Aerosol species

and their effect on climate model AOD bias

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Group 2

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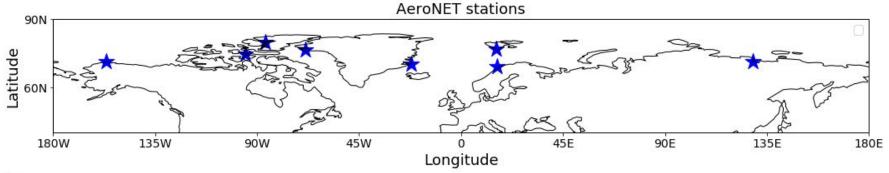
Introduction

- Many models underestimate aerosol optical depth (AOD) in the Arctic.
- AOD depends on aerosol concentration and aerosol optical properties.
- Different species have different optical properties.
- Have investigated differences in aerosol species between models and compared to observations.

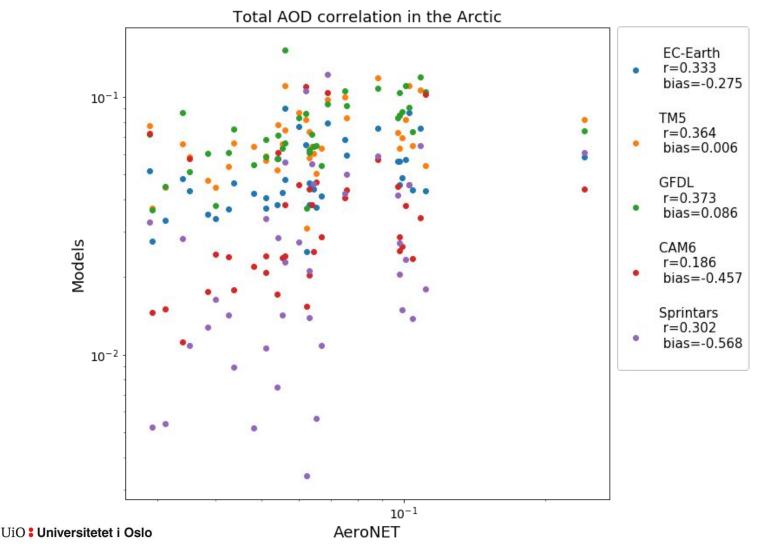


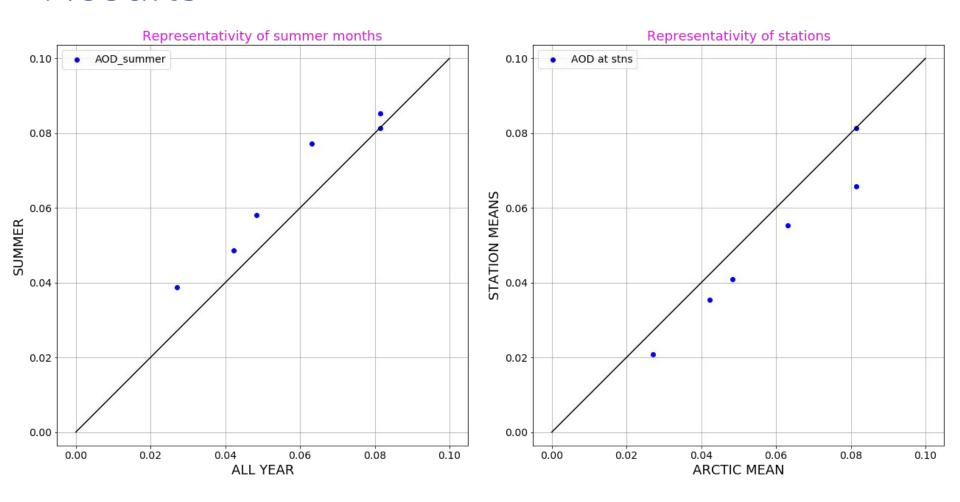
Methods

- Models: EC-Earth, TM5, CAM6-Oslo (NorESM), GFDL-AM4 and SPRINTARS
 - AOD variables: Total, coarse mode, fine mode, SO₄, sea salt, organic aerosol, black carbon, dust AOD
- Year: 2010
- Observations: AeroNET
 - AOD variables: Total, coarse mode, fine mode

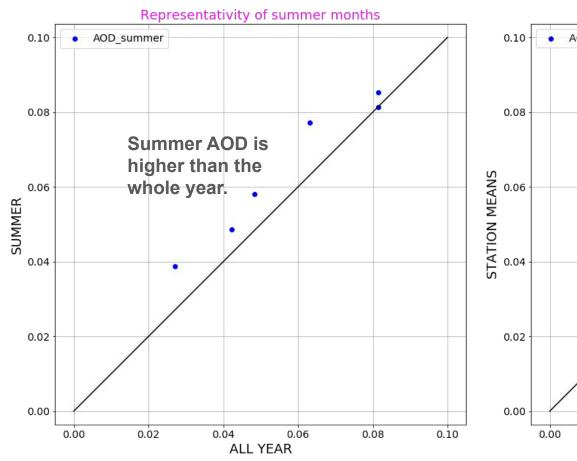


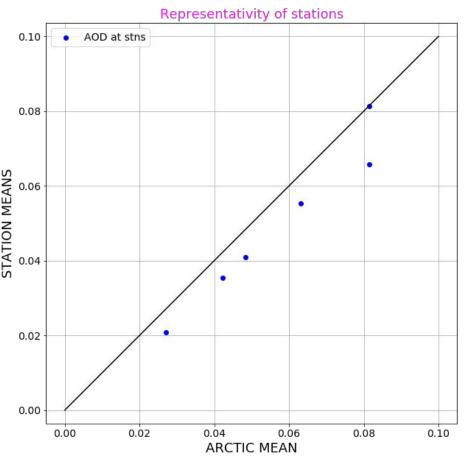




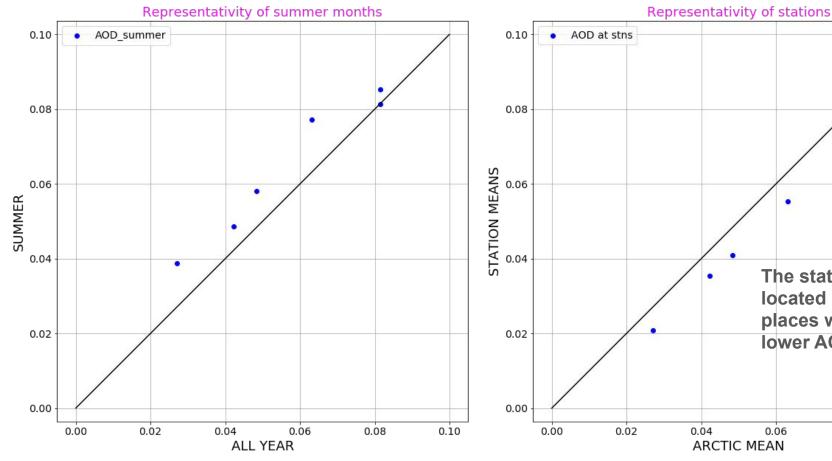


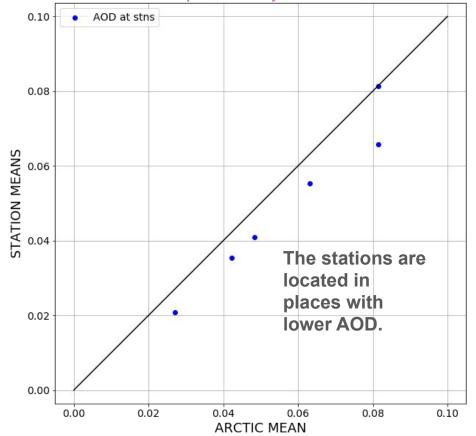






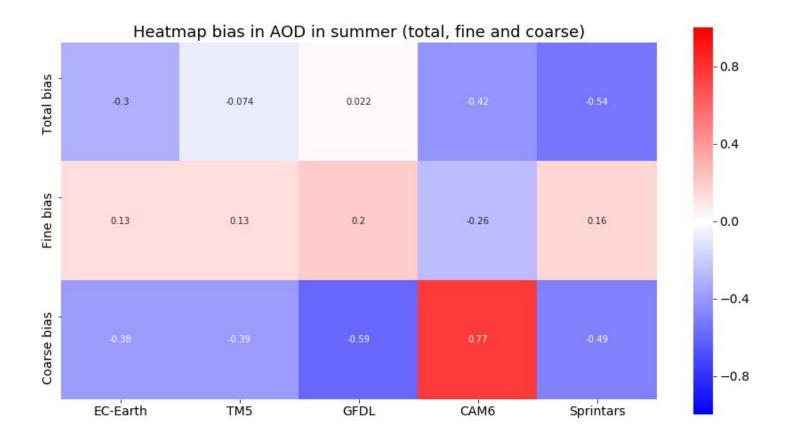








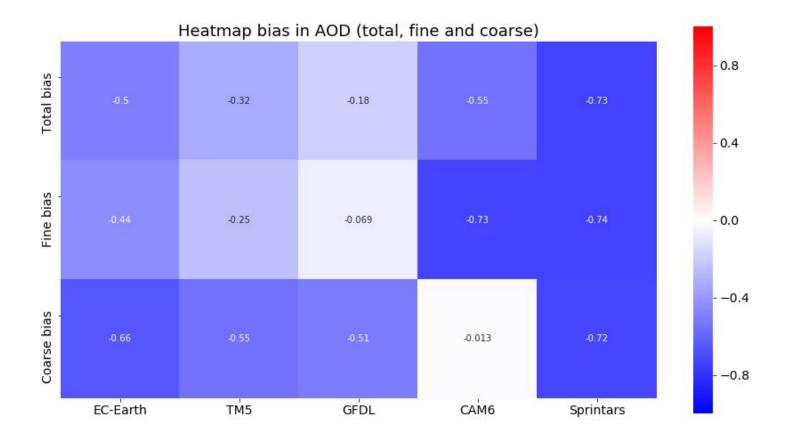
Model bias at the stations in summer



All models show total AOD underestimation in the Arctic.

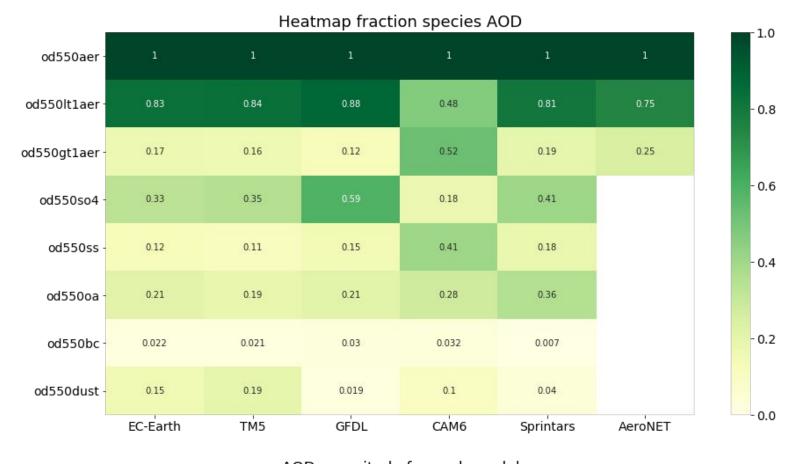


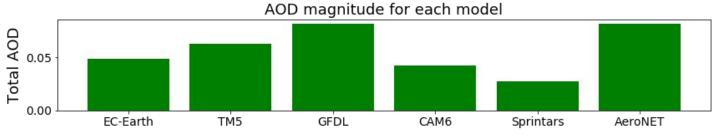
Model bias at the stations (all year)

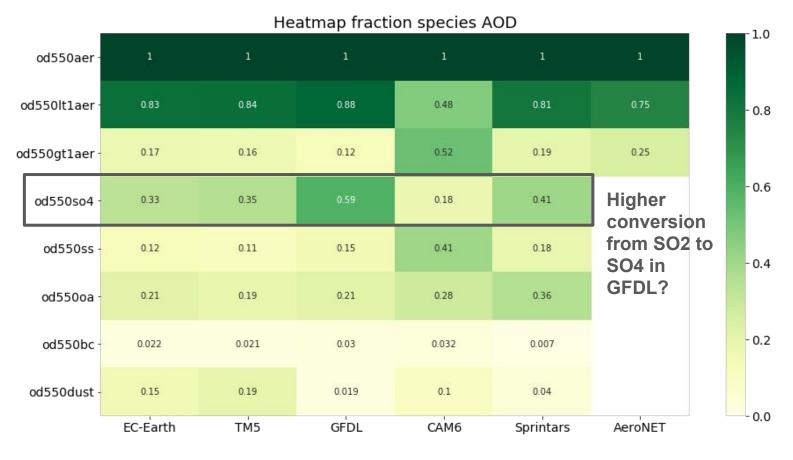


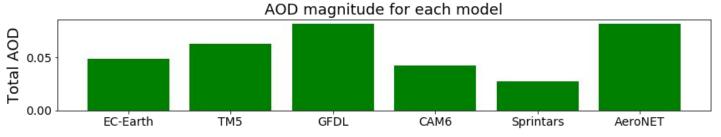
Models' AOD is higher for summer than yearly mean.

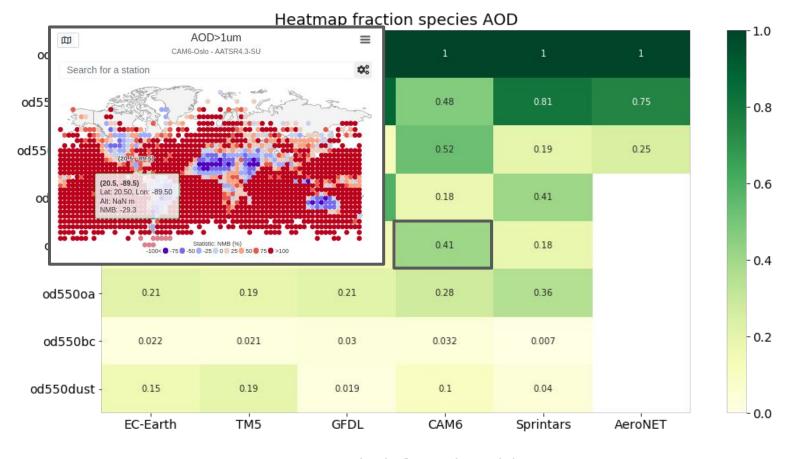


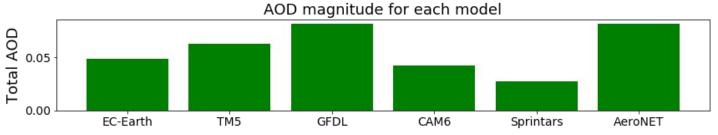












Conclusions

- Models underestimate total AOD in the Arctic.
- GFDL has the lowest bias.
 - More SO₄: Stronger/better conversion from precursor SO₂?
- CAM6 (NorESM) has too much coarse mode.
- Sprintars underestimates AOD the most.

