

Faculty of Computing

SECD2523: Database

Project Phase 3

Lecturer Name: Dr. Noor Hidayah Zakaria

Section: 08

Group: 10

Group Member: 1. Chan Wen Kang A22EC0146

2. Cheng See Chee A22EC0043

3. Lau Yun Xi A22EC0063

4. Yee Si Ru A22EC0120

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1.0 Introduction

In this project, Klinik Lee Taman Perling is the user of the new system, which is a database system which changed the old database system to a more efficient and convenient system. In the old system, Klinik Lee is facing some of the problems which are manual patient data management, inefficient appointment scheduling and lack of comprehensive medical records management. Therefore we are going to implement a new database system which will help both patients and staff. In our system, there are 3 main processes which are automated patient data management, automated appointment scheduling and electronic medical records.

2.0 Overview of project

Phase 3 builds upon the groundwork laid in Phase 2 by transforming the conceptual data model into a logical model, ensuring efficient data management and optimizing the overall performance of Klinik Lee Taman Perling's new integrated system. We'll achieve this through the following key steps.

First, translating the conceptual ERD into a Logical ERD. We'll analyze the conceptual ERD from Phase 2, addressing any complexities like many-to-many relationships or non-relational aspects. This conversion will ensure compatibility with relational database structures, paving the way for efficient data storage and retrieval.

Next, deriving relational schema and defining attributes. From the refined logical ERD, we'll extract the schema for each relation, outlining individual tables and their constituent attributes. Each attribute will be clearly defined with its data type, constraints, and any applicable business rules, guaranteeing data integrity and consistency.

The third step will be applying normalization techniques. To minimize redundancy and eliminate potential data anomalies, we'll meticulously normalize the relations, aiming for the stringent Boyce-Codd Normal Form (BCNF) as a minimum. This normalization process optimizes data storage, reduces inconsistencies, and enhances data manipulation efficiency.

Next step will be finalizing the Logical ERD and Data Dictionary. The normalized relations will be reflected in a revised and optimized logical ERD, visually representing the final database structure with enhanced clarity and precision. The data dictionary will be updated to meticulously document all data elements and their properties, ensuring comprehensive and accurate reference for system development and maintenance.

Finally, we'll critically evaluate the logical ERD against the system's specific transaction requirements through interface design. This validation ensures that the data model effectively supports all necessary data interactions and transactions, guaranteeing seamless system operation.

3.0 Database conceptual design

3.1 Updated business rule

Patient Registration

- 1. Patient must provide a complete and accurate personal information
- 2. A unique identifier must generate for each registered patients

Appointment Scheduling

- 1. Appointments can only be scheduled during the available working hours
- 2. A confirmation message need to send for the patients
- 3. Patients must confirm or reschedule appointments within a specified timeframe

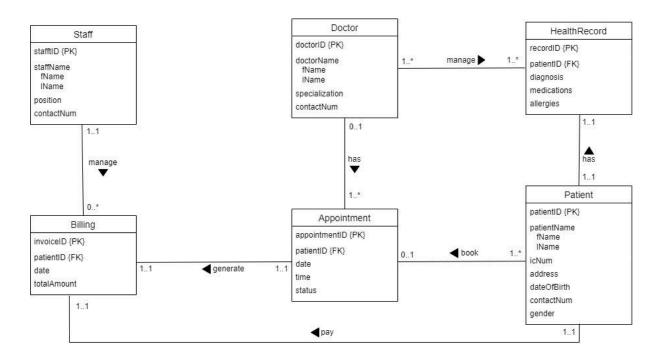
Electronic Health Records (EHR) Management

- 1. Only the authorized person can access and update patient health records
- 2. Health records should be updated in real-time during and after patient consultations.

Billing and Invoicing

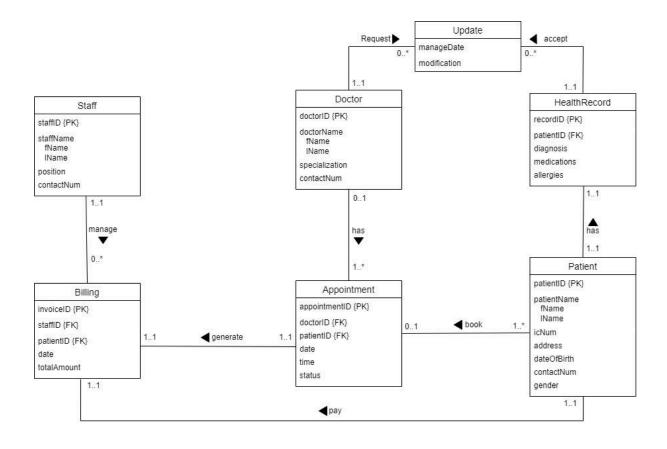
- 1. Billing information must accurately reflect the services provided during the appointment
- 2. The system should accept various type of payment method

3.2 Conceptual ERD



4.0 DB logical design

4.1 Logical ERD



4.2 Updated Data Dictionary

Relation: Staff

Attribute	Data type	Data length	Constraint	Description
staffID	VARCHAR2	10	PRIMARY KEY	auto-generated staff's ID
fName	VARCHAR2	20	NOT NULL	staff's first name
lName	VARCHAR2	20	NOT NULL	staff's last name
position	VARCHAR2	20	NOT NULL	staff position
contactNum	NUMBER	12	NOT NULL	staff's contact number

Relation : Doctor

Attribute	Data type	Data length	Constraint	Description	
doctorID	VARCHAR2	10	PRIMARY KEY	auto-generated doctor's ID	
fName	VARCHAR2	20	NOT NULL	doctor's first name	
lName	VARCHAR2	20	NOT NULL	doctor's last name	
specialization	VARCHAR2	60	NOT NULL	the specific area of expertise focus within the field of medicine for a doctor	
contactNum	NUMBER	12	NOT NULL	doctor's contact number	

Relation: Patients

Attribute	Data type	Data length	Constraint	Description	
patientID	VARCHAR2	10	PRIMARY KEY	auto-generated patient's ID	
fName	VARCHAR2	20	NOT NULL	patient's first name	
lName	VARCHAR2	20	NOT NULL	patient's last name	
icNum	VARCHAR2	20	NOT NULL	the treatments of doctors provided	
address	VARCHAR2	60	NOT NULL	patient's residential address	
dateOfBirth	DATE		NOT NULL	patient's birth date	
contactNum	NUMBER	12	NOT NULL	patient's contact number	
gender	VARCHAR2	10	NOT NULL	patient's gender	

Relation: HealthRecord

Attribute	Data type	Data length	Constraint	Description
recordID	VARCHAR2	10	PRIMARY KEY	auto-generated patient's record ID
patientID	VARCHAR2	10	FOREIGN KEY	auto-generated patient's ID
dianogsis	VARCHAR2	60	NOT NULL	doctor's examination of the patient's situation
medication	VARCHAR2	60	NOT NULL	doctor's provided treatment
allergies	VARCHAR2	60	NOT NULL	patient's allergy to something

Relation : Appointment

Attribute	Data type	Data length	Constraint	Description	
appointmentID	VARCHAR2	10	PRIMARY KEY	auto-generated appointment ID	
doctorID	VARCHAR2	10	FOREIGN KEY	auto-generated doctor's ID	
patientID	VARCHAR2	10	FOREIGN KEY	auto-generated patient's ID	
Appointmentd ate	DATE		NOT NULL	appointment date	
time	TIMESTAMP		NOT NULL	appointment time	
status	VARCHAR2	20	NOT NULL	appointment status like schedule, reschedule or cancel	

Relation: Billing

Attribute	Data type	Data length	Constraint	Description
invoiceID	VARCHAR2	10	PRIMARY KEY	auto-generated invoice ID
staffID	VARCHAR2	10	FOREIGN KEY	auto-generated staff's ID
patientID	VARCHAR2	10	FOREIGN KEY	auto-generated patient's ID
Billingdate	DATE		NOT NULL	appointment date
totalAmount	NUMBER	10	NOT NULL	The total amount of billing

Relation : Update

Attribute	Data type	Data length	Constraint	Description
manageDate	DATE			The date of doctor manage the health records
modification	VARCHAR2	70	NOT NULL	The content that has been modify by doctor

4.3 Normalization

Functional Dependency

FD1: staffID → fName, lName, position, contactNum

FD2: fName, lName, position → staffID

FD3: contactNum → staffID

FD4: doctorID → fName, lName, specialization, contactNum

FD5: fName, lName, specialization → doctorID

FD6: contactNum → doctorID

FD7: patientID → fName, lName, icNum, address, dateOfBirth, contactNum, gender

FD8: fName, lName, icNum, address, dateOfBirth, contactNum, gender → patientID

FD9: contactNum → patientID

FD10: recordID → patientID, diagnosis, medication, allergies

FD11: patientID \rightarrow recordID

FD12: diagnosis, medication, allergies \rightarrow recordID

FD13: appointmentID → doctorID, patientID, Appointmentdate, time, status

FD14: doctorID, patientID, Appointmentdate, time, status → appointmentID

FD15: doctorID, patientID → Appointmentdate, time, status

FD16: Appointmentdate, time \rightarrow doctorID, patientID, status

FD17: invoiceID → staffID, patientID, Billingdate, totalAmount

FD18: staffID, patientID, Billingdate, totalAmount → invoiceID

FD19: staffID, patientID → Billingdate, totalAmount

FD20: Billingdate, total Amount \rightarrow staffID, patientID

1st Normalized form database

Staff(staffID, fName, lName, position, contactNum)

Doctor (<u>doctorID</u>, fName, lName, specialization, contactNum)

Patients (patientID, fName, lName, icNum, address, dateOfBirth, contactNum, gender)

HealthRecord (recordID, patientID, diagnosis, medication, allergies)

Appointment (appointmentID, doctorID, patientID, Appointmentdate, time, status)

Billing (<u>invoiceID</u>, staffID, patientID, Billingdate, totalAmount)

2nd Normalized form database

Staff(staffID, fName, lName, position)

FD1: staffID -> fName, lName, position (Primary Key)

FD2: contactNum → staffID

Doctor (doctorID, fName, lName, specialization)

FD3: doctorID → fName, lName, specialization (Primary Key)

FD4: contactNum → doctorID

Patients (patientID, fName, IName, icNum, address, dateOfBirth, contactNum, gender)

FD5: patientID → fName, lName, icNum, address, dateOfBirth, contactNum, gender (Primary Key)

HealthRecord (<u>recordID</u>, patientID, diagnosis, medication, allergies)

FD6: recordID → patientID (FK), diagnosis, medication, allergies (Primary Key)

Appointment (appointmentID, doctorID, patientID, Appointmentdate, time, status)

FD7: appointmentID → doctorID, patientID, Appointmentdate, time, status (Primary Key)

FD8: doctorID, patientID \rightarrow Appointmentdate, time, status

Billing (invoiceID, staffID, patientID, Billingdate, totalAmount)

FD9: invoiceID → staffID (FK), patientID (FK), Billingdate, totalAmount (Primary Key)

FD10: invoiceID, patientID -> Billingdate, totalAmount

3rd Normalized form database

Staff(staffID, fName, lName, position)

FD1: staffID -> fName, lName, position (Primary Key)

FD2: contactNum \rightarrow staffID

Doctor (doctorID, fName, lName, specialization)

FD3: doctorID → fName, lName, specialization (Primary Key)

FD4: contactNum → doctorID

Patients (patientID, fName, IName, icNum, address, dateOfBirth, contactNum, gender)

FD5: patientID → fName, lName, icNum, address, dateOfBirth, contactNum, gender (Primary Key)

HealthRecord (recordID, patientID, diagnosis, medication, allergies)

FD6: recordID → patientID (FK), diagnosis, medication, allergies (Primary Key)

Appointment (appointmentID, doctorID, patientID, Appintmentdate, time, status)

FD7: appointmentID → doctorID, patientID, Appointmentdate, time, status (Primary Key)

Billing (invoiceID, staffID, patientID, Billingdate, totalAmount)

FD8: invoiceID → staffID (FK), patientID (FK), Billingdate, totalAmount (Primary Key)

BCNF

Staff(<u>staffID</u>, fName, lName, position)

StaffContact (<u>staffID</u>, contactNum)

Doctor (doctorID, fName, lName, specialization)

DoctorContact (<u>doctorID</u>, contactNum)

Patients (patientID, fName, IName, icNum, address, dateOfBirth, contactNum, gender)

HealthRecord (<u>recordID</u>, patientID, diagnosis, medication, allergies)

Appointment (appointmentID, doctorID, patientID, Appointmentdate, time, status)

Billing (<u>invoiceID</u>, staffID, patientID, Billingdate, totalAmount)

5.0 Relational DB Schemas (after normalization)

The relational database schema for Clinic Lee Taman Perling database is a set of relation schemas, namely :

Staff (<u>staffID</u>, fName, lName, position)

StaffContact (<u>staffID</u>, contactNum)

Doctor (<u>doctorID</u>, fName, lName, specialization)

DoctorContact (<u>doctorID</u>, contactNum)

Patients (patientID, fName, lName, icNum, address, dateOfBirth,

contactNum, gender)

HealthRecord (<u>recordID</u>, patientID, diagnosis, medication, allergies)

Appointment (appointmentID, doctorID, patientID, Appointmentdate, time,

status)

Billing (<u>invoiceID</u>, staffID, patientID, Billingdate, totalAmount)

6.0 SQL Statements (DDL & DML)

6.1 Data Definition Languages (DDL)

```
CREATE TABLE Staff
  staffID VARCHAR2(10) NOT NULL,
  fName VARCHAR2(20) NOT NULL,
  IName VARCHAR2(20) NOT NULL,
  position VARCHAR2(20) NOT NULL,
  CONSTRAINT Staff pk PRIMARY KEY(staffID)
);
CREATE TABLE StaffContact
  staffID VARCHAR2(10) NOT NULL,
  contactNum NUMBER(12) NOT NULL,
  CONSTRAINT StaffContact pk PRIMARY KEY(staffID),
     CONSTRAINT StaffContact fk FOREIGN KEY (staffID) REFERENCES
Staff(staffID)
);
CREATE TABLE Doctor
  doctorID VARCHAR2(10) NOT NULL,
  fName VARCHAR2(20) NOT NULL,
  IName VARCHAR2(20) NOT NULL,
  specialization VARCHAR2(60) NOT NULL,
  CONSTRAINT Doctor pk PRIMARY KEY(doctorID)
);
CREATE TABLE DoctorContact
  doctorID VARCHAR2(10) NOT NULL,
  contactNum NUMBER(12) NOT NULL,
  CONSTRAINT DoctorContact pk PRIMARY KEY(doctorID),
   CONSTRAINT DoctorContact fk FOREIGN KEY (doctorID) REFERENCES
Doctor(doctorID)
```

```
);
CREATE TABLE Patients
  patientID VARCHAR2(10) NOT NULL,
  fName VARCHAR2(20) NOT NULL,
  IName VARCHAR2(20) NOT NULL,
  icNum VARCHAR2(20) NOT NULL,
  address VARCHAR2(60) NOT NULL,
  dateOfBirth DATE NOT NULL,
  contactNum NUMBER(12) NOT NULL,
  gender VARCHAR2(10) NOT NULL,
  CONSTRAINT Patients pk PRIMARY KEY(patientID)
);
CREATE TABLE HealthRecord
  recordID VARCHAR2(10) NOT NULL,
  patientID VARCHAR2(10) NOT NULL,
  diagnosis VARCHAR2(60) NOT NULL,
  medication VARCHAR2(60) NOT NULL,
  allergies VARCHAR2(60) NOT NULL,
  CONSTRAINT HealthRecord pk PRIMARY KEY(recordID),
    CONSTRAINT HealthRecord fk FOREIGN KEY (patientID) REFERENCES
Patients(patientID)
);
CREATE TABLE Appointment(
  appointmentID VARCHAR2(10) NOT NULL,
  doctorID VARCHAR2(10) NOT NULL,
  patientID VARCHAR2(10) NOT NULL,
  Appointmentdate DATE NOT NULL,
  time TIMESTAMP NOT NULL,
  status VARCHAR2(20) NOT NULL,
  CONSTRAINT Appointment pk PRIMARY KEY(appointmentID),
```

```
CONSTRAINT Appointment_fk1 FOREIGN KEY (doctorID) REFERENCES
Doctor(doctorID),
   CONSTRAINT Appointment fk2 FOREIGN KEY (patientID) REFERENCES
Patients(patientID)
);
CREATE TABLE Billing
(
  invoiceID VARCHAR2(10) NOT NULL,
  staffID VARCHAR2(10) NOT NULL,
  patientID VARCHAR2(10) NOT NULL,
  Billingdate DATE NOT NULL,
  totalAmount NUMBER(10) NOT NULL,
  CONSTRAINT Billing pk PRIMARY KEY(invoiceID),
      CONSTRAINT Billing fk1 FOREIGN KEY (staffID) REFERENCES
Staff(staffID),
      CONSTRAINT Billing fk2 FOREIGN KEY (patientID) REFERENCES
Patients(patientID)
);
```

6.2 Data Manipulation Languages (DML)

```
INSERT INTO Staff
VALUES ('S001', 'Wong', 'Jenny', 'Receptionist');
INSERT INTO Staff
VALUES ('S002','Lim','Danny','Medical Secretary');
INSERT INTO Staff
VALUES ('S003','Adam','Faris','Billing Specialist');
INSERT INTO StaffContact
VALUES ('S001','0123456789');
INSERT INTO StaffContact
VALUES ('S002','0174731562');
INSERT INTO StaffContact
VALUES ('S003','0154789632');
INSERT INTO Doctor
VALUES ('D001', 'Lai', 'Chee', 'Paediatrician');
INSERT INTO Doctor
VALUES ('D002', 'Perry', 'Chan', 'General Practitioner');
INSERT INTO DoctorContact
VALUES ('D001', '0198762453');
INSERT INTO DoctorContact
VALUES ('D002', '0135672890');
INSERT INTO Patients
VALUES ('P001', 'John', 'Smith', '0020504106254', '123 Main Street',
TO DATE('1995-08-20', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), '0123456789', 'Male');
INSERT INTO Patients
VALUES ('P002', 'Alice', 'Johnson', '0020504106255', '456 Oak Avenue',
TO DATE('1980-03-10', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), '9876543210', 'Female');
```

INSERT INTO Patients

VALUES ('P003', 'Michael', 'Brown', '0020504106256', '789 Pine Road', TO DATE('1972-11-25', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), '5552223333', 'Male');

INSERT INTO Patients

VALUES ('P004', 'Emily', 'Miller', '0020504106257', '567 Maple Lane', TO DATE('1993-06-18', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), '1112345678', 'Female');

INSERT INTO Patients

VALUES ('P005', 'Daniel', 'Davis', '0020504106258', '890 Birch Street', TO DATE('1985-02-08', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), '9998887777', 'Male');

INSERT INTO Patients

VALUES ('P006', 'Sophia', 'Wilson', '0020504106259', '234 Cedar Avenue', TO DATE('1998-12-03', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), '4445556666', 'Female');

INSERT INTO Patients

VALUES ('P007', 'Ethan', 'Moore', '0020504106260', '678 Elm Road', TO DATE('1982-09-15', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), '7776665555', 'Male');

INSERT INTO Patients

VALUES ('P008', 'Olivia', 'Taylor', '0020504106261', '901 Pine Lane', TO DATE('1991-04-27', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), '3334445555', 'Female');

INSERT INTO Patients

VALUES ('P009', 'Mason', 'Hill', '0020504106262', '345 Oak Street', TO_DATE('1979-07-12', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), '8889990000', 'Male');

INSERT INTO Patients

VALUES ('P010', 'Ava', 'Jones', '0020504106263', '678 Maple Avenue', TO_DATE('1996-11-08', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), '2223334444', 'Female');

INSERT INTO Patients

VALUES ('P011', 'Carter', 'Brown', '0020504106264', '123 Cedar Road', TO DATE('1988-03-22', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), '6667778888', 'Male');

INSERT INTO Patients

VALUES ('P012', 'Chloe', 'Anderson', '0020504106265', '456 Elm Lane', TO DATE('1997-05-14', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), '1112223333', 'Female');

INSERT INTO Patients

VALUES ('P013', 'Liam', 'Clark', '0020504106266', '789 Birch Avenue', TO DATE('1983-08-29', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), '5554443333', 'Male');

INSERT INTO HealthRecord

VALUES ('HR001', 'P001', 'Common Cold', 'Ibuprofen', 'None');

INSERT INTO HealthRecord

VALUES ('HR002', 'P002', 'Hypertension', 'Lisinopril', 'Peanut');

INSERT INTO HealthRecord

VALUES ('HR003', 'P003', 'Influenza', 'Tamiflu', 'Penicillin');

INSERT INTO HealthRecord

VALUES ('HR004', 'P004', 'Migraine', 'Sumatriptan', 'Sulfites');

INSERT INTO HealthRecord

VALUES ('HR005', 'P005', 'Diabetes', 'Metformin', 'None');

INSERT INTO HealthRecord

VALUES ('HR006', 'P006', 'Asthma', 'Albuterol', 'Aspirin');

INSERT INTO HealthRecord

VALUES ('HR007', 'P007', 'Allergic Rhinitis', 'Loratadine', 'Dust');

INSERT INTO HealthRecord

VALUES ('HR008', 'P008', 'Gastroenteritis', 'Ondansetron', 'Shellfish');

INSERT INTO HealthRecord

VALUES ('HR009', 'P009', 'Anxiety', 'Sertraline', 'None');

INSERT INTO HealthRecord

VALUES ('HR010', 'P010', 'Osteoarthritis', 'Ibuprofen', 'None');

INSERT INTO HealthRecord

VALUES ('HR011', 'P011', 'Hypothyroidism', 'Levothyroxine', 'None');

INSERT INTO HealthRecord

VALUES ('HR012', 'P012', 'Urinary Tract Infection', 'Ciprofloxacin', 'Sulfa Drugs');

INSERT INTO HealthRecord

VALUES ('HR013', 'P013', 'Rheumatoid Arthritis', 'Methotrexate', 'None');

INSERT INTO Appointment

VALUES ('A001', 'D001', 'P003', TO_DATE('2024-01-10', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), TO_TIMESTAMP('2024-01-10 17:30:00', 'YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI:SS.FF6'), 'Scheduled');

INSERT INTO Appointment

VALUES ('A002', 'D002', 'P001', TO_DATE('2024-01-08', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), TO_TIMESTAMP('2024-01-08 15:30:00', 'YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI:SS.FF6'), 'Rescheduled');

INSERT INTO Appointment

VALUES ('A003', 'D001', 'P008', TO_DATE('2024-01-20', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), TO_TIMESTAMP('2024-01-20 18:30:00', 'YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI:SS.FF6'), 'Scheduled');

INSERT INTO Appointment

VALUES ('A004', 'D001', 'P011', TO_DATE('2024-01-25', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), TO_TIMESTAMP('2024-01-25 09:00:00', 'YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI:SS.FF6'), 'Scheduled');

INSERT INTO Appointment

VALUES ('A005', 'D002', 'P006', TO_DATE('2024-01-17', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), TO_TIMESTAMP('2024-01-17 12:30:00', 'YYYY-MM-DD HH24:MI:SS.FF6'), 'Cancelled');

INSERT INTO Billing

VALUES('INV001', 'S001', 'P001', TO_DATE('2024-01-05', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 150.00);

INSERT INTO Billing

VALUES('INV002', 'S002', 'P002', TO_DATE('2024-01-05', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 70.00);

INSERT INTO Billing

VALUES('INV003', 'S001', 'P003', TO_DATE('2024-01-07', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 80.00);

INSERT INTO Billing

VALUES('INV004', 'S003', 'P004', TO_DATE('2024-01-08', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 120.00);

INSERT INTO Billing

VALUES('INV005', 'S002', 'P005', TO_DATE('2024-01-11', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 100.00);

6.3 View Query

6.3.1 View Staff table

SELECT *

FROM Staff;

6.3.2 View Staff Contact table

SELECT *

FROM StaffContact;

6.3.3 View Doctor table

SELECT *

FROM Doctor;

6.3.4 View Doctor Contact table

SELECT *

FROM DoctorContact;

6.3.5 View Patients table

SELECT *

FROM Patients;

6.3.6 View Patients Health Record

SELECT *

FROM HealthRecord;

6.3.7 View Appointment details

SELECT *

FROM Appointment;

6.3.8 View Billing details

SELECT *

FROM Billing;

6.3.9 Join (Demo query)

SELECT

Doctor.doctorID,

Doctor.fName,

Doctor.lName,

Appointment.status

FROM

Doctor

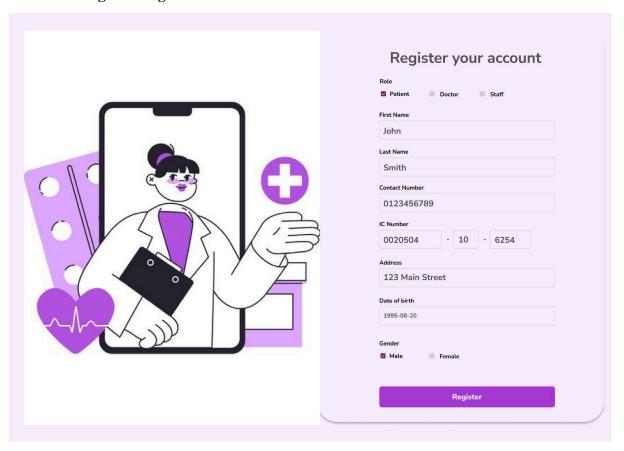
JOIN

Appointment ON Doctor.doctorID = Appointment.doctorID;

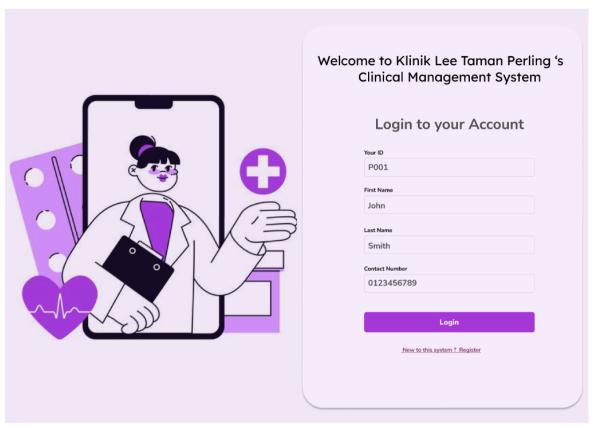


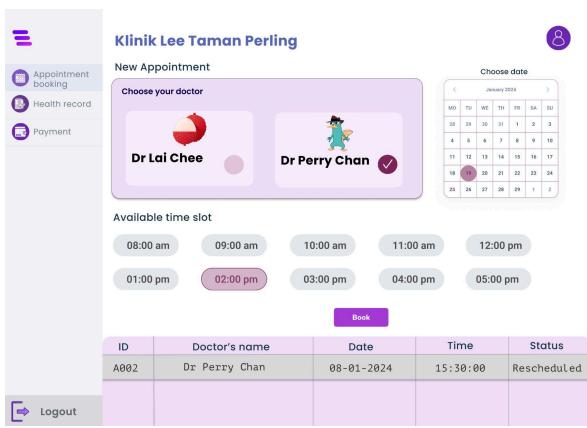
7.0 User Interface

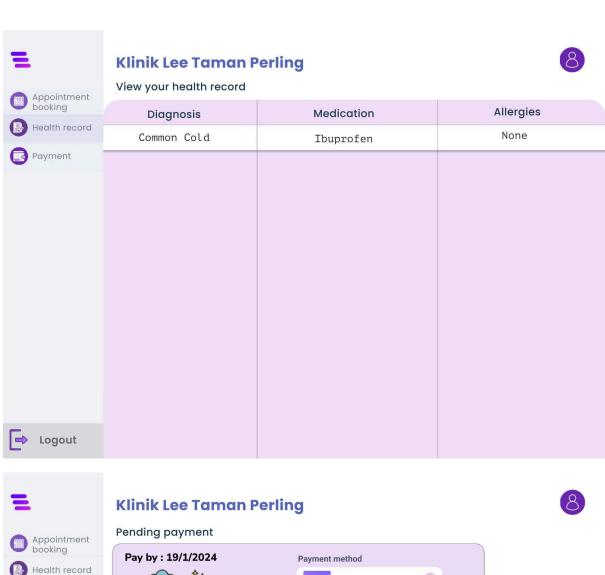
7.1 Register Page



7.2 Patient Login

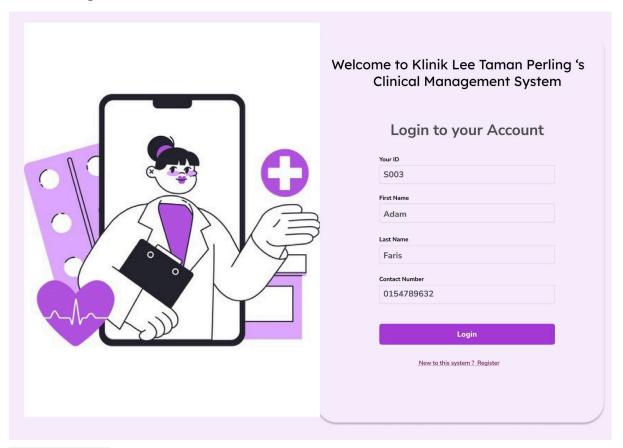








7.3 Staff Login





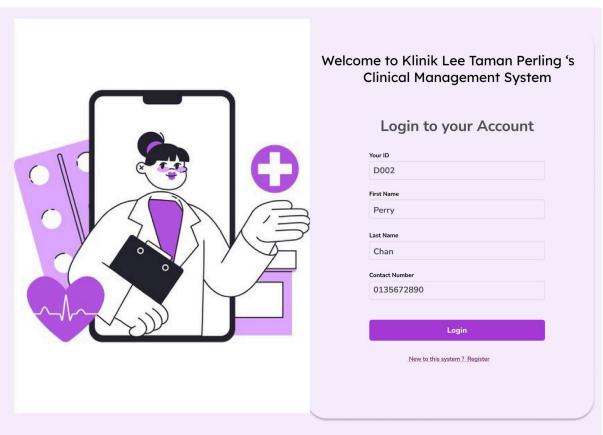
Klinik Lee Taman Perling

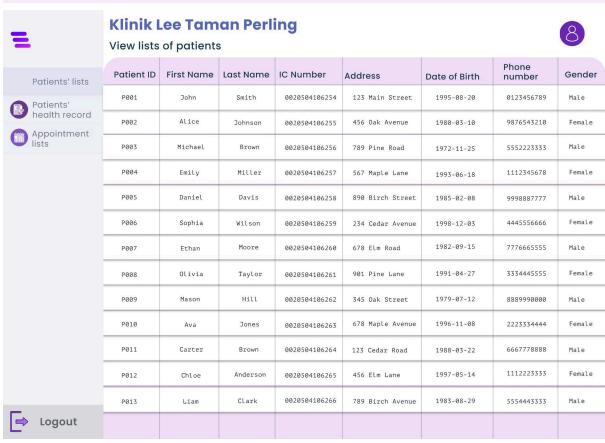
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Manage billing details

billing details									
	Invoice ID	Staff ID	Patient ID	Billing date	Total amount				
	INV001	S001	P001	05-01-2024	RM150.00				
	INV002	S002	P002	05-01-2024	RM 70.00				
	INV003	S001	P003	07-01-2024	RM 80.00				
	INV004	S003	P004	08-01-2024	RM120.00				
	INV005	S002	P005	11-01-2024	RM100.00				
•									
⇒ Logout									

7.4 Dentist Login





Klinik Lee Taman Perling Manage health records Diagnosis Medication Allergies Edit Record ID Patient ID Patients' lists 12 HR001 P001 Common Cold Ibuprofen None Patients' health record HR002 Hypertension Lisinopril Peanut 12 Appointment lists 1 P003 Tamiflu Penicillin HR003 Influenza Sumatriptan Sumatriptan 1 HR004 P004 Migraine 1 Diabetes Metformin 1 HR006 P006 Asthma Albuterol Aspirin Loratadine Dust 12 Allergic Rhinitis HR007 P007 Ondansetron Shellfish 1 Gastroenteritis HR008 P008 Anxiety Sertraline 1 HR009 P009 12 HR010 Osteoarthritis 1 HR011 P011 Hypothyroidism Levothyroxine 1 Ciprofloxacin Sulfa Drugs HR012 P012 Urinary Tract Infection 12 HR013 P013 Rheumatoid Arthritis Methotrexate None ⇒ Logout

=	Klinik Lee T	8				
Patients' lists	Appointment ID	Doctor ID	Patient ID	Appointment date	Appointment time	Status
Patients' health record	A001	D001	P003	2024-01-10	17:30:00	Scheduled
Appointment lists	A002	D002	P001	2024-01-08	15:30:00	Rescheduled
	A003	D001	P008	2024-01-20	18:30:00	Scheduled
	A004	D001	P011	2024-01-25	09:00:00	Scheduled
	A005	D002	P006	2024-01-17	12:30:00	Cancelled
□ Logout						

8.0 Summary

In this phase of the project , we have managed to transform the conceptual ERD to logical ERD . In this process , we have further improved the details of the diagram. We also have updated previous business rules to ensure the business rules always comply to the goals of Klinik Lee Taman Perling and operates efficiently within the clinical management system. The data dictionary also has been updated by enhancing the data information for each relation such as attributes , data type, data length , constraint and description. The data information helps us to figure out the database requirements. Besides, we also identify all functional dependencies by determining the relationship between attributes which implies how attributes depend the other attributes. The functional dependencies also help to minimize the data redundancy by performing normalization.

The relations and their attributes are finalized through four consecutive normalization processes. In first normalization, we have to remove repeating groups to prevent data duplication. Next, the process proceeds with eliminating partial dependencies. The transitive dependencies will be removed in third normalization. Lastly, the third normal form of data is further normalized to Boyce-Codd normal form. The relational database schemas will reflect the logical view of database structure by listing out all attributes and underlined the primary key for each relation. We also implement queries to create object database using SQL language in Oracle Apex. The SQL statements are able to run successfully as all relations are created and all values for each attribute managed to be inserted.

In short, we have designed a logical structure of the database which provides the Klinik Lee Taman Perling a logical view of the proposed clinical management system database as well as helped them to organize all important data accordingly by managing the patients' data, appointment schedule and electronic medical records.