  + monitoring              = (known after apply)
```

- The Instance has been deployed Successfully.



🚦 We can delete the instance using the terraform destroy. This command will destroy & delete all the instances that were created using terraform.

```
D:\TF>terraform destroy
aws_instance.app_server: Refreshing state... [id=i-0d216f638ccb8ee6a]

Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resources to be destroyed:
- destroy

Terraform will perform the following actions:

# aws_instance.app_server will be destroyed
- resource "aws_instance" "app_server" {
  - ami                         = "ami-0e742cca61fb65051" -> null
  - arn                        = "arn:aws:ec2:ap-south-1:905151731728:instance/i-0d216f638ccb8ee6a" -> null
  - associate_public_ip_address = true -> null
  - availability_zone           = "ap-south-1b" -> null
  - cpu_core_count              = 1 -> null
  - cpu_threads_per_core        = 1 -> null
  - disable_api_stop            = false -> null
  - disable_api_termination     = false -> null
  - ebs_optimized               = false -> null
}
```

```
Do you really want to destroy all resources?
Terraform will destroy all your managed infrastructure, as shown above.
There is no undo. Only 'yes' will be accepted to confirm.

Enter a value: yes

aws_instance.app_server: Destroying... [id=i-0d216f638ccb8ee6a]
aws_instance.app_server: Still destroying... [id=i-0d216f638ccb8ee6a, 10s elapsed]
aws_instance.app_server: Still destroying... [id=i-0d216f638ccb8ee6a, 20s elapsed]
aws_instance.app_server: Destruction complete after 30s

Destroy complete! Resources: 1 destroyed.
```

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name ▾	Instance ID	Instance state ▾	Instance type ▾	Status check
<input type="checkbox"/>	Instance-TF	i-0d216f638ccb8ee6a	Terminated 🔍	t2.micro	-

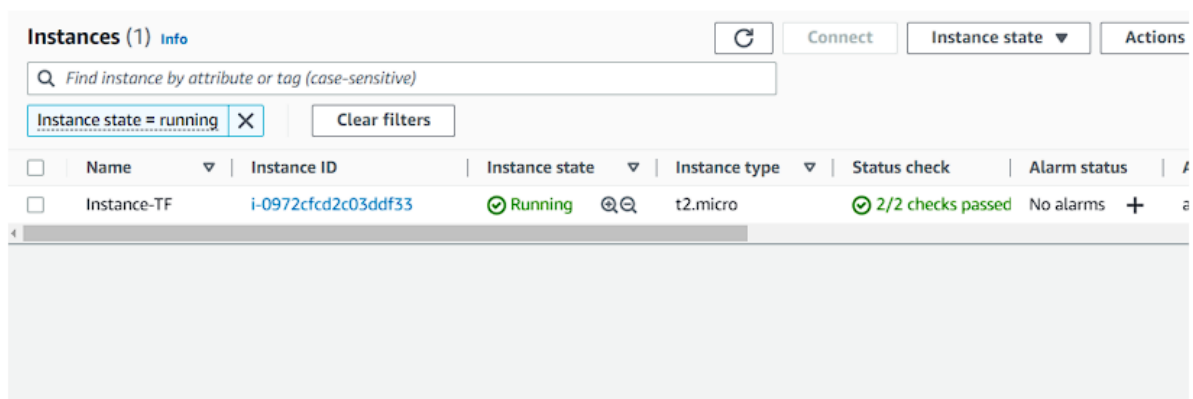


## USING INPUT & OUTPUT VARIABLE FILES:


### DEFINING INPUT VARIABLES

```
terraform apply -var "instance_name=Terraform_Instance"
```

This command will change the instance name by editing the name (It will not delete and create new instance) Terraform configurations can include variables to make your configuration more dynamic and flexible.



	Name	Instance ID	Instance state	Instance type	Status check	Alarm status
<input type="checkbox"/>	Instance-TF	i-0972cfd2c03ddf33	Running	t2.micro	2/2 checks passed	No alarms

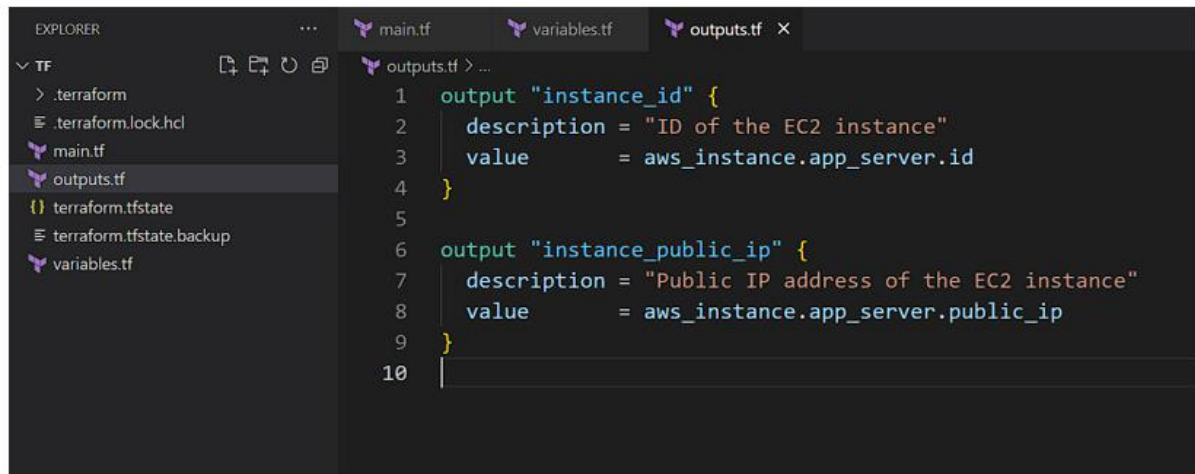


```
1 variable "instance_name" {
2   description = "Value of the Name tag for the EC2 instance"
3   type       = string
4   default    = "Instance-TF"
5 }
6
```



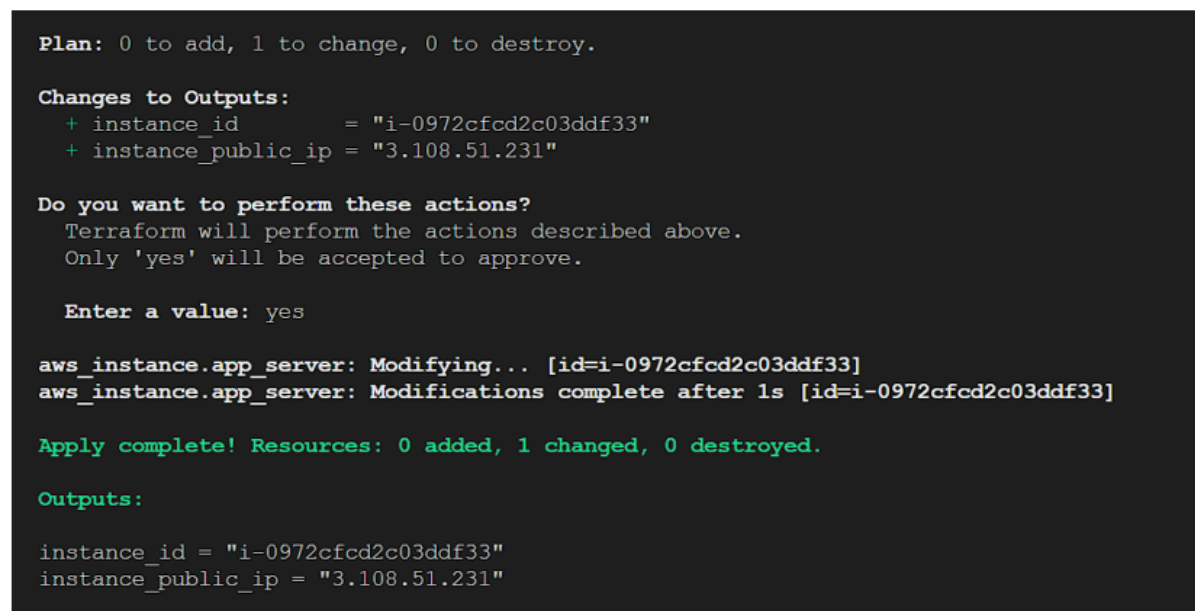


Query Data with Outputs: We will use output values to present useful information to the Terraform user.



The screenshot shows a code editor with three tabs: `main.tf`, `variables.tf`, and `outputs.tf`. The `outputs.tf` tab is active, displaying the following Terraform configuration:

```
1 output "instance_id" {
2   description = "ID of the EC2 instance"
3   value       = aws_instance.app_server.id
4 }
5
6 output "instance_public_ip" {
7   description = "Public IP address of the EC2 instance"
8   value       = aws_instance.app_server.public_ip
9 }
10
```



The screenshot shows the output of a Terraform command, likely `terraform apply`. The output is as follows:

```
Plan: 0 to add, 1 to change, 0 to destroy.

Changes to Outputs:
+ instance_id           = "i-0972cfcd2c03ddf33"
+ instance_public_ip    = "3.108.51.231"

Do you want to perform these actions?
Terraform will perform the actions described above.
Only 'yes' will be accepted to approve.

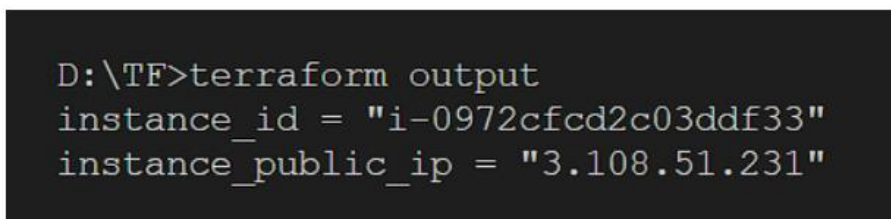
Enter a value: yes

aws_instance.app_server: Modifying... [id=i-0972cfcd2c03ddf33]
aws_instance.app_server: Modifications complete after 1s [id=i-0972cfcd2c03ddf33]

Apply complete! Resources: 0 added, 1 changed, 0 destroyed.

Outputs:

instance_id = "i-0972cfcd2c03ddf33"
instance_public_ip = "3.108.51.231"
```



The screenshot shows a terminal window with the following command and output:

```
D:\TF>terraform output
instance_id = "i-0972cfcd2c03ddf33"
instance_public_ip = "3.108.51.231"
```

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Instance ID	Instance state
<input type="checkbox"/>	Terraform-Instance	i-0972cfcd2c03ddf33	Running



```
Plan: 0 to add, 0 to change, 1 to destroy.

Changes to Outputs:
- instance_id          = "i-0972cfcd2c03ddf33" -> null
- instance_public_ip = "3.108.51.231" -> null

Do you really want to destroy all resources?
Terraform will destroy all your managed infrastructure, as shown above.
There is no undo. Only 'yes' will be accepted to confirm.

Enter a value: yes

aws_instance.app_server: Destroying... [id=i-0972cfcd2c03ddf33]
aws_instance.app_server: Still destroying... [id=i-0972cfcd2c03ddf33, 10s elapsed]
aws_instance.app_server: Still destroying... [id=i-0972cfcd2c03ddf33, 20s elapsed]
aws_instance.app_server: Still destroying... [id=i-0972cfcd2c03ddf33, 30s elapsed]
aws_instance.app_server: Destruction complete after 40s

Destroy complete! Resources: 1 destroyed.
```

## Conclusion:

We have installed terraform and AWS CLI and learned how to use Terraform to create infrastructure as code, specifically an EC2 instance on AWS. We also learned how to use input and output variables to make our code more flexible and reusable. An EC2 Instance was deployed and also destroyed using CLI.

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Author – Majahar Kazi

Thursday 18 April 2024 23:55:08 PM IST

