

**Project Title:** Technical Engineering & Automation Framework for Sauce Demo

**Domain:** E-commerce Full-Stack Quality Assurance

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**Technical Stack:** Postman/Newman, Apache JMeter, GitHub Actions, DummyJSON API

**Date:** February 2026

**Status:** Technical Report

## 1. Introduction

This technical report details the architectural design and implementation of a robust QA ecosystem for the Sauce Demo platform. The project demonstrates a transition from manual exploratory testing to a sophisticated Continuous Testing environment. By integrating backend API validation (via DummyJSON) and performance benchmarking into a CI/CD pipeline, this framework ensures that the application remains stable, scalable, and resilient under various stress conditions and data states.

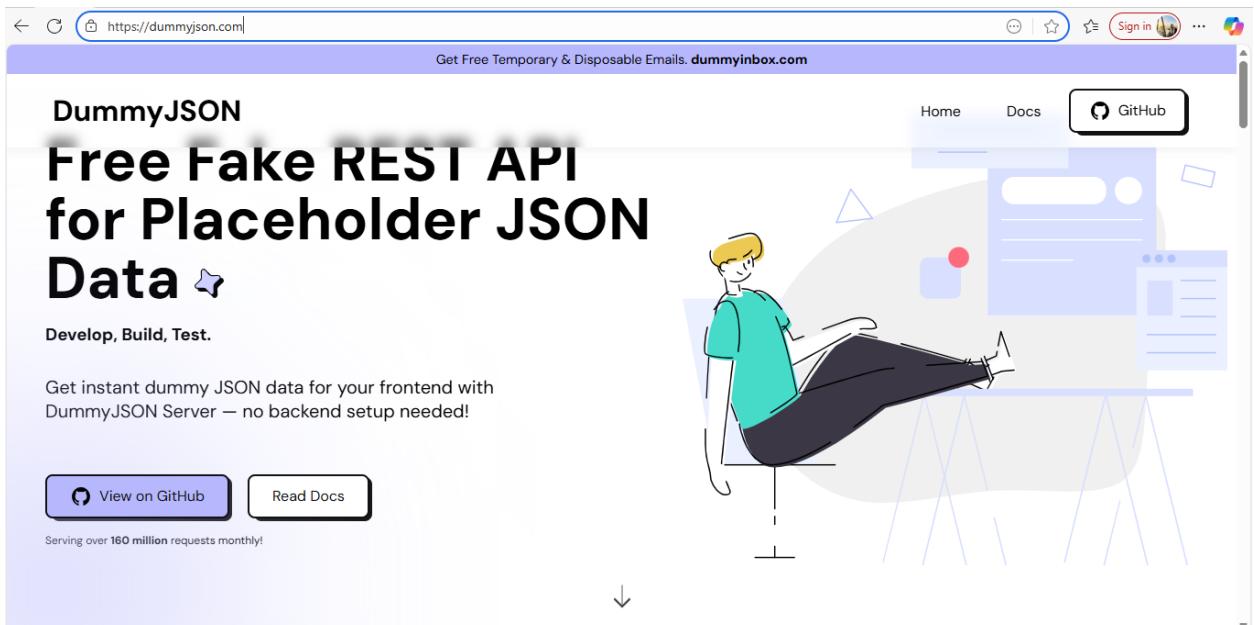
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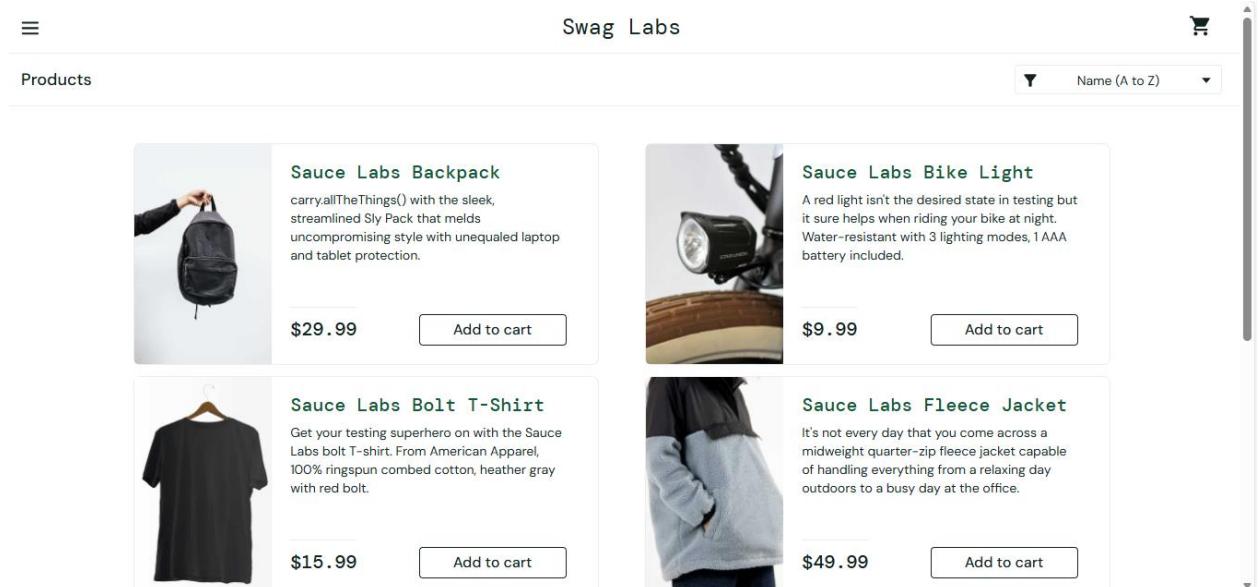
## 2. Project Overview and Tool Selection

### 2.1 Project Scope

The scope of this technical audit covers the end-to-end user journey of the Swag Labs application. A key technical highlight is the "Multi-Layered" validation approach:

- **Frontend Layer:** Manual UI/UX audit across multiple user personas.
- **Data & API Layer:** Automated backend testing using DummyJSON to simulate realistic product data and server responses.
- **Performance Layer:** Stress testing the infrastructure to identify latency and throughput limits.





## 2.2 Tool Selection Rationale

To build a modern testing infrastructure, the following tools were integrated:

- Postman & Newman: Selected for API automation. Newman (the CLI runner) was essential for executing tests within the GitHub cloud environment without a graphical interface.
- Selenium WebDriver (Java/TestNG): Implemented to automate the Frontend User Interface (UI). This ensures that the entire "Critical Path" from secure login and product selection to the final checkout is executed automatically, verifying functional flow and UI stability without human intervention.
- DummyJSON: Utilized as a Mock API service. It provided the necessary RESTful endpoints to test complex data structures, pagination, and product filtering without risking production data.
- Apache JMeter: Chosen for its multi-threading capabilities to simulate concurrent load, providing deep insights into system performance metrics.
- GitHub Actions: Serves as the DevOps backbone, orchestrating the automated execution of all test suites (Newman & JMeter) upon every repository push.
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## 3. Test Data Preparation and Test Case Design

### 3.1 Test Data Engineering (DummyJSON & Mocking)

To validate the application's resilience, the testing suite integrated DummyJSON as a primary source for mock data. This approach was chosen to ensure that our tests are independent of the live production environment's data limitations.

- Mocking Product Data: We utilized <https://dummyjson.com/products> to simulate various product attributes (e.g., extremely long titles, high stock numbers, and discounted prices) to test how the Sauce Demo UI handles dynamic content.
- Persona-Driven Data: We mapped the standard users from Sauce Demo to specific data scenarios in DummyJSON to verify if the frontend correctly renders data associated with different user roles (Standard, Problem, and Error users).

### 3.2 Test Case Design Strategy

The testing architecture was divided into three distinct technical layers:

#### A. Manual Test Design (User Experience Layer):

- Designed 20 manual test cases focusing on the "Critical Path" (Login → Cart → Checkout).
- UI Automation (Selenium WebDriver): "Developed robust automation scripts using Java and TestNG to validate the core web pages, including Login, Product Inventory, and the Shopping Cart. The primary focus was to ensure functional correctness and verify the visibility and integrity of UI elements across different stages of the user journey."
- Technique: Used Equivalence Partitioning to test input fields (e.g., verifying that the zip code field in the checkout page accepts only specific formats).

#### B. API Automation Scripts (Backend Integrity Layer):

- Tool: Postman/Newman.
- **Validation Logic:** JavaScript-based scripts were embedded within the Postman collection to perform Automated Assertions:
  - **pm.response.to.have.status(200): To ensure endpoint availability.**
  - **pm.expect(pm.response.json().products).to.be.an('array'): To verify data structure integrity.**
  - Latency Check: Ensuring that the DummyJSON response time is consistently below 500ms to maintain a smooth user experience.

#### C. Performance Load Profiles (Stability Layer):

- Tool: Apache JMeter.
- Scenario: Designed a Thread Group targeting DummyJSON endpoints to simulate concurrent API calls. This validates how the system's "Data Layer" behaves when multiple users are fetching products at the same time.

Get Free Temporary & Disposable Emails. [dummyinbox.com](https://dummyinbox.com)

## DummyJSON

```
fetch('https://dummyjson.com/auth/login', {
  method: 'POST',
  headers: { 'Content-Type': 'application/json' },
  body: JSON.stringify({
    username: 'emilys',
    password: 'emilyspass',
    expiresInMins: 30, // optional, defaults to 60
  }),
  credentials: 'include' // Include cookies (e.g., accessToken) in the request
})
.then(res => res.json())
.then(console.log);
```

[Hide Output](#)

```
{
  "id": 1,
  "username": "emilys",
  "email": "emily.johnson@x.dummyjson.com",
  "firstName": "Emily",
  "lastName": "Johnson",
  "gender": "female",
  "image": "https://dummyjson.com/icon/emilys/128",
```

HTTP saucedemo / Refresh auth session

Save Share ↗

POST {{base\_url}} /auth/refresh

Send ↗

Docs Params Authorization Headers (10) Body Scripts Settings Cookies

Pre-request

```
1
2  pm.test("Status code is 200", function () {
3    |  pm.response.to.have.status(200);
4  });
5
6
7  pm.test("Response time is less than 1000ms", function () {
8    |  pm.expect(pm.response.responseTime).to.be.below(1000);
9  });
10 var jsonData = pm.response.json();
11
12 pm.test("Check if New Tokens exist", function () {
13   |  pm.expect(jsonData.accessToken).to.exist;
14   |  pm.expect(jsonData.refreshToken).to.exist;
15 });
16
17
18 pm.environment.set("current_token", jsonData.accessToken);
```

Packages Snippets ↗

ID	Ste	Action	Expected Result	Status	Actual Result	Priority
1	1	Login with standard user	Redirected to Products page	Passed	User is redirected to inventory.html	High
	1.1	Enter standard_user				
	1.2	Enter secret_sauce				
	1.3	Click Login				
2	2	Login with locked out user	Error: "Sorry, this user has been locked out."	Passed	Epic sadface: Sorry, this user has been locked out.	High
	2.1	Enter locked_out_user				
	2.2	Enter secret_sauce				
	2.3	Click Login				
3	3	Login with empty fields	Error: "Username is required"	Passed	Epic sadface: Username is required	High
	3.1	Leave fields empty				
	3.2	Leave password empty				
4	4	Login with empty password	Error: "Password is required"	Passed	Epic sadface: Password is required	High
	4.1	Enter standard_user				
	4.2	Leave password empty				
	4.3	Click Login				
5	5	Login with invalid username	Error: "Username and password do not match..."	Passed	Epic sadface: Username and password do not match...	Medium
	5.1	Enter wrong_user				
	5.2	Enter wrong_pass				
	5.3	Click Login				
6	6	Login with invalid password	Error: "Username and password do not match"	Passed	Epic sadface: Username and password do not match...	Medium
	6.1	Enter standard_user				
	6.2	Enter wrong_pass				
	6.3	Click Login				
7	7	Problem user login	Success, but images on next page are broken	Passed	Logged in, but all products show the same dog image	Medium
	7.1	Enter problem_user				
	7.2	Enter secret_sauce				
	7.3	Click Login				
8	8	Performance glitch login	Login succeeds after a delay (lag)	Passed	Login successful after a noticeable 5-second delay	Low
	8.1	Enter performance glitch user				
	8.2	Enter secret_sauce				
	8.3	Click Login				
9	9	Case sensitivity - Username				Medium
	9.1	Enter STANDARD_USER				
	9.2	Enter secret_sauce	Error: "Username and password do not match"	Passed	Error message displayed as expected	
	9.3	Click Login				
10	10	Password visibility (Masking)	Characters should appear as dots/asterisks	Passed	Characters are masked (input type="password")	High
	10.1	Type in Password field				
11	11	Error message "X" icon	Error message should disappear	Passed	Error container is removed from the DOM	Low
	11.1	Trigger any error				
	11.2	Click the "X" on error msg				
12	12	Red icons on error	Input fields should have red icons	Passed	Red "X" icons appear inside the input fields	Low
	12.1	Trigger error				
13	13	Page Title check	Title should be "Swag Labs"	Passed	Browser tab shows "Swag Labs"	Medium
	13.1	Open URL				
14	14	Keyboard "Enter" key	Should log in successfully	Passed	Login triggered and redirected to inventory.	Medium
	14.1	Enter valid credentials				
	14.2	Press Enter key				
15	15	Logout functionality				High
	15.1	Login	Redirected back to login page	Passed	User returned to index.html (Login page)	
	15.2	Click Menu-> Logout				
16	16	Back button after Logout	Should not access Products page	Passed	User remains on login page or redirected back	High
	16.1	Logout				
	16.2	Click browser Back button				
17	17	UI Layout responsiveness	Elements should align correctly	Passed	Login box remains centered and scales	Medium
	17.1	Resize browser window				
18	18	Check CSS placeholder	"Username" and "Password" placeholders visible	Passed	Placeholders are correctly displayed	Low
	18.1	View Username/Password				
19	19	Dynamic Copyright Year Validation	the copyright year should automatically match the current system year (e.g., 2026)	Passed	The footer displays "© 2026 Sauce Labs"	Low
	19.1	Enter standard_user				
	19.2	Enter secret_sauce				
	19.3	Click Login				
20	20	Visual user login				Low

## 4. Execution, Defect Reporting, and Optimization

### 4.1 Automated Execution Flow (CI/CD Pipeline)

The core of the technical implementation is the Continuous Integration (CI) pipeline built using GitHub Actions. This ensures that the application's integrity is validated automatically without manual intervention.

- The Orchestrator: A custom .yml workflow was engineered to trigger the testing suite upon every **push or pull\_request**.

```

File Edit View
name: Sauce Demo Automated Testing
on:
  push:
    branches: [ "main", "dev-automation" ]
  pull_request:
    branches: [ "main" ]

jobs:
  test-automation:
    runs-on: ubuntu-latest
    steps:
      - name: Checkout Code
        uses: actions/checkout@v4

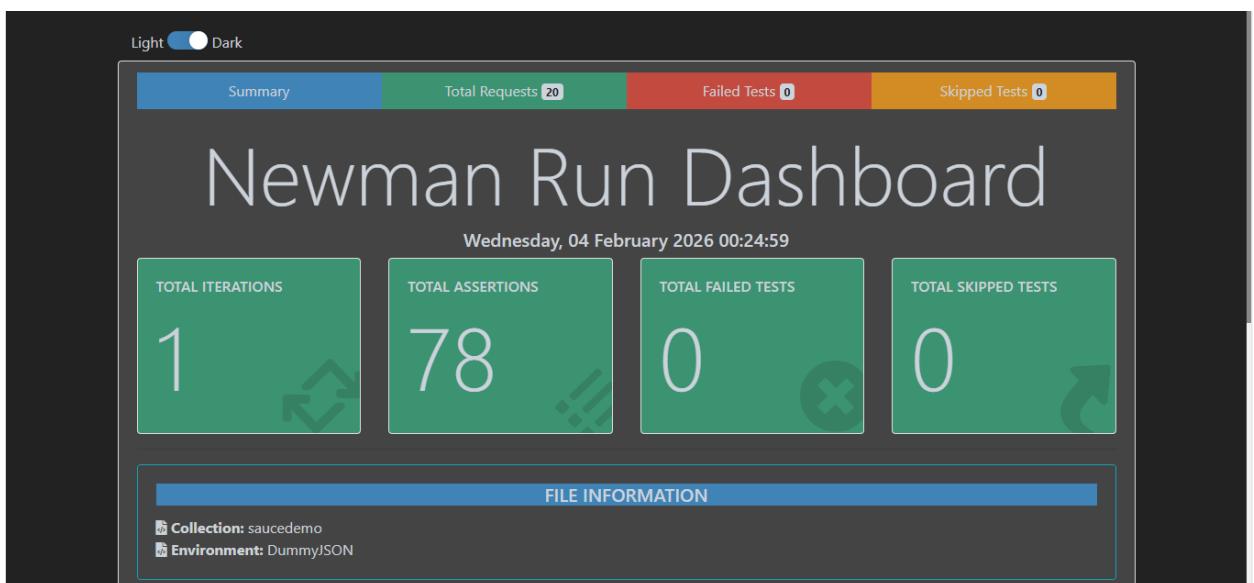
      - name: Setup Node.js
        uses: actions/setup-node@v4
        with:
          node-version: '20'

      - name: Install Newman
        run: npm install -g newman

      - name: Run Postman Tests
        run: newman run "saucedemo.postman_collection.json" -e "DummyJSON.postman_environment.json"

```

- **UI Automation (Selenium WebDriver):** Following a successful API check, the pipeline triggers Selenium scripts (written in Java/TestNG). These scripts perform end-to-end browser testing on the Sauce Demo frontend to ensure visual and functional integrity.
- **Environment:** All tests are executed in a headless environment on a **GitHub-hosted** Ubuntu runner.
- **Newman Integration:** The pipeline installs Node.js and Newman to execute the Postman collections. It pulls dynamic data from DummyJSON to verify that the backend API is responding correctly before proceeding.



All workflows			
Showing runs from all workflows			
6 workflow runs	Event	Status	Branch
✓ Add README.md with project details and setup instruct... Sauce Demo Automated Testing #6: Commit <a href="#">fca714d</a> pushed by <a href="#">Noorjanajrah</a>	main	<span>Feb 5, 6:28 PM GMT+3</span> 22s	...
✓ Merge pull request #2 from Noorjanajrah/dev-automati... Sauce Demo Automated Testing #5: Commit <a href="#">2ae5700</a> pushed by <a href="#">Noorjanajrah</a>	main	<span>Feb 5, 5:47 PM GMT+3</span> 18s	...
✓ Add: Newman testing automation Sauce Demo Automated Testing #4: Pull request #2 opened by <a href="#">Noorjanajrah</a>	dev-automation	<span>Feb 5, 5:46 PM GMT+3</span> 23s	...
✓ Add: Newman testing automation Sauce Demo Automated Testing #3: Commit <a href="#">8c18b51</a> pushed by <a href="#">Noorjanajrah</a>	dev-automation	<span>Feb 5, 5:27 PM GMT+3</span> 25s	...
✓ Merge pull request #1 from Noorjanajrah/dev-automation Sauce Demo Automated Testing #2: Commit <a href="#">ce66001</a> pushed by <a href="#">Noorjanajrah</a>	main	<span>Feb 5, 5:06 PM GMT+3</span> 13s	...
✓ Initial: Setup project with Sauce Demo tests and Workfl... Sauce Demo Automated Testing #1: Commit <a href="#">4546861</a> pushed by <a href="#">Noorjanajrah</a>	main	<span>Feb 5, 5:01 PM GMT+3</span> 11s	...

## 4.2 Performance Optimization & Analysis (JMeter)

Performance was not just "tested" but "analyzed" for optimization. Using Apache JMeter, we targeted the DummyJSON endpoints to benchmark data retrieval speeds.

- Optimization Technique: We applied a Ramp-up period and Load Balancing logic in our scripts to identify the "Saturation Point" of the API.
- Key Metric: Throughput and Average Response Time were monitored to ensure that fetching large product lists from DummyJSON does not exceed the 500ms threshold.

## 4.3 Defect Reporting & Technical Analysis

During execution, a total of 10 defects were identified and documented.

- Bug Tracking: Defects were categorized by severity (Critical, Major, Minor).
- Technical Finding: A significant number of bugs were linked to the problem\_user and error\_user personas, where the frontend failed to handle valid API responses from DummyJSON (e.g., UI rendering issues despite a 200 OK status from the API).

ID	Title	Steps to reproduce	Expected Result	Actual Result	Test Environment	Priority	Type	screenshot
1	Inventory Page -> Sorting (Z to A) does not function for problem_user	Open Swag Labs login page, 2>Login with problem_user 3.Observe the product images	Each product (Backpack, Bike Light, etc.) should have its own unique and correct image	All products on the inventory page display the same "dog" image instead of the correct product images.	Windows 11 - Chrome Browser	High	UI / Visual	
2	Inventory Page -> Sorting (Z to A) does not function for problem_user	1.Login with problem_user 2.Click on the sorting dropdown menu 3. Select "Name (Z to A)".	The products should be re-ordered alphabetically starting from Z to A.	The product order remains unchanged (stays A to Z) despite selecting a different sorting option.	Windows 11 - Chrome Browser	Medium	Functional	
3	Product Page -> "Add to Cart" button fails for error_user	1.Login with error_user 2.Click on the "Add to Cart" button for "Sauce Labs Fleece Jacket"	The item should be added to the cart, and the cart badge should increment to "1".	Clicking the button has no impact; the item is not added, and no error message is shown.	Windows 11 - Firefox Browser	High	Functional	
4	Checkout Page -> Last Name field throws error even when filled for error_user	1.Login with error_user 2.Click on the "Add to Cart" button for "Sauce Labs Onesie" and go to Checkout. 3. Fill in First Name, Last Name, and Zip Code 4.Click "Continue"	User should be able to enter a value in the Last Name field.	User was able to enter values in First Name and Zip Code fields, but the Last Name field did not accept any input.	Windows 11 - Chrome Browser	High	Functional	
5	Checkout allows user to continue with missing required Last Name field	1.Login with error_user 2.Click on the "Add to Cart" button for "Sauce Labs Onesie" and go to Checkout. 3. Fill in First Name, Last Name, and Zip Code 4.Click "Continue"	System should not allow the user to continue and should display a validation message indicating that Last Name is required.	System allowed the user to continue checkout after filling only First Name and Zip Code, without filling the required Last Name field.	Windows 11 - Chrome Browser	High	Functional	
6	Performance Response Validation	Enter performance_glitch_user and secret_sauce 2.Click the "Login" button.	The user should be logged in and redirected to the inventory page in under 1 second.	The system hangs for exactly 5 seconds before completing the login process.	Windows 11 - Chrome Browser	High	Functional	

## 5. Ethical and Responsible Testing Considerations

**Quality Assurance is not only about finding bugs but also about ensuring the ethical integrity of the testing process. The following principles were applied throughout this project:**

- Privacy by Design (Data Protection):** No real PII (Personally Identifiable Information) was used. All testing was conducted using simulated data from DummyJSON and the provided accounts from Sauce Demo. This ensures that no sensitive user data was compromised during the automation or performance cycles.
- Non-Destructive Performance Testing:** When executing JMeter scripts, a "Responsible Load" approach was used. We ensured that the number of concurrent requests to DummyJSON and the Sauce Demo frontend was throttled and managed (using Ramp-up periods) to prevent any Denial-of-Service (DoS) effects or unnecessary server downtime for other users.
- Honesty & Objectivity in Reporting:** All identified defects, especially those related to the problem\_user and error\_user personas, were documented with complete transparency. We distinguished clearly between "simulated bugs" (designed by the platform) and "technical performance bottlenecks" discovered during automation.
- Environmental Responsibility (Resource Optimization):** The GitHub Actions workflows were optimized to run only when necessary. By using efficient triggers and avoiding

redundant test executions, we reduced the computational resources (Cloud CPU time) required for the CI/CD pipeline.

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## 6. Conclusion and Lessons Learned

### 6.1 Project Conclusion

This project successfully established a comprehensive, multi-layered QA framework for the Sauce Demo platform. By integrating UI Automation (Selenium), API Testing (Postman/Newman), and Performance Engineering (JMeter) into a unified GitHub Actions CI/CD pipeline, we achieved a high level of test coverage and system reliability. The transition from manual verification to an automated "Continuous Testing" model demonstrates a modern approach to software quality, ensuring that both the data layer (via DummyJSON) and the presentation layer are robust and production-ready.

### 6.2 Lessons Learned & Technical Insights

- Integrated Automation Synergy: Combining Selenium for UI and Postman for API testing proved that a "Full-Stack" testing approach is essential. Validating the backend first serves as a critical fail-safe before executing complex UI scripts.
- The Power of CI/CD Orchestration: Implementing GitHub Actions taught me how to manage environment dependencies (JDK, Node.js) in a cloud runner. Automating the execution on every push significantly reduces the feedback loop for identifying regressions.
- Performance as a Requirement: Using JMeter revealed that functional correctness (Status 200) does not guarantee a good user experience. Monitoring latency and throughput is vital for maintaining application scalability under load.
- Data Mocking Efficiency: Leveraging DummyJSON highlighted the importance of "Mocking" in the testing lifecycle. It allowed for rigorous testing of diverse data scenarios without the risks associated with production database manipulation.
- Persona-Based Edge Cases: Testing with different user roles (Standard vs. Problem User) emphasized that automated scripts must be designed to handle intentional UI failures and inconsistent data rendering.

### 6.3 Future Enhancements

- Cross-Browser Testing: Expanding the Selenium suite to run across multiple browsers (Firefox, Safari) via Selenium Grid.
- Security Automation: Integrating static and dynamic security analysis tools into the pipeline to detect vulnerabilities early in the development cycle.

The screenshot shows a GitHub Actions run summary for the repository 'Noorjanajrah / sauce\_demo-swaglab-'. The run was triggered via push yesterday by Noorjanajrah, pushed to branch main, and completed successfully in 22s. The workflow file is main.yml, which runs on push. The job test-automation took 17s to complete.

Triggered via push yesterday  
Noorjanajrah pushed → fca714d main

Status: Success | Total duration: 22s | Artifacts: -

main.yml  
on: push

test-automation 17s