EDA Portfolio Project - Treadmill Buyer Profile

Project Details:

The market research team at AeroFit wants to identify the characteristics of the target audience for each type of treadmill offered by the company, to provide a better recommendation of the treadmills to new customers. The team decides to investigate whether there are differences across the product with respect to customer characteristics.

Product Portfolio:

- The KP281 is an entry-level treadmill that sells for \$1,500;
- The KP481 is for mid-level runners and sells for \$1,750;
- The KP781 treadmill have advanced features, and it sells for \$2,500.

Data Description:

The company collected data on individuals who purchased a treadmill from the AeroFit stores during the prior three months. The dataset in aerofit_treadmill_data.csv has the following features:

- Product product purchased: KP281, KP481, or KP781
- Age in years
- Gender male/female
- Education in years
- MaritalStatus single or partnered
- Usage the average number of times the customer plans to use the treadmill
 each week
- Fitness self-rated fitness on a 1-5 scale, where 1 is the poor shape and 5 is the excellent shape
- Income annual income in US dollars
- Miles the average number of miles the customer expects to walk/run each week

Practicalities:

Analyse the provided data and provide insights to the best of your abilities. Include the relevant tables/graphs/visualization to explain what you have learned about the data.

You may structure your EDA/Business Analysis according to these steps:

- 1. Data Exploration and Processing:
 - Importing data
 - Reading dataframe
 - Check the shape of the dataframe
 - Datatype of each column
 - Missing value detection
 - Checking duplicate values in the dataset
 - 2. Statistical Summary:
 - Provide an analysis of the statistical summary in few lines for both categorical and numerical features.
- Non-Graphical Analysis:
 - Value Counts for all categorical features
 - Unique Attributes for all categorical features
- 4. Graphical Analysis:
 - Univariate Analysis Numerical features:
 - Distribution Plot
 - Count Plot
 - o Box Plot pending
 - Univariate Analysis Categorical features:
 - Count Plot
 - Bivariate Analysis:
 - Check features effect on the product purchased e.g.
 - Product vs Gender
 - Product vs MaritalStatus
 - Product vs Age
 - Multivariate Analysis:
 - Create pairplots to show relationship of features

5. Correlation Analysis:

• Show the correlation matrix on heatmap and write your observation of findings in few lines.

6. Outlier Detection:

• Check for the outliers by using the IQR method.

7. Conditional Probabilities:

- What percent of customers have purchased KP281, KP481, or KP781?
- Create frequency tables and calculate the percentage as follows
 - o Product Gender
 - Percentage of a Male customer purchasing a treadmill
 - # Percentage of a Female customer purchasing KP781 treadmil
 - Probability of a customer being a Female given that Product is KP281
 - o Product Age
 - Percentage of customers with Age between 20s and 30s among all customers
 - o Product Income
 - Percentage of a low-income customer purchasing a treadmil
 - Percentage of a high-income customer purchasing KP781 treadmill
 - Percentage of customer with high-income salary buying treadmill given that Product is KP781
 - o Product Fitness
 - Percentage of customers that have fitness level 5
 - Percentage of a customer with Fitness Level 5 purchasing KP781 treadmill
 - Percentage of customer with fitness level 5 buying KP781 treadmill
 - o Product Marital Status
 - Percentage of a customers who are partnered using treadmills
- 8. Actionable Insights & Recommendations:

Provide detailed report on the actionable insights and recommendations according to your observations.

Important: Make sure that the solution reflects your entire thought process including the preparation of data - it is more important how the code is structured rather than just the final result or plot. Good Luck