Lab 1

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Questions that you need to answer are in **bold**. Add your answers in the spaces provided, you may delete any blanks, _____, but do not delete the question text.

The sections of this lab match those in the Programming Basics primer on Rstudio Cloud, so you might like to tackle them as you work through the primer.

Functions

Use the exp() function, to find the exponential of 10.

exp(10)

[1] 22026.47

How would you open the help page for the exp() function?

?exp

Arguments

Consider the code in the following chunk:

```
round(3.141593, digits = 2)
```

[1] 3.14

How many arguments are being passed to round()?

Two arguments are being passed in. The first argument is pi (3.141593) and the other is the digits var (digits = 2).

What is the name of the argument that is being passed the value 3.141593?

The name of the argument being passed pi (3.141593) is 'x'. This can be found using the help page of round using "?round".

Objects

This code generates a sequence of values from 0 to 1 in steps of 0.05.

```
steps <- seq(0, 1, 0.05)
length(steps)</pre>
```

```
## [1] 21
```

Edit the chunk above to: save the values to an object called steps, then use the length() function to find the length of steps.

Vectors

Consider the vector catfood_servings:

```
catfood_servings <- c(Scylla = 3, Dexter = 5, Underfloor = 4)</pre>
```

Extract the 2nd element of catfood_servings.

```
catfood_servings[2]
```

```
## Dexter
## 5
```

Extract the element with the name Dexter

```
catfood_servings["Dexter"]
```

```
## Dexter
## 5
```

Types

```
heights <- c("172", "167", "96", "202", "150")
names <- c("Luke Skywalker", "C-3P0", "R2-D2", "Darth Vader", "Leia Organa")
humans <- c(TRUE, FALSE, FALSE, TRUE, TRUE)
```

What type of object is heights? : These values are characters due to the quotes around them.

What type of object is names? : Again, these are characters due to the quotes around them.

What type of object is humans? : These values are booleans (logical).