

~~→ In python~~

→ Hierarchical clustering.

→ It is a method to group similar things together by building a tree of clusters (called a dendrogram), you don't need to decide the number of groups beforehand.

ex- suppose you have

apple, orange, Banana, Mango

1. start by treating each fruit as its own group.

2. find the two most similar fruits (eg Apple and Mango - both are sweet and round)

3. combine them into a group.

4. Now combine Orange with Apple-Mango (all are fruits)

5. finally add banana.

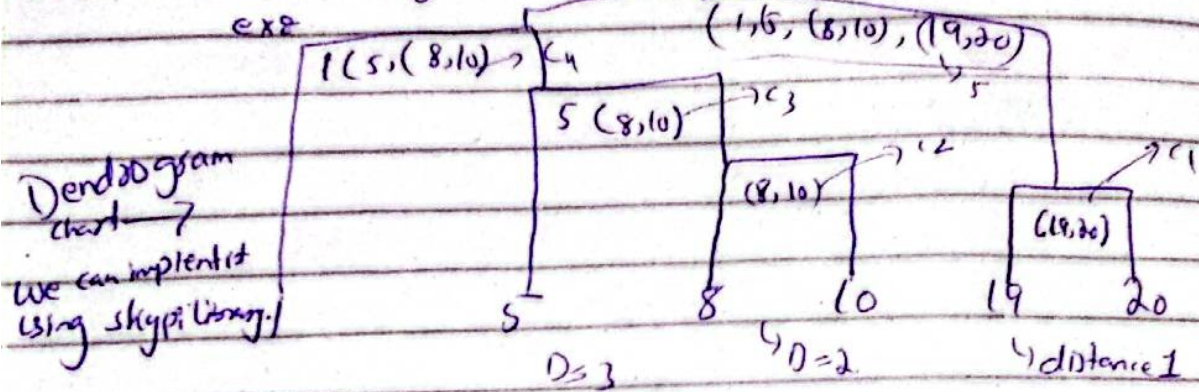
→ what is centroid? it is like a heart of a group. It is the average point of all data points in a cluster.

ex- 5, 6, 7 cm.

$$\text{Then Centroid} = (5+6+7)/3 = 6$$

we can create it by two methods
 Agglomerative & Divisive

Agglomerative: merge clusters from bottom to top.



for Divisive

ex.

