

# Homework 1

*Steven Chiou*

Due date: September 20

1. **Textbook problem 1.3** The investigator of a large clinical trial would like to assess factors that might be associated with drop-out over the course of the trial. Describe what would be the event and which observations would be considered censored for such a study.

2. Let  $T$  be a positive random variable, show  $E(T) = \int_0^\infty S(t)dt$ .

3. Question 2 suggests that the area under the survival curve can be interpreted as the expected survival time. Consider the following hypothetical dataset with 10 death times.

```
> dat <- c(43, 110, 113, 28, 73, 31, 89, 65, 66, 76)
```

- a. Plot the empirical survival curve.
  - b. Find the expected survival time for the hypothetical dataset.
4. Consider a survival time random variable with hazard  $\lambda(t) = \frac{1}{10-x}$  in  $[0, 10)$ .
    - a. Plot the hazard function.
    - b. Plot the survival function.
  5. Consider a survival time random variable with constant hazard  $\lambda = 0.1$  in  $[0, 5)$ , and  $\lambda = 0.2$  in  $[5, \infty)$ . This is known as a piece-wise constant hazard.
    - a. Plot the hazard function.
    - b. Plot the survival function.