

# RMANBackupsReport

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## RMANBackupsReport

This is a test application to use the OCILIB Oracle database access tools from https://github.com/vrogier/ocilib on Windows and Linux. It seems to work!

The application itself requires that OCILIB's lib directory and the ORACLE\_HOME/lib directory have been installed on PATH and/or LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH.

The application logs in to a database (or some databases) and reports back on the list of RMAN backups that have taken place since *some days ago* - which it does as the DBA\_USER account, you can edit this in rmanBackups.c if you need to change it.

### **Compiling**

A couple of build scripts are supplied. Build.cmd for Windows and build.sh for Linux. These are well commented and detail the requirements for the build. However, briefly:

- Make sure that OCILIB is installed and on %PATH% or \$LD\_LIBRARY\_LIST.
- Edit build.cmd (Windows) or build.sh (Linux) and change the various settings to suit where you have installed OCILIB, Oracle Client etc.
- On Linux, make sure LIBPATH is correct for your \$ORACLE\_HOME we need that in LD\_LIBRARY\_PATH at compile time.
- Save the file(s) and execute them as per your system.

#### **Execution**

Once you have a compiled version of the software, probably called rmanBackupsReport or rmanBackupsReport.exe, you can run it with the following command line parameters:

- a list of space separated database alias names as per your client's tnsnames.ora file. Double quotes can be used around any of the alias names if there are *interesting* characters in the name, etc.
- The password for a used, defaulting to dba\_user (yes, I know, I should have passed it on the command line, but that's not how my system is set up, and I'm lazy, ok!) but you can change the default account in the file rmanBackups.c as mentioned above.

It is assumed, because my systems does it, that all the databases in the list, will use the same account and password. You may need to run the report separately if this is different at your installation. It's only a test application after all!

• The number of days ago you wish to look back at the RMAN backups for. 1, for example, will give you everything from yesterday plus anything from today, up until now. (In other words, it's not just the backups taken on those numbers of days, but always includes anything up to now.)

For example:

./rmanBackupsReport db\_one db\_two db\_three secret\_password\_string 3

#### Warnings on Execution

You may see the following warning when executing the application, it can be happily ignored:

Checking database ORCL ORA-24347: Warning of a NULL column in an aggregate function Error ORA-24347 detected Checking complete.

It is just a warning and in this case, we don't care.

#### **Output Report Files**

The application produces n HTML report on stdout, so you should redirect that to a file if you want to capture the report data. For example:

```
./rmanBackupsReport db_one db_two db_three secret_password_string 3 >rmanReport.html
```

You also can, if you wish, redirect stderr to a log file so that any errors are logged and not just displayed on screen.

./rmanBackupsReport db\_one db\_two db\_three secret\_password\_string 3 >rmanReport.html 2>rmanReportErrors.log

Easy or what?

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