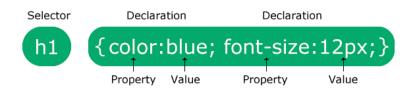
Praktek Pemrograman Web 1 Sesi 2

CSS Dasar



Inline

Internal

External

external.css

```
p{
   color: red;
   font-weight: bold;
   text-transform: uppercase;
}
```

Selector Class

```
<!DOCTYPE HTML>
<html>
     <title>Selector Class</title>
     <style type="text/css">
       h2{
          color: red;
       .biru{
          color: blue;
     </style>
  </head>
  <body>
     <h2> Judul Artikel</h2>
      Isi Artikel pertama 
      Isi Artikel kedua
      Isi Artikel ketiga
  </body>
</html>
```

Selector_id

```
<!DOCTYPE HTML>
<html>
```

```
<title>Selector Class</title>
     <style type="text/css">
       h2{
         color: red;
       .biru{
          color: blue;
       #tebal{
         font-weight: bold;
         font-size: 16px;
     </style>
  <body>
    <h2> Judul Artikel</h2>
     Isi Artikel pertama 
      Isi Artikel kedua
      Isi Artikel ketiga
  </body>
</html>
```

Selector_tag

Pseudo_Class

```
<!DOCTYPE HTML>
<html>
```

```
<head>
      <title>Spesific Selector</title>
      <style type="text/css">
         .biru{
            color: blue;
         .biru:hover{
            color: red;
            text-decoration: none;
      </style>
   </head>
   <body>
      <h2> Judul Artikel</h2>
      <a class="biru"> Isi tag a di dalam tag p </a> 
      <a class="biru"> Isi tag a</a>
   </body>
</html>
```

Pseudo_Element

Border_Outline

```
margin: 20px;
}
.border{ border: 5px solid blue; }
.outline{
    outline: 5px solid blue;
    outline-offset: 10px;
    }
    </style>
    </head>
    <body>
        <div class="kotak border"></div>
        <div class="kotak outline"></div>
        </body>
    </html>
```

Display_visibilty

Properti display menentukan jika/bagaimana suatu elemen ditampilkan.

Setiap elemen HTML memiliki nilai tampilan default tergantung pada jenis elemennya. Nilai tampilan default untuk sebagian besar elemen adalah *block* atau *inline*.

- <div>
- <h1> <h6>
- <form>
- <header>
- <footer>
- <section>

Float

```
<!DOCTYPE HTML>
<html>
  <head>
      <title>Latihan CSS</title>
     <style type="text/css">
         .kiri{
           width: 200px;
           float: left;
           margin-right: 20px;
         .kanan{
           width: 200px;
           float: right;
           margin-left: 20px;
      </style>
  </head>
   <body>
      <img src="gambar/bg.jpg" class="kiri">Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet,
Maecenas nisl est.
      <img src="gambar/bg.jpg" class="kanan">Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet,
Maecenas nisl est.
   </body>
</html>
```

Margin_Padding

```
width: 200px;
height: 100px;
margin: 20px 0 0 100px;
padding: 10px 15px;
}
</style>
</head>
</body>
</div class="kotak"> Isi kotak </div>
</body>
</html>
```



Overflow

```
Overflow: scroll;
Overflow: hidden;
```

Color

Color Name

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>

<h1 style="background-color:Tomato;">Tomato</h1>
<h1 style="background-color:Orange;">Orange</h1>
<h1 style="background-color:DodgerBlue;">DodgerBlue</h1>
<h1 style="background-color:MediumSeaGreen;">MediumSeaGreen</h1>
<h1 style="background-color:Gray;">Gray</h1>
<h1 style="background-color:SlateBlue;">SlateBlue</h1>
<h1 style="background-color:Violet;">Violet</h1>
<h1 style="background-color:Violet;">Violet</h1>
<h1 style="background-color:LightGray;">LightGray</h1>
</body>
</html>
```

Link reference https://www.w3schools.com/colors/colors_names.asp

Background Color

Text Color

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<html>
<body>

ch3 style="color:Tomato;">Hello World</h3>

cp style="color:DodgerBlue;">Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit, sed diam nonummy nibh euismod tincidunt ut laoreet dolore magna aliquam erat volutpat.

cp style="color:MediumSeaGreen;">Ut wisi enim ad minim veniam, quis nostrud exerci tation ullamcorper suscipit lobortis nisl ut aliquip ex ea commodo consequat.

c/body>
</html>
```

Border Color

Hasil:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
```

```
<html>
<body>
<h1 style="border: 2px solid Tomato;">Hello World</h1>
<h1 style="border: 2px solid DodgerBlue;">Hello World</h1>
<h1 style="border: 2px solid Violet;">Hello World</h1>
<h1 style="border: 2px solid Violet;">Hello World</h1>
</body>
</html>
```

Color Values

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<html>
<body>

Same as color name "Tomato":
<h1 style="background-color:rgb(255, 99, 71);">rgb(255, 99, 71)</h1>
<h1 style="background-color:#ff6347;">#ff6347</h1>
<h1 style="background-color:hsl(9, 100%, 64%);">hsl(9, 100%, 64%)</h1>

Same as color name "Tomato", but 50% transparent:
<h1 style="background-color:rgba(255, 99, 71, 0.5);">rgba(255, 99, 71, 0.5)</h1>
<h1 style="background-color:rgba(255, 99, 71, 0.5);">rspba(255, 99, 71, 0.5)</h1>
<h1 style="background-color:hsla(9, 100%, 64%, 0.5);">hsla(9, 100%, 64%, 0.5)</h>

In addition to the predefined color names, colors can be specified using RGB, HEX, HSL, or even transparent colors using RGBA or HSLA color values.
</body>
```

RGB Color

RGB Value

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
<h1>Specify colors using RGB values</h1>
<h2 style="background-color:rgb(255, 0, 0);">rgb(255, 0, 0)</h2>
<h2 style="background-color:rgb(0, 0, 255);">rgb(0, 0, 255)</h2>
```

```
<h2 style="background-color:rgb(60, 179, 113);">rgb(60, 179, 113)</h2>
<h2 style="background-color:rgb(238, 130, 238);">rgb(238, 130, 238)</h2>
<h2 style="background-color:rgb(255, 165, 0);">rgb(255, 165, 0)</h2>
<h2 style="background-color:rgb(106, 90, 205);">rgb(106, 90, 205)</h2>
</body>
</html>
```

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<body>
<h1>Shades of gray</h1>
By using equal values for red, green, and blue, you will get different shades of gray:
<h2 style="background-color:rgb(60, 60, 60);">rgb(60, 60, 60)</h2>
<h2 style="background-color:rgb(90, 90, 90);">rgb(90, 90, 90)</h2>
<h2 style="background-color:rgb(90, 90, 90);">rgb(90, 90, 90)</h2>
<h2 style="background-color:rgb(120, 120, 120);">rgb(120, 120, 120)</h2>
<h2 style="background-color:rgb(180, 180, 180);">rgb(180, 180, 180)</h2>
<h2 style="background-color:rgb(210, 210, 210);">rgb(210, 210, 210)</h2>
<h2 style="background-color:rgb(240, 240, 240);">rgb(240, 240, 240)</h2>
</body>
```

RGBA Value

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<html>
<body>

<h1>Make transparent colors with RGBA</h1>

<h2 style="background-color:rgba(255, 99, 71, 0);">rgba(255, 99, 71, 0)</h2>
<h2 style="background-color:rgba(255, 99, 71, 0.2);">rgba(255, 99, 71, 0.2)</h2>
<h2 style="background-color:rgba(255, 99, 71, 0.4);">rgba(255, 99, 71, 0.2)</h2>
<h2 style="background-color:rgba(255, 99, 71, 0.4);">rgba(255, 99, 71, 0.4)</h2>
<h2 style="background-color:rgba(255, 99, 71, 0.6);">rgba(255, 99, 71, 0.6)</h>
<h2>
<h2 style="background-color:rgba(255, 99, 71, 0.8);">rgba(255, 99, 71, 0.8)</h2>
<h2 style="background-color:rgba(255, 99, 71, 1);">rgba(255, 99, 71, 0.8)</h2>
</body>
</html>
```

HEX Value Color

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<html>
<body>

<h1>Specify colors using HEX values</h1>
<h2 style="background-color:#ff0000;">#ff0000</h2>
<h2 style="background-color:#0000ff;">#0000ff</h2>
<h2 style="background-color:#0000ff;">#0000ff</h2>
<h2 style="background-color:#3cb371;">#3cb371</h2>
<h2 style="background-color:#3cb371;">#3cb371</h2>
<h2 style="background-color:#ee82ee;">#ee82ee</h2>
<h2 style="background-color:#ffa500;">#ffa500</h2>
<h2 style="background-color:#6a5acd;">#6a5acd</h2>
</body>
</html>
```

Position

```
<!DOCTYPE HTML>
<html>
   <head>
      <title>Latihan CSS</title>
      <style type="text/css">
         .relative{
            background: red; width: 400px; height: 300px;
            position: relative;
         .absolute{
            background: blue; width: 200px; height: 100px;
            position: absolute; left: 20px; top: 30px;
         .fixed{
            background: yellow; width: 200px; height: 100px;
            position: fixed; right: -20px; top: 100px;
      </style>
   </head>
   <body>
      <div class="relative"> relative
         <div class="absolute"> absolute</div>
         <div class="fixed"> fixed</div>
      </div>
   </body>
</html>
```

Width_Height

Font

Text

```
<!DOCTYPE HTML>
<html>
<head>
```

Background

```
<!DOCTYPE HTML>
<html>
      <style type="text/css">
         div{
            width: 150px; height: 150px;
            background: red;
            float: left;
            margin: 10px;
            background-image: url('gambar/bg.jpg');
         .dua{
            background-repeat: no-repeat;
            background-position: 30px 100px;
         .tiga{
            background-repeat: repeat-x;
         .empat{
            background-repeat: repeat-y;
      </style>
   </head>
   <body>
      <div class="satu"></div>
      <div class="dua"></div>
      <div class="tiga"></div>
      <div class="empat"></div>
   </body>
```

```
</html>
```

List_Style

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<style>
ul.a { list-style-type: circle;}
ul.b { list-style-type: square;}
ol.c { list-style-type: upper-roman;}
ol.d { list-style-type: lower-alpha;}
</style>
</head>
<body>
<h2>The list-style-type Property</h2>
Example of unordered lists:
Coffee
 Tea
 Coca Cola
Coffee
 Tea
 Coca Cola
Example of ordered lists:
```

```
  Coffee
  Tea
  Coca Cola

  Coffee
  Tea
  Tea
  Coca Cola

</body>
</body>
</html>
```

List remove

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<style>
ul.demo {
list-style-type: none;
margin: 0;
padding: 0;
</style>
</head>
<body>
>Default list:
<l
 Coffee
 Tea
 Coca Cola
Remove bullets, margin and padding from list:
Coffee
 Tea
 Coca Cola
</body>
</html>
```

Rounded_Corner

```
<!DOCTYPE HTML>
<html>
      <style type="text/css">
         div{
            background: red;
            width: 200px;
            height: 200px;
            margin-left: 20px;
            float: left;
         .box1{ border-radius: 20px; }
         .box2{ border-radius: 50%; }
      </style>
   <body>
      <div class="box1"></div>
      <div class="box2"></div>
  </body>
```

Border_Image

```
border: 10px solid transparent;
    border-image: url('gambar/border.png') 30 stretch;
}
</style>
</head>
</body>
</div class="box1">border-image</div>
</div class="box2">border-image</div>
</div class="box3">border-image</div>
</div class="box3">border-image</div>
</html>
```

Shadow

```
<!DOCTYPE HTML>
<html>
      <style type="text/css">
         div{
            width: 200px;
            height: 200px;
            margin-left: 20px;
            float: left;
            font-size: 25px;
         .text1{ text-shadow: 2px 2px 5px red; }
         .text2{ text-shadow: 0 0 3px #FF0000; }
         .text3{ text-shadow: 1px 1px 2px black, 0 0 25px blue, 0 0 5px
darkblue; }
         .box{ background: red; box-shadow: 10px 10px 5px grey; }
      </style>
   </head>
   <body>
      <div class="text1">Text Shadow</div>
      <div class="text2">Text Shadow</div>
      <div class="text3">Text Shadow</div>
      <div class="box"></div>
   </body>
</html>
```

Link: https://www.w3schools.com/css/css3 shadows.asp

https://www.w3schools.com/css/css3_shadows_box.asp

Gradient

```
<!DOCTYPE HTML>
```

```
<html>
      <style type="text/css">
         div{
            width: 200px;
            height: 200px;
            margin-left: 20px;
            float: left;
         .box1{ background: linear-gradient(to right,
red,orange,yellow,green,blue) }
         .box2{ background: linear-gradient(to bottom, rgba(255,0,0,0) 30%,
rgba(255,0,0,1) 70%) }
         .box3{ background: radial-gradient(red 5%, yellow 15%, green 60%) }
         .box4{ background: radial-gradient(circle closest-side at 20% 30%, red,
yellow, green); }
      </style>
   </head>
   <body>
      <div class="box1"></div>
     <div class="box2"></div>
      <div class="box3"></div>
      <div class="box4"></div>
   </body>
```

Text_Effect

Link: https://www.w3schools.com/css/css3_text_effects.asp

Web Font

Transform

2d

3d

```
<!DOCTYPE HTML>
<html>
      <style type="text/css">
         div{
            background: red;
            width: 100px;
            height: 100px;
            margin: 50px 10px;
            float: left;
         .box1{ transform: translate(50px, 40px) }
         .box2{ transform: rotate(30deg); }
         .box3{ transform: rotate(30deg); transform-origin: 80% 60%;}
         .box4{ transform: scale(1.5, 2); }
         .box5{ transform: scaleY(1.5); }
         .box6{ transform: skewX(30deg); }
         .box7{ transform: skewY(50deg); }
         .box8{ transform: matrix(1, -0.3, 0, 2, 20, 0); }
      </style>
   </head>
   <body>
      <div class="box1">1</div>
      <div class="box2">2</div>
      <div class="box3">3</div>
      <div class="box4">4</div>
      <div class="box5">5</div>
      <div class="box6">6</div>
      <div class="box7">7</div>
```

Transition

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
<style>
div {
 width: 100px;
 height: 100px;
 background: red;
  transition: width 2s, height 4s;
div:hover {
  width: 300px;
 height: 300px;
</style>
</head>
<body>
<h1>The transition Property</h1>
Hover over the div element below, to see the transition effect:
<div></div>
</body>
</html>
```

Praktikum web 1 sesi 3

Animation

Flexbox

Multiple Column

Media Query

CSS KUSTOME

Button kustom

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
   <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1">
   <link rel="stylesheet" href="button.css">
</head>
<body>
 <button class="button">Styled Button
 <button class="button red">Colored Button
 <button class="button small">Small Button
 <button class="button big">Big Button</button>
 <button class="button round">Rounded Button</button>
  <button class="button circle">Circle Button</button>
 <button class="button border">Border Button
  <button class="button hoverable">Hoverable Button
  <button class="button disabled">Disabled Button
  <button class="button block">Block Button</button>
```

```
<div class="horizontal-group">
   <button class="button">Horizontal Group</button>
   <button class="button">Horizontal Group</button>
   <button class="button">Horizontal Group</button>
   <button class="button">Horizontal Group</button>
 <div class="vertical-group">
   <button class="button">Vertical Group</button>
   <button class="button">Vertical Group</button>
   <button class="button">Vertical Group</button>
   <button class="button">Vertical Group</button>
 </div>
 <button class="button animated"><span>Animated Button </span></button>
 <button class="button pressed">Pressed Effect Button
 <button class="button ripple">Ripple Effect Button</button>
</body>
</html>
```

Button.css button kustom

```
.button{
   background-color: #4CAF50; /* Green */
   border: none;
   color: white;
   padding: 15px 32px;
   text-align: center;
   text-decoration: none;
   display: inline-block;
   font-size: 16px;
   margin: 4px 2px;
   cursor: pointer;
 .red{ background: #f44336 }
 .small{ font-size: 10px; }
 .big{ font-size: 24px; }
 .round{ border-radius: 10px; }
 .circle{
   text-align: center;
   border-radius: 50%;
   width: 120px;
   height: 120px;
 .border{
   border: 2px solid green;
```

```
background: none;
  color: green;
 border-radius: 3px;
.hoverable{
 background: orange;
 transition: 0.4s;
.hoverable:hover{
 background: red;
.disabled{
 opacity: 0.6;
 cursor: not-allowed;
.block{
 display: block;
 width: 100%;
.horizontal-group .button{
 margin: 0;
 float: left;
 background-color: #4CAF50;
.horizontal-group .button:hover{
 background-color: #3e8e41;
.vertical-group .button{
 display: block;
 margin: 0;
 background-color: #4CAF50;
.vertical-group .button:hover{
 background-color: #3e8e41;
/*animated*/
.animated{
 padding: 20px;
 width: 200px;
 transition: all 0.5s;
.animated span {
 cursor: pointer;
 display: inline-block;
```

```
position: relative;
 transition: 0.5s;
.animated span:after {
 content: '\00bb';
 position: absolute;
 opacity: 0;
 top: 0;
 right: -20px;
 transition: 0.5s;
.animated:hover span {
 padding-right: 25px;
.animated:hover span:after {
 opacity: 1;
 right: 0;
/*pressed*/
.pressed {
 box-shadow: 0 9px #999;
 border-radius: 8px;
.pressed:hover {background-color: #3e8e41}
.pressed:active {
 background-color: #3e8e41;
 box-shadow: 0 5px #666;
 transform: translateY(4px);
/*ripple*/
.ripple{
 position: relative;
 overflow: hidden;
.ripple:after {
    content: "";
    background: #f1f1f1;
    display: block;
    position: absolute;
    padding-top: 300%;
    padding-left: 350%;
    margin-left: -100px !important;
    margin-top: -120%;
    opacity: 0;
    transition: all 0.8s
.ripple:active:after {
```

```
padding: 0;
margin: 0;
opacity: 1;
transition: 0s
}
```

Form Kustom

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
    <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1">
    <link rel="stylesheet" href="form-custom.css">
</head>
<body>
  <input type="text" placeholder="Padding input" class="input_padding"><br>
 <input type="text" placeholder="Bordered input" class="input_border"><br>
 <input type="text" placeholder="Colored input" class="input_color"><br>
 <input type="text" placeholder="Focused input" class="input_focus"><br>
  <input type="text" placeholder="Searching..." class="input_icon"><br>
 <input type="text" placeholder="Searching..." class="input icon</pre>
input_animate"><br>
  <input type="submit" value="Simpan">
</body>
</html>
```

Form Kustom

```
input{
    width: 100%;
    padding: 12px 20px;
    margin: 8px 0;
    box-sizing: border-box;
    border: 1px solid #ccc;
}

.input_padding{
    padding: 18px 20px;
}

.input_border{
    border: 2px solid green;
    border-radius: 5px;
}

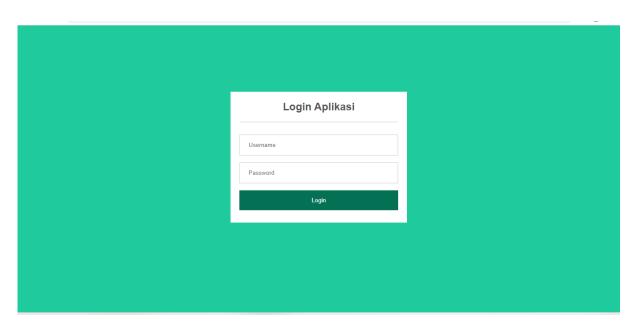
.input color{
```

```
background-color: orange;
  color: white;
.input_focus:focus {
    background-color: lightblue;
.input_icon{
  background-color: white;
 background-image: url('../gambar/search-icon.png');
 background-position: 8px 8px;
 background-repeat: no-repeat;
 padding-left: 40px;
.input_animate{
 width: 200px;
 transition: width 0.4s ease-in-out;
.input_animate:focus{
 width: 100%;
input[type=button], input[type=submit], input[type=reset] {
    background-color: #4CAF50;
    border: none;
    color: white;
    padding: 16px 32px;
    text-decoration: none;
    margin: 4px 2px;
    cursor: pointer;
    width: auto;
```

TEMPLATING

Merancang template html

Merancang Halaman Login



Membuat halaman login, buat satu file dengan nama login.html difolder utama

div.container>section.login-box>h2>

Disource code diatas bisa kita lihat agar layout bisa responsive maka ditambakan tag <meta name="viewport" > pada bagian head. Sedangkan untuk mengatur halaman login maka kita tambahkan satu file css di folder css dengan nama style.css

```
box-sizing: border-box;
/* Mengatur body ,font yang digunakan dan warna background halaman */
body {
  font-family: Arial;
   margin: 0;
   background: #1fcb9d;
/* Desain Container menjadi flexbox dan kotak login ditengah */
.container{
   display: flex;
   flex-wrap: wrap;
   justify-content: center;
/* Login Box, Menagatur kotak form login lebar 400px dan background putih*/
.login-box{
   margin-top: 150px;
   flex-basis: 400px;
   background: #fff;
   padding: 20px;
/* Judul Login, mengatur judul form dengan border bawah dan posisi ditengah */
.login-box h2{
   border-bottom: 1px solid #ccc;
   color: #555;
  text-align: center;
```

```
padding-bottom: 20px;
margin: 0 0 20px;
}

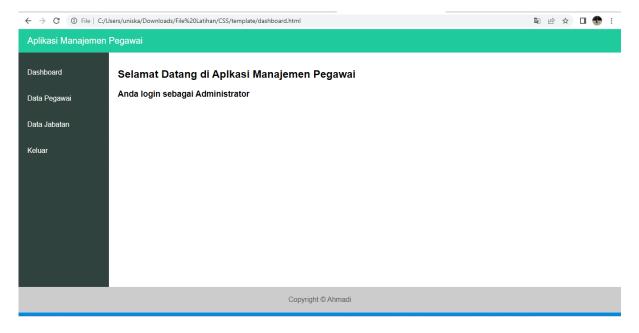
/* Bagian form, mengatur agar tag input dan select memenuhi container*/
input, select{
   width: 100%;
   padding: 15px 20px;
   margin: 8px 0;
   border: 1px solid #ccc;
}

/* mengatur tombol submit*/
input[type=submit] {
   background-color: #047154;
   border: none;
   color: #fff;
   text-decoration: none;
   cursor: pointer;
}
```

Jalankan pada browser maka hasil akan terlihat pada tampilan diatas

Desain layout dan menu slidebar

Berikut adalah tampilan dari desain menu yang akan kita buat,



Struktur folder

```
EXPLORER
                                                           # style.css
∨ TEMPLA... [t] 日 ひ 🗊
                       css > # style.css > 😫 aside
                                 box-sizing: border-box;
 > images
 dashboard.html
 form.html
 O login.html
                              body {
 tabel.html
                                 font-family: Arial;
                                 margin: 0;
                                 background: ■#038ade;
                             .container{
                               display: flex;
                                 flex-wrap: wrap;
                                 justify-content: center;
                              .login-box{
                               margin-top: 150px;
                                flex-basis: 400px;
                               background: #fff;
                                 padding: 20px;
                              .login-box h2{
                                 border-bottom: 1px solid ■#ccc;
                                 color: □#555;
> OUTLINE
                                 text-align: center;
                                 padding-bottom: 20px;
> TIMELINE
                                                                          Ln 59, Col 12
```

Struktur yang kita lihat diatas merupakan struktur folder template yang kita bangun sekarang, untuk membuat desain layout dan tampilan sidebar tersebut buat satu file dengan nama dashboard.html dengan skrip sebagai berikut:

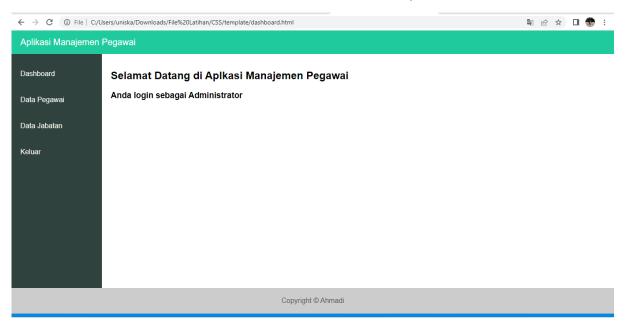
```
<!DOCTYPE HTML>
<html>
     <title>Dashboard</title>
     <meta charset="UTF-8">
     <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1">
     <link rel="stylesheet" href="css/style.css">
  </head>
  <body>
     <header>
        Aplikasi Manajemen Pegawai
     </header>
     <div class="container">
        <aside>
           <a href="dashboard.html" class="aktif">Dashboard</a> 
             <a href="tabel.html">Data Pegawai</a>
```

Bisa kita dari skrip diatas pembuatan menu navigasi / sidebar dbuat dengan tag , dan selanjutnya mengatur desain dengan nemabahkan skrip css pada file style.css seperti berikut:

```
/* Layout , Mengatur desain header*/
header{
   background: #1fcb9d;
   color: #fff;
   padding: 15px 20px;
   font-size: 20px;
/*Mengatur lebar menu 15% dengan background hitam */
aside{
   flex: 15%;
   background: #30423d;
/*Mengatur lebar konten utama 85% dengan background putih */
section.main{
   flex: 85%;
   background: #fff;
   min-height: 530px;
   padding: 15px 20px;
/* Mengatur footer dengan background abu-abu dan text ditengah*/
footer{
   background: #ccc;
   color: #555;
   padding: 20px;
   text-align: center;
/*Mengatur layout pada layar kecil(responsive) */
@media (max-width: 700px) {
 .container {
```

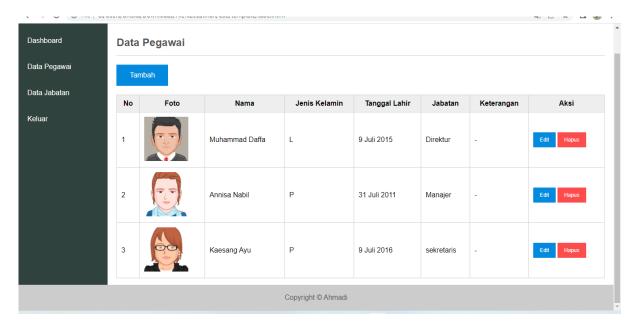
```
flex-direction: column;
/* Navigasi ,Membuang padding tag ul*/
.menu{
  padding: 0;
/*Menambah border bawah tag li */
.menu li{
  border-bottom: 1px dotted #444;
/*Mengatur desain menu yang dibuat dengan tag a */
.menu a{
  display: block;
  padding: 20px 20px;
  list-style: none;
  color: #fff;
  text-decoration: none;
/*Mengganti background manu ketika ditunjuk mouse */
.menu a:hover{
  background: #000;
```

Jalankan file dashboard.html maka hasil akan terlihat seperti berikut :



Desain Tabel

Selanjutnya mendesain halaman untuk menampilkan data yang ditampilkan ke table seperti berikut:



Sebelum menambahkan skrip maka buat file dengan nama table.html dan unduh terlebih dahulu images yang diperlukan seperti gambar diatas, dengan mengakses link berikut.

Images:

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1lgPUVxiBoaRlwoLCb4mZkdp2DjSUbDTz?usp=s hare link

Pembuatan desain table ini akan merubah skrip pada tag <section> saja seperti berikut:

```
<!DOCTYPE HTML>
<html>
  <head>
     <title>Dashboard</title>
     <meta charset="UTF-8">
     <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1">
     <link rel="stylesheet" href="css/style.css">
  </head>
  <body>
     <header>
        Aplikasi Manajemen Pegawai
     </header>
     <div class="container">
        <aside>
            <a href="dashboard.html" class="aktif">Dashboard</a>
```

```
<a href="tabel.html">Data Pegawai</a> 
          <a href="tabel.html">Data Jabatan</a> 
          <a href="login.html">Keluar</a> 
        </aside>
<section class="main">
  <h2 class="judul">Data Pegawai</h2>
  <a class="tombol" href="form.html">Tambah</a>
  No
        Foto
        Nama
        Jenis Kelamin
        Tanggal Lahir
        Jabatan
        Keterangan
        Aksi
      </thead>
    1
        <img src="images/daffa.png" width="100">
        Muhammad Daffa
        L
        9 Juli 2015
        Direktur
        -
          <a class="tombol edit" href="#"> Edit </a>
          <a class="tombol hapus" href="#"> Hapus </a>
        2
        <img src="images/nabil.png" width="100">
        Annisa Nabil
        P
        31 Juli 2011
        Manajer
        -
          <a class="tombol edit" href="#"> Edit </a>
          <a class="tombol hapus" href="#"> Hapus </a>
```

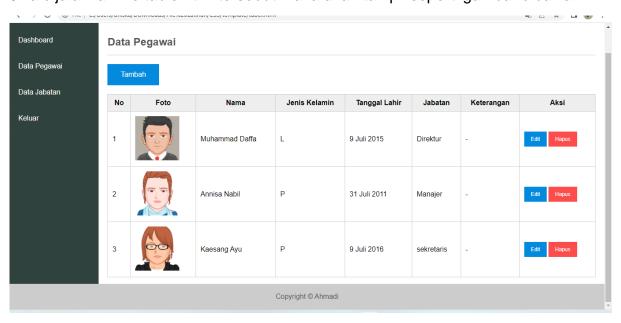
```
3
        <img src="images/kaesang.png" width="100">
        Kaesang Ayu
        P
        9 Juli 2016
        sekretaris
        -
          <a class="tombol edit" href="#"> Edit </a>
          <a class="tombol hapus" href="#"> Hapus </a>
        </section>
    </div>
    <footer>
      Copyright © Ahmadi
    </footer>
  </body>
</html>
```

Berikutnya mengatur desain lewat file css dengan skrip seperti berikut:

```
/* Halaman table, Mengatur judul halaman dengan border bawah */
.judul{
  color: #555;
  border-bottom: 1px solid #ccc;
  padding-bottom: 15px;
/* Mengatur agar lebar table penuh dan antara border tidak memiliki jarak */
.table{
  width: 100%;
  margin-top: 20px;
  border-collapse: collapse;
/* Menambahkan border dan padding pada sel tabel */
.table th, .table td{
  border: 1px solid #ccc;
  padding: 10px;
/* Mengatur background bagian judul tabel */
.table th{
  background: #eee;
```

```
Mengatur desain tombol yang dibuat dengan tag <a> */
.tombol{
  display: inline-block;
  max-width: 150px;
  padding: 15px 30px;
  color: #fff;
  text-decoration: none;
  background: #038ade;
  cursor: pointer;
/* Desain tombol Edit */
.tombol.edit, .tombol.hapus{
  padding: 10px 15px;
  font-size: 12px;
/* Desain tombol hapus*/
.tombol.hapus{
  background: #fc4c4c;
```

Jika dijalankan file table.html tersebut maka akan tampil seperti gambar dibawah ini :



Desain Form Tambah data pegawai

Membuat Form Tambah data pegawai dilakukan sama seperti sebelumnya, membuat file html dengan nama form.html dengan skrip sama seperti dashboard.html hanya saja pada bagian <section> kita rubah menjadi berikut:

```
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1">
     <link rel="stylesheet" href="css/style.css">
  </head>
  <body>
     <header>
        Aplikasi Manajemen Pegawai
     </header>
     <div class="container">
        <aside>
           <a href="dashboard.html" class="aktif">Dashboard</a> 
              <a href="tabel.html">Data Pegawai</a> 
              <a href="tabel.html">Data Jabatan</a> 
              <a href="login.html">Keluar</a> 
           </aside>
        <section class="main">
<h2 class="judul">Tambah Pegawai</h2>
<form method="post" action="proses.php">
  <div class="form-group">
     <label for="foto">Foto</label>
     <div class="input"><input type="file" id="foto"></div>
  </div>
  <div class="form-group">
     <label for="nama">Nama</label>
     <div class="input"><input type="text" id="nama"></div>
  </div>
  <div class="form-group">
     <label for="jk">Jenis Kelamin</label>
     <input type="radio" id="jk" name="jk" value="L"> Laki-laki
     <input type="radio" id="jk" name="jk" value="P"> Perempuan
  </div>
  <div class="form-group">
     <label for="tanggal">Tanggal</label>
     <div class="input"><input type="date" id="tanggal"></div>
  </div>
  <div class="form-group">
     <label for="jabatan">Jabatan</label>
     <div class="input">
     <select id="jabatan">
        <option value="direktur"> Direktur </option>
        <option value="manajer"> Manajer </option>
        <option value="marketing"> Marketing </option>
        <option value="sekretaris"> Sekretaris </option>
     </select>
     </div>
  </div>
  <div class="form-group">
```

Diskrip diatas terlihat setiap label dan input diletakan didalam tag <div> dengan class .form-group untuk memudahkan pengaturan dengan desain form difile css maka tambahkan scrip berikut defile style.css:

```
/* Halaman Form, Mengatur form-group agar tidak terpengaru float */
.form-group{
   clear: both;
/* Mengatur lebar label 30% dengan text bold*/
.form-group label{
   display: block;
   padding: 15px 0;
  float: left;
   width: 30%;
   font-weight: bold;
/* Mengatur lebar .input 50% dan sejajar dengan label */
.form-group .input{
   display: block;
   width: 50%;
   float: left;
/* Mengatur input radio */
input[type=radio]{
   width: 50px
/* Mengatur tombol submit */
.tombol.simpan{
   background: #038ade;
/* Mengatur tombol reset */
.tombol.reset{
   background: #fb8307;
/*Membuat/menset tampilan form menumpuk pada layar kecil */
@media (max-width: 700px) {
```

```
.form-group label, .form-group .input {
    width: 100%;
}
```

