

/*
 A box is divided into two side with a barrier. There is N number of particles are held in the left side of the barrier of the box at beginning.
 Let a small hole is created in the the barrier and one particle can pass though the hole per unit time.

1:- Write down a code and draw a graph to determint the time for the particles to be in equilibrium position,
 hince both left and right side have N/2 number of particle.

2:- Solve $dn_l/dt = 1 - (2*n_l/N)$; and plot the graph. Compar your result with problem 1
 */

```
#include<iostream>
#include<cmath>
#include<fstream>
#include<cstdlib>
#include<ctime>
using namespace std;

int main()
{
    ofstream fout("ass2.dat");
    double N=1000, n=N, nr=0, nl=N, x, y;
    srand(time(NULL));

    for(int i=0; i<=10000; i+=1)
    {
        x = (double)rand()/(double)RAND_MAX;
        y = n/N;
        if(x<=y)
        {
            n-=1;
        }
        else
        {
            n+=1;
        }

        fout << i << " " << n << " " << nl << endl;

        nl +=1-(2*nl)/N;
    }

    return 0;
}
```