

MISR UNIVERSITY FOR SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY
COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING
MECHATRONICS DEPARTMENT



MTE 506 DIGITAL CONTROL

LAB 5 – SPRING 2020

Lab 5

Goals of The Lab



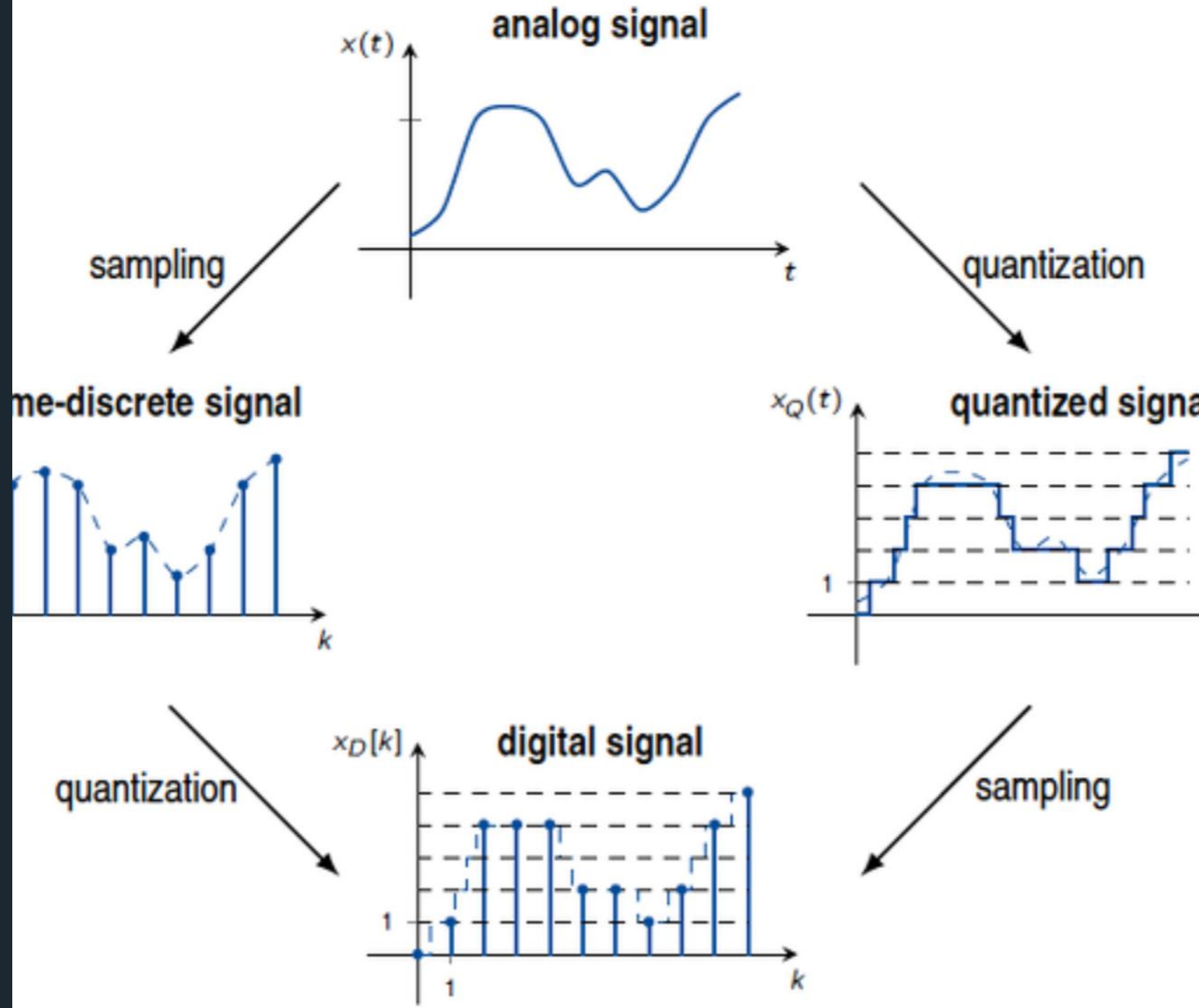
Continuous vs. discrete systems



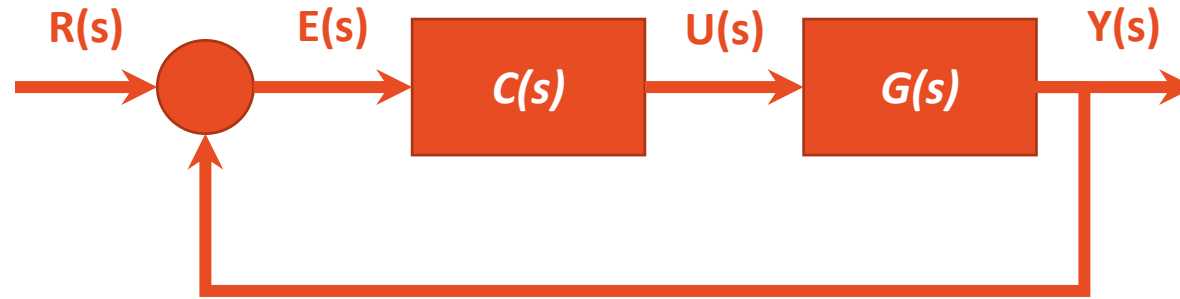
What is the Difference equation ?

Lab 5

Continuous vs. Discrete Systems



Continuous System vs. Discrete System



$R(s)$... *Stimulation signal*

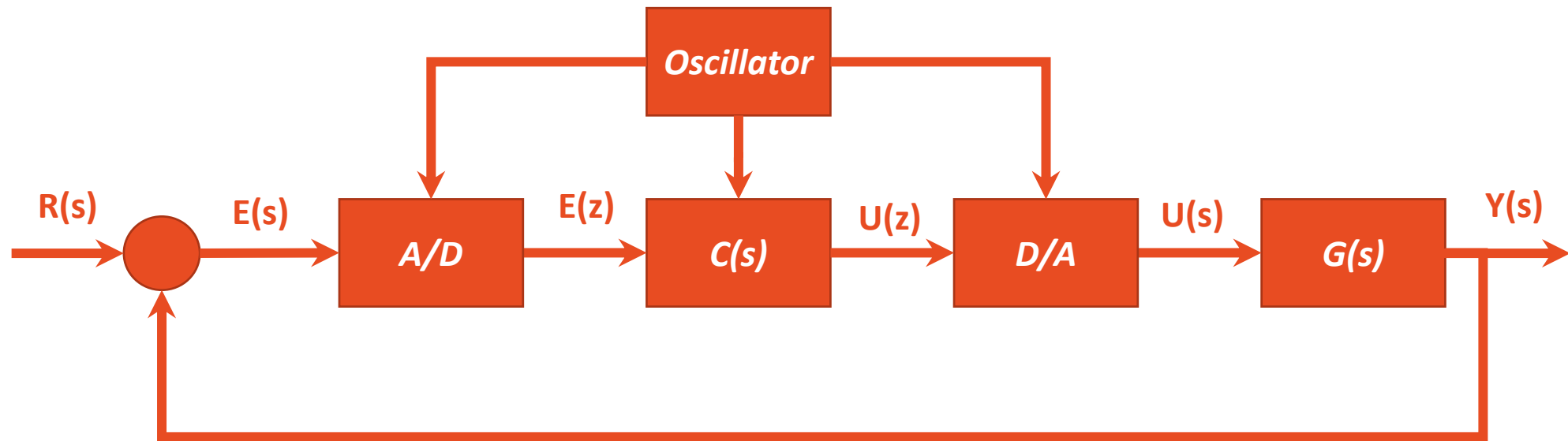
$E(s)$... *Error signal*

$C(s)$... *Controller*

$U(s)$... *Control Action*

$Y(s)$... *Sensor Output*

Continuous System vs. **Discrete System**



$R(s)$... *Stimulation signal*

$E(s)$... *Error signal*

$C(s)$... *Controller*

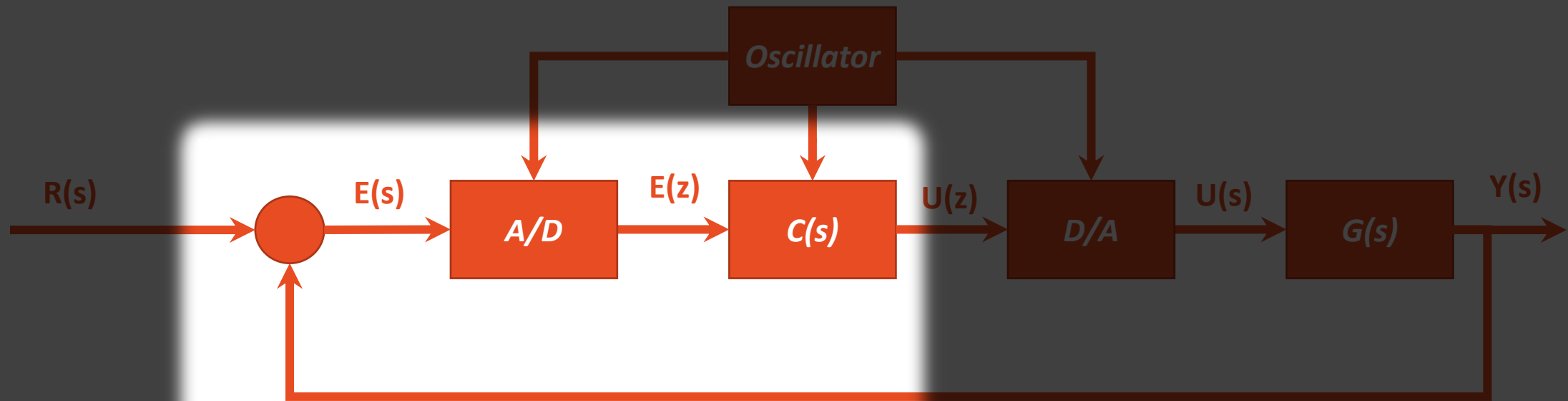
$U(s)$... *Control Action*

$Y(s)$... *Sensor Output*

$E(z)$... **Discretized error signal**

$U(z)$... **Discretized Control Action**

Continuous System vs. **Discrete System**



Modern Controllers

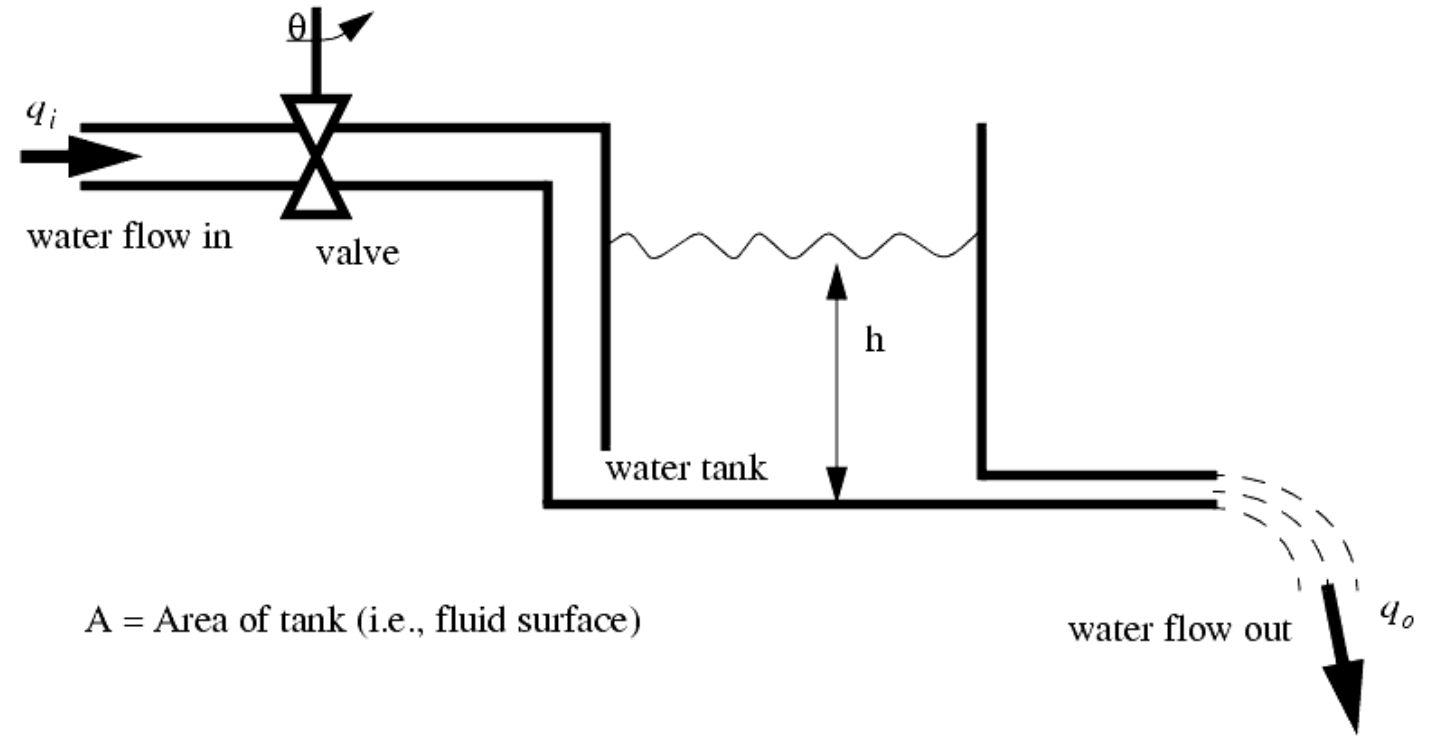
Lab 5

Simulating Water Tank

Revisited

Conversion to Discrete System

Difference Equation



A = Area of tank (i.e., fluid surface)

In Lab 1

$$h(t) = \frac{\Delta t * (k * h(t - \Delta t) - q_i(t))}{A} + h(t - \Delta t)$$

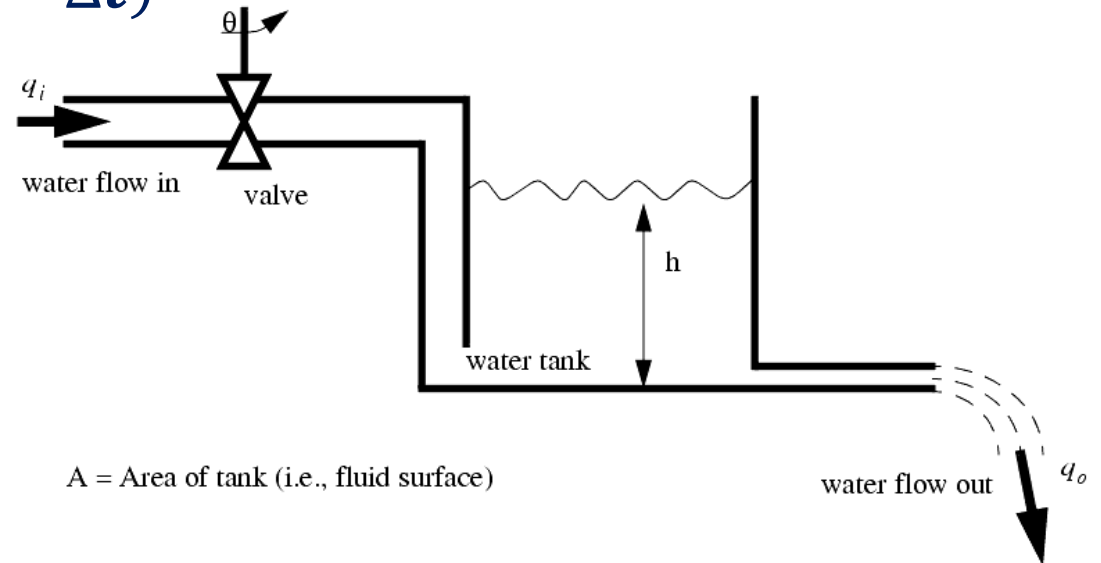
Δt ... Sampling time $q_i(t)$... Excitation signal

Let Δt be T (textbook term)

Samples:

$T, 2T, 3T, \dots, kT, \quad k > 0$

$$h(kT) = \frac{T * (k * h(kT - 1) - q_i(kT))}{A} + h(kT - 1) \text{ [Difference Equation]}$$



Difference Equation

$$h(kT) = \frac{T * (k * h(kT - 1) - q_i(kT))}{A} + h(kT - 1)$$

if $T = 1$ second (most problems assuming this for simplicity)

$$h(k) = \frac{(k * h(k - 1) - q_i(t))}{A} + h(k - 1)$$

$$A[h(k) - h(k - 1)] - k * h(k - 1) = -q_i(t)$$

$$A * h(k) - A * h(k - 1) - k * h(k - 1) = -q_i(t)$$

$$A * h(k) - [A + k] * h(k - 1) = -q_i(t)$$

$$[A + k] * h(k - 1) - A * h(k) = q_i(t)$$

[Difference Equation]

Difference Equation

$$[A + k] * h(k - 1) - A * h(k) = q_i(t)$$

System Output

System Input

$$\text{if } k = 0 \rightarrow h(k - 1) = h(0)$$

Difference Equation

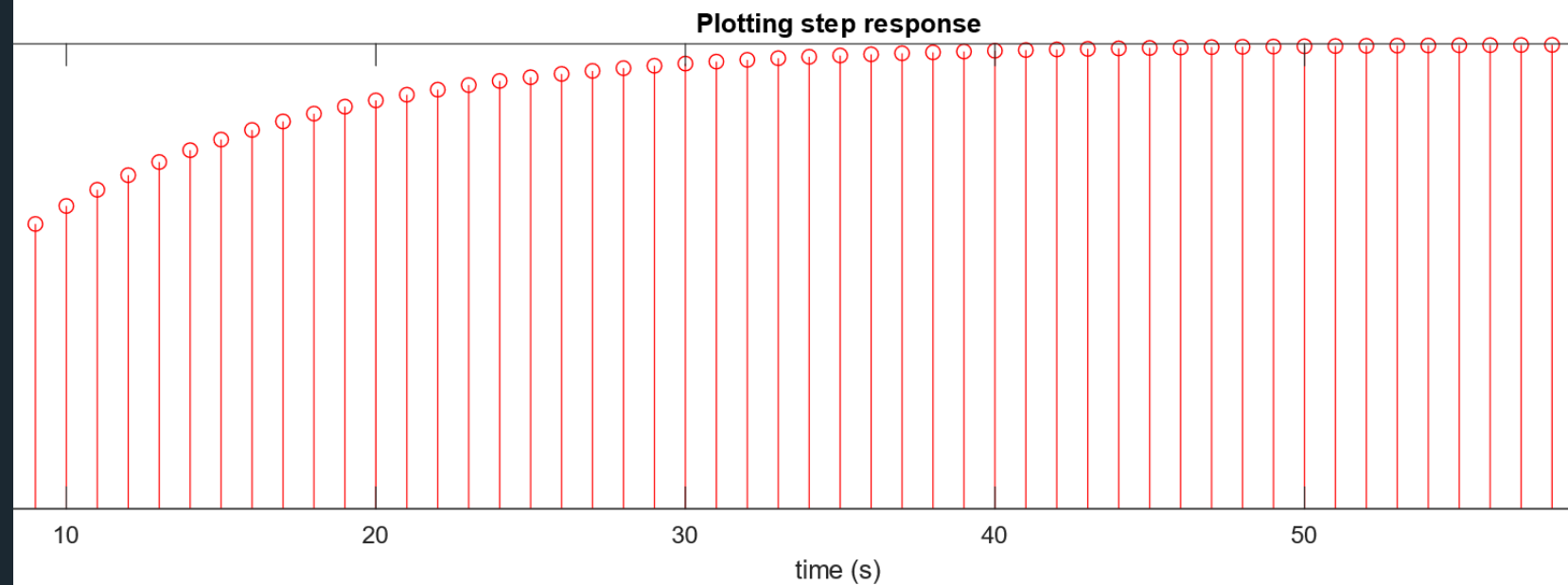
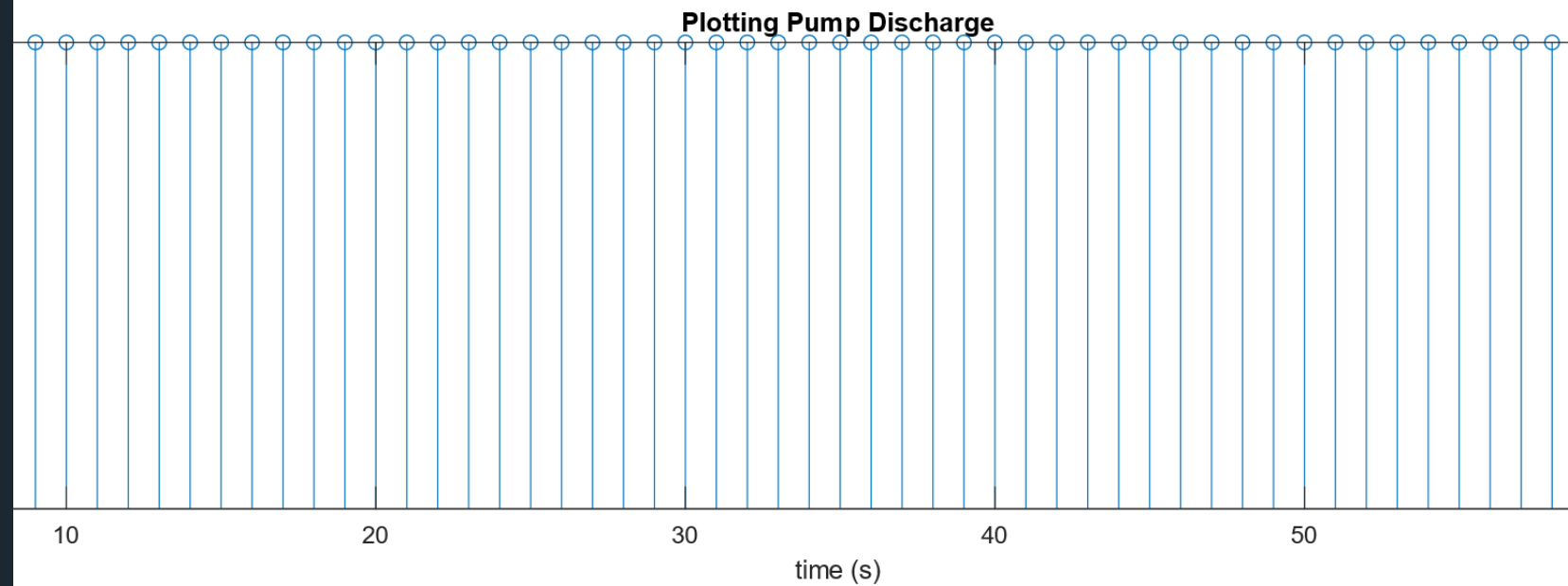
Remember 

$$\frac{dh}{dT} = h(t) - h(t - \Delta t) = h(kT) - h(kT - 1)$$

Lab 5

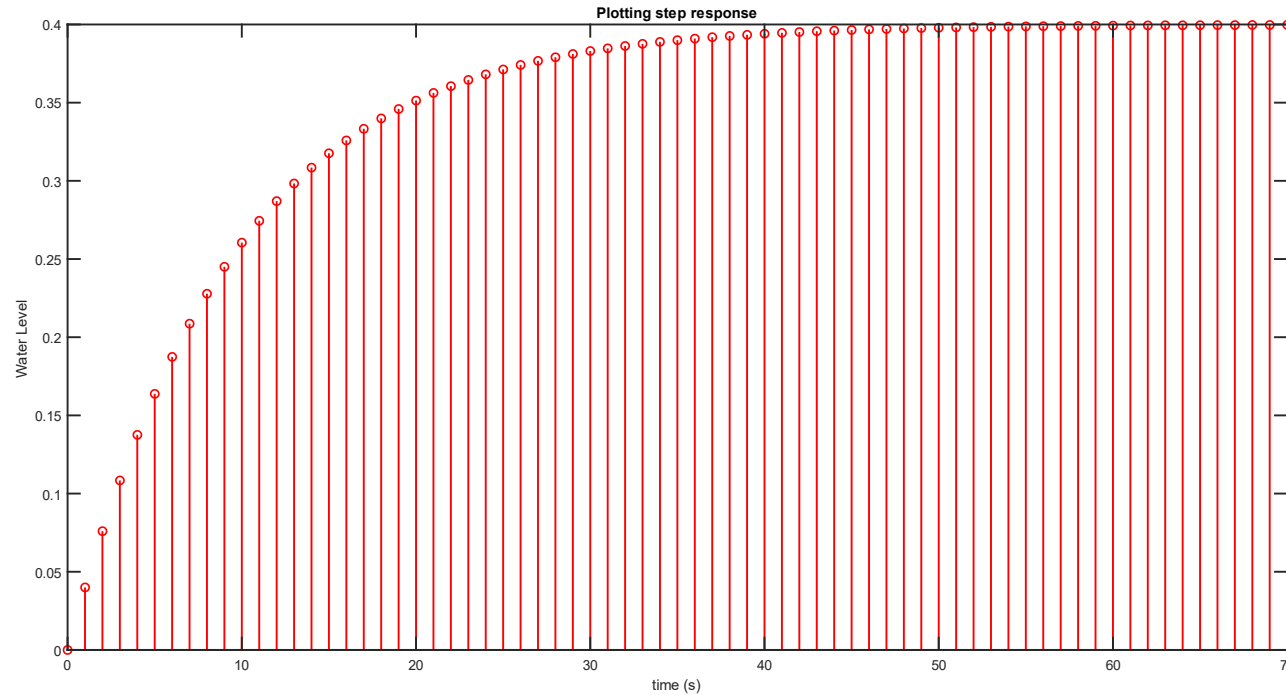
Exercise 1

Representation of discrete response using MATLAB



MATLAB command

stem (t, y) ...plots discretized (SAMPLED) data



Solved Example

Difference Equation

ne system shown in Figure 12.7. For $k = 0, 1, 2, \dots$, then the system is described by the difference equation. This text studies only the class of systems that can be described by linear difference equations such as

$$y(k+2) + 2y(k+1) - y(k) = 2u(k+1)$$

$$y(k-1) - y(k-2) = 2u(k-1)$$

Difference Equation Example

$$3y(k + 2) + 2y(k + 1) - y(k) = 2u(k + 1) - 3u(k)$$

Find y value after 3 seconds assuming 1 s sampling interval

Solution

Rearranging equation terms by changing future term to past:

$y(k + 2) \rightarrow y(k)$ (present) \rightarrow replace k with $k - 2$

$$\therefore 3y(k) + 2y(k - 1) - y(k - 2) = 2u(k - 1) - 3u(k - 2)$$

Difference Equation Example

$$\therefore 3y(k) = 2u(k-1) - 3u(k-2) - 2y(k-1) + y(k-2)$$

$$\therefore y(k) = \frac{1}{3} [2u(k-1) - 3u(k-2) - 2y(k-1) + y(k-2)]$$

Initial conditions needed

$$y(-2) = 1, y(-1) = -2 \text{ and } u(k) = 1 \text{ [unit step]}$$

We need to compute $y(0) \rightarrow y(1) \rightarrow y(2) \rightarrow y(3)$

Difference Equation Example

$y(-2) = 1$, $y(-1) = -2$ and $u(k) = 1$ [unit step]

$$y(0) = \frac{1}{3} [2u(-1) - 3u(-2) - 2y(-1) + y(-2)]$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} [2 * (0) - 3 * (0) - 2 * (-2) + (1)] = \frac{5}{3}$$

$$y(1) = \frac{1}{3} [2u(0) - 3u(-1) - 2y(0) + y(-1)]$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \left[2 * (1) - 3 * (0) - 2 * \left(\frac{5}{3}\right) + (-2) \right] = -\frac{10}{9}$$

Difference Equation Example

$y(-2) = 1$, $y(-1) = -2$ and $u(k) = 1$ [unit step]

$$y(2) = \frac{1}{3} [2u(1) - 3u(0) - 2y(1) + y(0)]$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \left[2 * (1) - 3 * (1) - 2 * \left(-\frac{10}{9}\right) + \left(\frac{5}{3}\right) \right] = \frac{26}{27}$$

$$y(3) = \frac{1}{3} [2u(2) - 3u(1) - 2y(2) + y(1)]$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \left[2 * (1) - 3 * (1) - 2 * \left(\frac{26}{27}\right) + \left(-\frac{10}{9}\right) \right] = -\frac{109}{27}$$

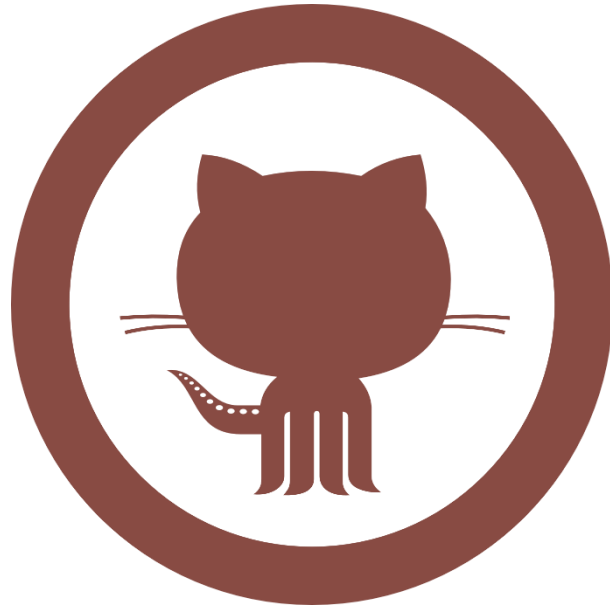
Assignment 2

$$3y(k+2) + 2y(k+1) - y(k) = 2u(k+1) - 3u(k)$$

Write a MATLAB script to calculate $y(k)$ given $k, y(-1), y(-2)$ assuming unit step input

Due date (Before Saturday 28 – 03 – 2020)

***Your Private Github :
MTE506/Assignment2***



Don't forget to pull the lab update from.

<http://github.com/wbadry/mte506>

END OF Lab 5