



SECD2523 – DATABASE

SEMESTER 1/20232024

SECTION 08

LAB 3: DML2

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PART 1: Retrieving all columns from a table.

Using the `SELECT *` statement show all data stored in the following tables:

1. customers.

1 `SELECT *`
2 `FROM customers`

Results

ExplainDescribeSaved SQLHistory

CTR_NUMBER	EMAIL	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	PHONE_NUMBER	CURRENT_BALANCE	SRE_ID	TEM_ID	LOYALTY_CARD_NUMBER
c00101	unknown@here.com	John	Doe	01216547808	9875	sr01	1002	-
c00012	jones@freemail.com	Jennifer	Jones	01505214598	0	-	-	lc1015
c00001	bob.thornberry@heatmail.com	Robert	Thornberry	01234567898	150	sr01	1001	-
c00103	MurciaA@globaltech.com	Andrew	Murcia	07715246890	85	-	-	lc2341
c01986	margal87@delphiview.com	Maria	Galant	01442736589	125.65	sr03	1003	-

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2. teams

1 `SELECT *`
2 `FROM teams`

Results

ExplainDescribeSaved SQLHistory

ID	NAME	NUMBER_OF_PLAYERS	DISCOUNT
1003	Rovers	8	-
1001	Rockets	25	10
1002	Celtics	42	20

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3. items

1 `SELECT *`
2 `FROM items`

Results

ExplainDescribeSaved SQLHistory

ITM_NUMBER	NAME	DESCRIPTION	CATEGORY	COLOR	Size	ILT_ID
im01101045	under shirt	top worn under the game top	clothing	white	s	il010230125
im01101047	game top	team shirt with emblem	clothing	range	m	il010230127
im01101046	socks	team socks with emblem	clothing	range	l	il010230126
im01101044	gloves	catcher mitt	clothing	brown	m	il010230124
im01101048	premium bat	high quality baseball bat	equipment	-	-	il010230128

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Part 2: Selecting Specific Columns

1. Display the customer number, first name, last name, email and phone number of the customers.

<pre>1 SELECT ctr_number, first_name, last_name, email, phone_number 2 FROM customers</pre>				
Results	Explain	Describe	Saved SQL	History
CTR_NUMBER	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	EMAIL	PHONE_NUMBER
c00101	John	Doe	unknown@here.com	03216547808
c00012	Jennifer	Jones	j.jones@freemail.com	01505214598
c00001	Robert	Thornberry	bob.thornberry@heatmail.com	01234567898
c00103	Andrew	Murcia	MurciaA@globaltech.com	07715246890
c01986	Maria	Gallant	margal87@delphiview.com	01442736589
5 rows returned in 0.01 seconds Download				

- ## 2. Display the name and number of players for each team.

```
1 SELECT name, number_of_players
2 FROM teams
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

NAME	NUMBER_OF_PLAYERS
Rovers	8
Rockets	25
Celtics	42

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- ### 3. Display the name, description and category for every item in the table

```

1 SELECT name, description, category
2 FROM items
3

```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

NAME	DESCRIPTION	CATEGORY
under shirt	top worn under the game top	clothing
game top	team shirt with emblem	clothing
socks	team socks with emblem	clothing
gloves	catcher mitt	clothing
premium bat	high quality baseball bat	equipment

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PART 2.1: Using Arithmetic Operators

1. Every customer has been told they can pay off their current balance over a 12 month period. Display the customer's first name, last name, current balance and monthly payment.

[illegible]

2. Obl is considering giving a gift card to all its customers of 5.00 that can be used to reduce their current balance. Write a query that will show the customers first name, last name, customer number, current balance and the value of their balance minus the gift value

```
1 SELECT first_name, last_name, ctr_number, current_balance-5
2 FROM customers;
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	CTR_NUMBER	CURRENT_BALANCE	CURRENT_BALANCE-5
John	Doe	c00101	987.5	982.5
Jennifer	Jones	c00012	0	-5
Robert	Thornberry	c00001	150	145
Andrew	Murcia	c00103	85	80
Maria	Galan	c01986	125.65	120.65

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- ### 3. What would be the problem with implementing this scheme?

Current balance does not go below 0

PART 2.2: Using Column Aliases

1. You previously wrote a query that display the customer's first name, last name, current balance and monthly payment. Rewrite the query to use First Name, Last Name, Balance and Monthly Repayments as the column aliases. The aliases are to be shown exactly as described (case sensitive).

[illegible]

PART 2.2: Using Literal Character Strings

1. Write a query that will display the team information in the following format: The Rockets team has 25 players and receives a discount of 10 percent. Use Team Information as the column alias.

```
1 SELECT 'The '||name||' team has '||number_of_players||' players and receives a
2 discount of '||discount||' percent.' AS "Team Information"
3 FROM teams
4
```

Results Explain Describe Saved SQL History

Team Information
The Rovers team has 8 players and receives a discount of percent.
The Rockets team has 25 players and receives a discount of 10 percent.
The Celtics team has 42 players and receives a discount of 20 percent.

3 rows returned in 0.01 seconds [Download](#)

2. Why does the last team not show a discount?

Rovers team discount has no value.

PART 3.1: Using the WHERE Clause.

1. Using the unique customer number in the where clause display all columns for Maria Galant.

```
1 SELECT *
2 FROM customers
3 WHERE ctr_number = 'c01986';
4
```

CTR_NUMBER	EMAIL	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	PHONE_NUMBER	CURRENT_BALANCE	SRE_ID	TEM_ID	LOYALTY_CARD_NUMBER
c01986	margal87@delphiview.com	Maria	Galant	01442736589	125.65	sr03	1003	-

1 rows returned in 0.01 seconds [Download](#)

2. Display the first name, last name and customer number for all customers who have a current balance of greater than 100. Use an appropriate alias for your column headings.

```
1 SELECT first_name "First Name", last_name "Last Name", ctr_number "Customer
2 Number"
3 FROM customers
4 WHERE current_balance > 100;
```

First Name	Last Name	Customer Number
John	Doe	c00101
Robert	Thornberry	c00001
Maria	Galant	c01986

3 rows returned in 0.01 seconds [Download](#)

3. Display the order id, date and time of all orders that were placed before the 28th of May 2019. Use an appropriate alias for your column headings.

```
1 SELECT id "Order Id", odr_date "Order Date", odr_time "Order Time"
2 FROM orders
3 WHERE odr_date < TO_DATE('28-May-2019', 'DD-MM-YYYY');
```

Order Id	Order Date	Order Time
or0101250	04/17/2017	04/17/2017
or0101425	05/28/2017	05/28/2017
or0101681	06/02/2017	06/02/2017
or0101850	05/24/2017	05/24/2017
or0101750	06/18/2017	06/18/2017

5 rows returned in 0.02 seconds [Download](#)

Part 3.2: Range Conditions: BETWEEN Operator

1. Display the inventory id, cost and number of units using appropriate aliases for all items that have a trade cost of between 3.00 and 15.00.

```

1 SELECT id "Inventory Id", cost "Cost", units "Number of Units"
2 FROM inventory_list
3 WHERE cost BETWEEN 3 AND 15;

```

Results	Explain	Describe	Saved SQL	History
Inventory Id				
Cost				
Number of Units				
iI010230126				
5.24				
87				
iI010230125				
799				
250				

2 rows returned in 0.02 seconds [Download](#)

Part 3.3: Membership Conditions: IN Operator

1. Display the inventory id, cost and number of units using appropriate aliases for all items that have 50, 100, 150 or 200 units in stock.

```

1 SELECT id "Inventory Id", cost "Cost", units "Number of Units"
2 FROM inventory_list
3 WHERE units IN (50, 100, 150, 200);

```

Results	Explain	Describe	Saved SQL	History
Inventory Id				
Cost				
Number of Units				
iI010230124				
2.5				
100				

Part 3.4: Membership Conditions: NOT IN Operator

1. Display the inventory id, cost and number of units using appropriate aliases for all items that do not have 50, 100, 150 or 200 units in stock.

```

1 SELECT id "Inventory Id", cost "Cost", units "Number of Units"
2 FROM inventory_list
3 WHERE units NOT IN (50, 100, 150, 200);

```

Results	Explain	Describe	Saved SQL	History
Inventory Id				
Cost				
Number of Units				
iI010230126				
5.24				
87				
iI010230127				
18.95				
65				
iI010230128				
97.46				
8				
iI010230125				
799				
250				

Part 3.5: Pattern Matching: LIKE Operator

1. Display item number and name of all items that have a name that begins with g. Use an appropriate alias for your column headings.

```

1 SELECT itm_number "Item Number", name "Item Name"
2 FROM items
3 WHERE name LIKE 'g%';

```

Results	Explain	Describe	Saved SQL	History
Item Number				
Item Name				
im010101047				
game top				
im010101044				
gloves				

Part 3.6: Pattern Matching: Combining Wildcard Characters with the LIKE Operator

1. Display item number and name of all items that have a name that contain a lowercase o. Use an appropriate alias for your column headings

```

1 SELECT itm_number "Item Number", name "Item Name"
2 FROM items
3 WHERE name LIKE '_o%';

```

Results	Explain	Describe	Saved SQL	History
Item Number				
Item Name				
im010101046				
socks				

PART 4:Using the NULL Conditions

1. Write a query that will display information for teams that don't receive a discount in the following format:

The Rovers team has 25 players and does not receive a discount.

Use Team Information as the column alias.

```
1 SELECT 'The '||name||' team has '||number_of_players||' players and does not receive a
2 discount.'
3 AS "Team Information"
4 FROM teams
5 WHERE discount IS NULL;
6 |
```

Team Information
The Rovers team has 8 players and does not receive a discount.

1 rows returned in 0.02 seconds [Download](#)

2. Write a query that will display information for only teams that receive a discount in the following format:

The Rockets team has 25 players and receives a discount of 10 percent.

Use Team Information as the column alias.

```
2 discount of '||discount||' percent.'
3 AS "Team Information"
4 FROM teams
5 WHERE discount IS NOT NULL;
6 |
```

Team Information
The Rockets team has 25 players and receives a discount of 10 percent.
The Celtics team has 42 players and receives a discount of 20 percent.

2 rows returned in 0.01 seconds [Download](#)

Part4.2: Logical Operators: AND

1. Write a query that will display the customer number, address line 1 and postal code for customers that live in the starford area of Liverpool. Use Customer Number, Street Address and Postal Code as the column aliases.

```
1 SELECT ctr_number "Customer Number", Address_line_1 "Street Address",
2 zip_code "Postal Code"
3 FROM customers_addresses
4 WHERE city = 'Liverpool' AND address_line_2 = 'Starford';
5
```

Customer Number	Street Address	Postal Code
c00001	17 Gartsquare Road	LP89JHK

1 rows returned in 0.03 seconds [Download](#)

Part 4.3: Logical Operators: OR

1. Write a query that will display the customer number, address line 1 and postal code for customers that live in either starford or Liverpool in general. Use Customer Number, Street Address and Postal Code as the column aliases.

```
1 SELECT ctr_number "Customer Number", Address_line_1 "Street Address",
2 zip_code "Postal Code"
3 FROM customers_addresses
4 WHERE city = 'Liverpool' OR address_line_2 = 'Starford';
```

Customer Number	Street Address	Postal Code
c00001	17 Gartsquare Road	LP89JHK
c00001	63 Acacia Drive	LP85JHR
c00001	85 Barrhill Drive	LP79HJK

rows returned in 0.01 seconds [Download](#)

Part 4.4: Logical Operators: NOT Equal To

1. Write a query that will display the customer number, address line 1 and postal code for customers that do not live in Liverpool. Use Customer Number, Street Address and Postal Code as the column aliases.

```
1 SELECT ctr_number "Customer Number", Address_line_1 "Street Address",
2 zip_code "Postal Code"
3 FROM customers_addresses
4 WHERE city NOT IN ( 'Liverpool' );
```

Customer Number	Street Address	Postal Code
c01986	36 Watercress Lane	JP23YTH
c00101	54 Ropehill Crescent	ST45AGV

PART 5: Use the ORDER BY Clause to Sort SQL Results (S6L8 Objective 1)

1. Display the team name and number of players alphabetically in order of team name. Use an appropriate alias for your column headings.

```
1 SELECT name "Team Name", number_of_players "Number of Players"
2 FROM teams
3 ORDER BY name;
```

Team Name	Number of Players
Celtics	42
Rockets	25
Rovers	8

2. Display the team name and number of players in descending order of number of players. Use an appropriate alias for your column headings.

```

1 SELECT name "Team Name", number_of_players "Number of Players"
2 FROM teams
3 ORDER BY number_of_players DESC;

```

Team Name	Number of Players
Celtics	42
Rockets	25
Rovers	8

3 rows returned in 0.01 seconds [Download](#)

- Display the team name and number of players alphabetically in order of team name. Use Team Name for the name alias and Players for the number of players. Sort the output in descending order of name using the alias in the ORDER BY clause.

```

1 SELECT name "Team Name", number_of_players "Players"
2 FROM teams
3 ORDER BY "Team Name" DESC;

```

Team Name	Players
Rovers	8
Rockets	25
Celtics	42

3 rows returned in 0.01 seconds [Download](#)

PART 6: TOP-N-ANALYSIS (S6L8 Objective 3)

- The customers are numbered sequentially with each new customer being assigned a higher customer number. Use TOP-N-ANALYSIS to only show the First and last name of the first three customers. Show the customers first and last name in the same column using Customer Name as the column alias

```

1 SELECT ROWNUM AS "Order for Customers Numbers", first_name||' '||last_name
2 "Customer Name"
3 FROM customers
4 WHERE ROWNUM<=3
5 ORDER BY ctr_number;

```

Order for Customers Numbers	Customer Name
3	Robert Thornberry
2	Jennifer Jones
1	John Doe

3 rows returned in 0.01 seconds [Download](#)

PART 6.2: Using a Substitution Variable (S6L8 Objective 4)

- Use a substitution variable that will allow you to enter the commission rate for the sales representatives. The first and last names should be displayed to screen for any sales representatives that earn that commission rate and the output should be ordered by their last name. Use an appropriate alias for your column headings

A:

1 SELECT first_name||' '||last_name "Sales Representative Name"

2 FROM sales_representatives

3 WHERE commission_rate = :commission_rate

4 ORDER BY last_name;

Enter Bind Variables - Opera

apex.oracle.com/pls/apex/f

Submit

Bind Variable	Value
:COMMISSION_RATE	<input type="text"/>

Sales Representative Name
Barry Speed
Victoria Wright