



UTM
UNIVERSITI TEKNOLOGI MALAYSIA

Sem.1 2023/2024

SECD 2523 DATABASE

Section 08

LAB 1: DDL

LECTURER: DR. NOOR HIDAYAH BINTI ZAKARIA

SUBMISSION DATA: 12 DECEMBER 2023

| No | NAME | MATRIC NUMBER |
|----|---------------|---------------|
| 1 | TAN SHEAU JUN | A22EC8001 |

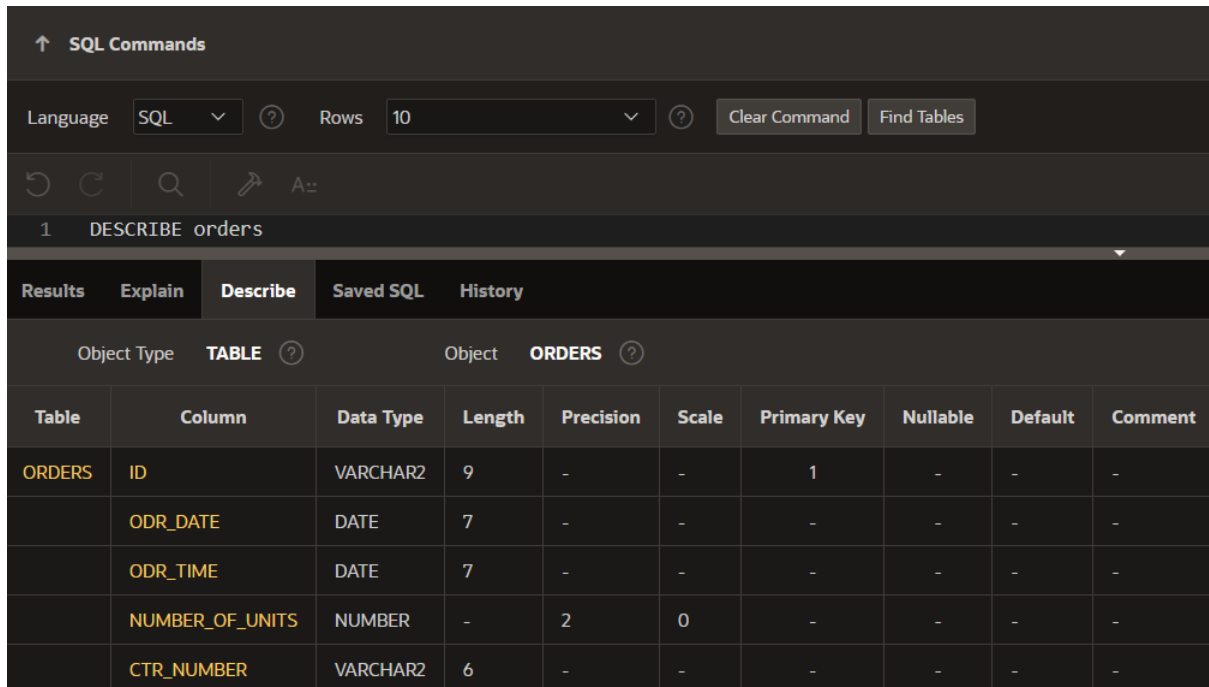
Part 1: Reading information from a script

1. How many tables have been created using the CREATE TABLE statement?
10 tables
2. How many columns are created for the price history table?
6 columns
3. What statement is used to enforce the constraint that the category column of the items table must have a value?
“NOT NULL” statement
4. What is the name of the foreign key constraint between the customers and customer addresses tables?
customer_address_customer_fk
5. What are the lowest and highest values that can be stored in the commission_rate column for the sales_representatives table?
The lowest value is -99. The highest value is 99.
6. What are the lowest and highest values that can be stored in the price column for the price_history table?
The lowest value is -99999.99. The highest value is 99999.99.
7. What are the 3 columns that make up the primary key for the price_history table?
Itm_number, start_date, start_time

Part 2: Updating Constraints

Modifying a column

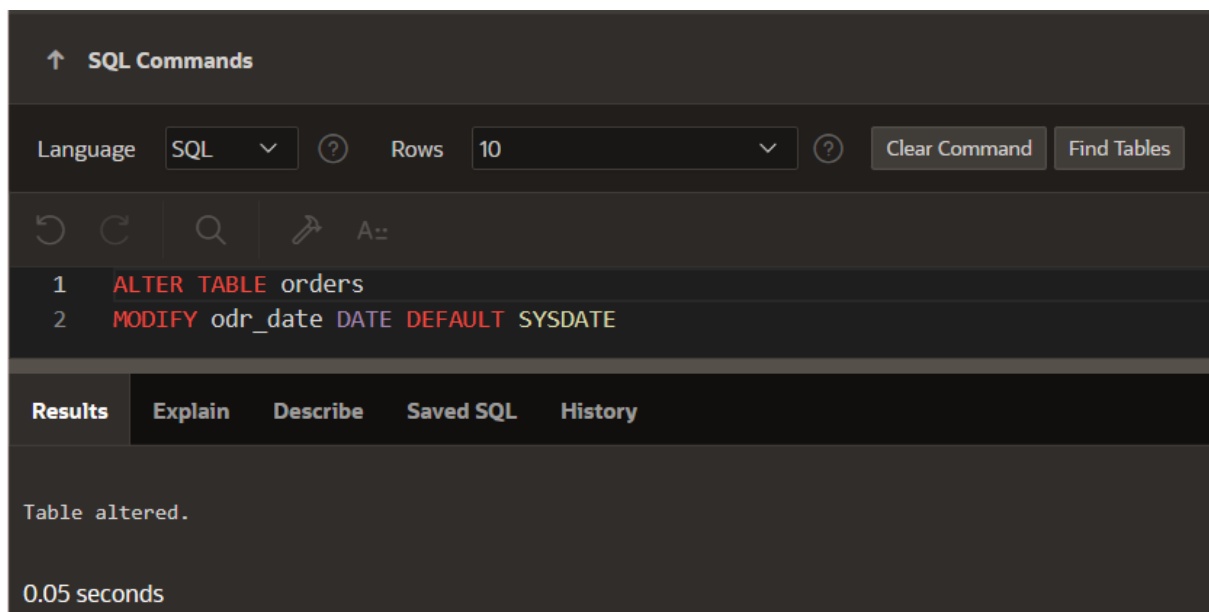
1. Run the DESCRIBE command on the orders table to view its structure.



The screenshot shows the SQL Commands interface with the command `DESCRIBE orders` entered. The interface displays the structure of the `orders` table, including columns, data types, lengths, and constraints.

| Table | Column | Data Type | Length | Precision | Scale | Primary Key | Nullable | Default | Comment |
|--------|-----------------|-----------|--------|-----------|-------|-------------|----------|---------|---------|
| ORDERS | ID | VARCHAR2 | 9 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - |
| | ODR_DATE | DATE | 7 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | ODR_TIME | DATE | 7 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | NUMBER_OF_UNITS | NUMBER | - | 2 | 0 | - | - | - | - |
| | CTR_NUMBER | VARCHAR2 | 6 | - | - | - | - | - | - |

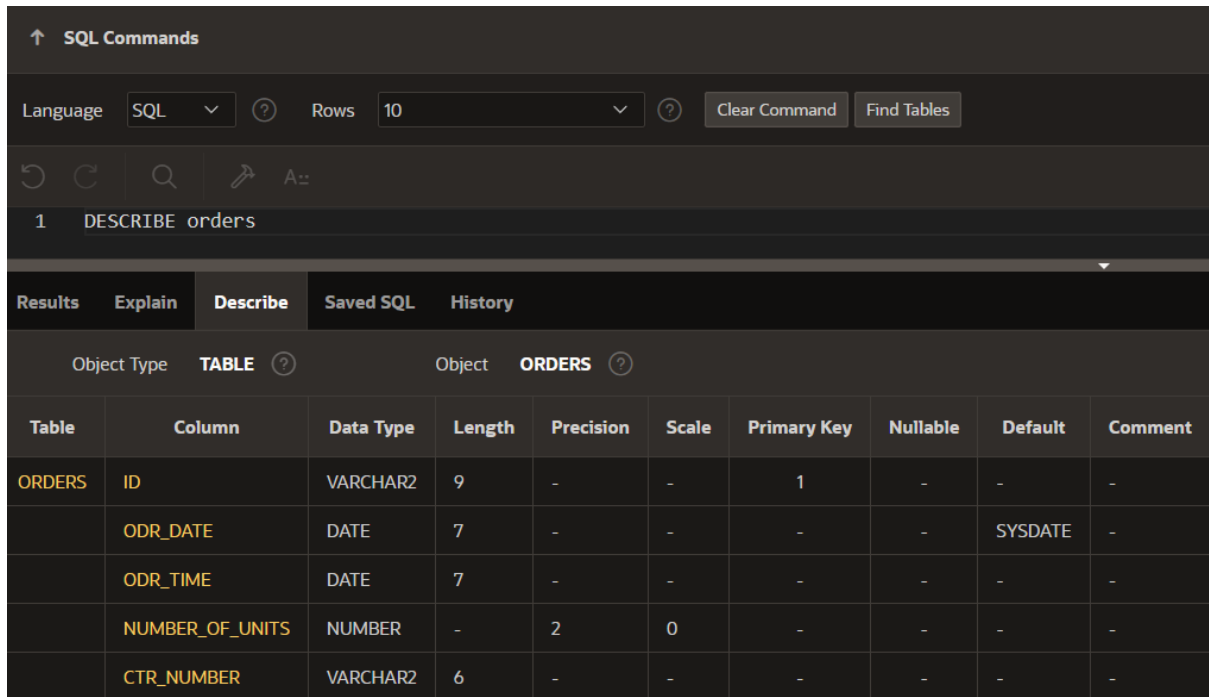
2. Task: Add a default constraint that will use today's date to assign a value to the `odr_date` column of the `orders` table if no date is provided.



The screenshot shows the SQL Commands interface with the command `ALTER TABLE orders MODIFY odr_date DATE DEFAULT SYSDATE` entered. The interface displays the results of the command, indicating that the table was altered successfully.

| Results | Explain | Describe | Saved SQL | History |
|----------------|---------|----------|-----------|---------|
| Table altered. | | | | |
| 0.05 seconds | | | | |

3. Run the DESCRIBE command again to verify the command was successful.

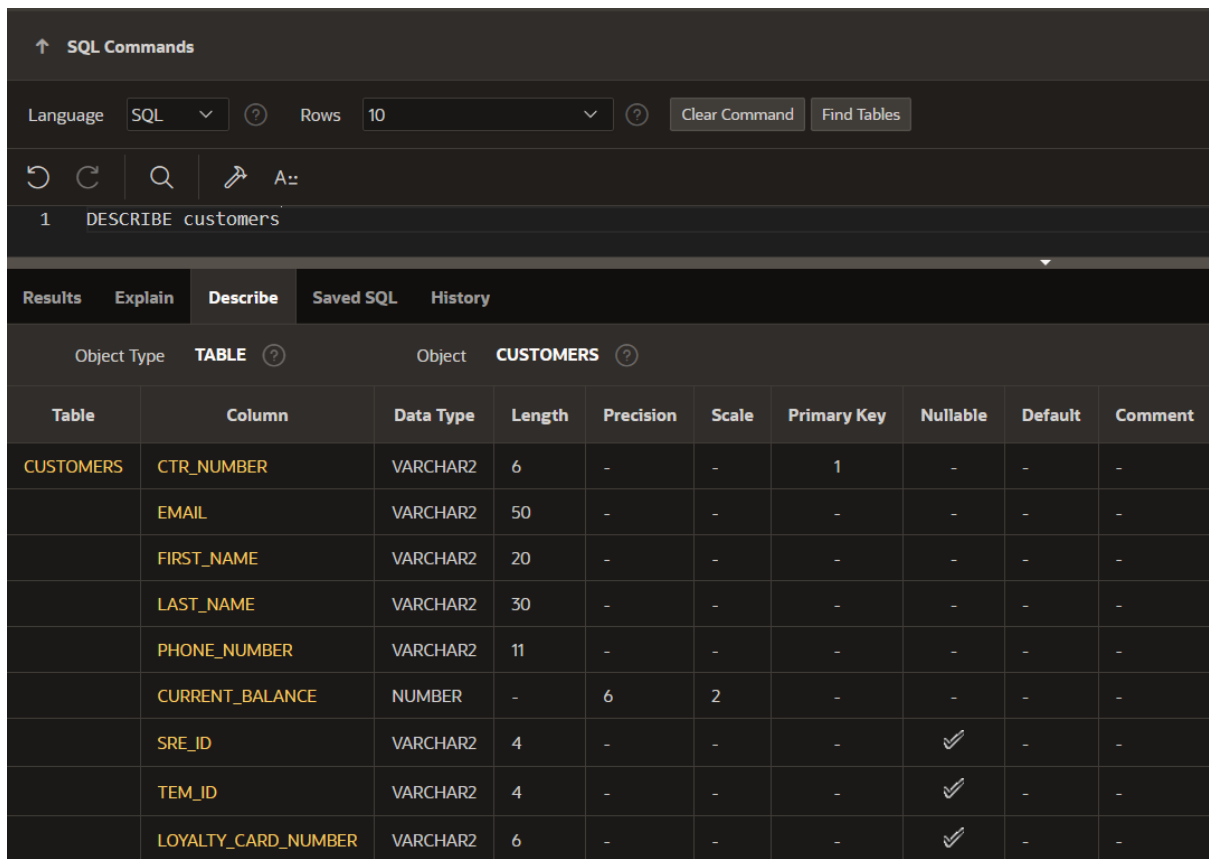


The screenshot shows the SQL Commands interface with the command `DESCRIBE orders` entered. The interface includes tabs for Results, Explain, Describe, Saved SQL, and History. The Describe tab is active, displaying the structure of the `ORDERS` table.

| Table | Column | Data Type | Length | Precision | Scale | Primary Key | Nullable | Default | Comment |
|--------|-----------------|-----------|--------|-----------|-------|-------------|----------|---------|---------|
| ORDERS | ID | VARCHAR2 | 9 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - |
| | ODR_DATE | DATE | 7 | - | - | - | - | SYSDATE | - |
| | ODR_TIME | DATE | 7 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | NUMBER_OF_UNITS | NUMBER | - | 2 | 0 | - | - | - | - |
| | CTR_NUMBER | VARCHAR2 | 6 | - | - | - | - | - | - |

Adding a check constraint

1. Run the DESCRIBE command on the customers table to view its structure.



The screenshot shows the SQL Commands interface with the command `DESCRIBE customers` entered. The interface includes tabs for Results, Explain, Describe, Saved SQL, and History. The Describe tab is active, displaying the structure of the `CUSTOMERS` table.

| Table | Column | Data Type | Length | Precision | Scale | Primary Key | Nullable | Default | Comment |
|-----------|---------------------|-----------|--------|-----------|-------|-------------|----------|---------|---------|
| CUSTOMERS | CTR_NUMBER | VARCHAR2 | 6 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - |
| | EMAIL | VARCHAR2 | 50 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | FIRST_NAME | VARCHAR2 | 20 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | LAST_NAME | VARCHAR2 | 30 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | PHONE_NUMBER | VARCHAR2 | 11 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | CURRENT_BALANCE | NUMBER | - | 6 | 2 | - | - | - | - |
| | SRE_ID | VARCHAR2 | 4 | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |
| | TEM_ID | VARCHAR2 | 4 | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |
| | LOYALTY_CARD_NUMBER | VARCHAR2 | 6 | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |

- Task: Add a check constraint that will not allow the customers current balance to go below zero.

↑ SQL Commands

Language SQL ? Rows 10 ? Clear Command Find Tables

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```
1 ALTER TABLE customers
2 ADD CONSTRAINT cust_bal_ckeck
3 CHECK (current_balance >= 0);
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

Table altered.

0.06 seconds

- Run the DESCRIBE command again to verify the command was successful.

↑ SQL Commands

Language SQL ? Rows 10 ? Clear Command Find Tables

↶ ↷ 🔍 🔗 A::

```
1 DESCRIBE customers
```

Results Explain **Describe** Saved SQL History

| Object Type TABLE ? | | Object CUSTOMERS ? | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------------|--|--------|-----------|-------|-------------|----------|---------|---------|
| Table | Column | Data Type | Length | Precision | Scale | Primary Key | Nullable | Default | Comment |
| CUSTOMERS | CTR_NUMBER | VARCHAR2 | 6 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - |
| | EMAIL | VARCHAR2 | 50 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | FIRST_NAME | VARCHAR2 | 20 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | LAST_NAME | VARCHAR2 | 30 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | PHONE_NUMBER | VARCHAR2 | 11 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | CURRENT_BALANCE | NUMBER | - | 6 | 2 | - | - | - | - |
| | SRE_ID | VARCHAR2 | 4 | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |
| | TEM_ID | VARCHAR2 | 4 | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |
| | LOYALTY_CARD_NUMBER | VARCHAR2 | 6 | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |

- Task: Add column that will satisfy the clients requirements.

↑ SQL Commands

Language SQL ? Rows 10 ? Clear Command Find Tables

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1 ALTER TABLE customers
2 ADD mobile_phone_number VARCHAR (11);

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

Table altered.

0.06 seconds

- Run the DESCRIBE command on the customers table to view its structure.

↑ SQL Commands

Language SQL ? Rows 10 ? Clear Command Find Tables

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1 DESCRIBE customers

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

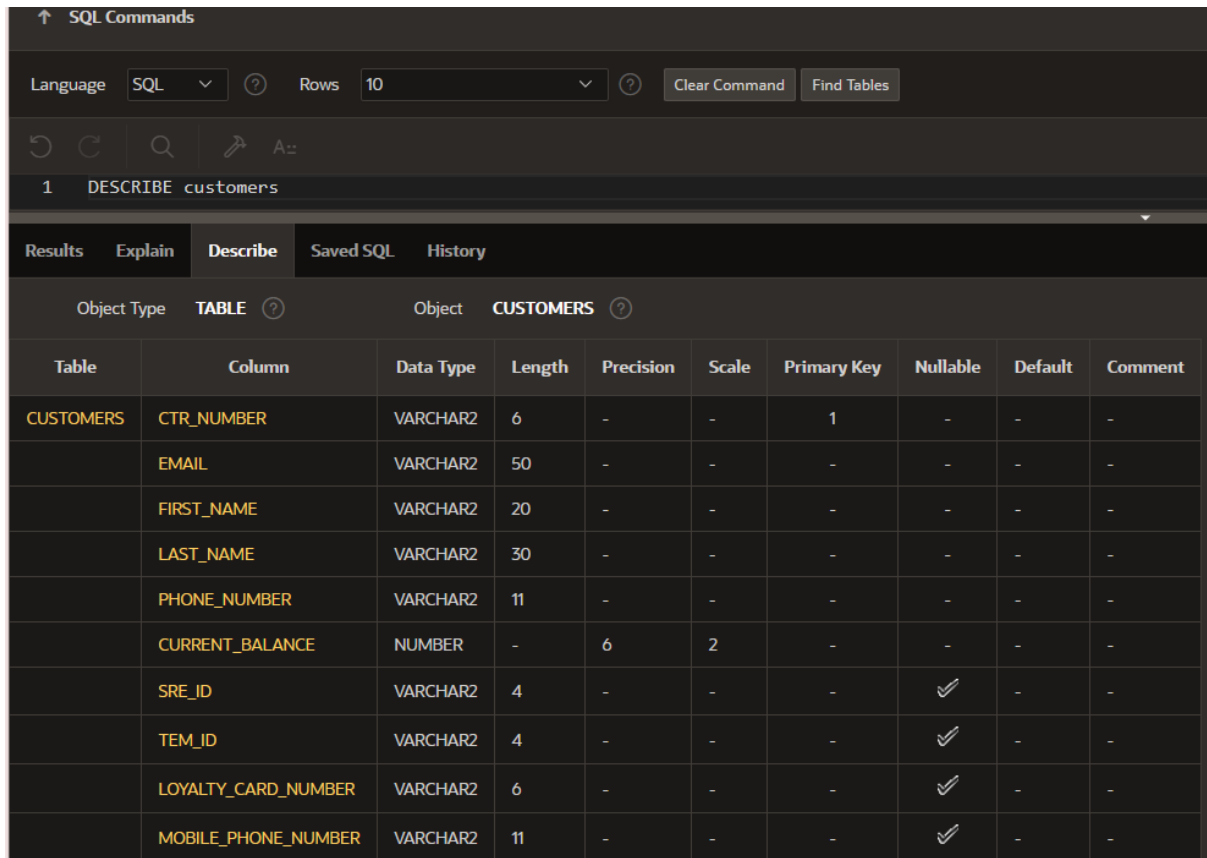
Object Type TABLE ? Object CUSTOMERS ?

| Table | Column | Data Type | Length | Precision | Scale | Primary Key | Nullable | Default | Comment |
|-----------|---------------------|-----------|--------|-----------|-------|-------------|----------|---------|---------|
| CUSTOMERS | CTR_NUMBER | VARCHAR2 | 6 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - |
| | EMAIL | VARCHAR2 | 50 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | FIRST_NAME | VARCHAR2 | 20 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | LAST_NAME | VARCHAR2 | 30 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | PHONE_NUMBER | VARCHAR2 | 11 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | CURRENT_BALANCE | NUMBER | - | 6 | 2 | - | - | - | - |
| | SRE_ID | VARCHAR2 | 4 | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |
| | TEM_ID | VARCHAR2 | 4 | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |
| | LOYALTY_CARD_NUMBER | VARCHAR2 | 6 | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |
| | MOBILE_PHONE_NUMBER | VARCHAR2 | 11 | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |

Dropping a column

The client has decided that they don't need the mobile number column as most customers only provide a single contact number and that is already catered for with the existing phone_number column.

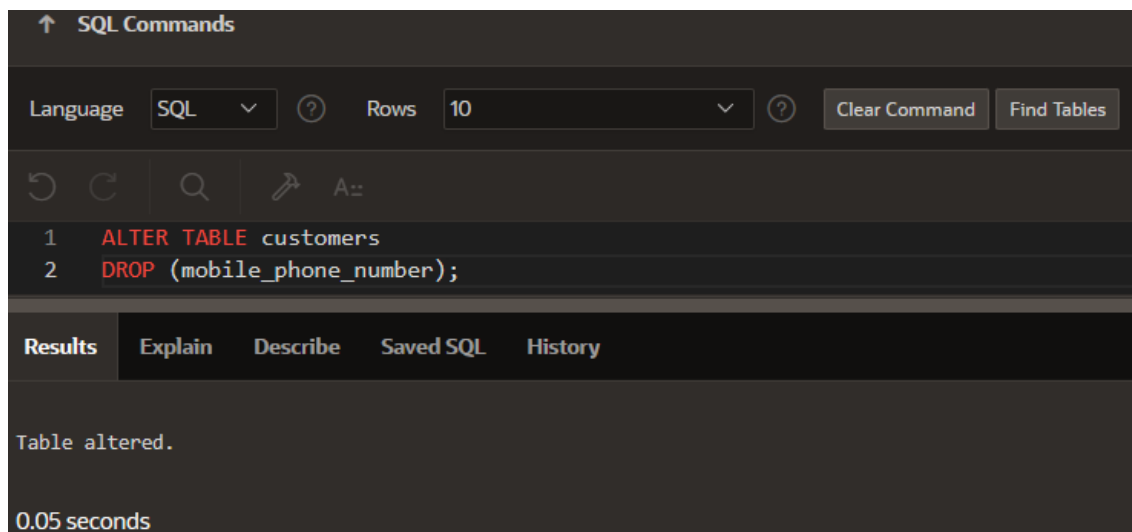
1. Run the DESCRIBE command on the customers table to view its structure.



The screenshot shows the SQL Commands interface with the command `DESCRIBE customers` entered. The results are displayed in a table format under the 'Describe' tab.

| Table | Column | Data Type | Length | Precision | Scale | Primary Key | Nullable | Default | Comment |
|-----------|---------------------|-----------|--------|-----------|-------|-------------|----------|---------|---------|
| CUSTOMERS | CTR_NUMBER | VARCHAR2 | 6 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - |
| | EMAIL | VARCHAR2 | 50 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | FIRST_NAME | VARCHAR2 | 20 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | LAST_NAME | VARCHAR2 | 30 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | PHONE_NUMBER | VARCHAR2 | 11 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | CURRENT_BALANCE | NUMBER | - | 6 | 2 | - | - | - | - |
| | SRE_ID | VARCHAR2 | 4 | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |
| | TEM_ID | VARCHAR2 | 4 | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |
| | LOYALTY_CARD_NUMBER | VARCHAR2 | 6 | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |
| | MOBILE_PHONE_NUMBER | VARCHAR2 | 11 | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |

2. Task: Drop the column that was created to store the mobile phone number.



The screenshot shows the SQL Commands interface with the command `ALTER TABLE customers DROP (mobile_phone_number);` entered. The results show 'Table altered.' and the execution time '0.05 seconds'.

| Results | Explain | Describe | Saved SQL | History |
|----------------|---------|----------|-----------|---------|
| Table altered. | | | | |
| 0.05 seconds | | | | |

3. Run the DESCRIBE command on the customers table to view its structure.

↑ SQL Commands

Language SQL Rows 10 Clear Command Find Tables

1 DESCRIBE customers

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

Object Type TABLE Object CUSTOMERS

| Table | Column | Data Type | Length | Precision | Scale | Primary Key | Nullable | Default | Comment |
|-----------|---------------------|-----------|--------|-----------|-------|-------------|----------|---------|---------|
| CUSTOMERS | CTR_NUMBER | VARCHAR2 | 6 | - | - | 1 | - | - | - |
| | EMAIL | VARCHAR2 | 50 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | FIRST_NAME | VARCHAR2 | 20 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | LAST_NAME | VARCHAR2 | 30 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | PHONE_NUMBER | VARCHAR2 | 11 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | CURRENT_BALANCE | NUMBER | - | 6 | 2 | - | - | - | - |
| | SRE_ID | VARCHAR2 | 4 | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |
| | TEM_ID | VARCHAR2 | 4 | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |
| | LOYALTY_CARD_NUMBER | VARCHAR2 | 6 | - | - | - | ✓ | - | - |