

# Course Introduction

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Michael Noonan

Biol 417: Evolutionary Ecology



## 1. Course Overview

# Course Overview

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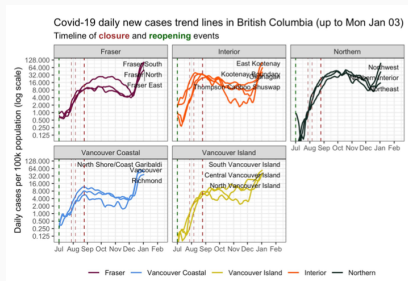
Email: michael.noonan [at] ubc.ca (use subject heading BIOL417 in all email communication)

Office Hours: Wednesday and Friday 13h-14h, or by appointment arranged via email.

Course Website: <https://noonanm.github.io/Biol417/index.html>

I know as much as you.

We are currently scheduled for online delivery until January 24th, but be ready for this to change.



If we go back to in-person learning and you're feeling unwell, stay home.  
I will be recording all of the lectures so you won't miss anything.



frontiers  
in Ecology and Evolution

ORIGINAL RESEARCH  
published: 12 October 2015  
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## Evolution and function of fossoriality in the Carnivora: implications for group-living

Michael J. Noonan, Chris Newman, Christine D. Buesching and David W. Macdonald\*

Wildlife Conservation Research Unit, Department of Zoology, The Natural History Museum, University of Oxford, Turkey, UK

Received: 22 July 2016 | Revised: 17 August 2016 | Accepted: 18 August 2016  
DOI: 10.1002/nec.3480

ORIGINAL RESEARCH

WILEY Ecology and Evolution

## Sexual size dimorphism in musteloids: An anomalous allometric pattern is explained by feeding ecology

Michael J. Noonan<sup>1</sup> | Paul J. Johnson<sup>1</sup> | Andrew C. Kitchener<sup>2,3</sup> |  
Lauren A. Harrington<sup>1</sup> | Chris Newman<sup>1</sup> | David W. Macdonald<sup>1</sup>

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Research



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Rensching cats and dogs: feeding ecology and fecundity trends explain variation in the allometry of sexual size dimorphism

P. J. Johnson<sup>1</sup>, M. J. Noonan<sup>1,2</sup>, A. C. Kitchener<sup>3,4</sup>,  
L. A. Harrington<sup>1</sup>, C. Newman<sup>1</sup> and D. W. Macdonald<sup>1</sup>

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A semi-variance approach to visualising phylogenetic autocorrelation

M. J. Noonan<sup>1</sup>, W. F. Fagan<sup>2</sup>, and C. H. Fleming<sup>2,3</sup>

- Focus is on the ecological basis for the evolution of life histories.
- We will explore how that way that organisms interact with the environment and community they live in can shape evolutionary trajectories in rich, interconnected ways.
- We will also explore how plants and animals can shape the environment they live in, resulting in complex dynamics that unfold over evolutionary timescales.
- We will learn about the tools that ecologists use to study evolutionary processes.
- We will put evolutionary ecology into the context of current human induced environmental change.

- Genetics (you should be familiar with basic concepts of genetics, including Mendelian inheritance, mutations, genetic drift, etc.)
- Evolution (we will not be focusing on evolution *per se*).
- Ecology (you should have a working knowledge of ecological concepts, population and community ecology, etc.).
- Palaeoecology. We will not be focusing much on fossil plants and animals.
- Basic statistics (concepts like means, medians, variances, probability distributions, regression should be familiar to you).



Paper Summaries (8)	32%	Due on ~weekly basis
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Essays (3)	48%	Every ~3 weeks
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Research proposal	20%	Week 14
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Total	100%	
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Beginning in week 2 you will be asked to write 1-page summaries of research papers that focuses on an area of evolutionary ecology.

Papers will be assigned by the me and provided to you in advance.

The following points should be covered:

1. What is/are the issue(s) addressed by the paper?
2. What is the underlying research approach taken by the paper?
3. What are the main results and what conclusions are expected to be drawn from the paper?
4. How much confidence in the obtained results are implied by the author(s)?
5. Is this confidence justified in your opinion?

**Grading:** Each will be marked on composition, comprehension, clarity, and coverage of points 1-5, and will be worth 4% of your final grade.

You will be asked to complete three written essay assignments throughout the course.

For each of these essays, you will be given a topic or question. You will then be expected to write an essay addressing the topic or question.

The essays should be a *minimum* of five pages in length (double spaced using a 12-point font).

Include references to all necessary literature in a format of your choosing. References must be included, but do not count towards the total length.

**Grading:** Each essay will be graded out of 100, and will be worth 16% of your final grade.

If you haven't written many essays before, you're encouraged to read the following resources:

<https://weblearn.ox.ac.uk/access/content/group/159bc1ca-0c7b-454c-8aad-c6c711affc04/Documents/acadwrit2013.pdf>

<https://www.oxbridgeessays.com/blog/how-to-structure-an-essay/>

<https://www.scribbr.com/category/academic-essay/>

<https://www.grammarly.com/blog/essay-writing/>

You will prepare a research proposal that outlines a plan to address a research question that would advance the field of evolutionary ecology.

Research proposals have a *maximum* length of 5 pages and should be comprised of the following five sections:

1. **Introduction.** Explain the big picture question, what work has been done to date, and why you have chosen a particular system.
2. **Objectives.** Outline of the key objective(s) of the proposed research.
3. **Methods.** Describe the experimental setup and how the data would be collected.
4. **Significance of the proposed research.** Describe the significance of the study to the field of evolutionary ecology.
5. **References.** Include references to all necessary literature.

**Grading:** The proposals will be graded out of 100 and will be worth a total of 20% of your final grade.

Late assignments will have 10% deducted per day that they are overdue and will receive a grade of zero if more than 10 days late without a valid reason.

Everyone can submit **1** assignment late without penalty.

There is no textbook for this course, but, if you are interested, the following are recommended:

- Stearns, S. C., & Hoekstra, R. F. (2000). *Evolution, an introduction*. Oxford University Press. ~ \$100 on Amazon or through UBC libraries.
- Cockburn, A. (1991). *An introduction to evolutionary ecology*. Wiley-Blackwell. ISBN 0632027290. Available through UBC libraries.
- Pianka, E. R. (1999). *Evolutionary ecology*. Benjamin Cummings. ISBN 0321042883. ~ \$60 on Amazon or through UBC libraries.



## **Week      Lecture Topics**

- 1      Course intro; Scope of Evol. Ecol; Selection and Adaptation
- 2      Studying Evol. Ecol.: Experimentation; Comparative Methods; Models
- 3      Meteorology; The Habitat Template; Biogeography
- 4      The Ecological Niche; Competition; Specialists vs. Generalists
- 5      Specialising on Environmental Change: Migration, Dormancy, Energetics
- 6      Burrowing, Correlative Effects; Stochasticity and Space Use
- 7      The Ecology of Sex: Costs and Benefits; Males and Females
- 8      The Ecology of Sex: Sex Ratios; Sexual Selection, Mating Systems
- 9      Inclusive fitness & sociality
- 10     Information; signaling; learning Metabolic theory of ecology
- 11     Biodiversity and community stability
- 12     Evolution and Human Induced Rapid Environmental Change (HIREC)
- 13     Scope of evolutionary ecology revisited