

# Homework 1

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Due date: Thursday, September 20

1. **Textbook problem 1.3** The investigator of a large clinical trial would like to assess factors that might be associated with drop-out over the course of the trial. Describe what would be the event and which observations would be considered censored for such a study.

Event: drop-out; Censored: patients remained at the end of the study.

2. Let  $T$  be a positive continuous random variable, show  $E(T) = \int_0^\infty S(t) dt$ .

$$E(T) = \int_0^\infty t dF(t) = t \cdot F(t)|_0^\infty - \int_0^\infty F(t) dt = t - \int_0^\infty F(t) dt = \int_0^\infty (1 - F(t)) dt = \int_0^\infty S(t) dt$$

3. Question 2 suggests that the area under the survival curve can be interpreted as the expected survival time. Consider the following hypothetical data set with 10 death times.

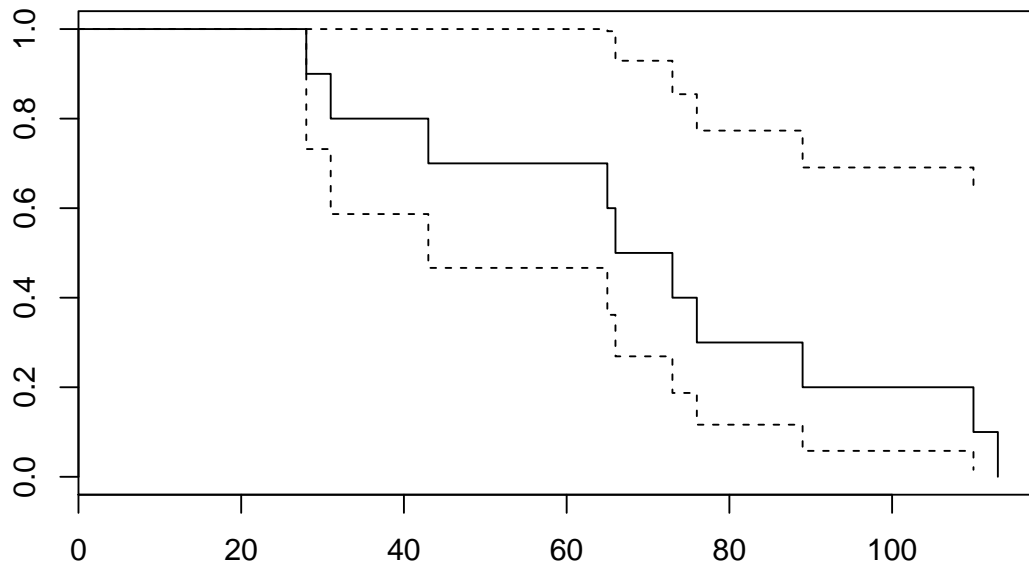
```
> library(survival)
```

```
Warning: package 'survival' was built under R version 3.4.4
```

```
> dat <- c(43, 110, 113, 28, 73, 31, 89, 65, 66, 76)
```

```
> surv <- survfit(Surv(dat) ~ 1)
```

```
> plot(surv)
```



b. Find the expected survival time for the hypothetical data set.

```
> summary(dat)
```

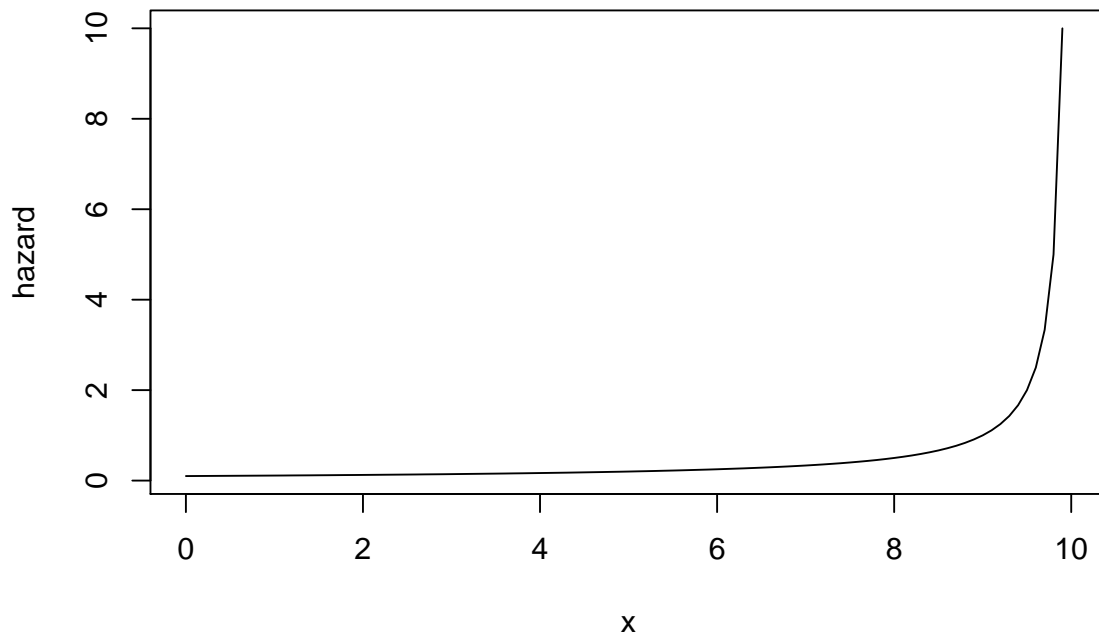
Min.	1st Qu.	Median	Mean	3rd Qu.	Max.
28.00	48.50	69.50	69.40	85.75	113.00

Sample mean is 69.40 which is exactly the expected survival time.

4. Consider a survival time random variable with hazard  $\lambda(t) = \frac{1}{10-t}$  in  $[0, 10)$ .

a. Plot the hazard function.

```
> hazard= function(x){1/(10-x)}  
> plot(hazard, 0,10)
```

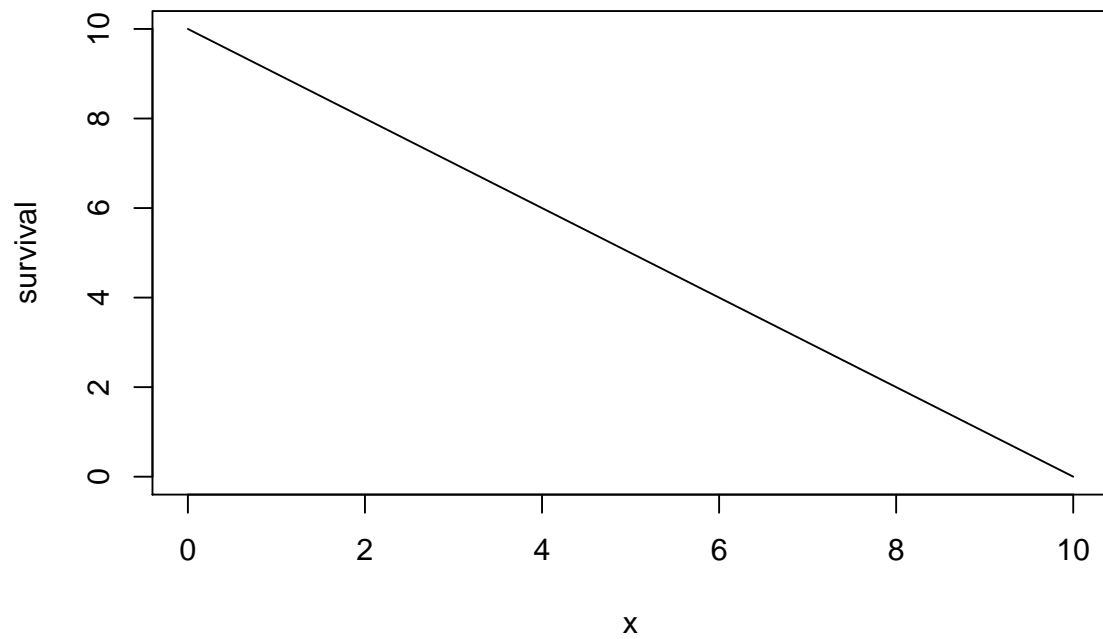


b. Plot the survival function.

$$H(t) = \int h(t)dt = \int \frac{1}{10-t} dt = -\log(10-t)$$

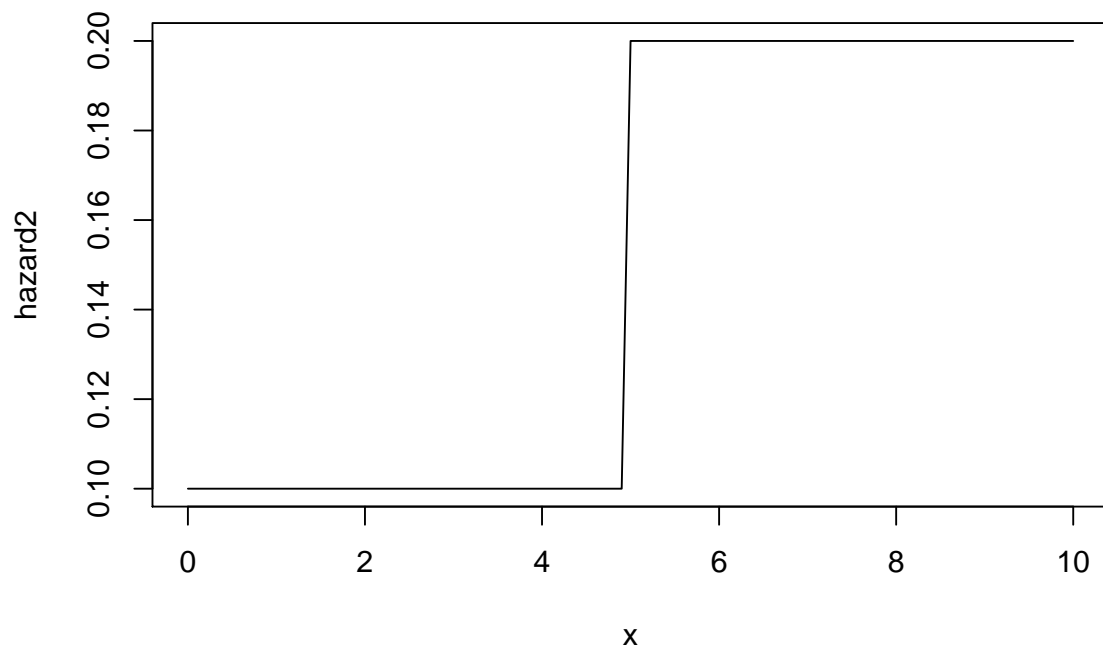
$$S(t) = e^{-H(t)} = e^{\log(10-t)} = 10-t$$

```
> survival=function(x){10-x}  
> plot(survival,0,10)
```



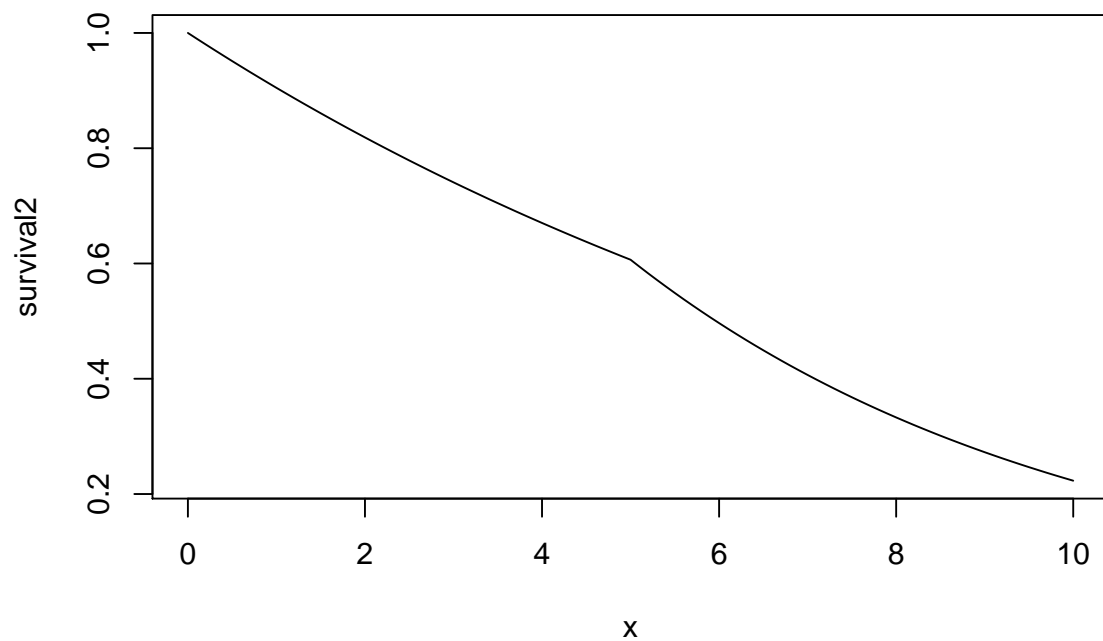
5. Consider a survival time random variable with constant hazard  $\lambda = 0.1$  in  $[0, 5)$ , and  $\lambda = 0.2$  in  $[5, \infty)$ . This is known as a piece-wise constant hazard.
- a. Plot the hazard function.

```
> hazard2=function(x) (x<5)*0.1+(x>=5)*0.2
> plot(hazard2, 0,10)
```



b. Plot the survival function.

```
> survival2=function(x) (x<5)*exp(-0.1*x)+(x>=5)*exp(0.5-0.2*x)
> plot(survival2,0,10)
```



$$H(t)|t \in [0, 5) = \int_0^5 h(t)dt = \int_0^5 0.1dt = 0.1t|_0^5$$

$$H(t)|t \in [5, \infty) = \int_5^\infty h(t)dt + c = \int_5^\infty 0.2dt + c = -0.5 + 0.2t|_5^\infty$$

$$S(t)|t \in [0, 5) = \exp(-H(t)|t \in [0, 5)) = \exp(-0.1t)|_0^5$$

$$S(t)|t \in [5, \infty) = \exp(-H(t)|t \in [5, \infty)) = \exp(0.5 - 0.2t)|_5^\infty$$