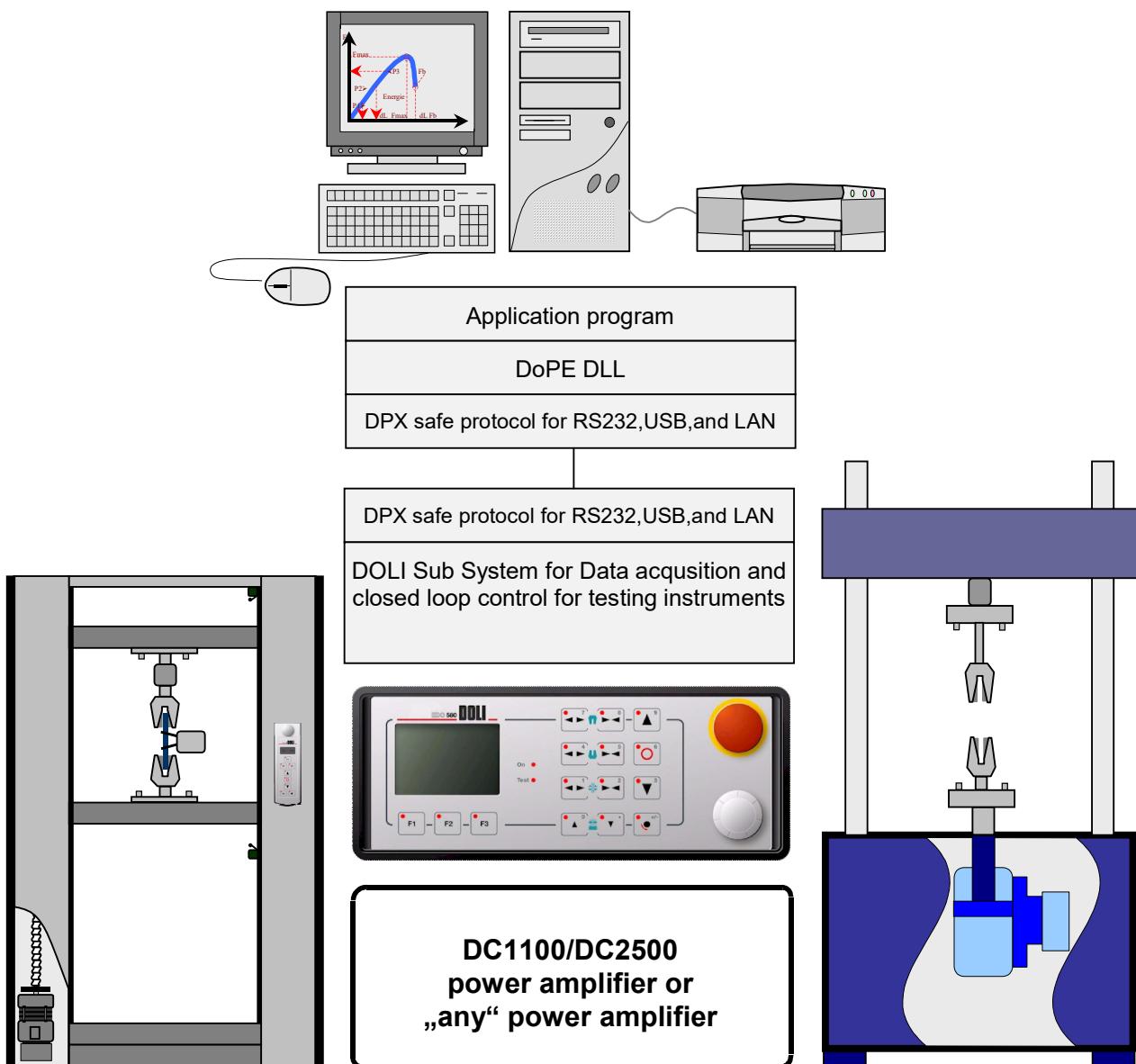


# DoPE Documentation



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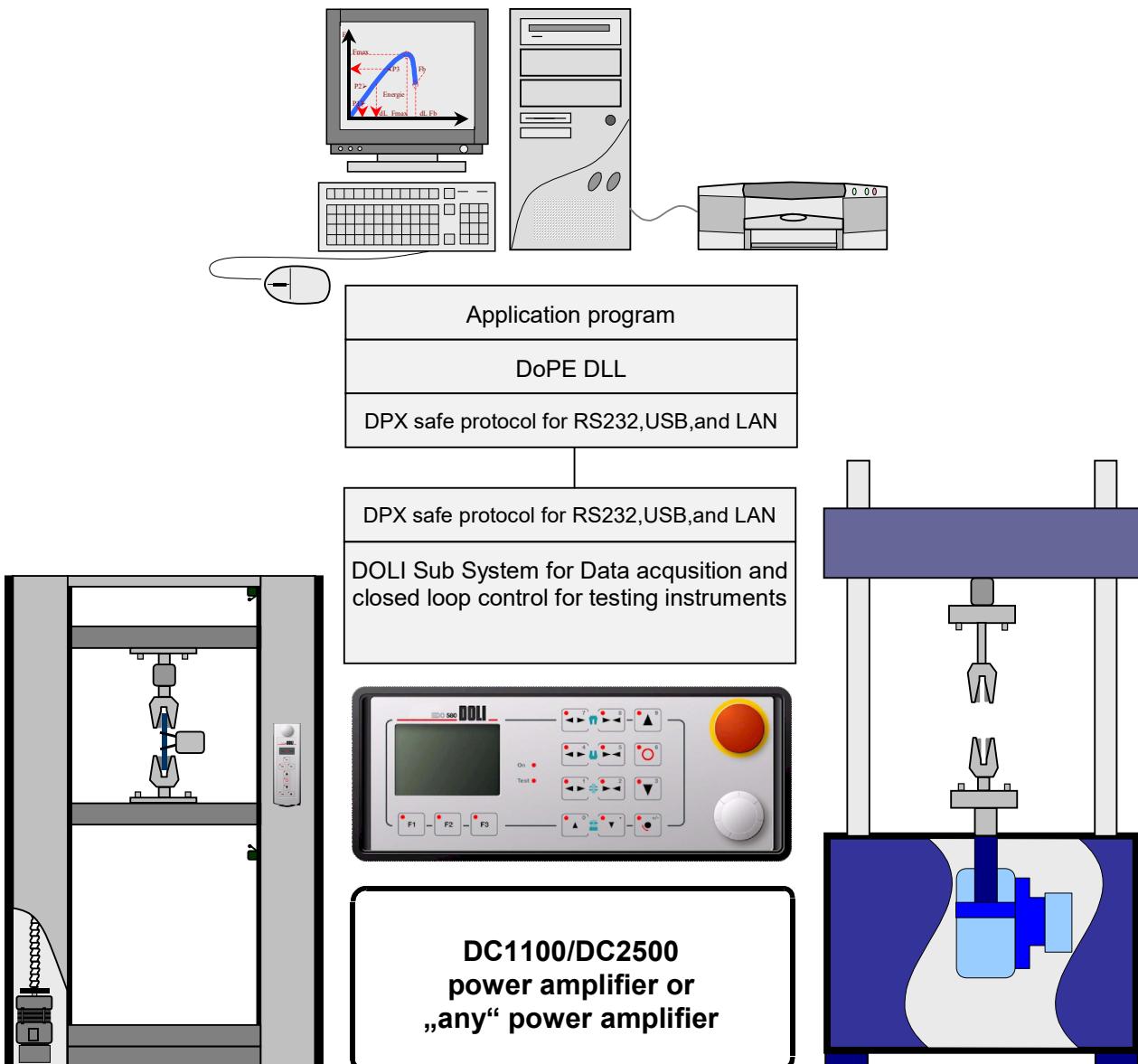


## 1 Overview

DOLI has very powerful software for data acquisition and closed loop control for testing instruments like tensile testers. This software runs on a hardware platform from DOLI like EDC5/25, EDC100, EDC60/120, EDC220/222, EDC580/580V and others. It is configurable within a wide range to satisfy all requirements at a testing instrument.

Communication between EDC and PC is handled by a communication layer, called DPX. DPX is a safe protocol and supports currently RS232, USB, and Ethernet (LAN) as transportation layer.

**DoPE represents the interface to access all EDC-functions from any standard PC with Windows®.**



## 1.1 Tasks of DoPE

- DoPE will initialize the EDC according to predefined set-up data, stored in EDC memory.
- DoPE provides the application program with measuring data in SI-units (N, m etc.)
- DoPE offers a wide range of machine control commands

Simple commands like:

„move Up in position control with 0.01 m/sec“

Complex commands like:

„move in position control with 0.02 m/sec to 500 N and keep 500 N in load control“

Cycling commands like:

„do 100 sinusoidal load cycles with an amplitude of 100N with 3 Hz“

- DoPE reports events like limit switch etc.

DoPE is available as a 32 Bit DLL for Windows /2000/XP/Vista/7.

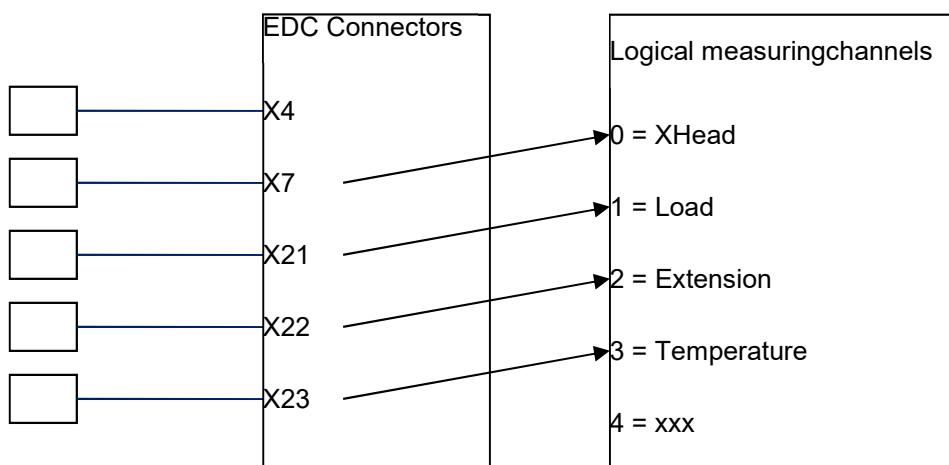
## 1.2 Initializing

The EDC firmware is able to handle up to:

- sixteen logical measuring channels
- sixteen logical analogue output channels
- ten logical Bit input devices
- ten logical Bit output devices

The above logical channels and devices must be assigned to physical interfaces. For assignment you just have to specify the connector number, the logical measuring channel and some transducer specific data.

**Use DOLI InstallationCenter to edit all necessary set-up data.**



All Set-up data will be stored in the EDC.

## 1.3 Supported programming languages

DoPE is delivered as a DLL running under Windows ® operating system. Each programming language that supports the use of DLL's can be used for the application program.

However, DOLI supplies only header files for "C", "Delphi/Pascal", Visual Basic, and a .NET wrapper.

For these programming languages, simple sample programs are available.

Two DLL's are needed to use DoPE: DoPE.DLL and DoDPX.DLL. The .NET wrapper is placed in the DoPENet.DLL

### 1.3.1 Special considerations for VB-Programmer

- All DoPE function names use "DoPEVB" instead of "DoPE". For instance the name of the function "DoPEOpenFunctionID" is in Visual Basic "DoPEVBOpenFunctionID".
- Do not use the DoPE realtime handlers in your VB program. Microsoft's VB developing system doesn't support this feature.
- Use "DoPEVB.DLL" additional to the "DoPE.DLL".

## 2 Communication Principles

DoPE represents a library that uses functions inside the remote EDC-controller. Physically EDC and PC are connected via a standard communication port, like COM, USB or LAN. A safe protocol is used for communication. This protocol, named DPX, detects ON/OFF-line transitions, transmits messages and measured data packets.

The user of DoPE must always be aware of the remote controller and due to this an asynchronous behavior of DoPE.

### 2.1 Open a connection

The application program establishes a connection by calling one of the **DoPEOpen...** functions. This function creates a thread with a priority depending on the priority of the application thread.

If the application thread has the priority **THREAD\_PRIORITY\_NORMAL**, DoPE thread will use the priority **THREAD\_PRIORITY\_ABOVE\_NORMAL**.

If the application thread has the priority **THREAD\_PRIORITY\_ABOVE\_NORMAL**, DoPE thread will use the priority **THREAD\_PRIORITY\_TIME\_CRITICAL**.

The application thread should not start another thread with a higher priority than its own. Otherwise the communication with the EDC might be delayed. This will cause unpredictable problems.

By this mechanism it is safeguarded that DoPE and hence the communication with the EDC has always a higher priority than the application program.

### 2.2 Using Eventhandler

Whenever necessary, EDC will send a message, possibly with parameter to PC. There are many different reasons for such messages. E.g. if a positioning command has reached the destination, EDC will send a message to PC, reporting the destination has been reached.

To make it easy for the application program to get these messages, DoPE offers an event handler interface. For each event, the application program wants to process, an event handler must be installed. DoPE will call these event handlers, whenever the event occurs.

## 2.3 Transaction Number (TAN)

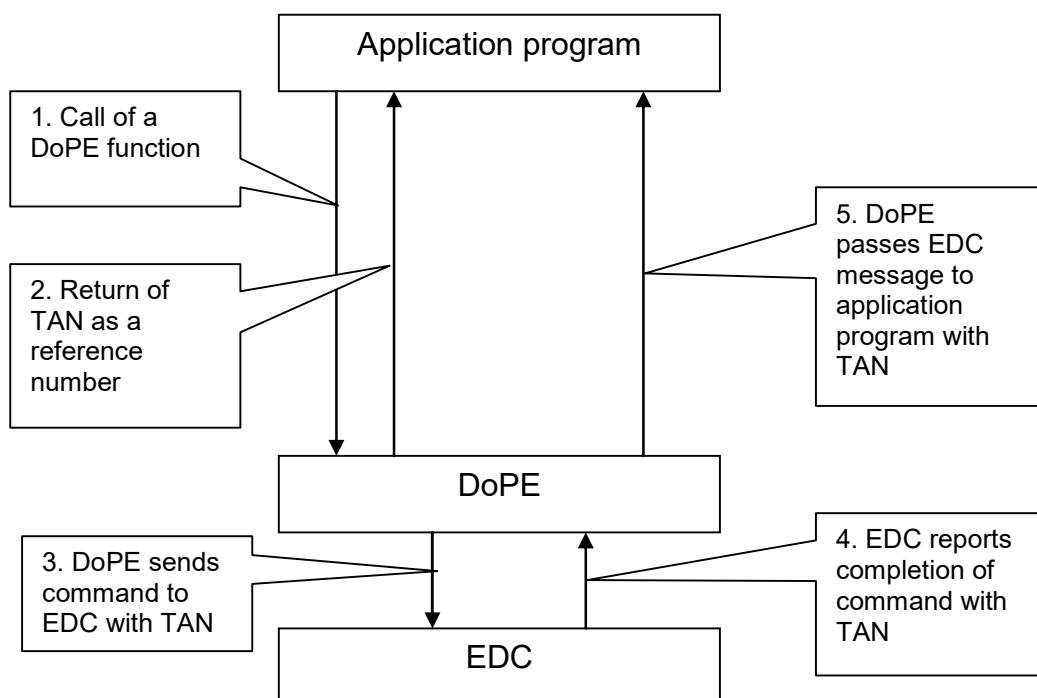
Some of the following commands have pointers to a transaction number (IpusTAN) as a parameter. This TAN may be used to identify messages, which are received asynchronously, to the command.

Example: A positioning command is sent to the EDC. After 30 seconds the desired position is reached and a message "position reached" is received. This message comes with the TAN of the positioning command.

The TAN is generated by DoPE for all commands, which may send a message later on.

Some DoPE commands will send more than one command to the EDC. In this case two pointers to transaction numbers are needed (IpusTANFirst, IpusTANLast). All messages with TAN's between IpusTANFirst and IpusTANLast belong to this single DoPE command.

Of course to analyze the TAN is optional. If NULL-Pointers are passed, no TAN's are returned.



## 2.4 Synchronous / Asynchronous DoPE Commands

Most of the DoPE commands will be passed from DoPE to the connected EDC. EDC-firmware checks the command and its parameter, and returns an error code.

**Synchronous** commands wait until the EDC has checked the parameter and return the result.

**Asynchronous** commands are just transmitted to the EDC and return to the caller immediately. The result of parameter checks inside the EDC will activate anOnCommandError event.

We recommend using **Synchronous commands**.

In both cases positioning commands will report completion of the command after destination position is reached.

### 3 Establish communication to EDC

#### 3.1 DoPEOpenDeviceID / DoPEOpenFunctionID

Open the given DoPE link with a matching device or function ID. All USB and LAN communication ports are scanned, starting with USB. All LAN ports of the PC are included to the scan. The link parameters are set and the link is established. If DoPEOpenDeviceID / DoPEOpenFunctionID returns DoPERR\_TIMEOUT, connection to the EDC did not go online. You must connect the EDC, switch it on and try the open function again.

**If the parameter DeviceID in DoPEOpenDeviceID is set to ZERO, DoPE will open communication to the first EDC that answers. This method is recommended for systems with only one EDC. This function is available for USB and LAN connections only.**

**Minimum requirements:** EDC580/220, DoPE 2.59

Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEOpenDeviceID / unsigned                          DoPEOpenFunctionID ( unsigned                          DeviceID/ FunctionID unsigned                          RcvBuffers	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)  EDC Device ID / Function ID Number of requested receiver buffers for messages.This number of messages can be stored inside DoPE until they are read with DoPEGetMsg function.
unsigned                          XmitBuffers	Number of requested transmitter buffers for messages.This number of messages can be stored inside DoPE.They will be transmitted by DoPE to EDC.
unsigned                          DataBuffers	Number of requested data buffers.The measuring data record will be stored inside DoPE in a circular buffer. If data are not read with DoPEGGetData the oldest record will be overwritten!
unsigned                          APIVersion void                                *Reserved DoPE_HANDLE                         DoPEHdl	DoPE API version used by the DoPE user. Reserved for future use Pointer to memory for DoPE link handle <b>This handle has to be used for all further DoPE commands as a reference for this link.</b>

## 3.2 DoPEOpenAll / DoPEwOpenAll

Open all available DoPE links and fill the open link info table. All USB and LAN communication ports are scanned, starting with DoPEPORT\_USB. All LAN ports of the PC are included to the scan.  
DoPEOpenAll will return strings in PortInfo and ModuleInfo as ASCII, while DoPEwOpenAll will return wide character strings.

### Minimum requirements:

DoPEOpenAll EDC580/220, DoPE 2.59  
DoPEwOpenAll EDC580/220, DoPE 2.65

Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEOpenAll (	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)
unsigned RcvBuffers	Number of requested receiver buffers for messages. This number of messages can be stored inside DoPE until they are read with DoPEGetMsg function.
unsigned XmitBuffers	Number of requested transmitter buffers for messages. This number of messages can be stored inside DoPE. They will be transmitted by DoPE to EDC.
unsigned DataBuffers	Number of requested data buffers. The measuring data record will be stored inside DoPE in a circular buffer. If data are not read with DoPEGetData the oldest record will be overwritten!
unsigned APIVersion	DoPE API version used by the DoPE user.
void *Reserved	Reserved for future use
unsigned InfoTableMaxEntries	Number of entries that can be stored to the info table.
unsigned *InfoTableValidEntries	Pointer to storage for the number of valid entries in the info table.
DoPEOpenLinkInfo InfoTable[ ])	Infotable will be filled by with all detected EDC's
typedef struct {	
DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl;	
unsigned PortType; /* DoPEPORT_USB or DoPEPORT_LAN */	
DoPE_PORTINFO PortInfo;	
DoPEModuleInfo ModuleInfo;	
} DoPEOpenLinkInfo;	
Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEwOpenAll (	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)
unsigned RcvBuffers	Number of requested receiver buffers for messages. This number of messages can be stored inside DoPE until they are read with DoPEGetMsg function.
unsigned XmitBuffers	Number of requested transmitter buffers for messages. This number of messages can be stored inside DoPE. They will be transmitted by DoPE to EDC.
unsigned DataBuffers	Number of requested data buffers. The measuring data record will be stored inside DoPE in a circular buffer. If data are not read with DoPEGetData the oldest record will be overwritten!
unsigned APIVersion	DoPE API version used by the DoPE user.
void *Reserved	Reserved for future use
unsigned InfoTableMaxEntries	Number of entries that can be stored to the info table.
unsigned *InfoTableValidEntries	Pointer to storage for the number of valid entries in the info table.
DoPEwOpenLinkInfo InfoTable[ ])	Infotable will be filled by with all detected EDC's
typedef struct {	
DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl;	
unsigned PortType; /* DoPEPORT_USB or DoPEPORT_LAN */	
DoPE_wPORTINFO PortInfo;	
DoPEwModuleInfo ModuleInfo;	
} DoPEwOpenLinkInfo;	

### 3.3 DoPECloseAll / DoPEwCloseAll

Close all DoPE links previously opened by DoPEOpenAll / DoPEwOpenAll.

**Minimum requirements:**

DoPECloseAll EDC580/220, DoPE 2.59  
DoPEwCloseAll EDC580/220, DoPE 2.65

Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPECloseAll ( unsigned DoPEOpenLinkInfo InfoTableValidEntries InfoTable[ ] )	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) Number of valid entries in the info table. Info table containing valid DoPE handles for all links to close. All DoPE handles in the InfoTable are set to NULL.
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEwCloseAll ( unsigned DoPEwOpenLinkInfo InfoTableValidEntries InfoTable[ ] )	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) Number of valid entries in the info table. Info table containing valid DoPE handles for all links to close. All DoPE handles in the InfoTable are set to NULL.

### 3.4 DoPEPortInfo / DoPEwPortInfo / DoPECurrentPortInfo / DoPEwCurrentPortInfo

Get the port information for PC-communication ports (COM, USB, LAN)

DoPEPortInfo will return strings in ASCII, while DoPEwPortInfo will return wide character strings.

**Minimum requirements:**

DoPEPortInfo DoPE 2.50  
DoPEwPortInfo DoPE 2.65  
DoPE(w)CurrentPortInfo DoPE 2.70

Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEPortInfo ( unsigned Port, unsigned First, DoPE_PORTINFO *pPortInfo )	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) (DPXERR_BADPORT if no more port info is available) Communication Port Type. (DoPEPORT_USB, DoPEPORT_LAN or DoPEPORT_COM ) != 0: get the first port information == 0: get the next port information pointer to port info structure
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEwPortInfo ( unsigned Port, unsigned First, DoPE_wPORTINFO *pPortInfo )	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) (DPXERR_BADPORT if no more port info is available) Communication Port Type. (DoPEPORT_USB, DoPEPORT_LAN or DoPEPORT_COM ) != 0: get the first port information == 0: get the next port information pointer to port info structure

Get the current port information of an established link

DoPEPortInfo will return strings in ASCII, while DoPEwPortInfo will return wide character strings.

Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPECurrentPortInfo ( DoPE_HANDLE DoPE_PORTINFO *pPortInfo )	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle pointer to port info structure
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEwCurrentPortInfo ( DoPE_HANDLE DoPE_wPORTINFO *pPortInfo )	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle pointer to port info structure
<pre>typedef struct {     DWORD      Ix;                      /* Device index          */     char       Name[DoPE_PORTNAMELEN];   /* Device name          */     DWORD      ComPort;                 /* COM port (0=COM1,...) */     MAC        NicMAC;                 /* NIC address          */ } DoPE_PORTINFO;</pre>	

```
typedef struct
{
    DWORD      Ix;          /* Device index           */
    wchar_t    Name[DoPE_PORTNAMELEN]; /* Device name           */
    DWORD      ComPort;     /* COM port               */
    MAC        NicMAC;     /* NIC address            */
} DoPE_wPORTINFO;
```

### 3.5 DoPECloseLink

Close the link and free all allocated memory.

After this call DoPEHdl is invalid and all further calls with this DoPEHdl will return with an error.

**Minimum requirements:** DoPE 2.21

Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPECloseLink ( DoPE_HANDLE	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle

## 4 Message and Data handling

### 4.1 DoPECurrentData

Get current samples from receiver buffer.

DoPE receives measuring data in an adjustable time scale. The data record is stored inside DoPE in a circular buffer. You can read the latest data record with this function.

For definition of DoPEData record refer to Page 145.

**Minimum requirements:** DoPE 2.20

Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPE_CURRENTDATA DoPE_HANDLE DoPEData	DoPECurrentData( DoPEHdl, *Sample)

### 4.2 DoPEClearReceiver

Discard all received messages. If you want to get rid of old messages, that are of no interest any more, use this command.

Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPE_CLEARRECEIVER DoPE_HANDLE	DoPEClearReceiver ( DoPEHdl)

### 4.3 DoPEClearTransmitter

Discard all unsent transmitter buffers

Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPE_CLEARTRANSMITTER DoPE_HANDLE	DoPEClearTransmitter ( DoPEHdl)

## 4.4 DoPEGetErrors

Get current error counter values. DoPE counts all sort of communication errors. You may read these errors by using this command.

The DoPEError-structure contains several communication error counters. Whenever an error is detected, the appropriate counter is increased by one. This error counters are useful to analyze communication problems.

Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEGetErrors( DoPE_HANDLE DoPEError * Error)	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Pointer to buffer for error counters
typedef struct { unsigned Parity; unsigned Overrun; unsigned Frame; unsigned InvACK; unsigned NoBuffer; unsigned DLESeq; unsigned BufOverflow; unsigned BccErr; unsigned MwError; } DoPEError;	Error counters DoPE link handle Parity errors Overrun errors Framing movement Invalid ACKs received No receiver buffer available Invalid DLE sequence Receiver buffer overflow Checksum error Invalid sample encoding

## 4.5 DoPEClearErrors

Clear current error counter values.

**Minimum requirements:** DoPE 2.51

Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEClearErrors( DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl)	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle

## 4.6 DoPEGetState

Get state information structure.

Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEGetState ( *Status DoPEState DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl)	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) Pointer to buffer for state information DoPE link handle
typedef struct { unsigned ComState; unsigned RcvBuffer; unsigned XmitBuffer; } DoPEState;	Communication state Number messages in receive queue Number of messages to be transmitted

**Constants for ComState**

COM_STATE_OFF	Link is disabled
COM_STATE_OFFLINE	Link is offline
COM_STATE_INITCYCLE	Link is initializing
COM_STATE_ONLINE	Link is established and OnLine

## 5 Movement commands

DoPE provides several commands for moving the cross head of a machine. The movement may be in different control modes, such as position, load or extension control. There are simple commands like move up, or down with a certain speed without explicit destination, or commands with a given destination. Furthermore DoPE supplies commands with a destination in another control channel such as go in position control to a load destination, and cyclic commands.

For most of the movement commands DoPE provides a command that uses default acceleration e.g. DoPEPos and another where acceleration and deceleration are specified in the command e.g. DoPEPos\_A. Furthermore, all movement commands exist in an asynchronous version e.g. DoPEPos, and a synchronous version e.g. DoPEPosSynch. (See 2.4)

After a movement has been finished, the event OnPosMsg will be activated.

A new movement command terminates an active movement command.

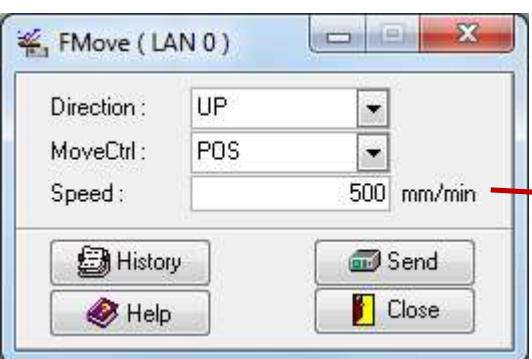
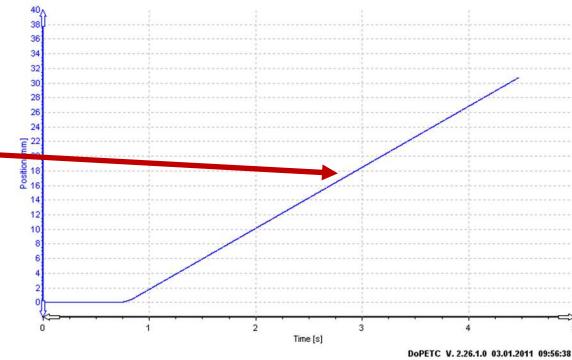
### 5.1 Simple movement commands

#### 5.1.1 DoPEFMove(Sync), DoPEFMove\_A(Sync)

Move crosshead in the specified control mode and speed UP or DOWN. As an implicit limit of this command, softend's are used, if active.

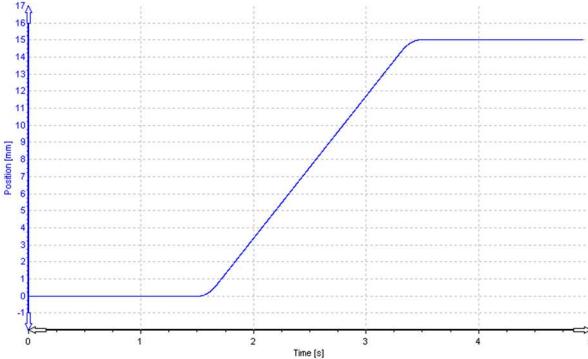
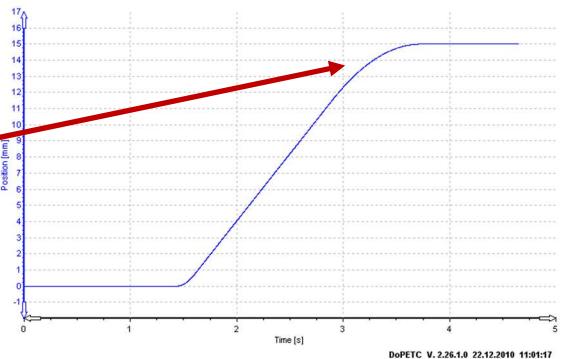
##### Minimum requirements:

DoPEFMove\_A(Sync) EDC120/60, EdcApp 9123.11 / 9133.007, DoPE 2.57

	
<b>Function declaration</b>	<b>Description</b>
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPE_HANDLE DoPEfMove( unsigned short Direction, unsigned short MoveCtrl, double Speed, WORD * lpusTAN );</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)  DoPE link handle  Direction of movement  Control mode of movement (CTRL_xxx)  Speed for movement  Pointer to transaction number.</p>
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPE_HANDLE DoPEfMove_A( unsigned short Direction, unsigned short MoveCtrl, double Acc, double Speed, WORD * lpusTAN );</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)  DoPE link handle  Direction of movement  Control mode of movement (CTRL_xxx)  Acceleration  Speed for movement  Pointer to transaction number.</p>

### 5.1.2 DoPEPos(Sync), DoPEPos\_A(Sync)

Move cross-head in the specified control mode and speed to the given destination.  
DoPEPos will use the default acceleration while DoPEPos\_A uses the given acceleration.

	
Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEPos (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl,     unsigned short MoveCtrl,     double Speed,     double Destination     WORD * lpusTAN );</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)  DoPE link handle  Control mode (CTRL_xxx)  Speed for movement  Final destination  Pointer to transaction number.</p>
	
Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEPos_A (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl,     unsigned short MoveCtrl,     double Acc     double Speed,     double Dec     double Destination     WORD * lpusTAN );</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)  DoPE link handle  Control mode (CTRL_xxx)  Acceleration  Speed for movement  Deceleration  Final destination  Pointer to transaction number.</p>

### 5.1.3 DoPEPosExt(Sync), DoPEPosExt\_A(Sync)

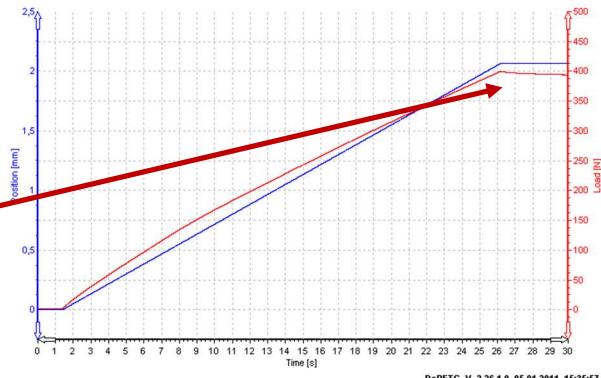
Move cross-head in the specified control mode 'MoveCtrl' and 'Speed' to the given 'Destination'.

'DestinationCtrl' may be different to 'MoveCtrl'. Default acceleration and deceleration will be used.

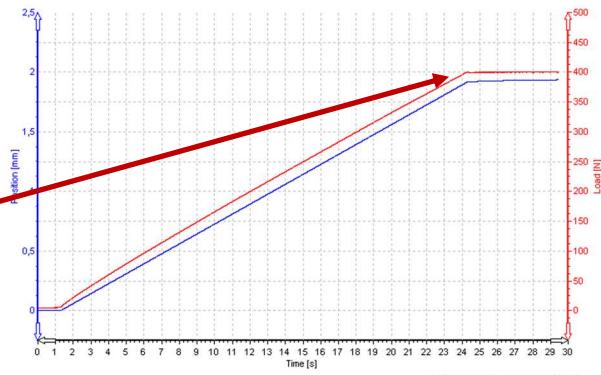
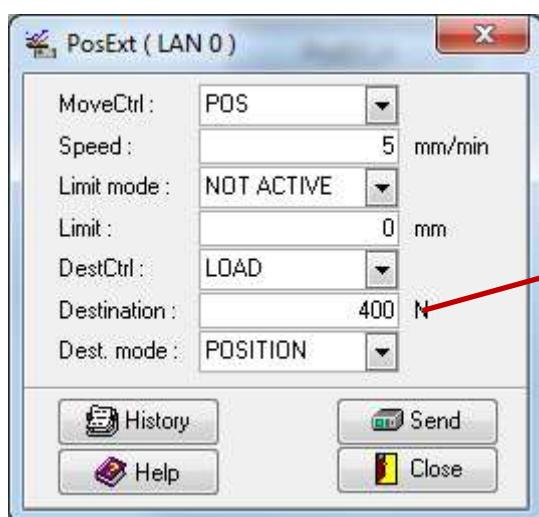
The Parameter 'DestinationMode' specifies how to reach destination position and the action after reaching it.

In case the limit position is reached before destination position, cross-head will be halted in 'MoveCtrl' at limit position.

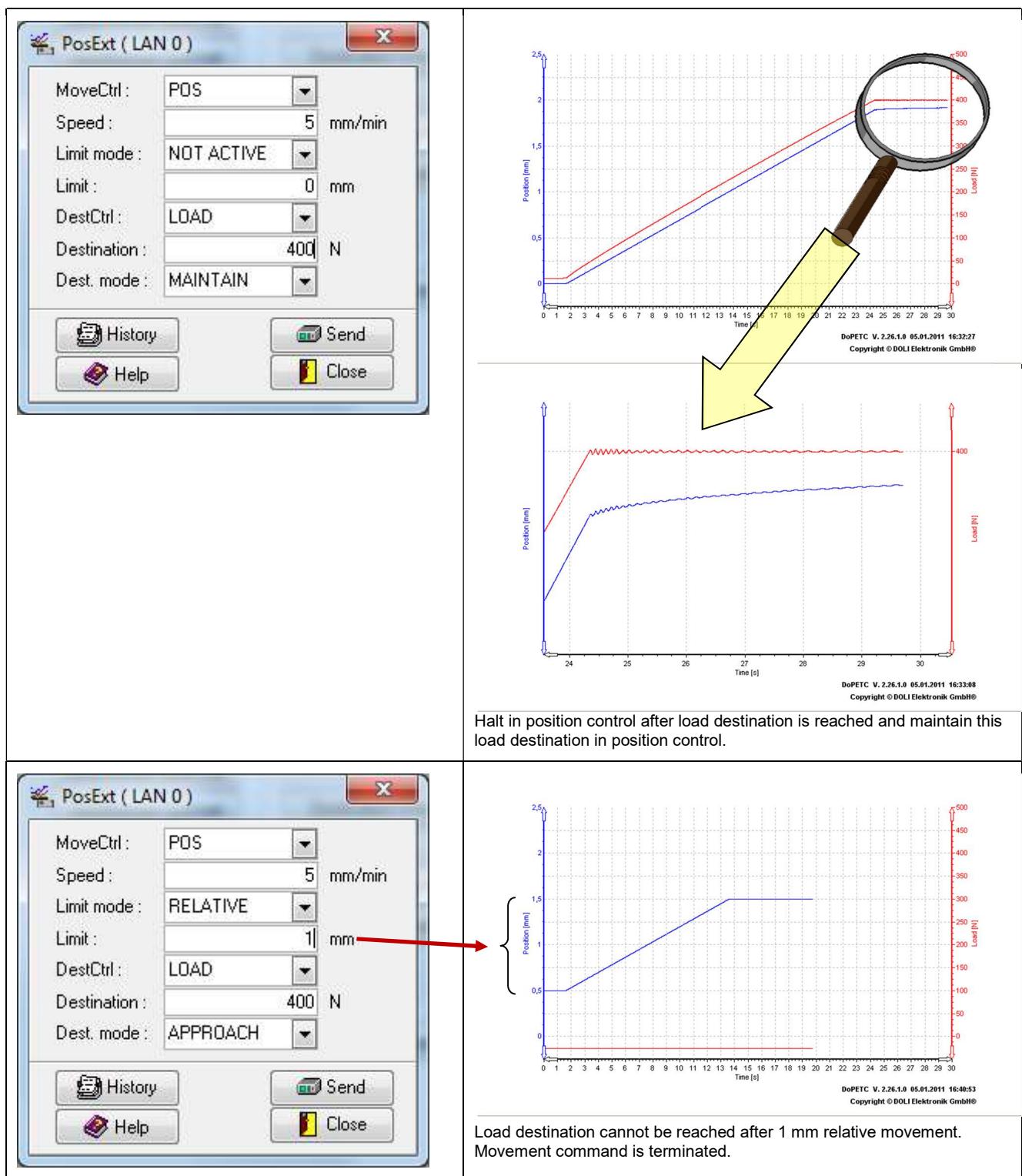
**Minimum requirements:** EDC120/60, DoPE 2.21

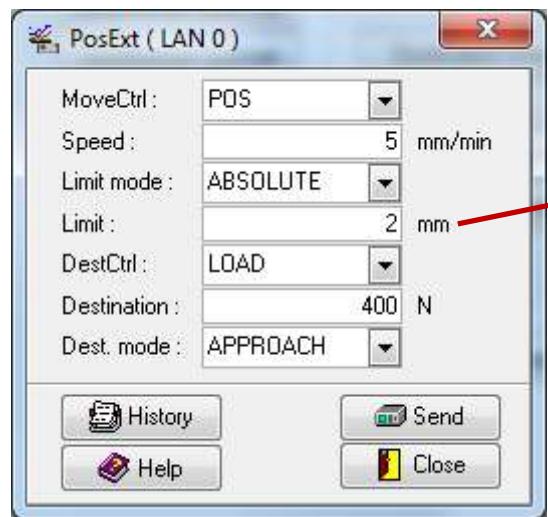
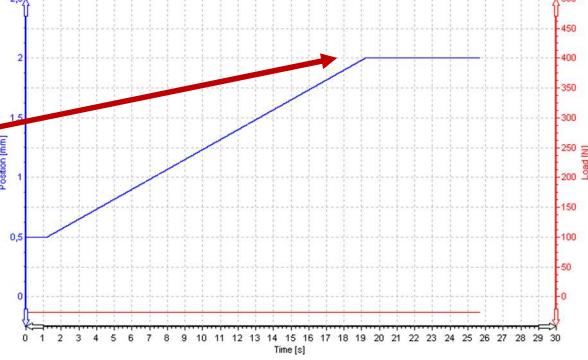


Halt in position control after load destination is reached.  
Due to specimen relaxation, load will decrease!



Switch to load control just before load destination is reached. Load is kept constant, position is increasing, due to specimen relaxation.

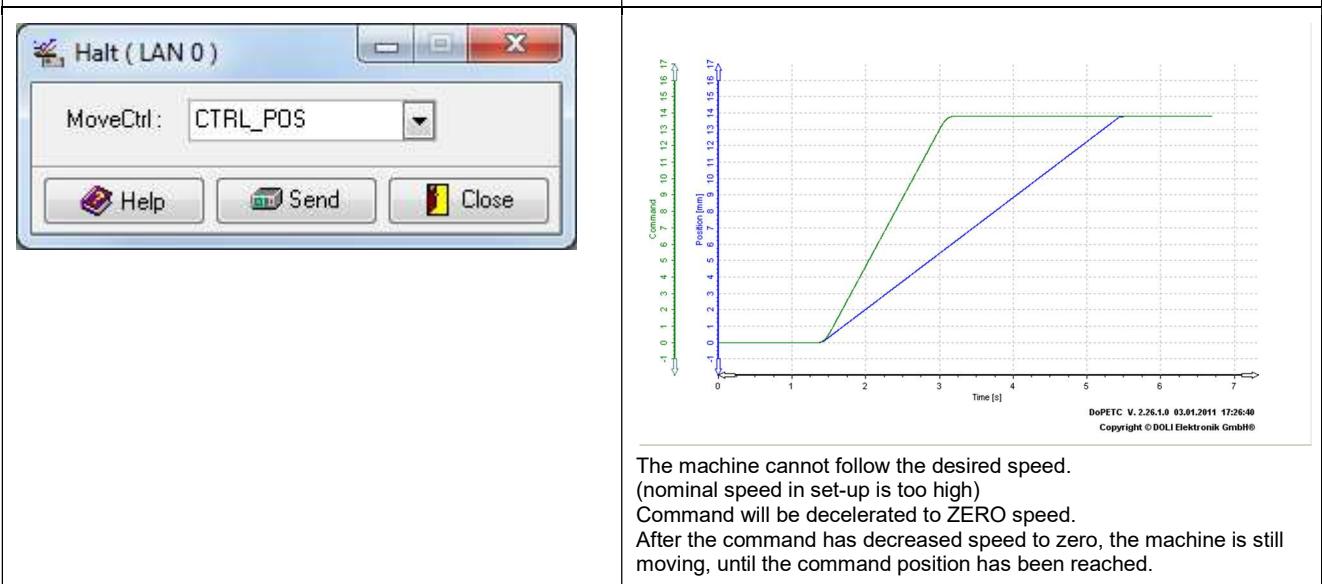
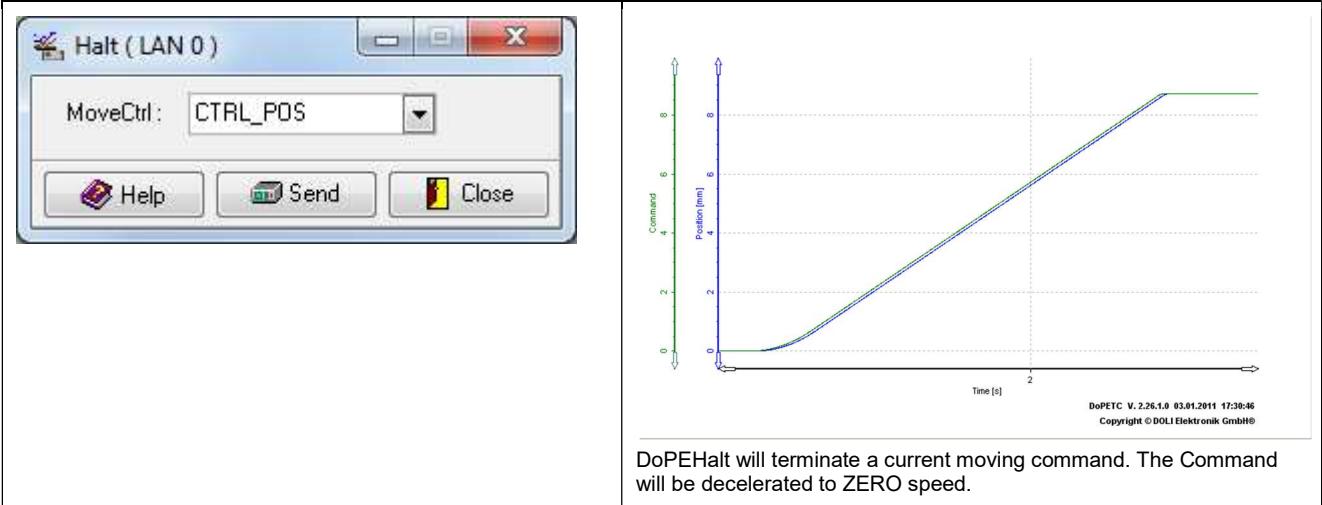


	 <p>DoPETC V. 2.26.1.0 05.01.2011 16:43:35 Copyright © DOLI Elektronik GmbH®</p>
Load destination cannot be reached after the absolute position of 2mm is reached. Movement command is terminated.	
<b>Function declaration</b>	<b>Description</b>
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPE_HANDLE DoPEPosExt (     unsigned short double     unsigned short     double     unsigned short     double     unsigned short     double     unsigned short     double     unsigned short     WORD * )	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Control mode (CTRL_xxx) Speed for movement <b>LIMIT_ABSOLUTE:</b> Limit is a absolute position <b>LIMIT_RELATIVE:</b> Limit is a distance (relative) position <b>LIMIT_NOT_ACTIVE:</b> No Limit is active Limit position in case Destination cannot be reached Channel definition for destination (CTRL_xxx) Final destination <b>DEST_APPROACH:</b> Halt after reaching destination, do not change control mode. <b>DEST_POSITION:</b> Switch to 'DestinationCtrl' just before 'Destination' is reached. Then move to 'Destination'. <b>DEST_MANTAIN:</b> No change of control mode at destination but maintain destination in 'MoveCtrl' mode. Pointer to transaction number.
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPE_HANDLE DoPEPosExt_A (     unsigned short     double     double     double     unsigned short     double     unsigned short     double     double     unsigned short     WORD * )	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Control mode (CTRL_xxx) Acceleration Speed for movement Deceleration at Limit <b>LIMIT_ABSOLUTE:</b> Limit is a absolute position <b>LIMIT_RELATIVE:</b> Limit is a distance (relative) position <b>LIMIT_NOT_ACTIVE:</b> No Limit is active Limit position in case Destination cannot be reached Channel definition for destination (CTRL_xxx) Deceleration at Limit Final destination <b>DEST_APPROACH:</b> Halt after reaching destination, do not change control mode. <b>DEST_POSITION:</b> Switch to 'DestinationCtrl' just before 'Destination' is reached. Then move to 'Destination'. <b>DEST_MANTAIN:</b> No change of control mode at destination but maintain destination in 'MoveCtrl' mode. Pointer to transaction number.

## 5.2 Halt commands

### 5.2.1 DoPEHalt(Sync), DoPEHalt\_A(Sync)

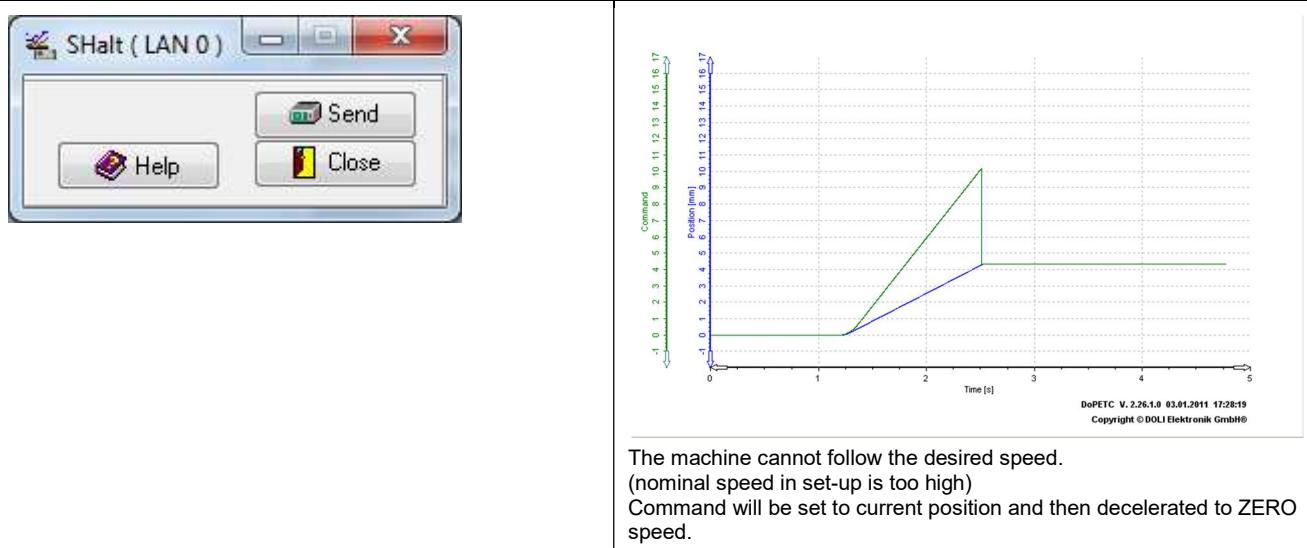
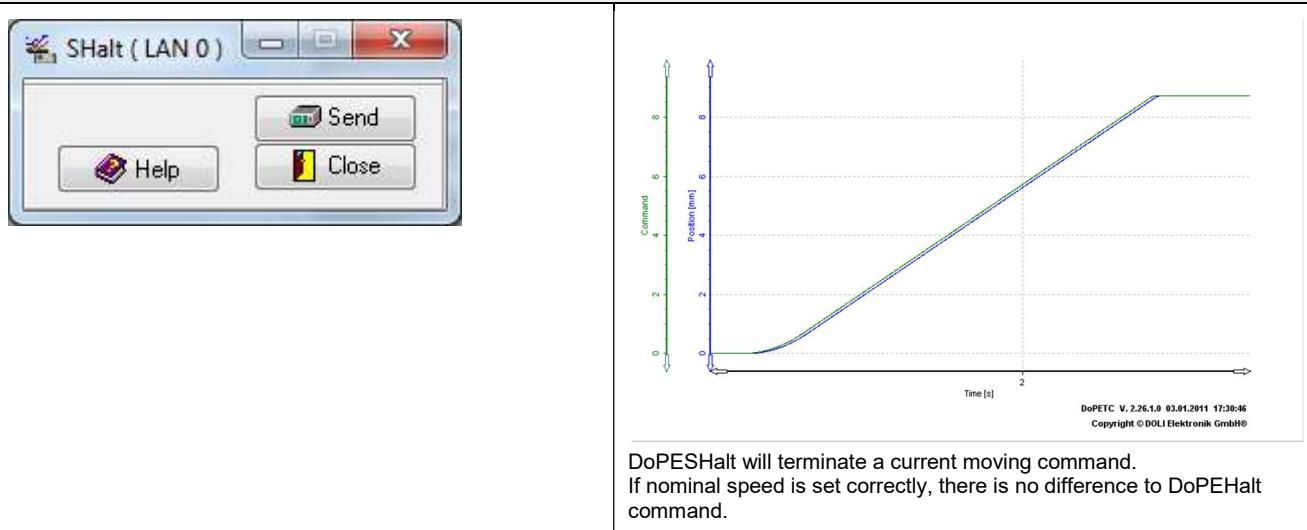
HALT is understood as a deceleration from current speed to speed zero. This is done by the build in position generator. If not specified by the halt command default deceleration will be used. The final destination position cannot be specified, it depends on current speed and deceleration.



Function declaration	Description	Unit
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHalt( unsigned short WORD *;</pre>	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Control mode (CTRL_xxx) Pointer to transaction number.	
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHalt_A( unsigned short double WORD *;</pre>	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Control mode of movement (CTRL_xxx) Deceleration Pointer to transaction number.	Unit/s <sup>2</sup>

### 5.2.2 DoPESHalt(Sync)

Instant Halt of cross-head in position control mode. If needed, the control mode is changed to position control. Before decelerating with default deceleration, the command is set to the current position. This is the fastest method to halt the machine in position control.

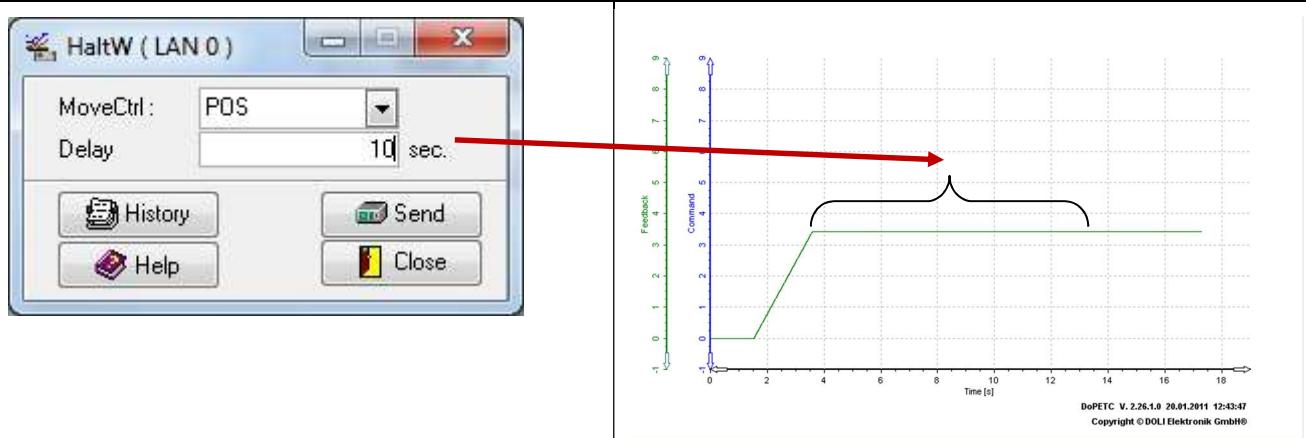


Function declaration	Description	Unit
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPE_HANDLE WORD * DoPESHalt(DoPEHdl, ipusTAN );	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Pointer to transaction number.	

### 5.2.3 DoPEHaltW(Sync), DoPEHaltW\_A(Sync)

Decelerate from current speed to speed zero and wait delay time. After delay time has expired, the command has finished and a position reached message is generated.

This command is only useful inside a combined movement command.

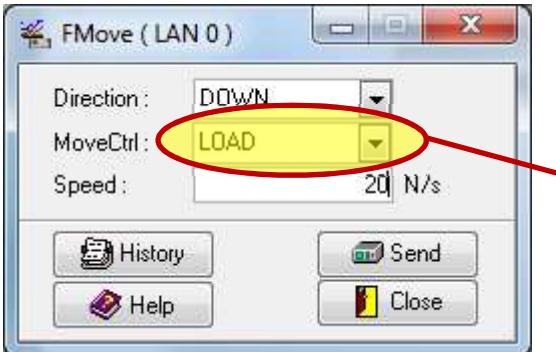
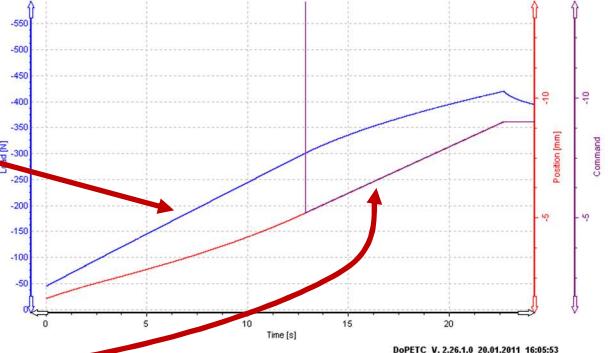


DoPEHalt will terminate a current moving command. The message, indicating the end of this command will be delayed. (here 10 seconds)

Function declaration	Description	Unit
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPE_HANDLE unsigned short double WORD * </pre> <code>DoPEHaltW( DoPEHdl, MoveCtrl, Delay IpusTAN );</code>	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Control mode (CTRL_xxx) Delay time Pointer to transaction number.	s
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPE_HANDLE unsigned short double WORD * </pre> <code>DoPEHaltW_A( DoPEHdl, MoveCtrl, Dec Delay IpusTAN );</code>	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Control mode of movement (CTRL_xxx) Deceleration Delay time Pointer to transaction number.	Unit/s <sup>2</sup> s

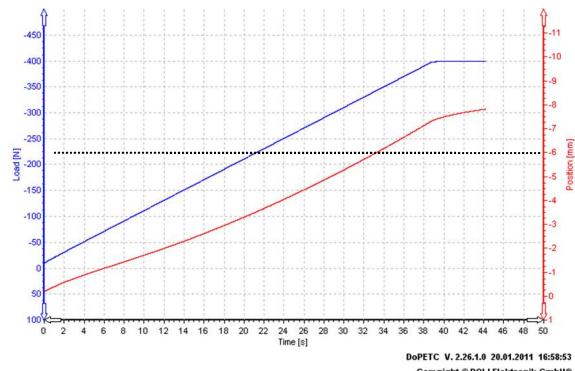
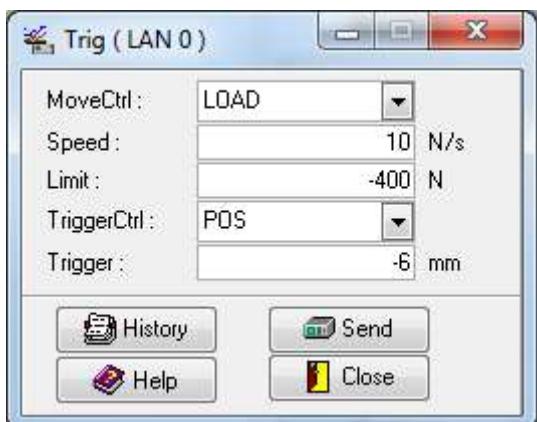
### 5.2.4 DoPEXpCont(Sync),DoPEXpCont\_A(Sync)

Change control mode and continue movement in the new control mode with the current speed.

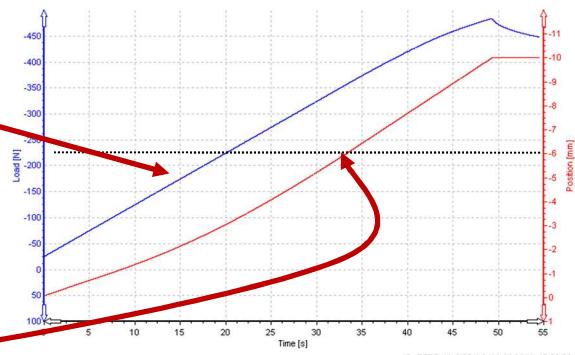
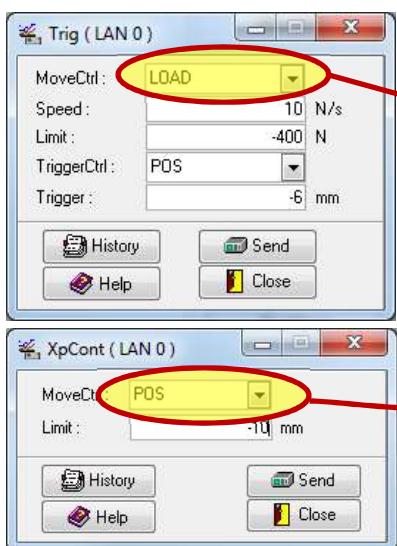
 	 <p>Machine is moving in load control with 20 N/s. At about 17 s, the DoPEXpCont command switches to position control, and continues with the current speed in position. After reaching the Limit position, the command is terminated.</p>
<b>Function declaration</b>	<b>Description</b>
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEXpCont(     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl,     unsigned short MoveCtrl,     double Limit     WORD * lpusTAN );</pre>	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Control mode (CTRL_xxx) Limit position Pointer to transaction number.  Unit
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEXpCont_A(     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl,     unsigned short MoveCtrl,     double Limit     double Dec     WORD * lpusTAN );</pre>	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Control mode of movement (CTRL_xxx) Limit position Deceleration Pointer to transaction number.  Unit Unit/s <sup>2</sup>

### 5.2.5 DoPETrig(Sync), DoPETrig\_A(Sync)

Move cross-head with the specified speed to the limit position. If the trigger position is reached a message will be transmitted and if used inside a combined moving sequence, the next command is activated.



Move in load control with 10 N/s to -400N. A trigger message is generated at -6mm position. Upon this, the PC program may send another e.g. moving command.



The DoPETrig command can be used inside a combined moving command. Upon reaching -6mm, the next command will be automatically started. Here go with the current speed in position to -10mm.

Function declaration	Description	Unit
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPETrig(     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl,     unsigned short MoveCtrl,     double Speed,     double Limit,     unsigned short TriggerCtrl,     double Trigger,     WORD * lpusTAN );</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Control mode (CTRL_xxx)          Speed for movement          Limit position in case Destination cannot be reached          Control mode for trigger channel(CTRL_xxx)          Trigger level          Pointer to transaction number.</p>	Unit/s
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPETrig_A(     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl,     unsigned short MoveCtrl,     double Acc,     double Speed,     double Dec,     double Limit,     unsigned short TriggerCtrl,     double Trigger,     WORD * lpusTAN );</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Control mode (CTRL_xxx)          Acceleration          Speed for movement          Deceleration          Limit position in case Destination cannot be reached          Control mode for trigger channel(CTRL_xxx)          Trigger level          Pointer to transaction number.</p>	Units/s <sup>2</sup> Unit/s Units/s <sup>2</sup>

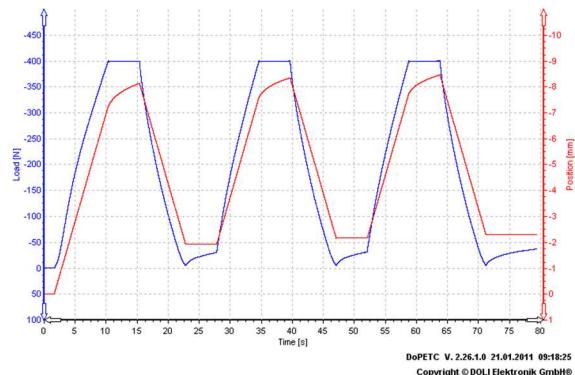
## 5.3 Combined movement commands

### 5.3.1 DoPEStartCMD(Sync),DoPEEndCMD(Sync)

All simple moving commands can be used inside a combined movement command. The combined movement command starts with DoPEStartCMD and ends with DoPEEndCMD.



```
DoPEPosExt(CTRL_POS, 0.833, LIMIT_RELATIVE, 10,
           CTRL_LOAD, -400, DEST_POSITION);
DoPEHaltW(CTRL_LOAD, 5);
DoPEPosExt(CTRL_POS, 0.833, LIMIT_RELATIVE, 10,
           CTRL_LOAD, -5, DEST_APPROACH)
DoPEHaltW(CTRL_POS, 5);
```



Repeat following sequence 3 times:

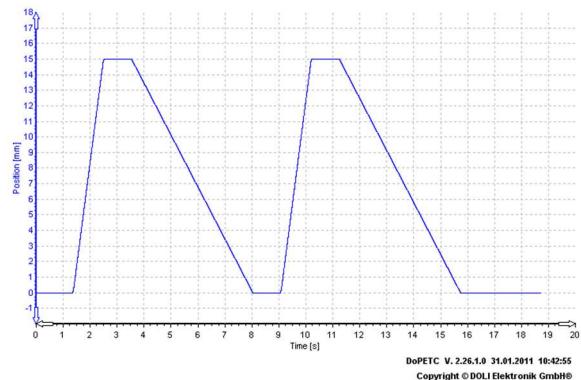
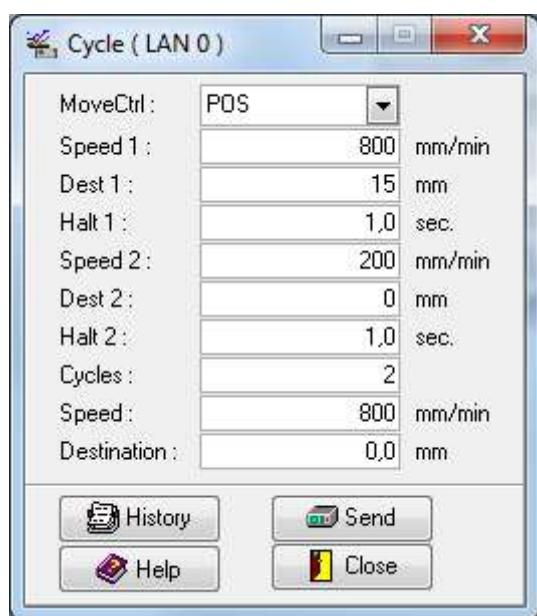
1. Go in position control with 8.33 mm/s (50 mm/min) to -400N and switch to load control.
2. Keep load for 5 seconds.
3. Go in position control with 8.33 mm/s (50 mm/min) to -5 mm and halt in position control.
4. Keep position for 5 seconds.

Function declaration	Description	Unit
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPE_HANDLE unsigned long unsigned short</pre>	<p>DoPEStartCMD (</p> <p>DoPEHdl, Cycles, ModeFlags</p> <p>WORD * IpusTAN );</p> <p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Number of cycles to be done Flags. Both flags may be 'ored'. <b>CMD_DWND</b>: Supervise destination window. Next command is started after the current reaches its destination window. Otherwise the next command is started, after the command value reaches its destination <b>CMD_MESSAGE</b>: Report intermediate destinations. For each single command a message (OnTPos) is sent after it was finished.</p> <p>After the last command in the sequence is finished a message (OnPos) is always sent. Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>	
<pre>extern unsignedDLLAPI DoPE_HANDLE unsigned short</pre>	<p>DoPEEndCMD(</p> <p>DoPEHdl, Operation, WORD * IpusTAN );</p> <p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle <b>CMD_START</b>: Start the command sequence. <b>CMD_DISCARD</b>: Discard the command sequence. Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>	

## 5.4 Complex moving commands

### 5.4.1 DoPECycle(Sync)

Cycle movement using ramps.



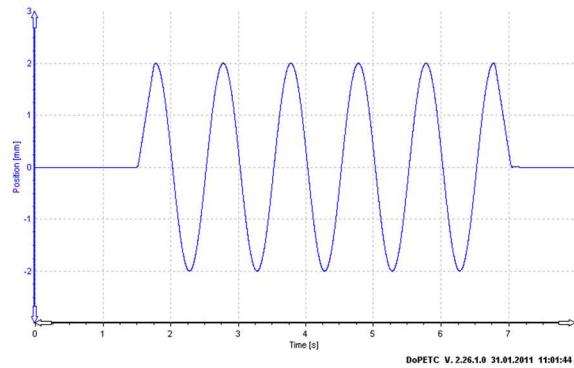
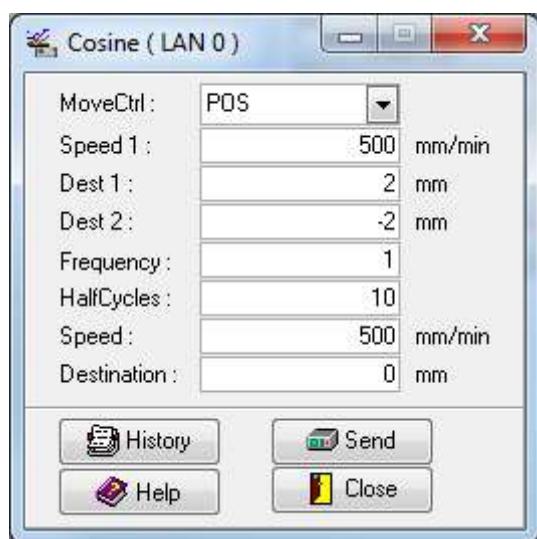
Go with 800mm/min to 15mm, Halt 15mm for 1 second, go with 200mm/min to 0mm and halt 0mm for 1 second.

Repeat this sequence two times.

Function declaration	Description	Unit
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPECycle(     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl,     unsigned short MoveCtrl,     double Speed1,     double Dest1,     double Halt1,     double Speed2,     double Dest2,     double Halt2,     unsigned long Cycles,     double Speed,     double Destination,     WORD *lpusTAN)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Control mode (CTRL_xxx)          Speed to reach destination 1          Destination 1          Halt time at destination 1          Speed to reach destination 2          Destination 2          Halt time at destination 2          Number of cycles          Speed to final destination          Final destination          Pointer to transaction number.</p>	Unit/s Unit s Unit/s Unit s Unit/s Unit

### 5.4.2 DoPECosine(Sync)

Cosine movement.



Go with 500mm/min to 2mm.

Start Cosine to -2mm. Repeat cosine half cycle 10 times

Go with 500 mm/min to 0mm.

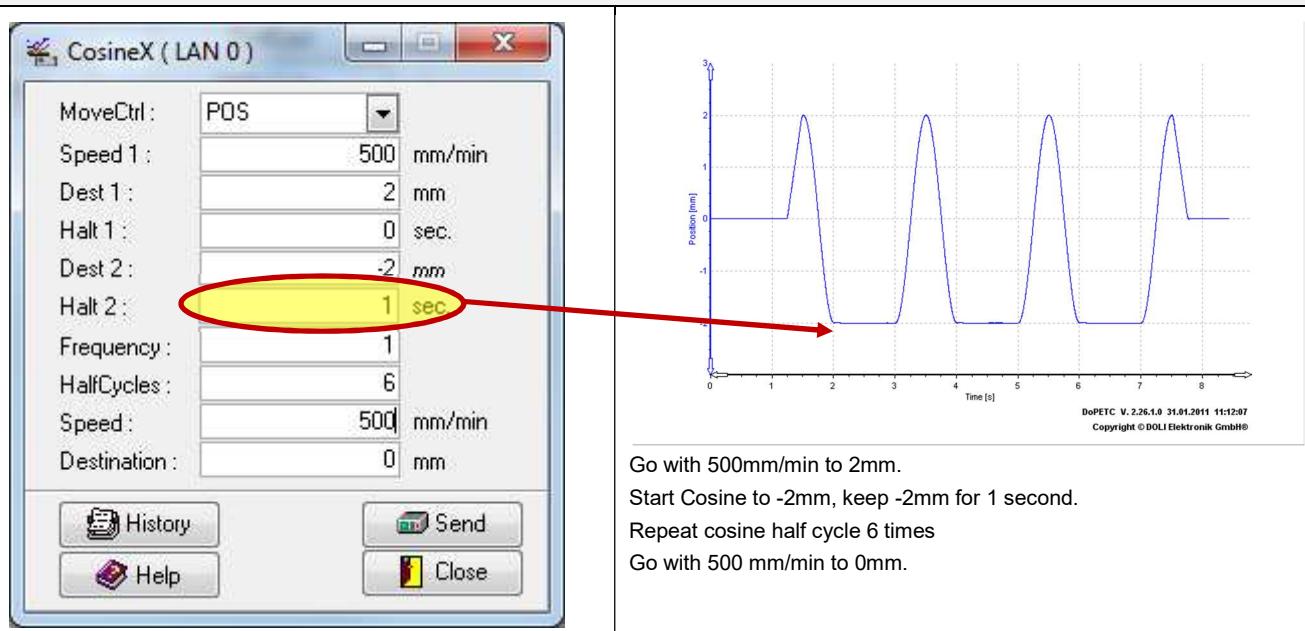
Function declaration	Description	Unit
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPECosine(     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short MoveCtrl     double Speed1     double Dest1     double Dest2     double Frequency     unsigned long HalfCycles     double Speed     double Destination     WORD *IpusTAN</pre>	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Control mode (CTRL_xxx) Speed to reach destination 1 Destination 1 Destination 2 Cosine frequency Number of half cycles Speed to final destination Final destination Pointer to transaction number.	Unit/s Unit Unit 1/s Unit/s Unit

For modification of Dest1, Dest2, or Frequency of an active DoPECosine, resend the command with HalfCycles = ZERO and modified other parameters.

If Speed1 or Speed parameters are ZERO, the ramp to reach Dest1 or Destination will be automatically calculated.

### 5.4.3 DoPECosineX(Sync)

Cosine movement with halt times at peak and valley positions.



Go with 500mm/min to 2mm.

Start Cosine to -2mm, keep -2mm for 1 second.

Repeat cosine half cycle 6 times

Go with 500 mm/min to 0mm.

Function declaration	Description	Unit
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPECosineX (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short MoveCtrl     double Speed1     double Dest1     double Halt1     double Dest2     double Halt2     double Frequency     unsigned long HalfCycles     double Speed     double Destination     WORD *lpusTAN</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Control mode (CTRL_xxx)          Speed to reach destination 1          Destination 1          Halt time at Destination 1          Destination 2          Halt time at Destination 2          Cosine frequency          Number of half cycles          Speed to final destination          Final destination          Pointer to transaction number.</p>	Unit/s Unit s Unit s 1/s Unit/s Unit

For modification of Dest1, Halt1, Dest2, Halt1, or Frequency of an active DoPECosineX, resend the command with HalfCycles = ZERO and modified other parameters.

If Speed1 or Speed parameters are ZERO, the ramp to reach Dest1 or Destination will be automatically calculated.

#### 5.4.4 DoPECosinePeakCtrl (Sync)

Activate peak value control for currently active cosine command. The cosine command value for the control loop will be varied (pilot control) to keep the measured peaks close to the desired (peak value control).

**Minimum requirements:** DoPE 2.51



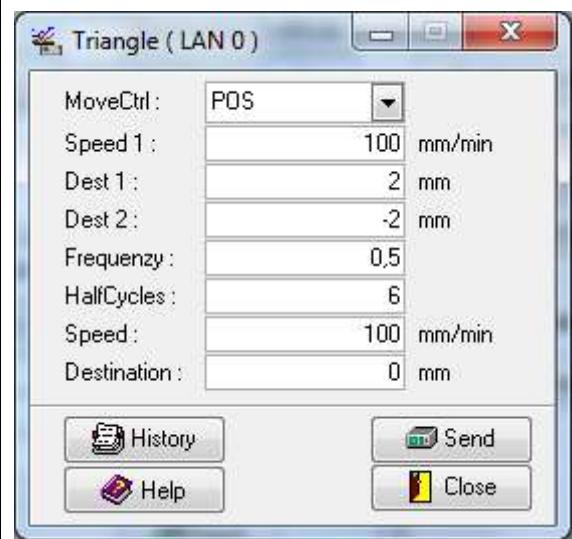
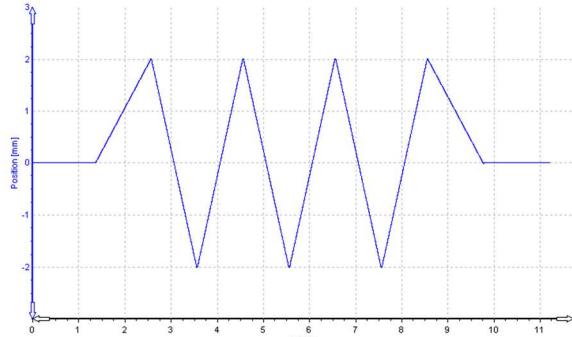
Function declaration	Description	Unit
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPE_HANDLE unsigned short double double unsigned short WORD</pre>	<p>DoPECosinePeakCtrl (DoPEHdl Mode Dest1 Dest2 Cycles *ipusTAN)</p> <p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Mode, see below Corrected Destination 1 (only used for COS_PCT_AUTO1 and COS_PCT_MANUAL modes) Corrected Destination 1 (only used for COS_PCT_AUTO1 and COS_PCT_MANUAL modes) Peak control is active every xx cycles (0,1,2,4,8,16) Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>	

Modes for DoPECosinePeakCtrl:

COS_PCT_AUTO1	Automatic peak value control with Start values. Peak control is activated with the peak values (Destination 1 and 2). After xx cycle's peak values will be automatically controlled.
COS_PCT_AUTO2	Automatic peak value control without Start values. Every xx cycles peak values will be automatically controlled.
COS_PCT_MANUAL	Manual peak control. Destination 1 and 2 will be used for the cosine function generator.
COS_PCT_KEEP	Stop peak control, keep the found values.
COS_PCT_CONTINUE	Continue peak control, use the previously values.
COS_PCT_RESET	Reset peak control, zero values.

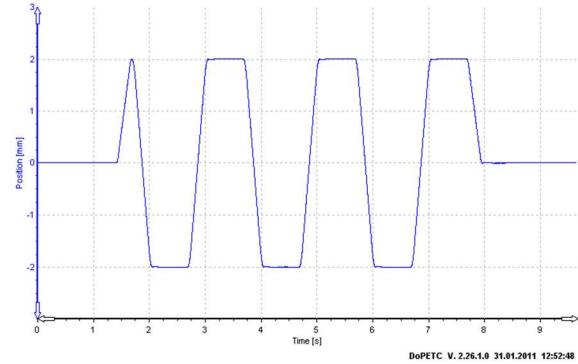
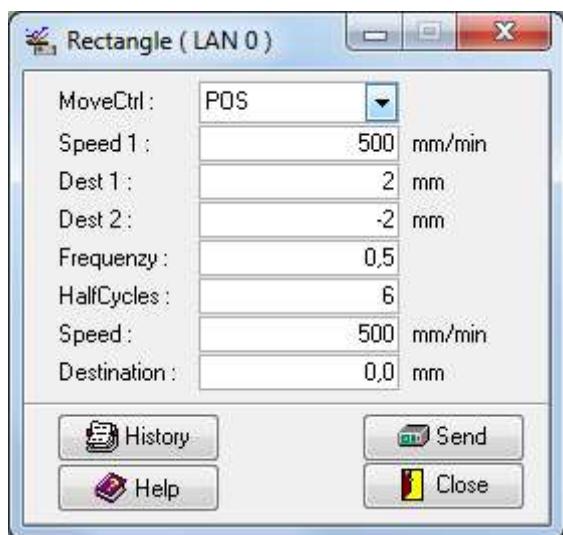
### 5.4.5 DoPETriangle(Sync)

Triangular cyclic movement.

	 <p>DoPETC V. 2.26.1.0 31.01.2011 12:30:51 Copyright © DOLI Elektronik GmbH®</p>
<b>Function declaration</b> <pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPETriangle (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short MoveCtrl     double Speed1     double Dest1     double Dest2     double Frequency     unsigned long HalfCycles     double Speed     double Destination     WORD *IpusTAN</pre>	<b>Description</b> <p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)      DoPE link handle      Control mode (CTRL_xxx)      Speed to reach destination 1      Destination 1      Destination 2      Triangle frequency      Number of half cycles      Speed to final destination      Final destination      Pointer to transaction number.</p>

### 5.4.6 DoPERectangle(Sync)

Rectangular cyclic movement.



Go with 500mm/min to 2mm.

Start Rectangle to -2mm. Repeat rectangle half cycle 6 times.

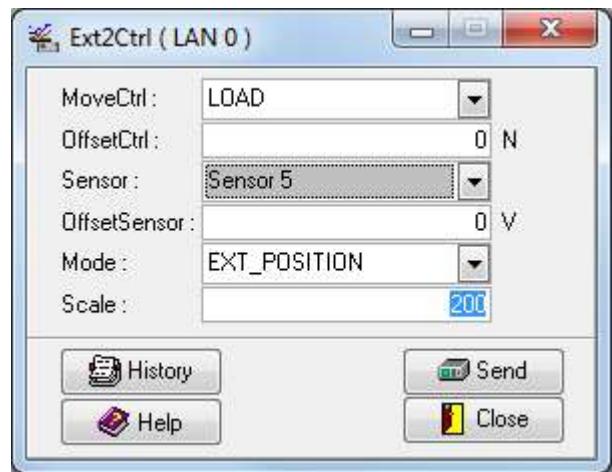
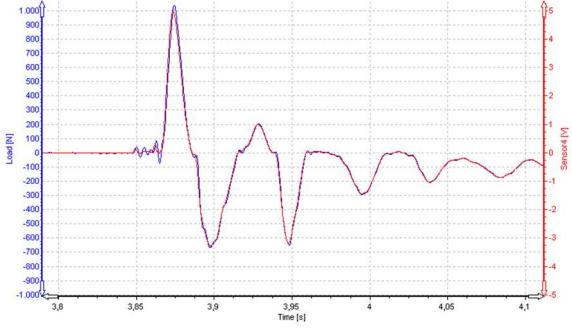
Go with 500 mm/min to 0mm.

Function declaration	Description	Unit
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPERectangle(     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short MoveCtrl     double Speed1     double Dest1     double Dest2     double Frequency     unsigned long HalfCycles     double Speed     double Destination     WORD *IpusTAN</pre>	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Control mode (CTRL_xxx) Speed to reach destination 1 Destination 1 Destination 2 Rectangle frequency Number of half cycles Speed to final destination Final destination Pointer to transaction number.	Unit/s Unit Unit Unit 1/s Unit/s Unit

### 5.4.7 DoPEExt2Ctrl(Sync)

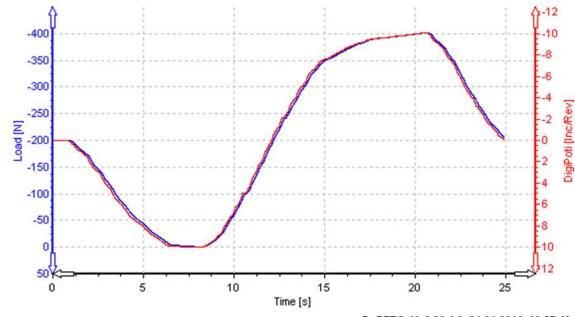
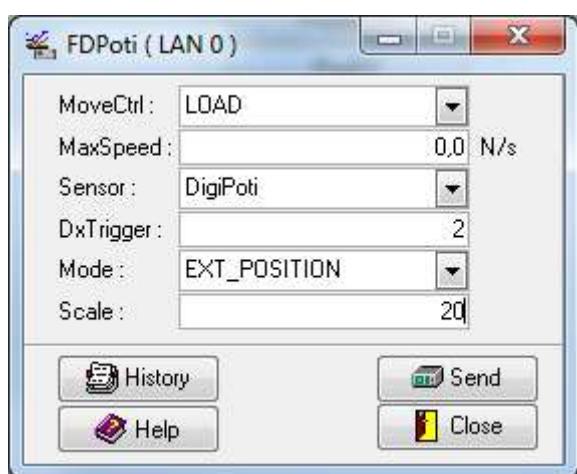
Move cross-head according to an external command signal. You may supply a random function to an A/D converter and specify movement according to this random function. Scaling of the command- and sensor-system is done by offsets and scale. Following formula is used:

$$\text{Output} = (\text{externalCommandValue} - \text{OffsetSensor}) \bullet \text{Scale} + \text{OffsetCtrl}$$

	 <p>Follow external signal at Sensor4 in load control. 0V at Sensor4 will be ON, 10V at Sensor4 will be 2000N.</p>
<b>Function declaration</b> <pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEExt2Ctrl (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short MoveCtrl     double OffsetCtrl     unsigned short SensorNo     double OffsetSensor     unsigned short Mode     double Scale ) WORD *IpusTAN)</pre>	<b>Description</b> <p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)      DoPE link handle      Control mode (CTRL_xxx)      Offset for position, load or extension      Sensor number for the external command signal      Offset for external command signal      various position or speed control modes (see next page)      Scaling factor for external command signal      Scale = 1 for POSITION mode:          Nominal value of external command          (e.g. 10V, or 1 round of a encoder)          represents one unit of the control channel          (e.g. 1mm, or 1N, or 1kN)      Scale = 1 for SPEED mode:          Nominal value of external command          (e.g. 10V, or 1 round of a encoder)          represents nominal speed of the control channel          (e.g. 20mm/s, or 100kN/s)      Scale = 1 for OPENLOOP mode:          Nominal value of external command          (e.g. 10V, or 1 round of a encoder)          represents 100% output      Pointer to transaction number.</p>

### 5.4.8 DoPEFDPoti (Sync)

Move cross-head according to an external command signal generated by a digital encoder (DigiPoti). This is a special version of the DoPEExt2Ctrl command. Offsets and limits are handled inside this function.



Follow DigiPoti signal in load control.  
One revolution of the DigiPoti will cause 20N in load.

Function declaration	Description	Unit
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPE_HANDLE DoPEFDPoti (     DoPEHdl     MoveCtrl     unsigned short MaxSpeed     SensorNo     unsigned short DxTrigger     unsigned short Mode     double Scale     WORD *IpusTAN</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Control mode (CTRL_xxx)          Start speed for speed controlled modes          Sensor number for the external command input.          Use sensor SENSOR_DP for Digital Encoder (DigiPoti) on EDC front panel.          Dead area of encoder.          The Encoder has to change the specified number of digits before the command is active. For EDC front panel DigiPoti 2 or 3 is a good value.          various position or speed control modes (see below)          For EXT_POSITION Number of Units per revolution          e.g. Scale = 1 -&gt; 1 mm per revolution          Scale = 10 -&gt; 10 N per revolution.          For EXT_SPEED_xx number of revolutions to nominal speed          e.g. Scale = 2 -&gt; after 2 revolutions to nominal speed.          Pointer to transaction number.</p>	Unit/s

Various position or speed control modes:

The first four modes refer to measuring values. E.g. EXT\_SPEED\_POSITIVE moves to increasing measuring values.

EXT_POSITION	0	Position, moves to increasing and decreasing positions
EXT_SPEED_BIPOLAR	1	Speed bipolar (positive and negative speed)
EXT_SPEED_POSITIVE	2	Speed positive direction
EXT_SPEED_NEGATIVE	3	Speed negative direction

The next four modes refer to movement UP/DOWN. E.g. EXT\_SPEED\_UP moves Cross-head UP. The relation between measured values and movement Up/Down is defined in the set-up data.

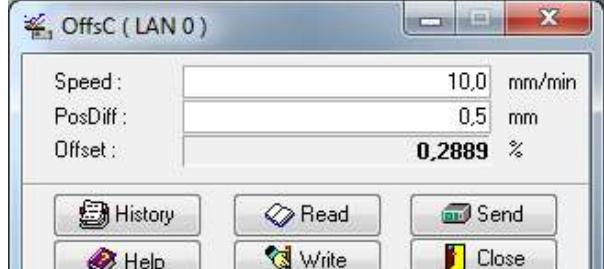
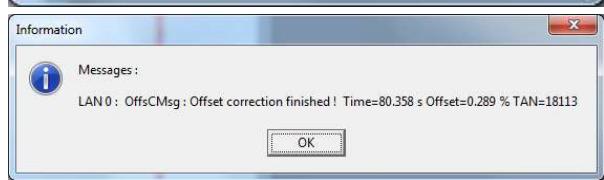
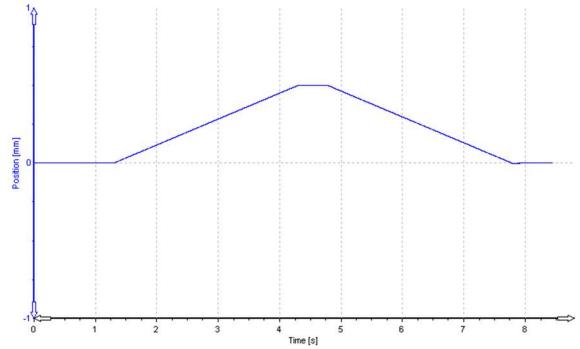
EXT_POS_UP_DOWN	4	Position Up / Down
EXT_SPEED_UP_DOWN	5	Speed bipolar (Up and Down)
EXT_SPEED_UP	6	Speed UP
EXT_SPEED_DOWN	7	Speed DOWN
EXT_POS_OPENLOOP	8	Position mode for openloop configurations.

For use with DoPEFDPoti command we recommend only the following modes:

EXT\_POS\_UP\_DOWN, EXT\_SPEED\_UP, EXT\_SPEED\_DOWN, EXT\_POS\_OPENLOOP

### 5.4.9 DoPEOffsC(Sync)

Special moving command to measure the offset of an external, analogue speed controller. This offset will be used for the speed output signal and compensates the offset of the external speed controller.

 	 <p>Move 0.5 mm up and down and calculate the offset. The offset is transmitted to PC (see DoPEOnOffsCMsgHdlr)</p>
<b>Function declaration</b> <pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEOffsC (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     double       Speed     double       PosDiff     WORD         *lpusTAN</pre>	<b>Description</b> <p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Speed Distance to move cross-head Pointer to transaction number.</p> <b>Unit</b> <p>Unit/s Unit</p>

## 5.5 PC Command

With the PC Command a digital command signal can be used to move the cross-head.

### 5.5.1 DoPEPcCmd

Move cross-head according to a digital command signal.

Scaling of the command- and sensor-system is done by offsets and scale. Following formula is used:

$$\text{Output} = (\text{Value} - \text{Offset}) \bullet \text{Scale} + \text{OffsetCtrl}$$

**Minimum requirements:** EDC580V/220V, EdcApp 9140.008, DoPE 2.79

Function declaration	Description	Unit
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEPcCmd (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl,     unsigned short ExecutionMode,     unsigned short MoveCtrl,     unsigned short CmdMode,</pre> <pre>double SpeedToStart, double Offset, double Scale, double OffsetCtrl, double FadeInTime, double FadeOutTime, unsigned Cycles, unsigned Count, DoPEPcCmdData *Data,</pre> <pre>unsigned short *IpusTAN );</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)  DoPE link handle  (see description below)  Control mode for movement (Position, Load, Extension)  Interpolation mode between the values  <b>DoPE_PC_CMD_MODE_POS:</b>  Command data are position values for each control loop cycle.  <b>DoPE_PC_CMD_MODE_POS_LINEAR:</b>  Command data are time and position. A linear function is interpolated between the position values  <b>DoPE_PC_CMD_MODE_POS_COSINUS:</b>  Command data are time and position. A cosine function is interpolated between the position values  Speed to StartPosition  Offset for stimulation signal  Scaling factor for stimulation signal  Offset for move control channel  Fade in time  Fade out time  Number of cycles (ignored in append mode)  Number of PccmdData items in Data array  Pointer to PccmdData array  In DoPE_PC_CMD_MODE_POS mode the time values will be ignored  Pointer to transaction number.</p>	Unit/s stimUnit Unit s s
<pre>typedef struct {     double Time;     double StimulationSignal; } DoPEPcCmdData;</pre>		s stimUnit

DoPEPcCmd can be used in two different ways. A single call can include all information to perform the movement command. In this case ExecutionMode DoPE\_PC\_CMD\_EXECUTE\_LAST must be used and all parameters are considered. Appending data to the running movement command isn't possible.

If the Data can't be stored on the EDC the command will be discarded and the return code is set to DoPERR\_PARAMETER.

In the second case ExecutionMode is set to DoPE\_PC\_CMD\_EXECUTE\_APPEND in the first call. The movement command starts immediately after the transmission of the data. Now any number of calls can follow to append data to the running movement command (DoPE\_PC\_CMD\_EXECUTE\_APPEND). With the last call ExecutionMode must be set to DoPE\_PC\_CMD\_EXECUTE\_LAST. No more data can be appended.

In the append mode buffer overruns and underruns can occur. At a buffer overrun PC Command data is provided fast and can't be buffered in the EDC. In this case the data block will be discarded and the return code is set to DoPERR\_PARAMETER.

At a buffer underrun PC Command data isn't provided fast enough. In this case the last point of the latest PC Command data block is used as stimulation signal until a new data block is available.

The number of buffer underruns can be retrieved with DoPERdPcCmdInfo.

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>First call</b>	<b>Following calls</b>	<b>Last call</b>
<b>ExecutionMode</b>	<b>EXECUTE_APPEND</b>	<b>EXECUTE_APPEND</b>	<b>EXECUTE_LAST</b>
<b>MoveCtrl</b>	<b>valid</b>	ignored	ignored
<b>SpeedToStart</b>	<b>valid</b>	ignored	ignored
<b>CmdMode, Offset, Scale, OffsetCtrl, Count, Data</b>	<b>valid</b>	<b>valid</b>	<b>valid</b>
<b>FadeInTime</b>	<b>valid</b>	ignored	ignored
<b>FadeOutTime</b>	ignored	ignored	<b>valid</b>
<b>Cycles</b>	ignored	ignored	<b>valid</b>
<b>IpusTAN</b>	<b>valid</b>	ignored	ignored

To interrupt, continue or terminate a running movement command the ExecutionModes DoPE\_PC\_CMD\_EXECUTE\_PAUSE, DoPE\_PC\_CMD\_EXECUTE\_CONTINUE and DoPE\_PC\_CMD\_EXECUTE\_TERMINATE can be used.

<b>ExecutionMode</b>	<b>EXECUTE_PAUSE</b>	<b>EXECUTE_CONTINUE</b>	<b>EXECUTE_TERMINATE</b>
<b>MoveCtrl</b>	ignored	ignored	ignored
<b>SpeedToStart</b>	ignored	ignored	ignored
<b>CmdMode, Offset, Scale, OffsetCtrl, Count, Data</b>	ignored	ignored	ignored
<b>FadeInTime</b>	ignored	<b>valid</b>	ignored
<b>FadeOutTime</b>	<b>valid</b>	ignored	<b>valid</b>
<b>Cycles</b>	ignored	ignored	<b>ignored</b>
<b>IpusTAN</b>	ignored	ignored	ignored

OffsetCtrl will be used as start/end point of the movement command if fade in/out will be used. Otherwise the first/last Data point will be used.

The Cycles count of the measuring data record is set to zero at the PcCmd call. Cycles count will be incremented with the execution of the first point of each PC Command data block.

For a detailed description of the SpeedToStart, Scale and Offset parameters and the fade times, please refer to the DoPEPcCmdFromFile documentation.

## 5.5.2 DoPEPcCmdFromFile

Move cross-head according to a digital command signal stored in a file.

DoPEPcCmdFromFile is similar to DoPEPcCmd except the stimulation data is passed thru a file and no data can be appended. So, all parameters will be considered.

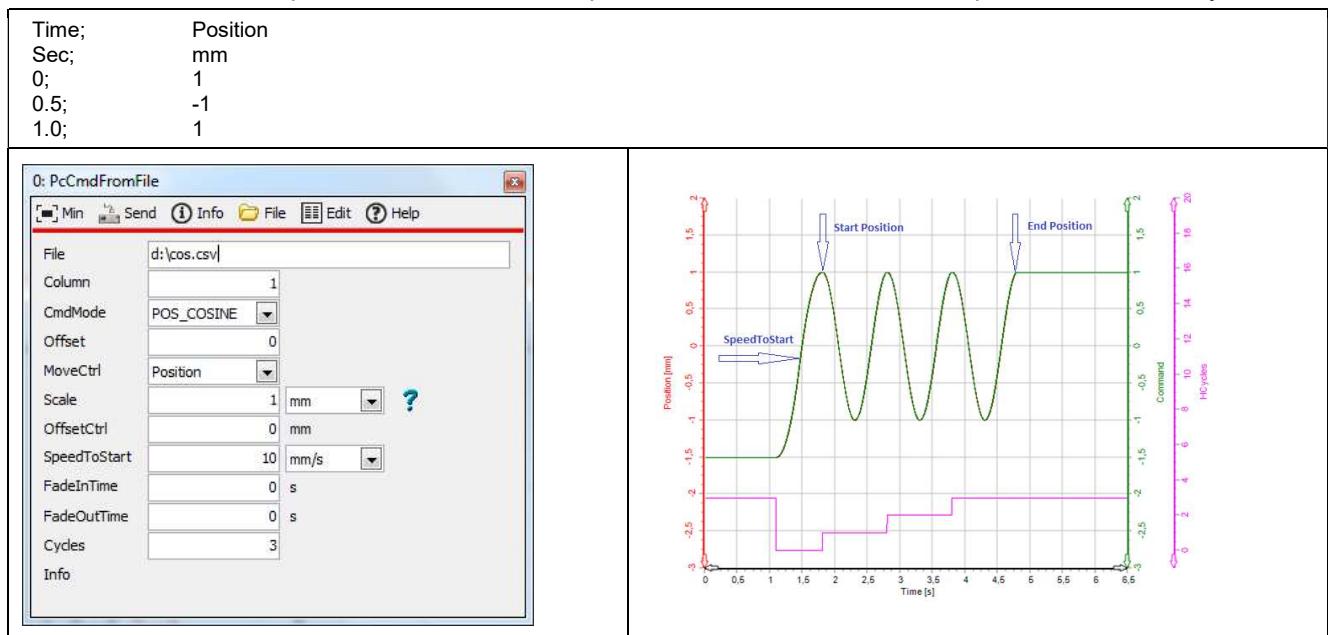
Scaling of the command- and sensor-system is done by offsets and scale. Following formula is used:

$$\text{Output} = (\text{Value} - \text{Offset}) \bullet \text{Scale} + \text{OffsetCtrl}$$

**Minimum requirements:** EDC580V/220V, EdcApp 9140.008, DoPE 2.79

Function declaration	Description	Unit
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEPcCmdFromFile (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl,     unsigned short MoveCtrl,     unsigned short CmdMode,     double SpeedToStart,     double Offset,     double Scale,     double OffsetCtrl,     double FadeInTime,     double FadeOutTime,     unsigned Cycles,     unsigned Column,     char *FileName,     unsigned short *IpusTAN );</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)  DoPE link handle  Control mode for movement (Position, Load, Extension)  Interpolation mode between the values  <b>DoPE_PC_CMD_MODE_POS:</b>  Command data are position values for each control loop cycle.  <b>DoPE_PC_CMD_MODE_POS_LINEAR:</b>  Command data are time and position. A linear function is interpolated between the position values  <b>DoPE_PC_CMD_MODE_POS_COSINUS:</b>  Command data are time and position. A cosine function is interpolated between the position values  Speed to StartPosition  Offset for stimulation signal  Scaling factor for stimulation signal  Offset for move control channel  Fade in time  Fade out time  Number of cycles  Column number of Stimulation Signal  In interpolation modes Time has always column number 0  Pointer to file name and path.  Supported file types:  csv "Comma Separated Values" text file:  Value separator must be ';' or ','  Decimal point can be '.' or ','  Lines NOT starting with a number or a separator will be skipped  bmv "DOLI Binary Measured Values" file:  generated by DoPETestCenter version 2.27.1 (or above)  In DoPE_PC_CMD_MODE_POS the time values will be ignored  File access errors (e.g. wrong file extension) leads to an DoPERR_OPEN error  Pointer to transaction number.</p>	Unit/s stimUnit Unit s s

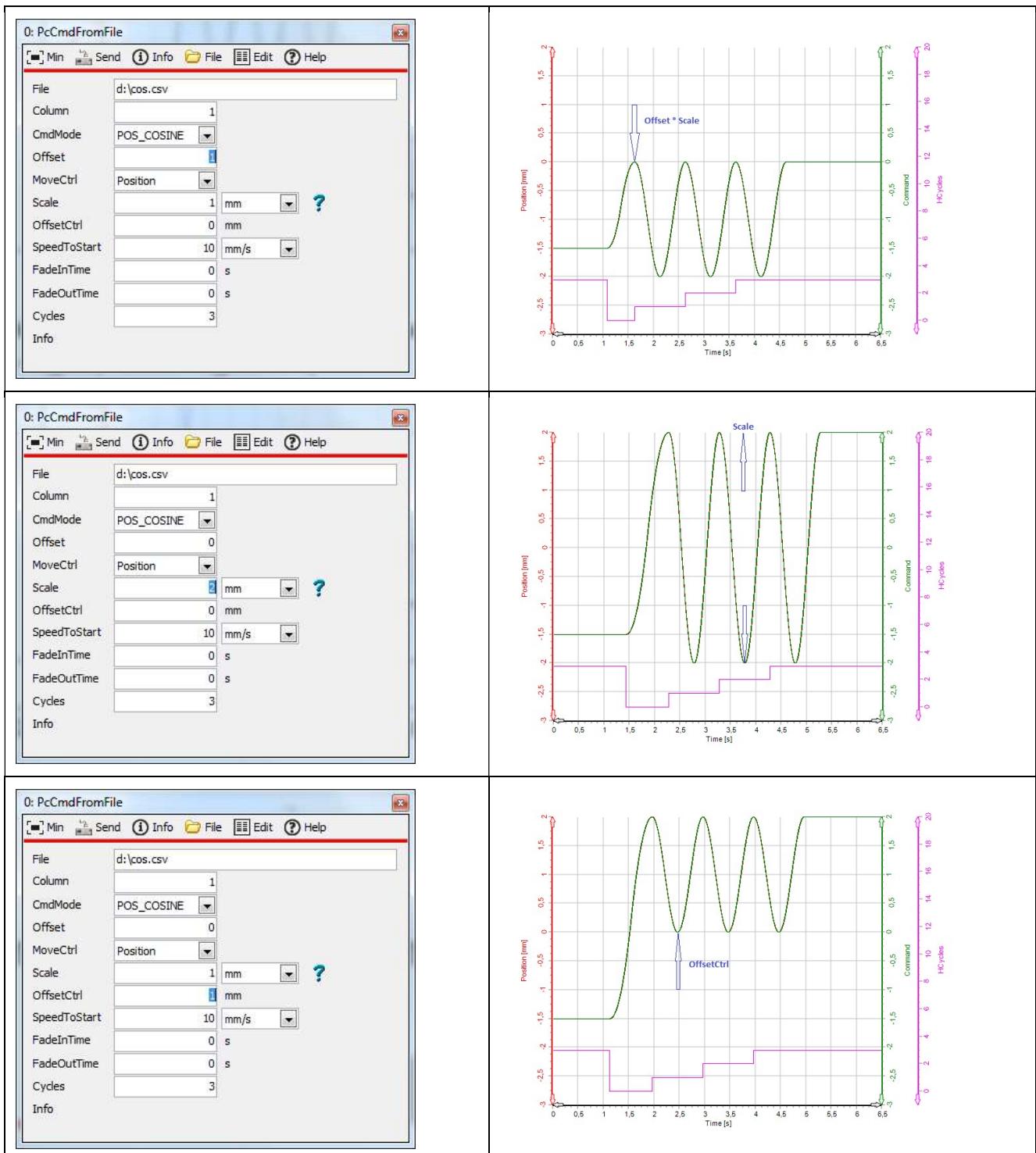
To illustrate the various parameters we use a simple cos.csv file with cosinus interpolation and three cycles.



### 5.5.2.1 Scale and Offsets

Scaling of the command- and sensor-system is done by offsets and scale. Following formula is used:

$$\text{Output} = (\text{Value} - \text{Offset}) \bullet \text{Scale} + \text{OffsetCtrl}$$



To convert e.g. temperature from Fahrenheit to Celsius according the formula  ${}^{\circ}\text{C} = ({}^{\circ}\text{F}-30)/2$  Offset should be 30 and Scale 0.5.

OffsetCtrl specifies the start/end position for fade in/out.

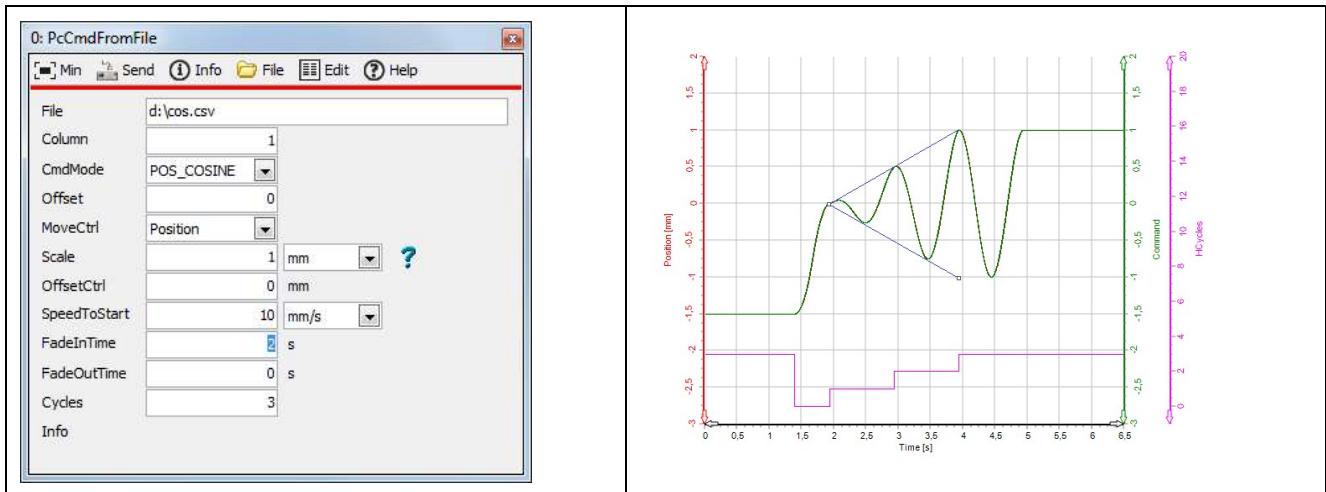
### 5.5.2.2 “Start/End Position”, SpeedToStart and Fade In/Out

If fade in/out time are zero the first point of the Pccmd data is used as the start/end position.

Otherwise OffsetCtrl is used as the start/end position.

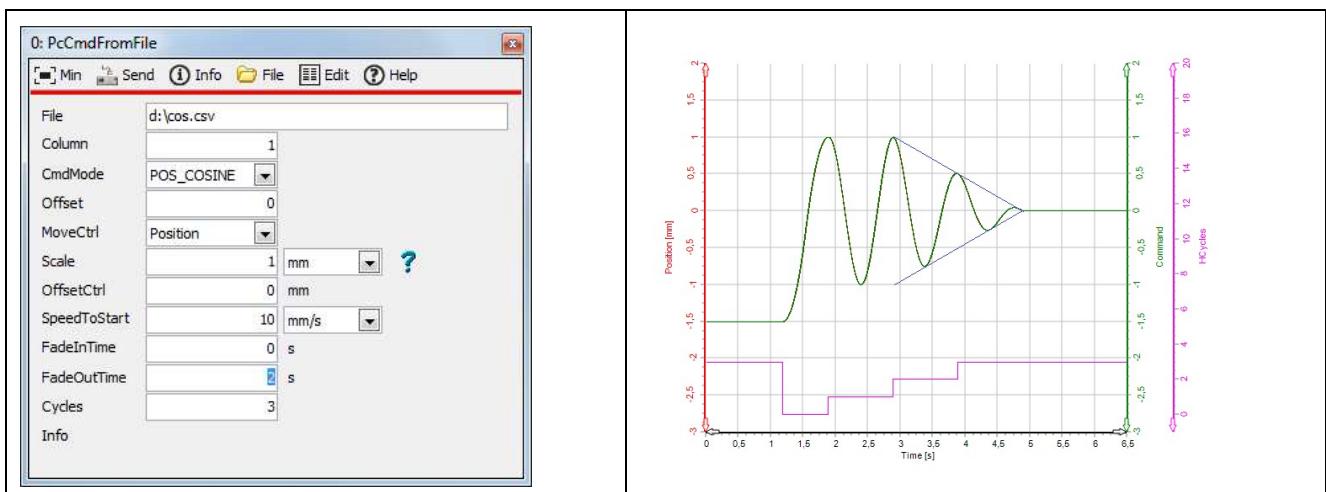
During the Fade In time the following formula is used:

$$Output(t) = ((Value(t) - Offset) \cdot Scale + OffsetCtrl) \cdot (t - t0) \div FadeInTime$$

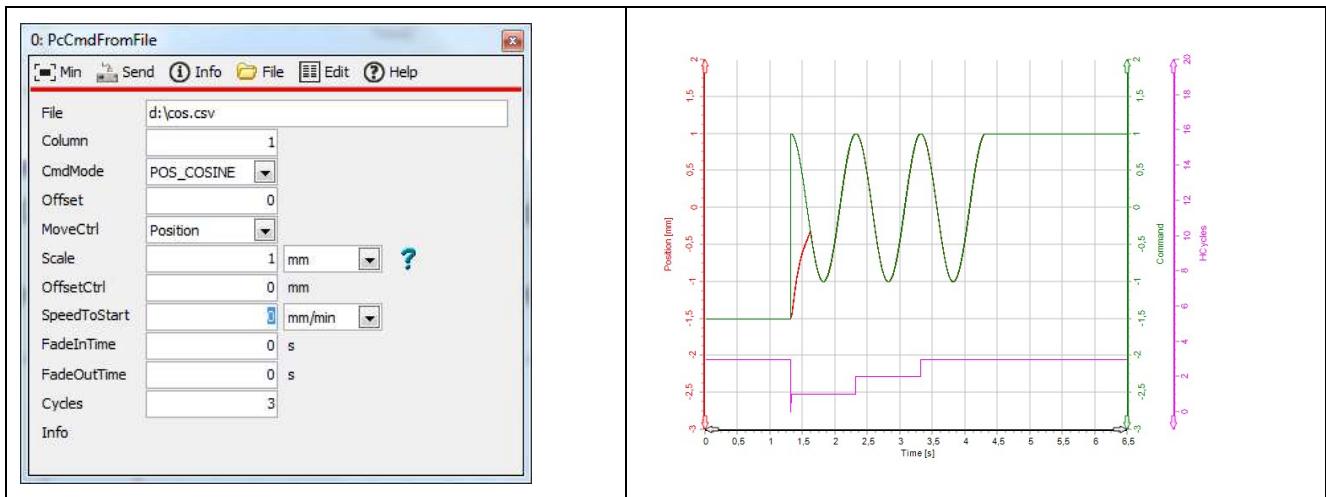


During the Fade Out time the following formula is used:

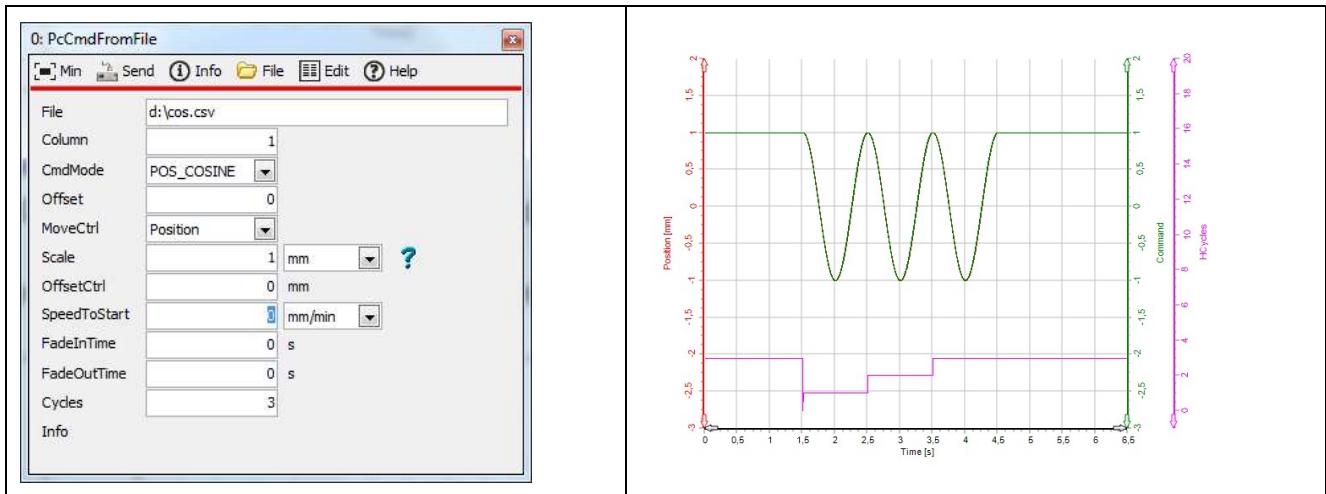
$$Output(t) = ((Value(t) - Offset) \cdot Scale + OffsetCtrl) \cdot (tend - t) \div FadeOutTime$$



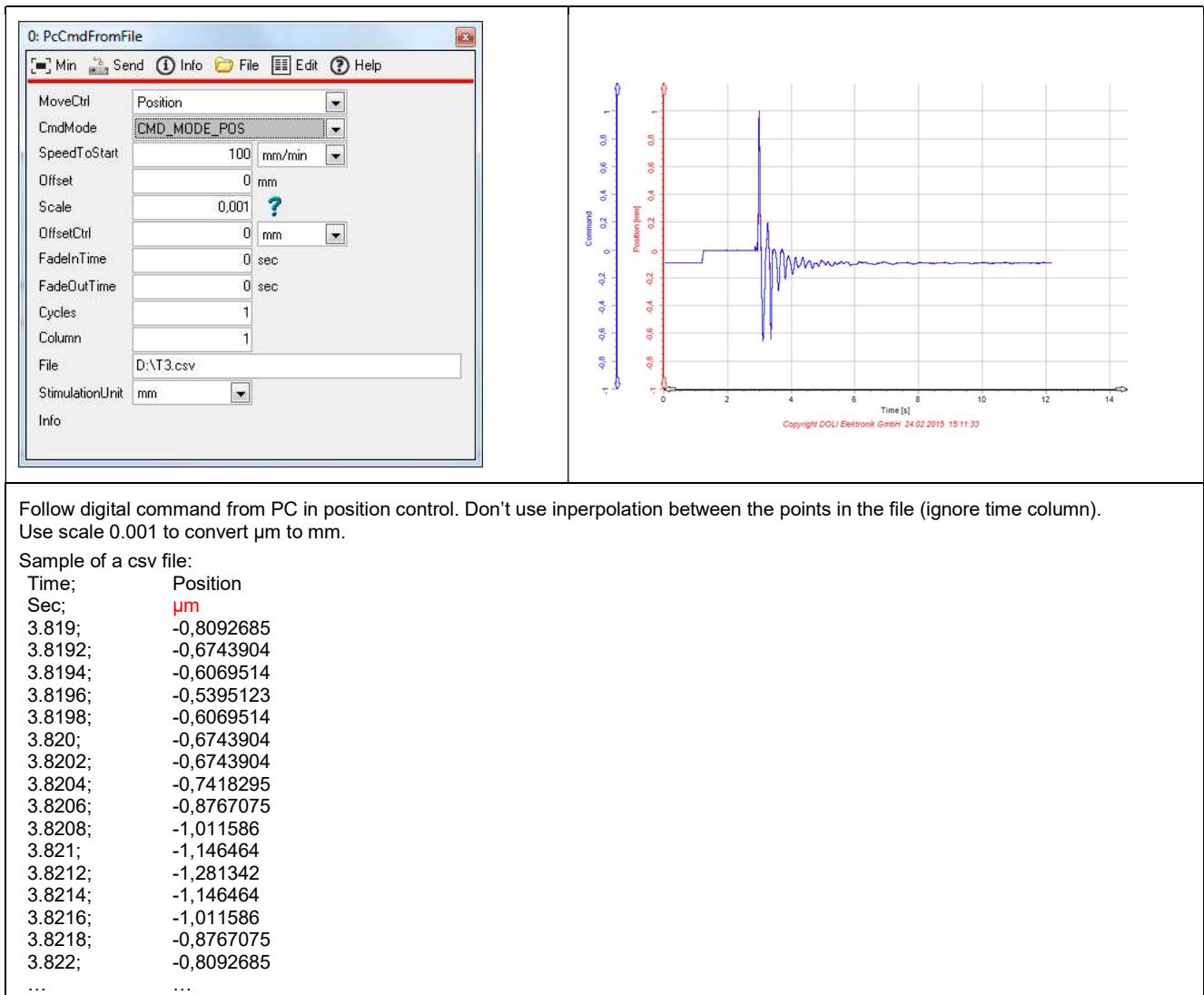
If SpeedToStart is set to zero the command of the closed loop controller ‘jumps’ to the start position within one closed loop controller cycle. This is a feature used for synchronized EDCs.



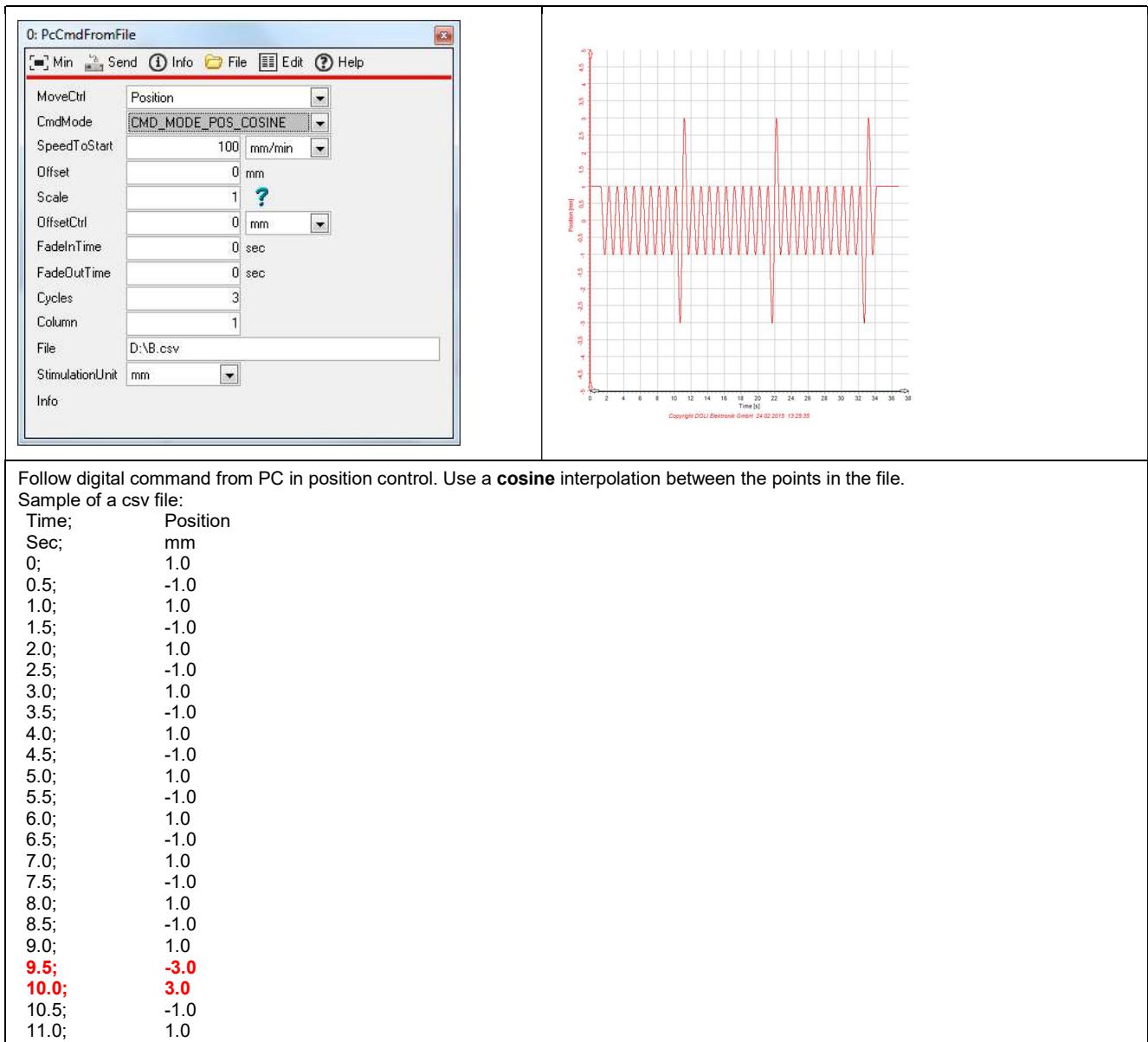
Obviously the start position should be set by a separate movement command.



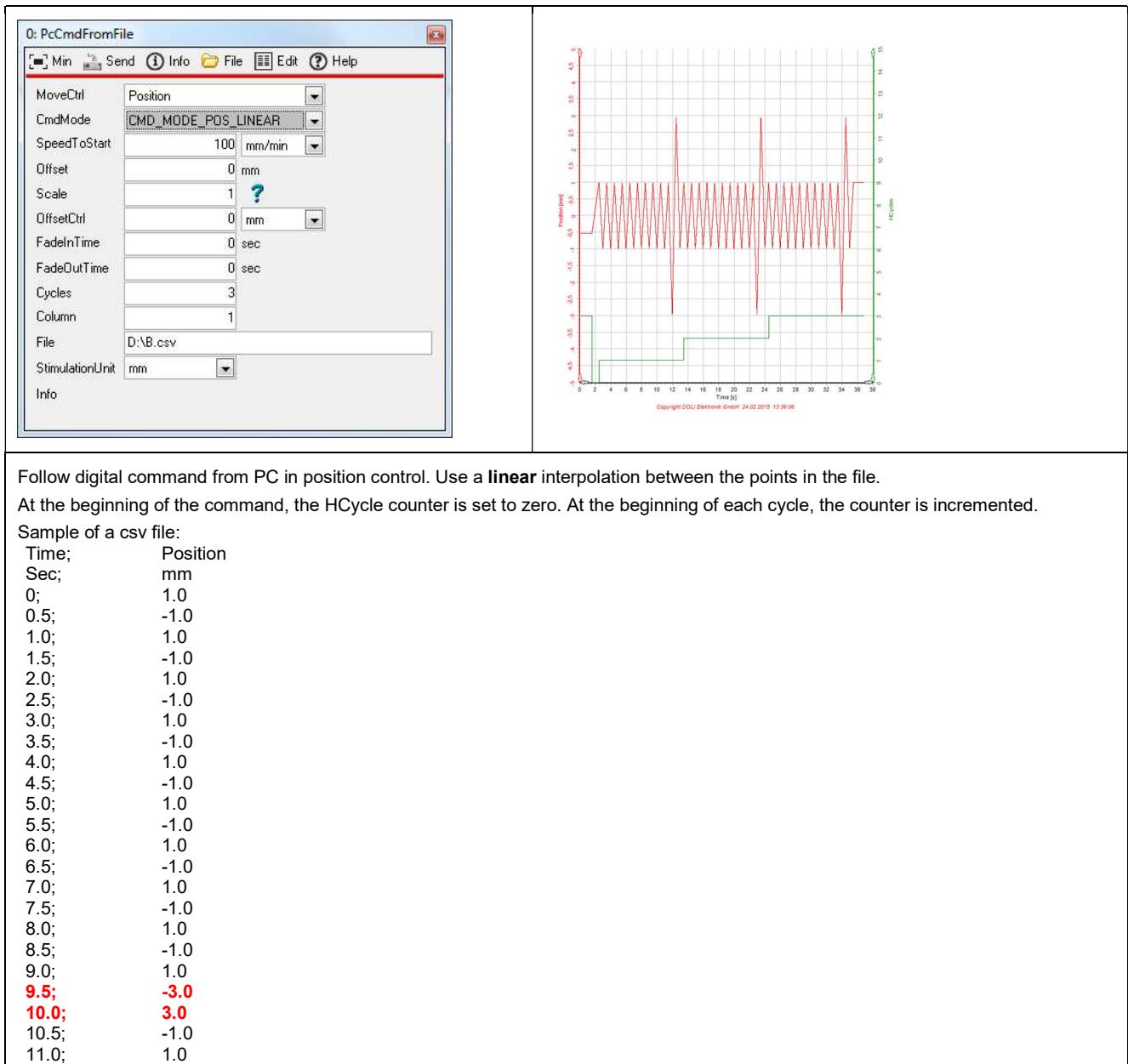
### 5.5.2.3 Random Values



### 5.5.2.4 Cosine with one Cycle big Amplitude



### 5.5.2.5 Triangle with one Cycle big Amplitude



Follow digital command from PC in position control. Use a **linear** interpolation between the points in the file.

At the beginning of the command, the HCycle counter is set to zero. At the beginning of each cycle, the counter is incremented.

Sample of a csv file:

Time;	Position
Sec;	mm
0;	1.0
0.5;	-1.0
1.0;	1.0
1.5;	-1.0
2.0;	1.0
2.5;	-1.0
3.0;	1.0
3.5;	-1.0
4.0;	1.0
4.5;	-1.0
5.0;	1.0
5.5;	-1.0
6.0;	1.0
6.5;	-1.0
7.0;	1.0
7.5;	-1.0
8.0;	1.0
8.5;	-1.0
9.0;	1.0
<b>9.5;</b>	<b>-3.0</b>
<b>10.0;</b>	<b>3.0</b>
10.5;	-1.0
11.0;	1.0

### 5.5.3 DoPERdPcCmdInfo

Read PC Command buffer and status information.

**Minimum requirements:** EDC580V/220V, EdcApp 9140.008, DoPE 2.79

Function declaration	Description	Unit
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPERdPcCmdInfo (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl,     DoPEPcCmdInfo *Info );	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Pointer for DoPEPcCmdInfo structure.	
typedef struct     {         unsigned BuflItemsFree;         unsigned BuflItemsUsed;         unsigned BufferUnderrun;         double PosCtrlTime;         unsigned Paused;     } DoPEPcCmdInfo;	number of available PcCmdData items number of used PcCmdData items number of buffer underruns Position controller cycle time PC Command execution paused	s

## 5.6 DoPEDynCycles

The DoPEDynCycles is a powerful command for mostly needed dynamic cycles:

Possible waveforms: **Cosine, Triangle, Rectangle, Saw tooth, inverted Saw tooth, and Pulse**.

Peak/Valley control may be activated for all of these waveforms.

Linear or logarithmic sweeps for frequency, offset, or amplitude may be activated, even any combination e.g. frequency and amplitude sweep.

All waveforms may be superimposed with a cosine wave.

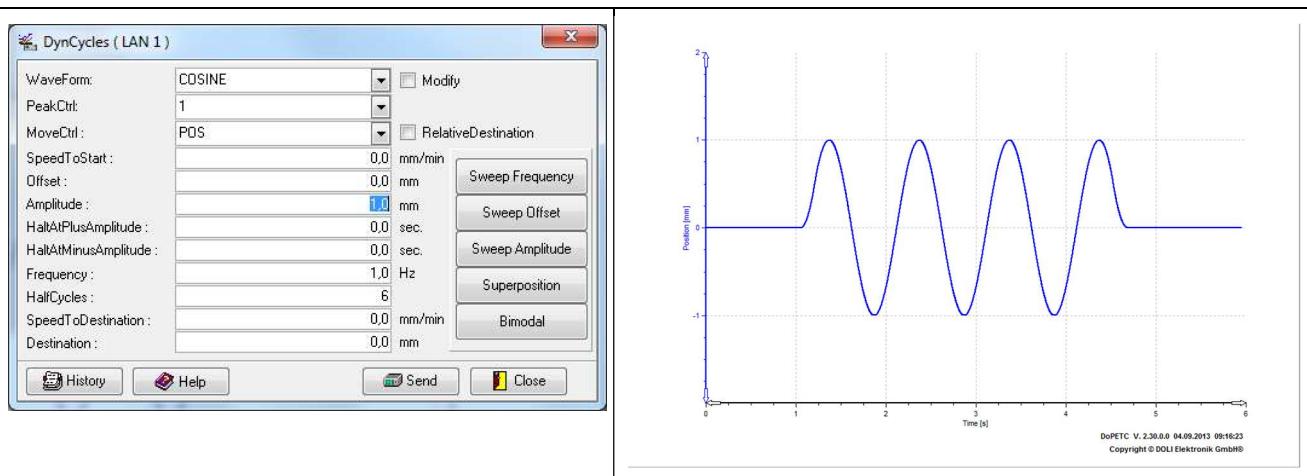
Different Bi-Modal modes like perform a test in e.g. position control, and keep load peak/valley constant are also available.

**Minimum requirements:** EDC580/220, EdcApp 9133.013, DoPE 2.63

The wave forms Triangle, Rectangle, Saw tooth, inverted Saw tooth, and Pulse are only implemented for EDC580V/220V in EdcApp 9140.005 and later.

### 5.6.1 Basic Waveforms

#### 5.6.1.1 Cosine



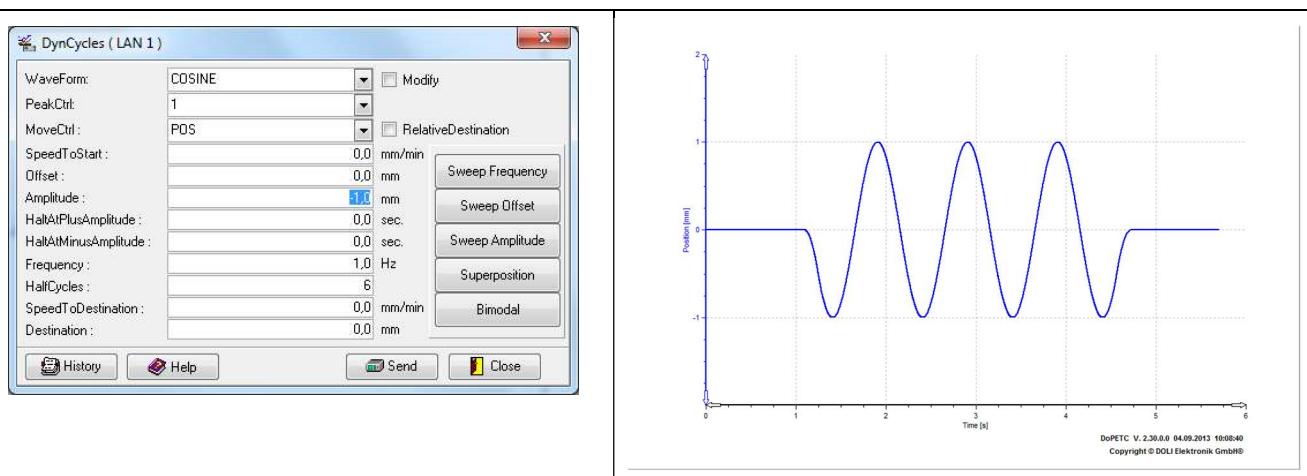
Cycle with a Cosine waveform at an offset of 0mm with amplitude of **+1mm** with 1Hz.

Do this for 6 half-cycles (3 cosine periods). SpeedToStart and SpeedToDestination are specified with 0mm/min.

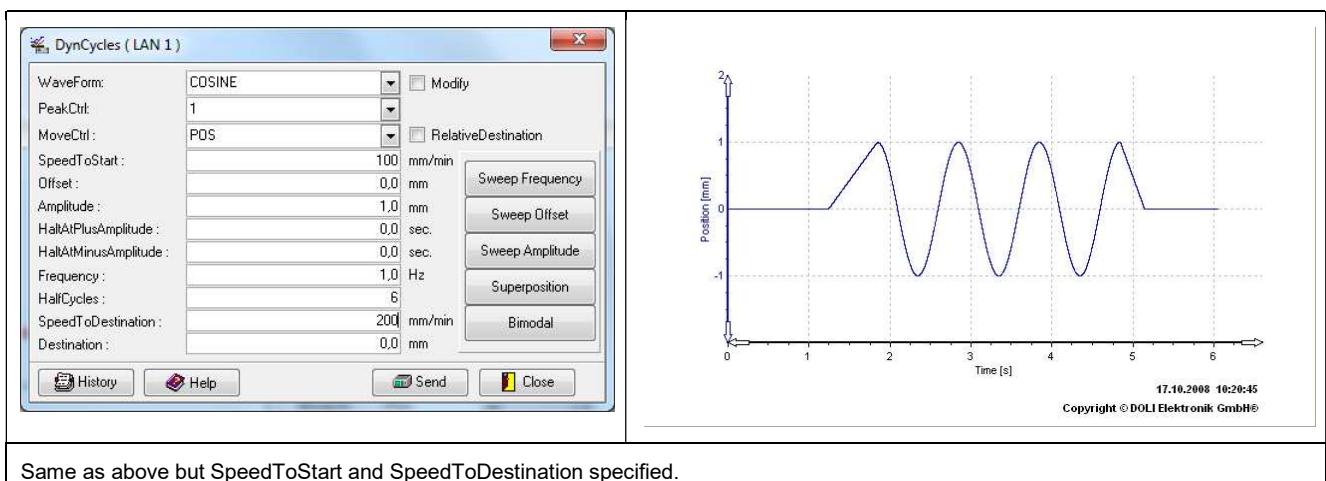
In this case; the ramp to the starting point (1mm) and destination (0mm) is automatically calculated.

**The automatic calculation of the ramp doesn't work If the DynCycle command interrupts another running movement command!**

**For very low frequencies the minum acceleration is used for the automatic ramp calculation. This leads to a ramp with constant speed between the acceleration and deceleration phase. The lowest possible frequency without a constant speed ramp depends on the requested frequency, the amplitude and the resolution of the measured signal.**

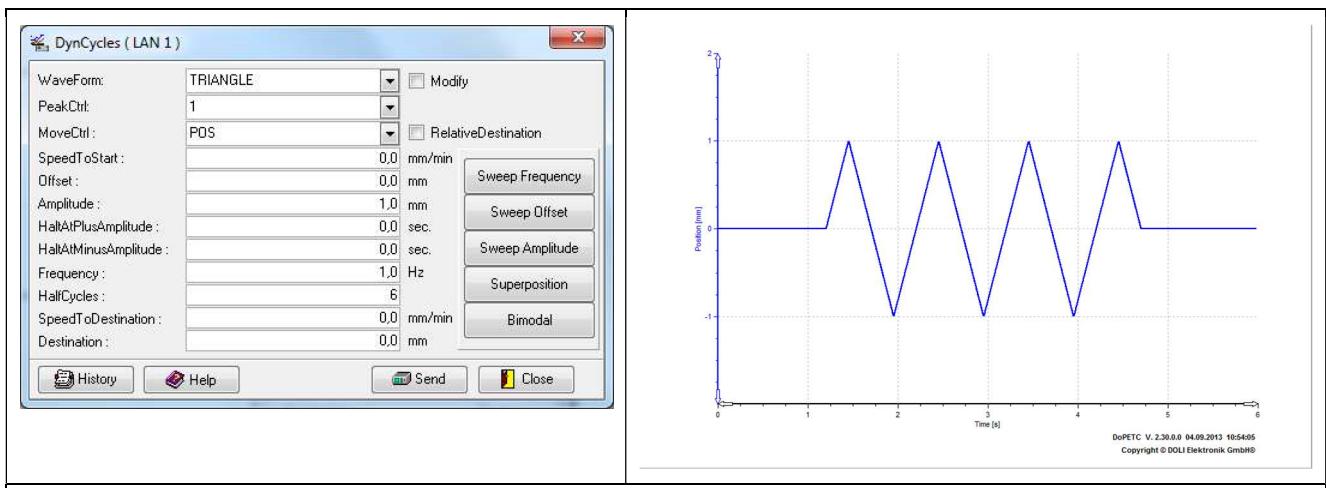


Same as above but with amplitude of **-1mm**.



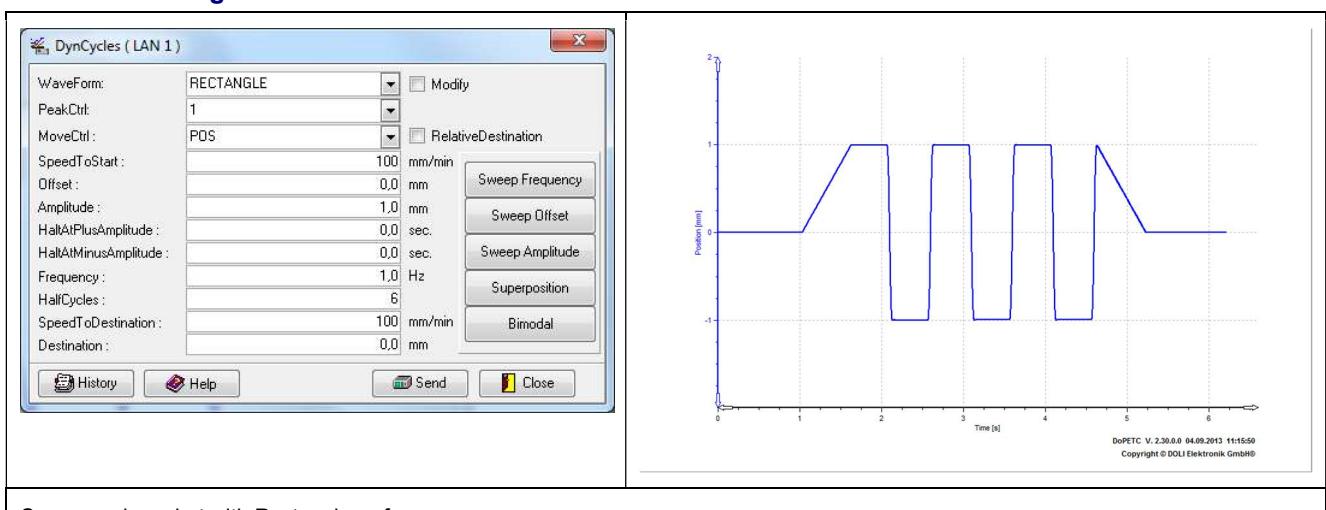
Same as above but SpeedToStart and SpeedToDestination specified.

### 5.6.1.2 Triangle



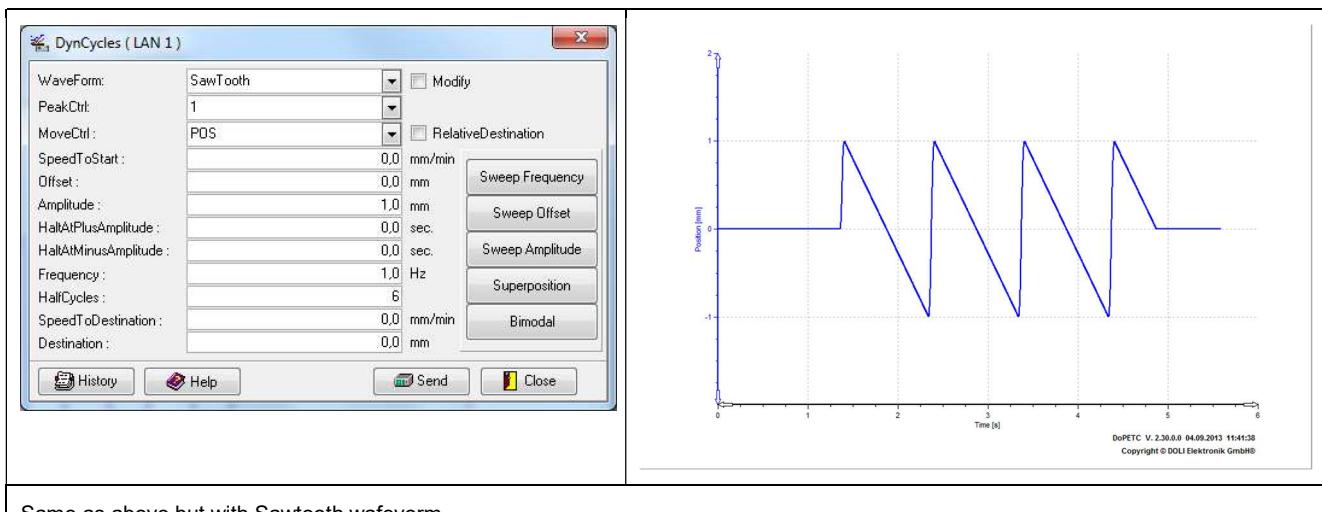
Same as above but with Triangle waveform.

### 5.6.1.3 Rectangle



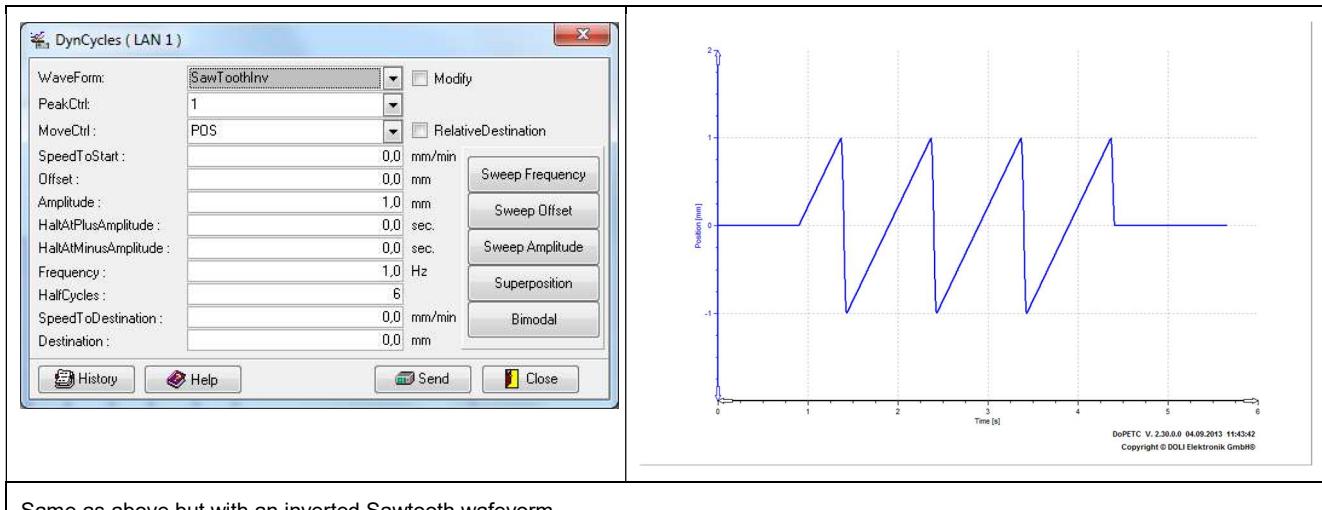
Same as above but with Rectangle waveform.

#### 5.6.1.4 Sawtooth



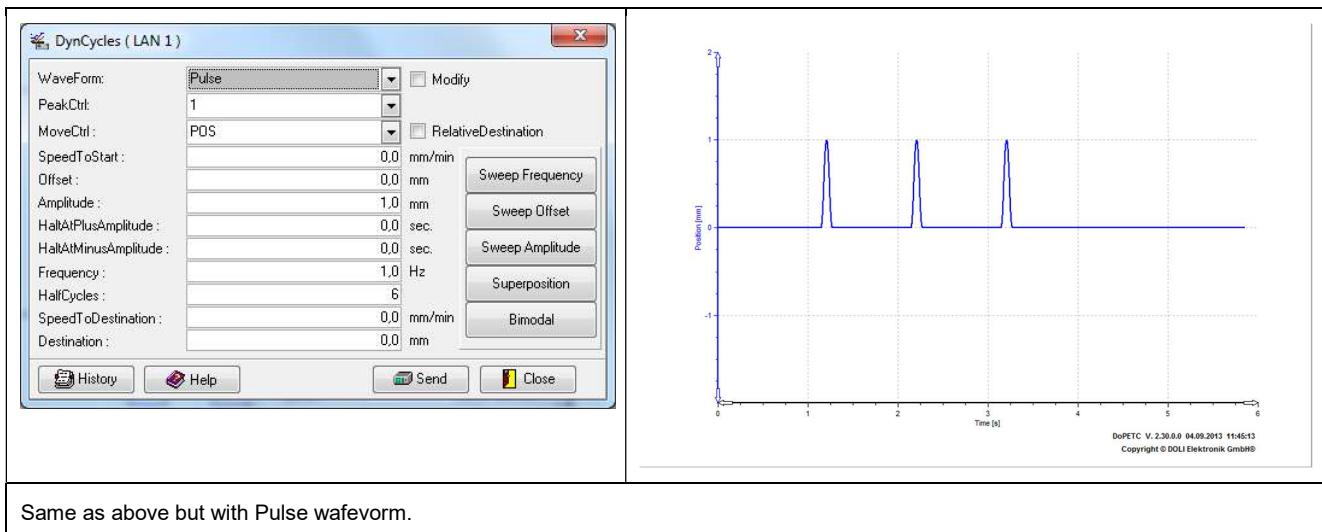
Same as above but with Sawtooth wafevorm.

#### 5.6.1.5 Sawtooth inverse



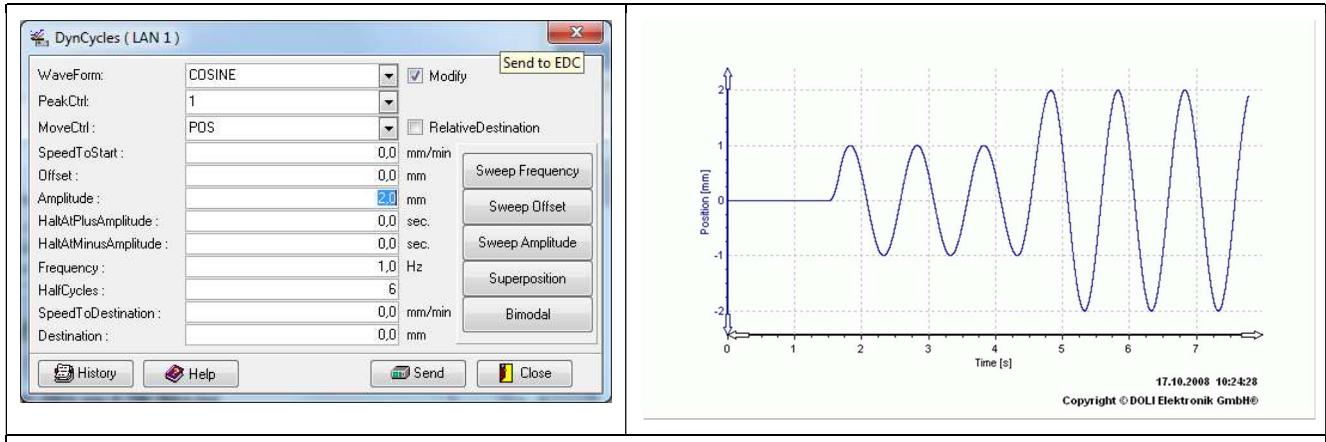
Same as above but with an inverted Sawtooth wafevorm.

#### 5.6.1.6 Pulse



Same as above but with Pulse wafevorm.

## 5.6.2 Modify Parameter of an active test

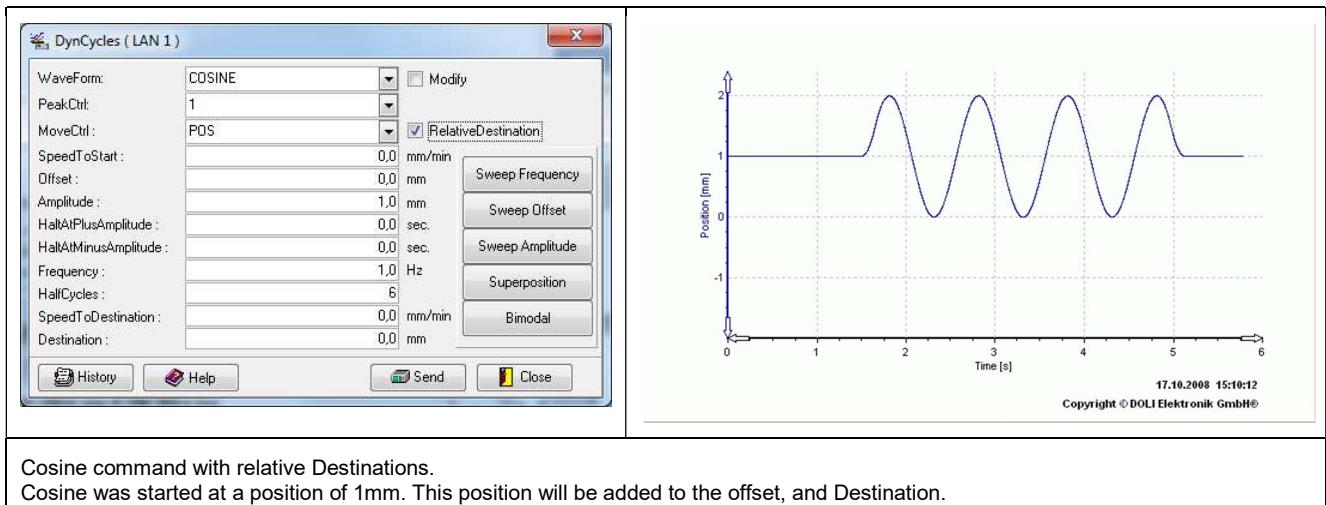


Modify amplitude of an active Cosine.

Cosine was started with 1mm amplitude. After some cycles, DynCycle command was sent again, with the Modify flag set, and amplitude of 2mm.

Besides amplitude, offset, and frequency may also be modified.

## 5.6.3 Relative Destinations



Cosine command with relative Destinations.

Cosine was started at a position of 1mm. This position will be added to the offset, and Destination.

#### 5.6.4 Peak and Valley control

Peak (and Valley) Control can be activated for all Waveform by choosing any value for PeakCtrl (1, 2, 4, 8, 16).

PeakCtrl = 0 will deactivate peak control.

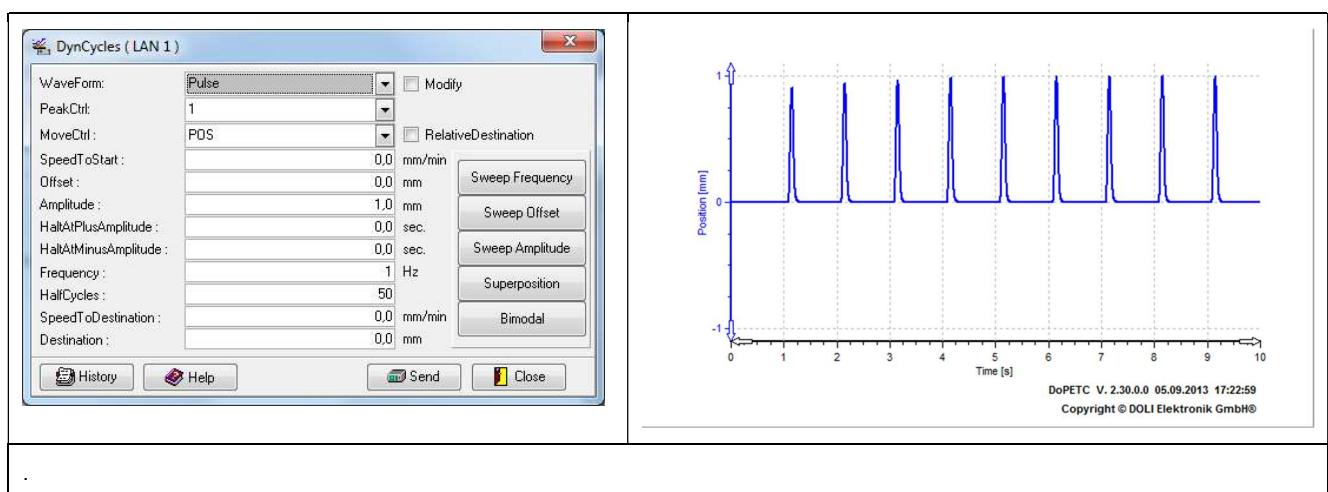
PeakCtrl = 1 will control the error at peak and valley points using the error of each cycle.

PeakCtrl = 2 will control the error every second peak and valley points, using the average error of two cycles.

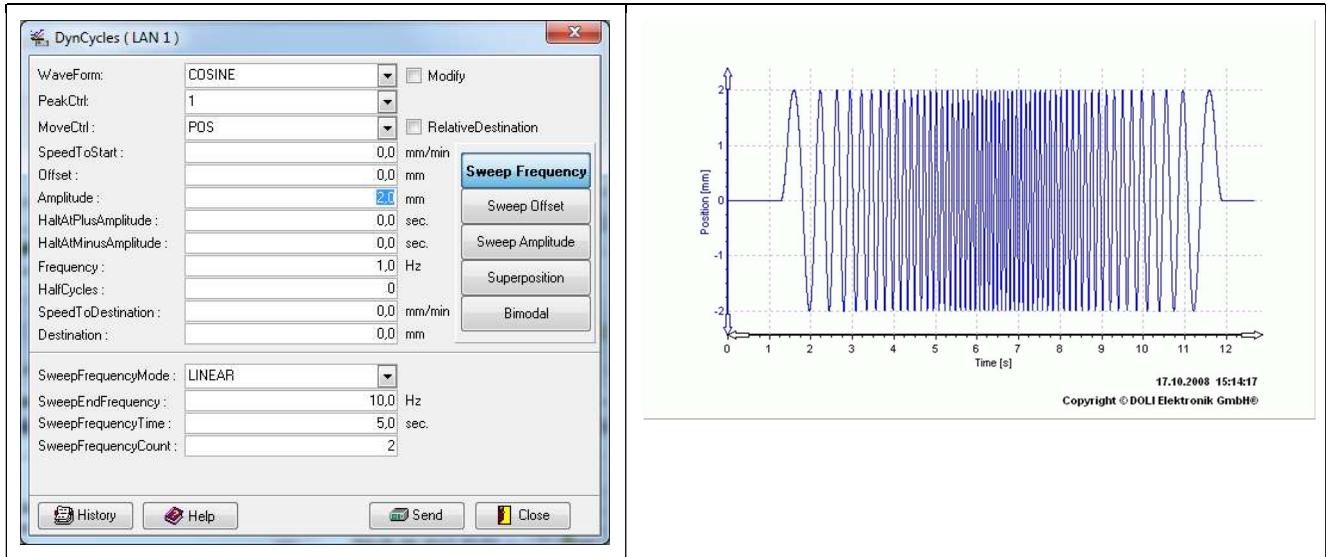
PeakCtrl = 16 will control the error every 16 peak and valley points, using the average error of 16 cycles.

Below different samples of peak control:



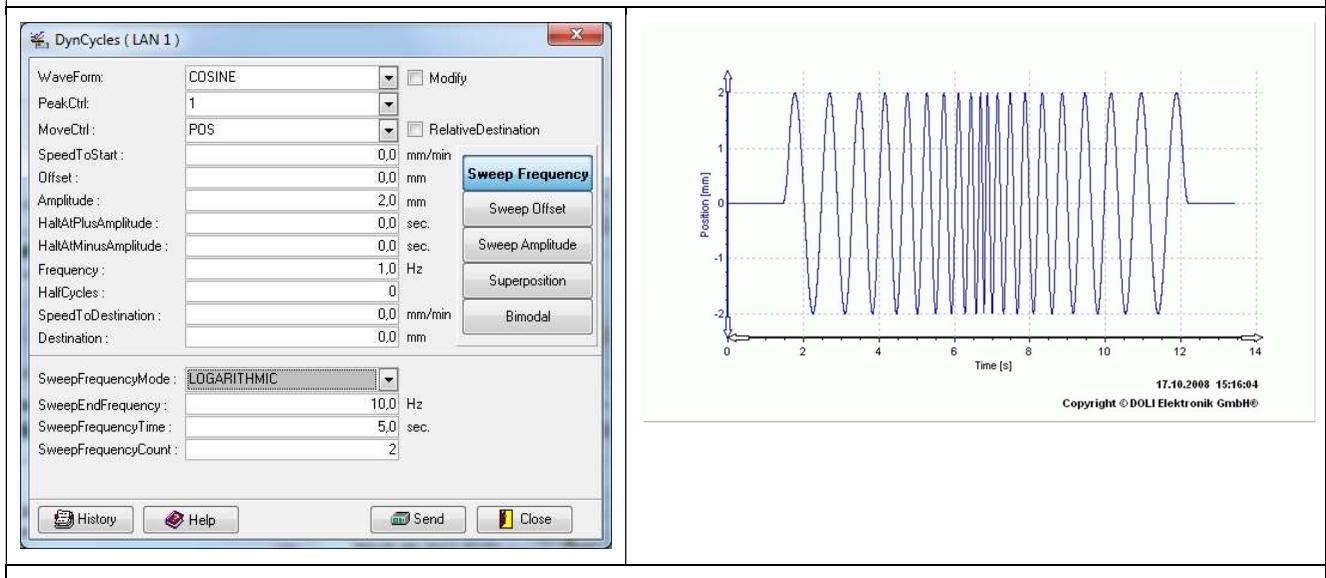


## 5.6.5 Sweeps



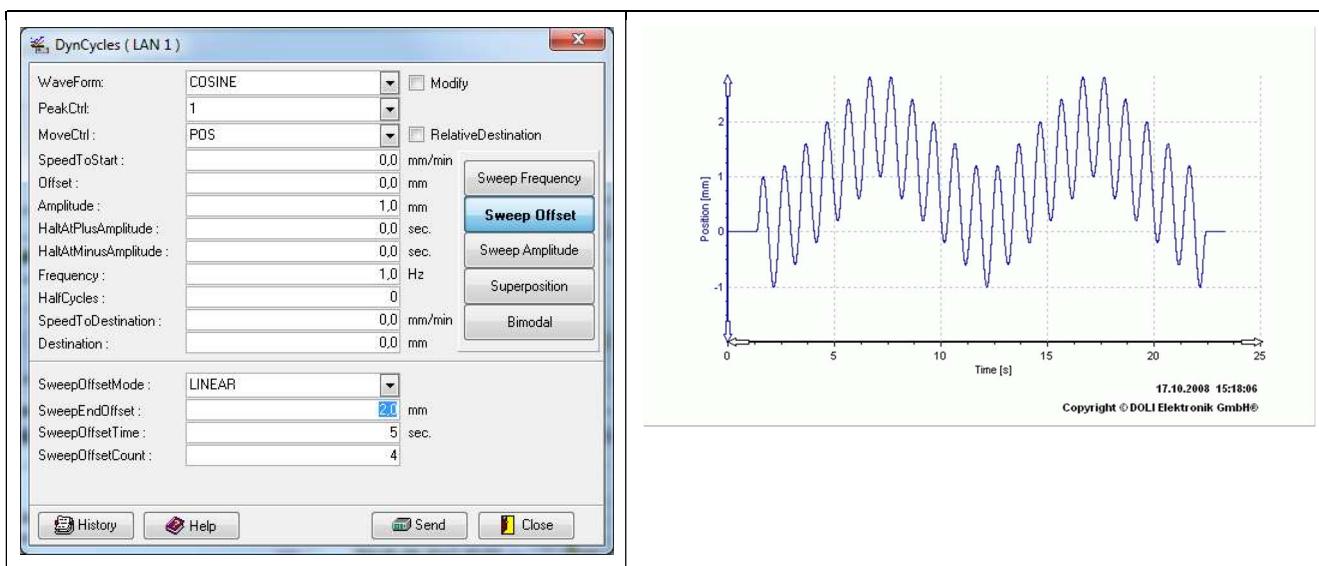
Cosine command with a linear frequency sweep.

Cosine starts with a frequency of 1Hz. The frequency will be continuously increased to 10Hz within 5 seconds. The parameter SweepFrequencyCount specifies how many sweeps should be done. In this case go up to 10Hz, and back to 1Hz.



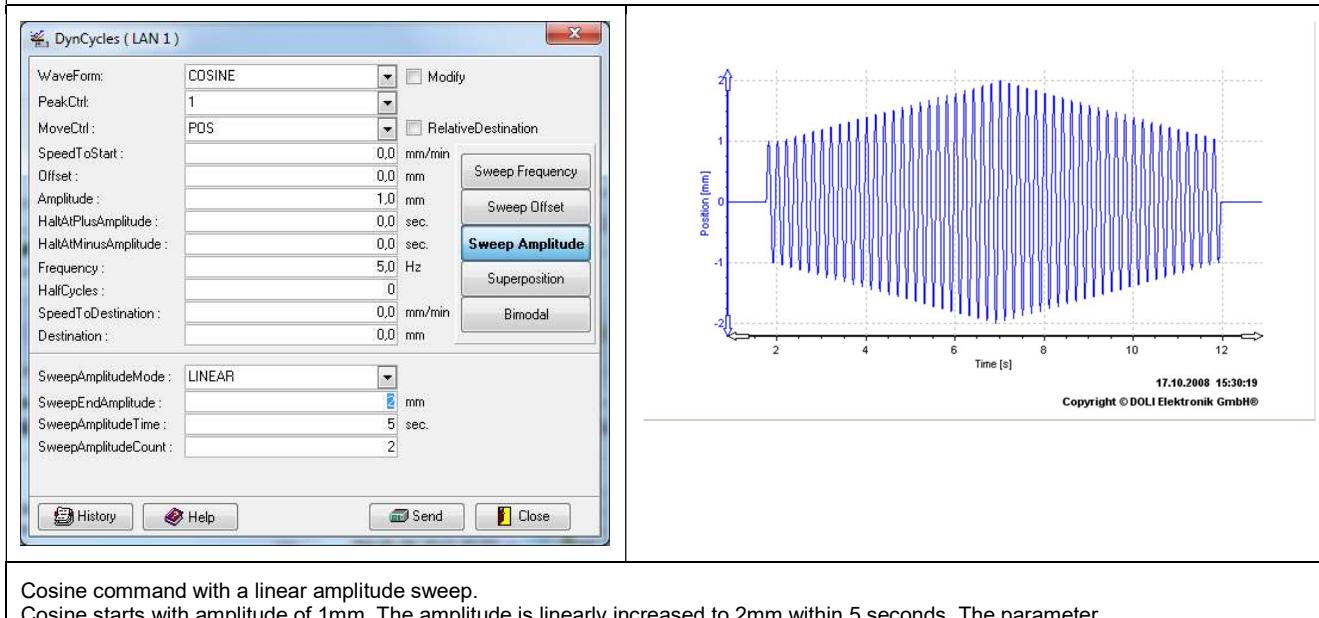
Cosine command with a logarithmic frequency sweep.

Cosine starts with a frequency of 1Hz. The frequency will be exponentially increased to 10Hz within 5 seconds. The parameter SweepFrequencyCount specifies how many sweeps should be done. In this case go up to 10Hz, and back to 1Hz.



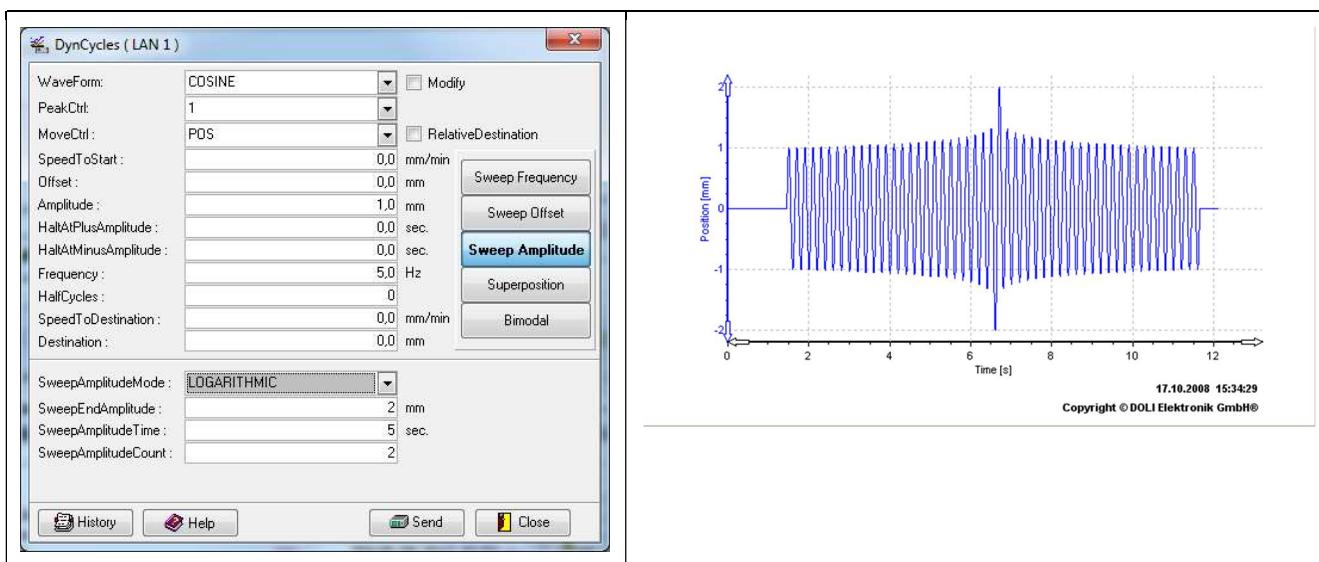
Cosine command with a linear offset sweep.

Cosine starts with an offset of 0mm. The offset is linearly increased to 2mm within 5 seconds. The parameter SweepOffsetCount specifies how many sweeps should be done.



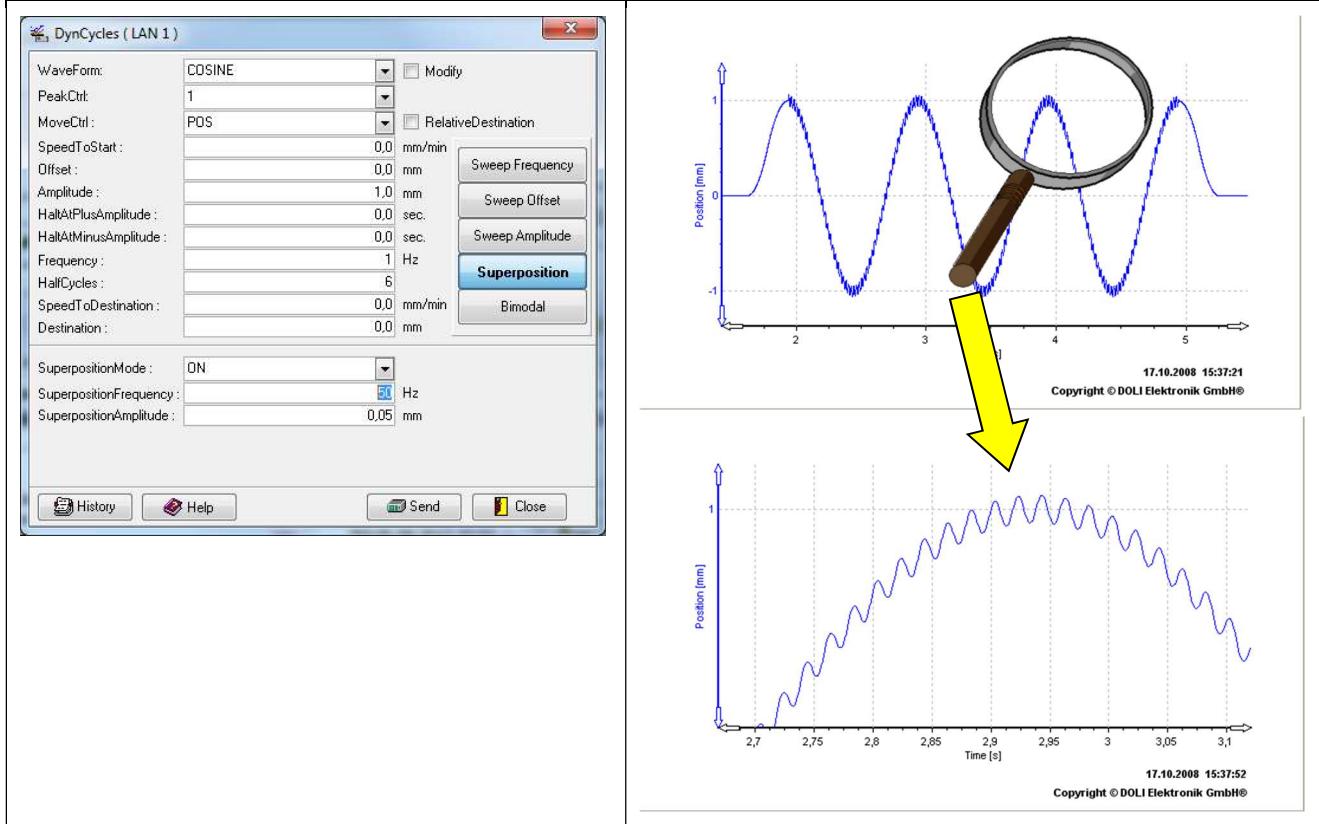
Cosine command with a linear amplitude sweep.

Cosine starts with amplitude of 1mm. The amplitude is linearly increased to 2mm within 5 seconds. The parameter SweepAmplitudeCount specifies how many sweeps should be done.



Cosine command with a logarithmic amplitude sweep.

Cosine starts with amplitude of 1mm. The amplitude is exponentially increased to 2mm within 5 seconds. The parameter SweepAmplitudeCount specifies how many sweeps should be done.



Cosine command superposition cosine.

The basic frequency of the Cosine is 1Hz. A cosine with a frequency of 50Hz and amplitude of 0.05mm is superimposed.

Please note; it is possible to have different sweeps at the same time. E.g. Frequency and amplitude sweep.

#### Rule for detecting end of cycling:

First priority has the parameter HalfCycles. If the Parameter HalfCycles is not zero, the command is finished after the number of half-cycles are finished, no matter if the sweep count has been reached.

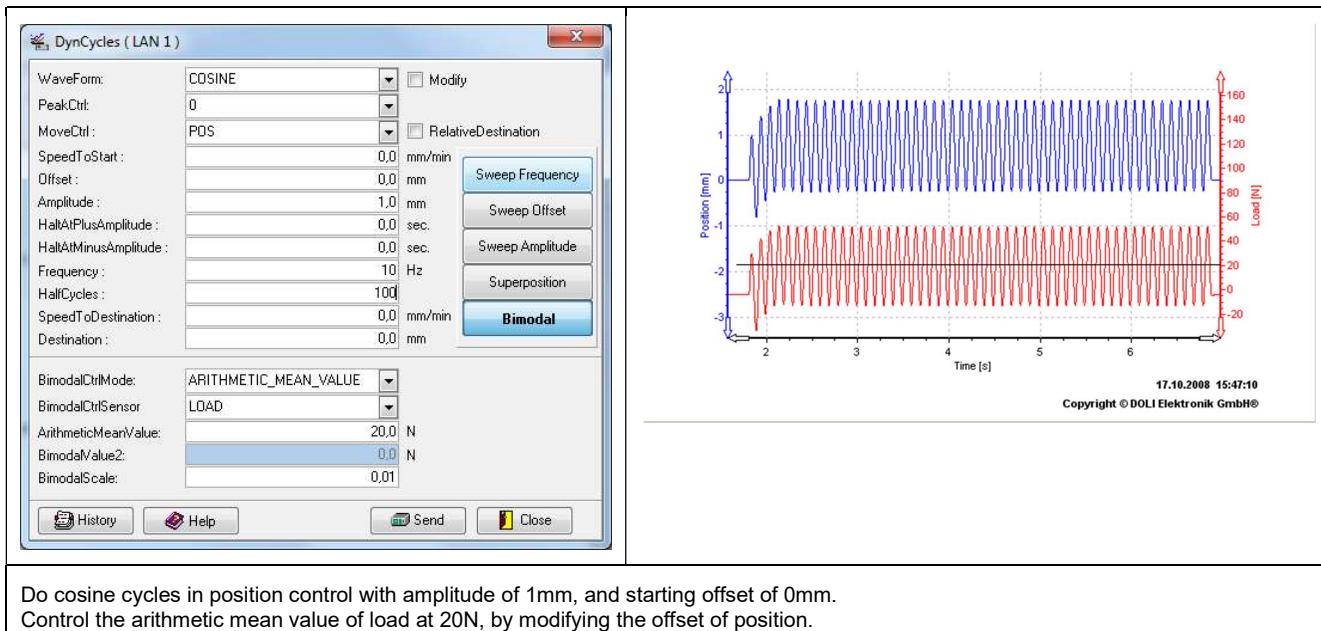
If HalfCycles is set to zero, the command is finished after **all** sweeps are finished.

### 5.6.6 Bimodal commands

A bimodal command runs the test in e.g. position control, but keep a certain e.g. load. The load is controlled by changing the offset of e.g. position. The parameter BimodalScale defines the scaling between the two sensors. You may calculate this parameter by determining the ratio between move control sensor / bimodal control sensor.

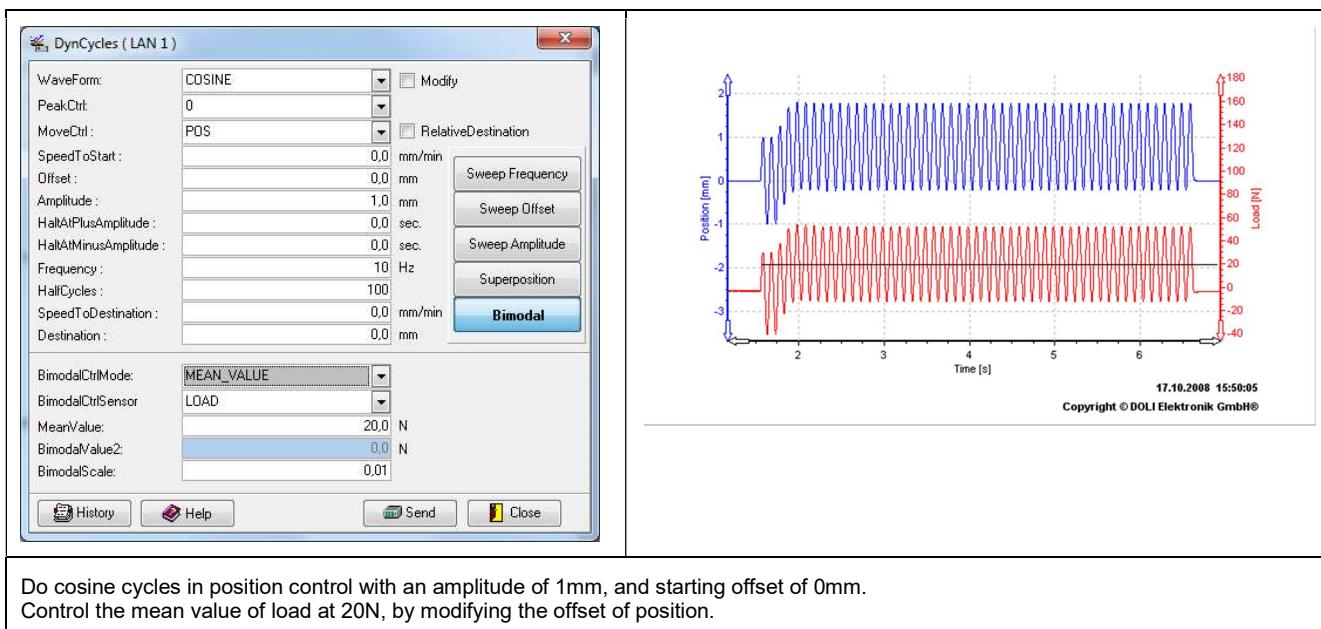
(For move control = Position, and bimodal control = Load, BimodalScale represents 1/stiffness of your specimen in mm/N.)

#### 5.6.6.1 Control arithmetic mean value



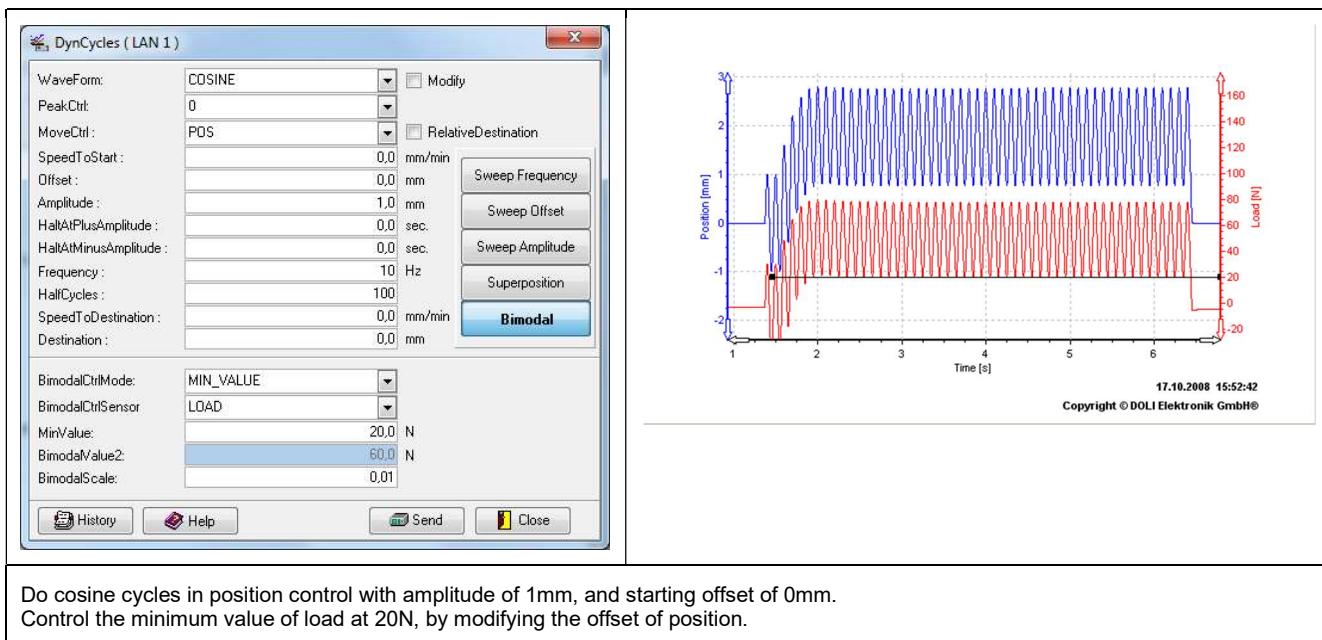
Do cosine cycles in position control with amplitude of 1mm, and starting offset of 0mm.  
Control the arithmetic mean value of load at 20N, by modifying the offset of position.

#### 5.6.6.2 Control mean value



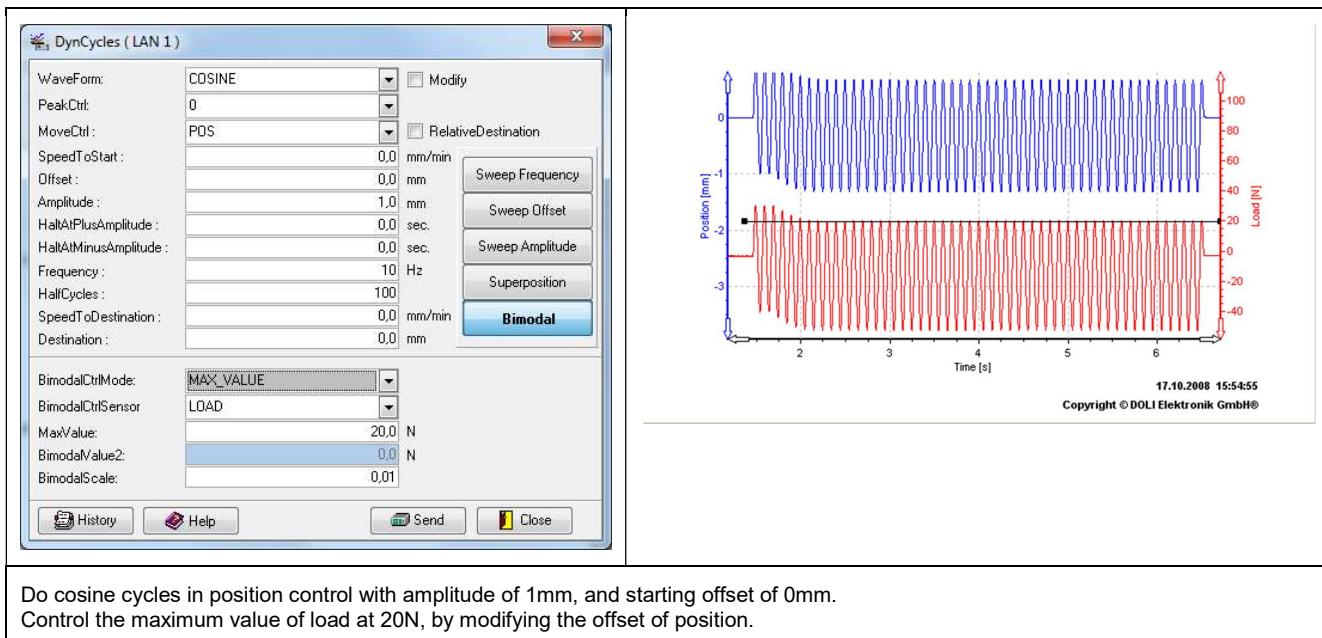
Do cosine cycles in position control with an amplitude of 1mm, and starting offset of 0mm.  
Control the mean value of load at 20N, by modifying the offset of position.

### 5.6.6.3 Control minimum value



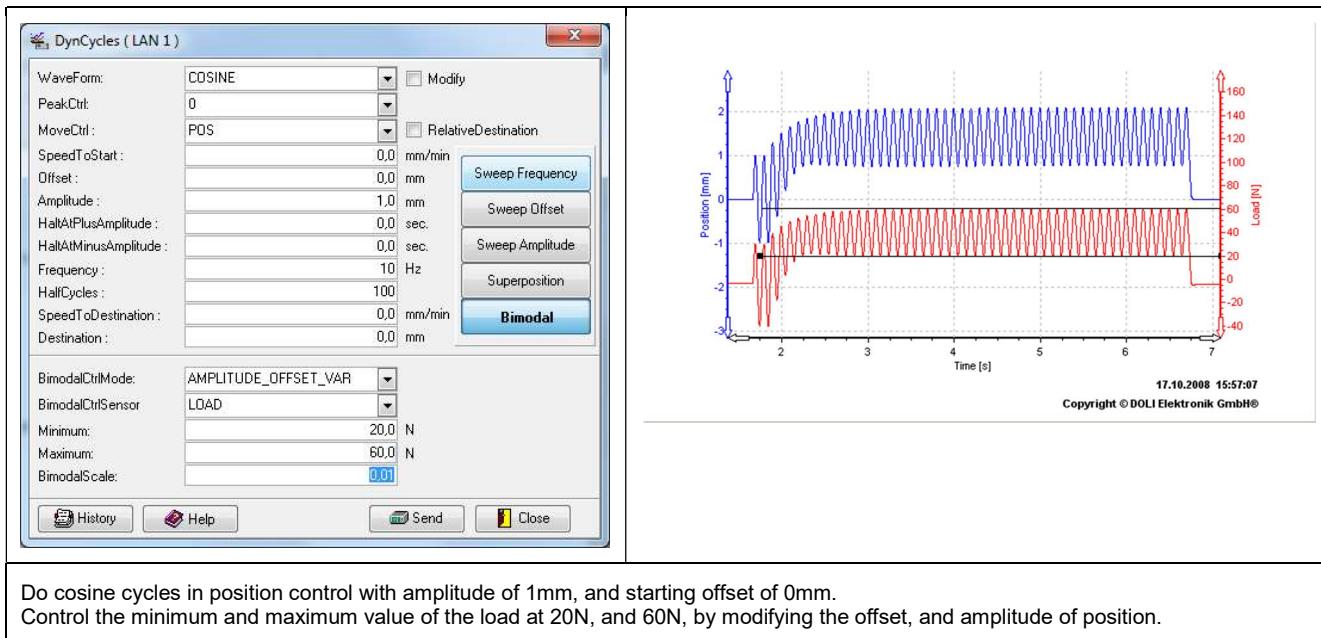
Do cosine cycles in position control with amplitude of 1mm, and starting offset of 0mm.  
Control the minimum value of load at 20N, by modifying the offset of position.

### 5.6.6.4 Control maximum value



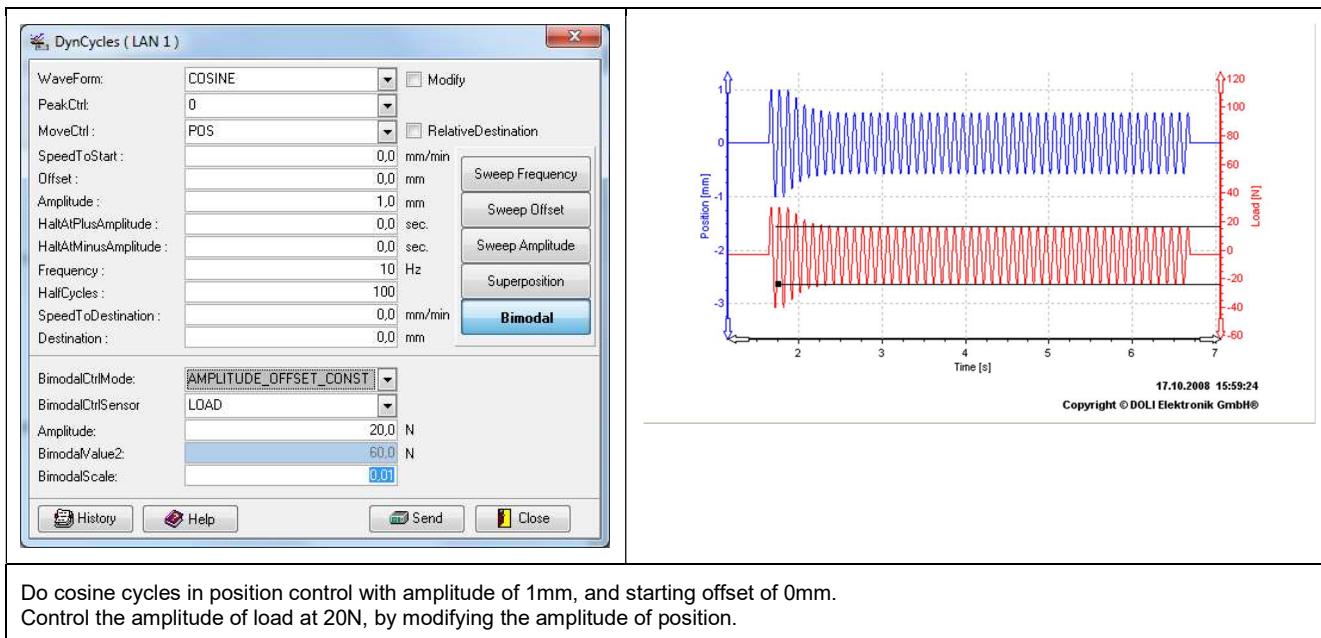
Do cosine cycles in position control with amplitude of 1mm, and starting offset of 0mm.  
Control the maximum value of load at 20N, by modifying the offset of position.

### 5.6.6.5 Control minimum AND maximum values,



Do cosine cycles in position control with amplitude of 1mm, and starting offset of 0mm.  
Control the minimum and maximum value of the load at 20N, and 60N, by modifying the offset, and amplitude of position.

### 5.6.6.6 Control minimum AND maximum values



Do cosine cycles in position control with amplitude of 1mm, and starting offset of 0mm.  
Control the amplitude of load at 20N, by modifying the amplitude of position.

### 5.6.7 Restrictions:

- Frequency Sweeps are only possible for Cosine waveforms!
- Amplitude or Offset sweep should not change faster than  $4 * 1/\text{frequency!}$
- Amplitude AND SweepEndAmplitude MUST have the same sign!
- Modify not permitted with active Amplitude or Offset Sweep
- Modify not permitted for different waveforms
- Modify not permitted for different control modes
- Modify not permitted for different signs of the Amplitude
- Modify not permitted with RelativeDestination
- Bimodal control sensor must different to move control sensor
- BimodalValue1 MUST be smaller than BimodalValue2
- BimodalValue1 (Amplitude) MUST be positiv
- BimodalScale MUST be smaller than 32767 (EDC point scale)
- Amplitude and Offset Sweeps are not permitted for bi-modal modes: "DYN\_BIMODAL\_MIN\_VALUE" or "DYN\_BIMODAL\_MAX\_VALUE".
- Amplitude and Offset Sweeps are not permitted for bi-modal modes: "DYN\_BIMODAL\_AMPLITUDE\_OFFSET\_VAR" or "DYN\_BIMODAL\_AMPLITUDE\_OFFSET\_CONST"

### 5.6.8 DoPEDynCycle function declaration:

Function declaration	Description	Unit
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEDynCycles ( DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl unsigned short WaveForm unsigned short Modify unsigned short PeakCtrl unsigned short MoveCtrl unsigned short RelativeDestination double SpeedToStart double Offset double Amplitude double HaltAtPlusAmplitude double HaltAtMinusAmplitude double Frequency unsigned long HalfCycles double SpeedToDestination double Destination unsigned short SweepFrequencyMode double SweepEndFrequency double SweepFrequencyTime unsigned long SweepFrequencyCount unsigned short SweepOffsetMode double SweepEndOffset double SweepOffsetTime unsigned long SweepOffsetCount unsigned short SweepAmplitudeMode double SweepEndAmplitude double SweepAmplitudeTime unsigned long SweepAmplitudeCount unsigned short SuperpositionMode double SuperpositionFrequency double SuperpositionAmplitude unsigned short BimodalCtrlMode unsigned short BimodalCtrlSensor double BimodalValue1 double BimodalValue2 double BimodalScale )	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)  DoPE link handle  DYN_WAVEFORM_xxx (Cosine, Triangular,...)  Modify Parameter of active cycles  Peak control cycles 0, 1,2,4,8,16  Control mode (CTRL_xxx)  false, Offset, and Destination absolute  true, Offset, and Destination relative  Speed to Offset + Amplitude  Offset  Amplitude  Halt Time at Offset + Amplitude  Halt Time at Offset – Amplitude  Frequency  Number of half cycles  Speed to final destination (0=automatic speed calculation)  Final destination  DYN_SWEEP_xxx (Off, Linear, Logarithmic,...)  End frequency for frequency sweep  Time for frequency sweep  Frequency sweep counter (0=infinite)  DYN_SWEEP_xxx (Off, Linear, Logarithmic,...)  Second offset for offset sweep  Time for offset sweep  Offset sweep counter (0=infinite)  DYN_SWEEP_xxx (Off, Linear, Logarithmic,...)  Second offset for offset sweep  Time for amplitude sweep  Amplitude sweep counter (0=infinite)  Superposition Mode (DYN_SUPERPOS_ON / _OFF)  Superposition Frequency  Superposition Amplitude  Mode for bimodal control  Sensor for bimodal control  Value1 to keep constant  Value2 only for DYN_BIMODAL_AMPLITUDE_OFFSET_VAR  Scale</p>	Unit/s Unit Unit s s 1/s Unit/s Unit 1/s s Unit s Unit s Unit s Unit 1/s Unit UnitBi UnitBi Unit/UnitBi

WORD	*IpusTAN	Pointer to transaction number.	
------	----------	--------------------------------	--

## 6 Synchronized data and movement

There are two commands (DoPESynchronizeSystemMode, DoPESynchronizeSystemStart) to control synchronized movement of two or more EDC systems. These commands are only useful if the synchronization option is installed, and the two or more EDC are correctly connected.

**Important:** Make sure that all synchronized EDC's use the same  
Speed Controller Time (SpeedT)  
Position Controller Time (PosT)  
Data Transmission Rate (DaRate).

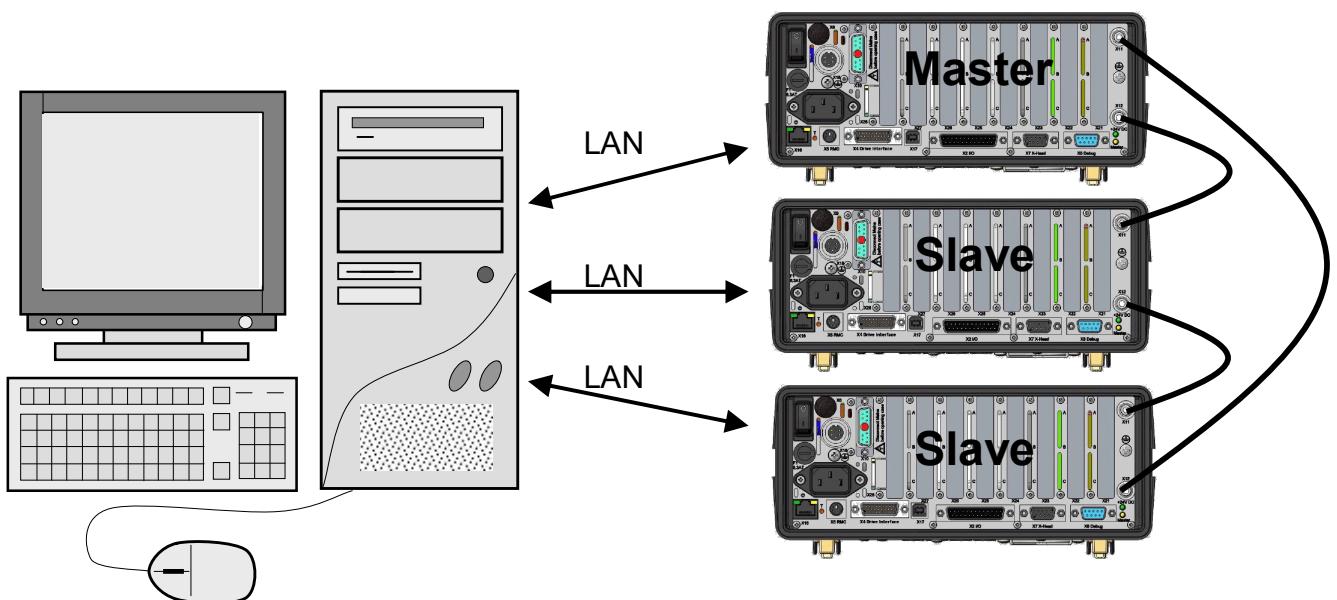
With DoPESynchronizeSystemMode you can synchronize time and movement, with DoPESynchronizeSystemStart you can start the synchronization.

There is also an event handler for synchronized measuring data samples available. The event is activated after DoPE receives samples with the same time from all synchronized EDCs.

The parameter SyncOption of DoPEGeneralData must be set correctly:

SYNC\_OPTION\_MASTER: for one Master EDC

SYNC\_OPTION\_SLAVE: for all other Slave EDCs



## 6.1 DoPESynchronizeSystemMode (Sync)

DoPESynchronizeSystemMode command is used for synchronized movement (see sample and state diagram below).

**Minimum requirements:** EDC580/220, DoPE 2.51



If Mode is SSM\_SYNCMOVE, the next moving command like DoPEPos, DoPECosine or any other moving command will be delayed until synchronization condition is true. The systems will be synchronized by the DoPESynchronizeSystemStart command.

Function declaration	Description	Unit
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESynchronizeSystemMode(     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short Mode     double Time     WORD *lpusTAN)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle SSM_SYNCMOVE: If Time is ZERO, start movement after synchronize signal is active. If Time is not ZERO, wait Time after synchronize signal is active before starting the movement. SSM_SYSTEMTIME: Set EDC-system time to Time, after synchronize signal is active. SSM_DISCARD: Discard previous DoPESynchronizeSystemMode command. Delay or system time to set with the next DoPESynchronizeSystemStartCommand. Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>	s

## 6.2 DoPESynchronizeSystemStart (Sync)

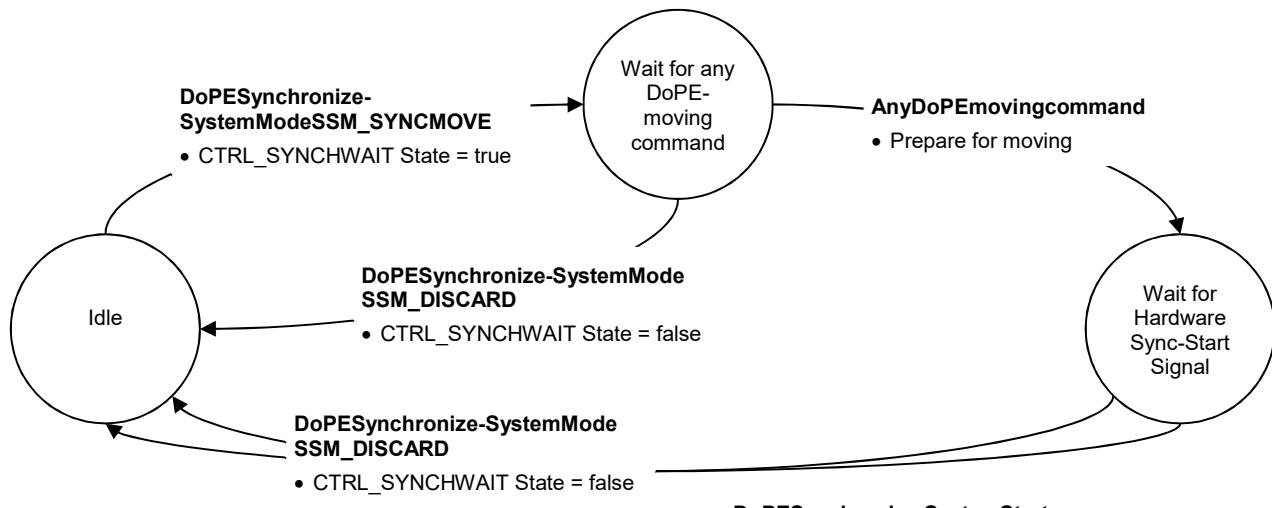


**This function can only be processed on the Master-EDC.**

The digital synchronization signal will be activated, and with the next system clock, all involved EDC will start the previously defined actions, set by DoPESynchronizeSystemMode.

**Minimum requirements:** EDC580/220, DoPE 2.51

Function declaration	Description	Unit
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESynchronizeSystemStart (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     WORD *lpusTAN)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle of Master EDC Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>	



**Example1:** Two axes should do synchronized sinus • Synchronized start of movement  
EDC with DoPEHdl\_1 is the master EDC.

```

/* Attention: The return code in this example is not checked!
A real program must check the return code !! */

/* Set system time for both EDC to zero after synchronization started */
Error = DoPESynchronizeSystemMode (DoPEHdl_1, SSM_SYSTEMTIME, 0, &lpusTAN_1);
Error = DoPESynchronizeSystemMode (DoPEHdl_2, SSM_SYSTEMTIME, 0, &lpusTAN_2);

/* Start cosine after synchronization without delay */
Error = DoPESynchronizeSystemMode (DoPEHdl_1, SSM_SYNCMOVE, 0, &lpusTAN_1);
Error = DoPECosineSync ( DoPEHdl_1, CTRL_POS, Speed1, Dest1, Dest2, Frequency, HalfCycles, Speed
Destination, &lpusTAN_1);

/* Start cosine after synchronization without delay */
Error = DoPESynchronizeSystemMode (DoPEHdl_2, SSM_SYNCMOVE, 0, &lpusTAN_2);
Error = DoPECosineSync ( DoPEHdl_2, CTRL_POS, Speed1, Dest1, Dest2, Frequency, HalfCycles, Speed
Destination, &lpusTAN_2);

/* Start synchronization at Master EDC */
Error = DoPESynchronizeSystemStart (DoPEHdl_1, &lpusTAN_1);
  
```

**Example2:** Two axes should do synchronized sinusoidal cycles with 90° phase shift.  
EDC with DoPEHdl\_1 is the master EDC.

```

/* Attention: The return code in this example is not checked!
A real program must check the return code !! */

/* Set system time for both EDC to zero after synchronization started */
Error = DoPESynchronizeSystemMode (DoPEHdl_1, SSM_SYSTEMTIME, 0, &lpusTAN_1);
Error = DoPESynchronizeSystemMode (DoPEHdl_2, SSM_SYSTEMTIME, 0, &lpusTAN_2);

/* Start cosine after synchronization without delay */
Error = DoPESynchronizeSystemMode (DoPEHdl_1, SSM_SYNCMOVE, 0, &lpusTAN_1);
Error = DoPECosineSync ( DoPEHdl_1, CTRL_POS, Speed1, Dest1, Dest2, Frequency, HalfCycles, Speed
Destination, &lpusTAN_1);
  
```

```
/* Start cosine after synchronization 90° phase shift */
Error = DoPESynchronizeSystemMode (DoPEHdl_2, SSM_SYNCMOVE, 1 / (Frequency * 4), &lpusTAN_2);
Error = DoPECosineSync ( DoPEHdl_2, CTRL_POS, Speed1, Dest1, Dest2, Frequency, HalfCycles, Speed
Destination, &lpusTAN_2);

/* Start synchronization at Master EDC */
Error = DoPESynchronizeSystemStart (DoPEHdl_1, &lpusTAN_1);
```

## 6.3 DoPESynchronizeData

Activate sample synchronization for a list of DoPE handles.

Passing an empty linklist (first item NULL) stops sample synchronization. Initializing, selecting a setup or closing one or more links stops sample synchronization, too.

Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESynchronizeData( DoPE_HANDLE     DoPEHdl[] DoPE_HANDLE     *pMaster)	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle array (terminated by NULL). Pointer to storage for the master DoPE link handle.

## 6.4 DoPESetOnSynchronizeDataHdlr

Set the OnSynchronizeData handler.

**Minimum requirements:** EDC580/220, DoPE 2.51

Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetOnSynchronizeDataHdlr( DoPEOnSynchronizeDataHdlr     Hdlr LPVOID                         IpParameter)	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) User function to be called with every received synchronized sample. User specific pointer.
<b>User function for the OnSynchronizeData event:</b>	
unsigned CALLBACK OnSynchronizeData DoPE_HANDLE     DoPEHdl DoPEOnSynchronizeData     *Data LPVOID                         IpParameter	Function should return 0 (reserved for future versions) DoPE link handle Pointer to received data User specific pointer set with DoPESetOnSynchronizeDataHdlr
typedef struct { unsigned                  DoPEError unsigned                  nData DoPELinkData             *Sample double                   Occupied } DoPEOnSynchronizeData;	DoPERR_NOERROR event is ok. Number of measuring data records Array of measuring data records. Utilization [% of data buffer size]
typedef struct { DoPE_HANDLE     DP DoPEData       Data } DoPELinkData	DoPE link handle Measuring data record

## 6.5 DoPESetOnSynchronizeDataOverflowHdlr

Set the OnSynchronizeDataOverflow handler.

**Minimum requirements:** EDC580/220, DoPE 2.67

Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetOnSynchronizeDataOverflowHdlr( DoPEOnSynchronizeDataOverflowHdlr     Hdlr LPVOID                         IpParameter)	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) User function to be called with every overflow of synchronized sample. User specific pointer.
<b>User function for the OnSynchronizeDataOverflow event:</b>	
unsigned CALLBACK OnSynchronizeDataOverflow LPVOID                         IpParameter	Function should return 0 (reserved for future versions) User specific pointer set with DoPESetOnSynchronizeDataOverflowHdlr

## 7 Miscellaneous Control Commands

### 7.1 DoPEOn(Sync)

Activate drive (not available for EDC100. The EDC100 has a hardware "ON" push button).

Function declaration	Description	Unit
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPE_HANDLE WORD DoPEOn( DoPEHdl *ipusTAN	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).	

### 7.2 DoPEOff (Sync)

Deactivate drive.

Function declaration	Description	Unit
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPE_HANDLE WORD WORD DoPEOff( DoPEHdl *ipusTANFirst *ipusTANLast	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version)	

### 7.3 DoPEDefaultAcc(Sync)

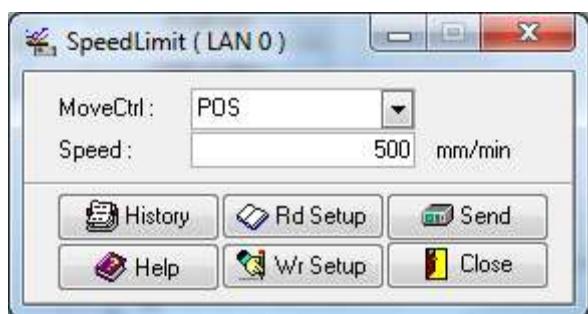
Set default acceleration (and deceleration) for all moving commands. After initialization default and nominal acceleration are identical.



Function declaration	Description	Unit
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPE_HANDLE unsigned short double WORD DoPEDefaultAcc ( DoPEHdl MoveCtrl Acc *ipusTAN	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Control mode (CTRL_xxx) Default Acceleration Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version)	

## 7.4 DoPESpeedLimit(Sync)

Set speed limit. The maximum speed for all moving commands will be limited to this SpeedLimit.



Function declaration	Description	Unit
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESpeedLimit (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short MoveCtrl     double Speed     WORD *ipusTAN</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Control mode (CTRL_xxx)          Maximum allowed speed (must be below nominal speed)          Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>	Unit/s

## 7.5 DoPESetCtrl (Sync)

Enable / disable closed loop control.

**Minimum requirements:** DoPE 2.51



Use this command to switch off EDC-Closed Loop Control.  
 After switching closed loop control off, PC must wait until all bits in ActiveCtrl are ZERO.

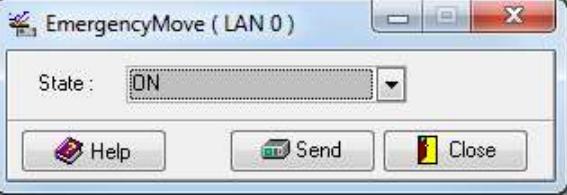


This command activates closed loop control of EDC.  
 Wait until the CTRL\_READY bit in controller status word 1 is active before any moving command is used!

Function declaration	Description	Unit
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetCtrl (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned Enable     WORD *ipusTAN</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          !=0 enables          =0 disables closed loop control          Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>	

## 7.6 DoPEEmergencyMove(Sync)

Activate / deactivate emergency movement. Emergency movement is used to move crosshead if the hardware limit switch is active.  
(Not supported on EDC5/25)

		
Function declaration	Description	Unit
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEEmergencyMove (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     Unsigned short State     WORD         *lpusTAN</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          !=0 on          =0 off          Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>	

## 7.7 DoPEEmergencyOff(Sync)

Activate / deactivate EmergencyOff state.

	The emergency off state may be activated or deactivated by software.
Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEEmergencyOff (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     Unsigned short State     WORD         *lpusTAN</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          !=0 Activate emergency off          =0 Deactivate emergency off          Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>

## 7.8 DoPESetOpenLoopCommand(Sync)

Set output value to valve.

	<p><b>This command is only allowed in OpenLoop controller structure.</b>          It is used for hydraulic machines that operate without a position sensor. (typically concrete testing machines) With this command it is possible to move the piston up or down. The command value where the piston is floating (not moving up or down) must be determined during installation.</p>
Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetOpenLoopCommand (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     double      Command     WORD        *lpusTAN</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Output value to valve in %.          Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>

## 8 Event Handler

### 8.1 Using DoPE Event handler

Whenever necessary, EDC will send a message, possibly with parameters to PC. There are many different reasons for such messages. E.g. if a positioning command has reached the destination, EDC will send a message to PC, reporting the destination has been reached.

To make it easy for the application program to get these messages, DoPE offers an event handler interface. For each event, the application program wants to process, an event handler must be installed. DoPE will call these event handlers, whenever the event occurs.

### 8.2 Overview of Events:

Event Name	Description	Related DoPE Command
OnLine	EDC goes On/Offline	-
OnData	New data record with measures values	-
OnCommandError	Error event upon a command	Any command
OnPosMsg	A positioning command has reached the destination	Any positioning command like DoPEPos, DoPEEndCMD
OnTPosMsg	Trigger position hit	DoPETrig, Positioning command with DoPEStartCMD/EndCMD
OnLPosMsg	Limit position reached	DoPEPosExt, DoPEFDPoti when reaching softend
OnSftMsg	Softend reached	DoPESft, Any positioning command
OnOffsCMsg	Offset correction finished	DoPEOffsC
OnCheckMsg	A measuring channel supervision hit.	DoPESetCheck
OnShieldMsg	Safety shield message	DoPEShieldLimit
OnRefSignalMsg	Reference signal message of a encoder	DoPESetRefSignalMode
OnSensorMsg	Message from a serial sensor	-
OnOverflow	Overflow of data records	-
OnRuntimeError	Any error condition, like emergency off active.	-
OnIoSHaltMsg	Upper / Lower S-Halt input triggered	-
OnKeyMsg	RMC-key state	-
OnSystemMsg	System message, like initialization errors	-
OnDebugMsg	Debug message (for remote support)	DoPEDebugMsgEnable DoPESendDebugCommand

## 8.3 DoPESetOnLineHdlr

The OnLine Handler supplies any change of the communication state between EDC, and PC.

**Minimum requirements:** DoPE 2.23

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetOnLineHdlr     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     DoPEOnLineHdlr Hdlr     LPVOID IpParameter</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          User function to be called after every line state change.          User specific pointer.</p>
<b>User function for the OnLine event:</b>	
<pre>unsigned CALLBACK OnLine     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     int LineState     LPVOID IpParameter</pre>	<p>Function should return 0 (reserved for future versions)          DoPE link handle          DoPEOFFLINE (0) link is offline          DoPEONLINE (1) link is online          DoPERESTART (2) asynchronous restart of the link          User specific pointer set with DoPESetOnLineHdlr</p>

## 8.4 DoPESetOnDataHdlr

The OnData event handler is called with each received measuring data record from EDC.

**Minimum requirements:** DoPE 2.23

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetOnDataHdlr     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     DoPEOnDataHdlr Hdlr     LPVOID IpParameter</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          User function to be called after a new data record is available.          User specific pointer</p>
<b>User function for the OnData event:</b>	
<pre>unsigned CALLBACK OnData     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     DoPEOnData *pData     LPVOID IpParameter</pre>	<p>Function should return 0 (reserved for future versions)          DoPE link handle          Pointer to received measuring data record          User specific pointer set with DoPESetOnDataHdlr</p>
<pre>typedef struct {     unsigned DoPEError;     DoPEData Data;     double Occupied; } DoPEOnData;</pre>	<p>DoPERR_NOERROR event is ok,          else error occurred during event generation, e.g. data conversion error.          Measuring data record.          Utilization in percent of the measuring data circular buffer inside DoPE.</p>

## 8.5 DoPESetOnDataBlockHdlr

The OnDataBlock event handler is called with each received measuring data record block from EDC. Per default DoPE collects 50 measuring data records in a block. This number can be changed with the DoPESetOnDataBlockSize function.

**Minimum requirements:** DoPE 2.80

Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPE_HANDLE DoPEOnDataBlockHdlr LPVOID	DoPESetOnDataBlockHdlr DoPEHdl Hdlr IpParameter
<b>User function for the OnDataBlock event:</b>	
unsigned CALLBACK OnDataBlock DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl DoPEOnDataBlock *pData LPVOID	Function should return 0 (reserved for future versions) DoPE link handle Pointer to measuring data record block User specific pointer set with DoPESetOnDataBlockHdlr
typedef struct { unsigned                     DoPError; unsigned                     nData; DoPEOnData                 *pData; double                      Occupied; } DoPEOnDataBlock;	DoPERR_NOERROR event is ok, else at least one measuring data record reports an error. Number of measuring data records in the block Pointer to measuring data records Utilization in percent of the measuring data circular buffer inside DoPE.

## 8.6 DoPESetOnDataBlockSize

Set the number of measuring data records to collect in an OnDataBlock block.

**Minimum requirements:** DoPE 2.80

Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPE_HANDLE unsigned	DoPESetOnDataBlockSize DoPEHdl nData

## 8.7 DoPESetOnDataBlockSize

Get the number of measuring data record to collect in an OnDataBlock block.

**Minimum requirements:** DoPE 2.80

Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPE_HANDLE unsigned	DoPEGetOnDataBlockSize DoPEHdl *nData

## 8.8 DoPE SetOnCommandErrorHandler

The OnCommandError event handler is called after parameter check of any DoPE command. DoPE commands like DoPEPos (not DoPEPosSync) report errors after being checked by EDC-firmware. After receiving the command error message from EDC, DoPE sends the OnCommandError event. (Only for non synchronized commands )

### Minimum requirements: DoPE 2.23

Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI SetOnCommandErrorHandler DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl DoPEOnCommandErrorHandler Hdlr LPVOID IpParameter	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle User function to be called. User specific pointer.
<b>User function for the OnCommandError event:</b>	
unsigned CALLBACK OnCommandError DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl DoPEOnCommandErrorHandler *pError LPVOID IpParameter	Function should return 0 (reserved for future versions) DoPE link handle Pointer to command error structure User specific pointer set with DoPESetOnDataHdlr
typedef struct { WORD CommandNumber WORD ErrorCode WORD usTAN } DoPEOnCommandErrorHandler;	EDC internal command number (for internal use). ErrorCode specifies the error type (see DoPERR_CMD_xxx). Transaction number of the corresponding DoPE command. <b>Note:</b> Application programs using the Sync commands do not need to set the OnCommandError event handler.

## 8.9 DoPESetOnPosMsgHandler

Whenever a moving command, like DoPEPos, is finished, EDC will send a message to PC. The moving command is finished after the command generator reached the final destination. DoPE will call the OnPosMsg event handler with a pointer to the DoPEOnPosMsg structure:

### Minimum requirements: DoPE 2.23

Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetOnPosMsgHandler DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl DoPEOnPosMsgHandler Hdlr LPVOID IpParameter	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle User function to be called. User specific pointer.
<b>User function for the OnPosMsg event:</b>	
unsigned CALLBACK OnPosMsg DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl DoPEOnPosMsg * pPosMsg LPVOID IpParameter	Function should return 0 (reserved for future versions) DoPE link handle Pointer to positioning message structure User specific pointer set with DoPESetOnPosMsgHdlr
typedef struct { Unsigned DoPEError  WORD Reached  double Time WORD Control double Position  WORD DControl  double Destination WORD usTAN } DoPEOnPosMsg;	DoPERR_NOERROR event is ok. Else error occurred during event generation, e.g. data conversion error.  1 if current position is within the destination window, 0 if current position is outside destination window. EDC-System time when reaching destination. Control mode of the next parameter (Position) If Reached = 1 Destination of the corresponding moving command. If Reached = 0 Current position. Control mode of the next parameter (Destination) Here: DControl has always the same value as Control. Destination of the corresponding moving command. Transaction number of the corresponding moving command.

## 8.10 DoPESetOnTPosMsgHdlr

This event is sent if the trigger position of a DoPETrig command hits. DoPE will call the OnTPosMsg event handler with a pointer to the DoPEOnPosMsg structure:

**Minimum requirements:** DoPE 2.23

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetOnTPosMsgHdlr     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     DoPEOnTPosMsgHdlr Hdlr     LPVOID     IpParameter</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          User function to be called after the trigger position of DoPETrig command hits.          User specific pointer.</p>
<b>User function for the OnTPosMsg event:</b>	
<pre>unsigned CALLBACK OnTPosMsg     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     DoPEOnTPosMsg * pTPosMsg     LPVOID     IpParameter</pre>	<p>Function should return 0 (reserved for future versions)          DoPE link handle          Pointer to positioning message structure          User specific pointer set with DoPESetOnTPosMsgHdlr</p>
<pre>typedef struct {     Unsigned      DoPEError     WORD          Reached     double        Time     WORD          Control     double        Position     WORD          DControl     double        Destination     WORD          usTAN } DoPEOnPosMsg;</pre>	<p>DoPERR_NOERROR event is ok.          Else error occurred during event generation,          e.g. data conversion error.          Always 1.          EDC-System time when trigger hits.          Control mode of the next parameter (Position)          Limit position of DoPETrig com.          Control mode of the next parameter (Destination).          Trigger position of DoPETrig command.          Transaction number of the corresponding DoPETrig command.</p>

## 8.11 DoPESetOnLPosMsgHdlr

This event is sent if the limit position of a DoPEPosExt command hits, or a softend position exceeds during DoPEFDPoti command. DoPE will call the OnLPosMsg event handler with a pointer to the DoPEOnPosMsg structure:

**Minimum requirements:** DoPE 2.23

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetOnLPosMsgHdlr DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl DoPEOnLPosMsgHdlr Hdlr  LPVOID lpParameter</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)  DoPE link handle  User function to be called after the limit position of DoPEPosExt command hits.  User specific pointer.</p>
<b>User function for the OnLPosMsg event:</b>	
<pre>unsigned CALLBACK OnLPosMsg DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl DoPEOnLPosMsg * pLPosMsg LPVOID lpParameter</pre>	<p>Function should return 0 (reserved for future versions)  DoPE link handle  Pointer to positioning message structure  User specific pointer set with DoPESetOnLPosMsgHdlr</p>
<pre>typedef struct {     Unsigned DoPEError     WORD Reached     double Time     WORD Control     double Position     WORD DControl     double Destination     WORD usTAN } DoPEOnPosMsg;</pre>	<p>DoPERR_NOERROR event is ok.  Else error occurred during event generation,  e.g. data conversion error.  Always 1.  EDC-System time when limit hits.  Control mode of the next parameter (Position)  Limit position of DoPEPosExt com.  Control mode of the next parameter (Destination).  Destination position of DoPEPosExt command.  Transaction number of the corresponding DoPEPosExt command.</p>

## 8.12 DoPESetOnSftMsgHdlr

This event is sent if a softend position was exceeded.

**Minimum requirements:** DoPE 2.23

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetOnSftMsgHdlr DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl DoPEOnSftMsgHdlr Hdlr LPVOID lpParameter</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)  DoPE link handle  User function to be called after a positioning command wasfinished.  User specific pointer.</p>
<b>User function for the OnSftMsg event:</b>	
<pre>unsigned CALLBACK OnSftMsg DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl DoPEOnSftMsg *pSftMsg LPVOID lpParameter</pre>	<p>Function should return 0 (reserved for future versions)  DoPE link handle  Pointer to positioning message structure  User specific pointer set with DoPESetOnSftMsgHdlr</p>
<pre>typedef struct {     Unsigned DoPEError     WORD Upper     double Time     WORD Control     double Position     WORD usTAN } DoPEOnSftMsg;</pre>	<p>DoPERR_NOERROR event is ok.  Else error occurred during event generation,  e.g. data conversion error.  1 = upper softend.  0 = lower softend.  EDC-System time when softend was exceeded.  Control mode of the softend that was exceeded.  Position, where the softend was detected.  Transaction number of the last positioning command.</p>

## 8.13 DoPESetOnOffsCMsgHdlr

Handler for offset correction messages	
<b>Minimum requirements:</b> DoPE 2.23	
Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetOnOffsCMsgHdlr     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     DoPEOnOffsCMsgHdlr Hdlr     LPVOID     IpParameter</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          User function to be called after an offset correction, activated with DoPEOffsC command was finished.          User specific pointer.</p>
User function for the OnOffsCMsg event:	
<pre>unsigned CALLBACK OnOffsCMsg     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     DoPEOnOffsCMsg *pOffsCMsg     LPVOID     IpParameter</pre>	<p>Function should return 0 (reserved for future versions)          DoPE link handle          Pointer to positioning message structure          User specific pointer set with DoPESetOnOffsCMsgHdlr</p>
<pre>typedef struct {     Unsigned      DoPEError     double        Time     WORD          Offset     WORD          usTAN } DoPEOnOffsCMsg;</pre>	<p>DoPERR_NOERROR event is ok.          Else error occurred during event generation,          e.g. data conversion error.          EDC-System time when offset correction was finished.          Measured offset of the output channel.          Transaction number of the corresponding DoPEOffsC command.</p>

## 8.14 DoPESetOnCheckMsgHdlr

Handler for channel supervision messages	
<b>Minimum requirements:</b> DoPE 2.23	
Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetOnCheckMsgHdlr     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     DoPEOnCheckMsgHdlr Hdlr     LPVOID     IpParameter</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          User function to be called after a channel supervision condition hits.          User specific pointer.</p>
User function for the OnCheckMsg event:	
<pre>unsigned CALLBACK OnCheckMsg     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     DoPEOnCheckMsg *pCheckMsg     LPVOID     IpParameter</pre>	<p>Function should return 0 (reserved for future versions)          DoPE link handle          Pointer to check message structure          User specific pointer set with DoPESetOnCheckMsgHdlr</p>
<pre>typedef struct {     Unsigned      DoPEError     WORD          Action     double        Time     WORD          CheckId     Double        Position     WORD          SensorNo     WORD          usTAN } DoPEOnCheckMsg;</pre>	<p>DoPERR_NOERROR event is ok.          Else error occurred during event generation,          e.g. data conversion error.          1 = the action of DoPESetCheck command was started.          0 = the action of DoPESetCheck command was NOT started.          (due to an error condition like active softend)          EDC-System time.          ID of measuring channel check.          Position of the supervised sensor.          Supervised sensor.          Transaction number of the corresponding DoPESetCheck command.</p>

## 8.15 DoPESetOnShieldMsgHdlr

Handler for channel shield messages	
<b>Minimum requirements:</b> DoPE 2.23	
Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPIDoPESetOnShieldMsgHdlr     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     DoPESetOnShieldMsgHdlr Hdlr     LPVOID lpParameter</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          User function to be called after a shield limit has triggered.          User specific pointer.</p>
User function for the OnShieldMsg event:	
<pre>unsigned CALLBACK OnShieldMsg     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     DoPEOnShieldMsg *pOnShieldMsg     LPVOID lpParameter</pre>	<p>Function should return 0 (reserved for future versions)          DoPE link handle          Pointer to shield message structure.          User specific pointer set with DoPESetOnShieldMsgHdlr</p>
<pre>typedef struct {     Unsigned DoPEError     WORD Action     double Time     WORD SensorNo     Double Position     WORD usTAN } DoPEOnShieldMsg;</pre>	<p>DoPERR_NOERROR event is ok.          Else error occurred during event generation,          e.g. data conversion error.          1 = the action of DoPEShieldLimit command was started.          0 = the action of DoPEShieldLimit command was NOT started.          (due to an error condition like active softend)          EDC-System time.          Supervised sensor.          Position of the supervised sensor.          Transaction number of the corresponding DoPEShieldLimit command.</p>

## 8.16 DoPESetOnRefSignalMsgHdlr

Handler for reference signal messages	
<b>Minimum requirements:</b> DoPE 2.23	
Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPIDoPESetOnRefSignalMsgHdlr     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     DoPESetOnRefSignalMsgHdlr Hdlr     LPVOID lpParameter</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          User function to be called after a reference signal occurred.          User specific pointer.</p>
User function for the OnRefSignalMsg event:	
<pre>unsigned CALLBACK OnRefSignalMsg     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     DoPEOnRefSignalMsg * pRefSignalMsg     LPVOID lpParameter</pre>	<p>Function should return 0 (reserved for future versions)          DoPE link handle          Pointer to reference signal message structure.          User specific pointer set with DoPESetOnRefSignalMsgHdlr</p>
<pre>typedef struct {     Unsigned DoPEError     double Time     WORD SensorNo     Double Position     WORD usTAN } DoPEOnRefSignalMsg;</pre>	<p>DoPERR_NOERROR event is ok.          Else error occurred during event generation,          e.g. data conversion error.          EDC-System time.          Sensor where the reference signal occurred.          Position at reference signal.          Transaction number of the corresponding DoPESetRefSignalMode command.</p>

## 8.17 DoPESetOnSensorMsgHdlr

Handler for serial sensormessages	
<b>Minimum requirements:</b> DoPE 2.23	
<b>Function declaration</b>	<b>Description</b>
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetOnSensorMsgHdlr     DoPE_HANDLE          DoPEHdl     DoPESetOnSensorMsgHdlr   Hdlr     LPVOID                lpParameter</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          User function to be called after a message from a serial sensor was received.          User specific pointer.</p>
<b>User function for the OnSensorMsg event:</b>	
<pre>unsigned CALLBACK OnSensorMsg     DoPE_HANDLE          DoPEHdl     DoPEOnSensorMsg      * pOnSensorMsg     LPVOID                lpParameter</pre>	<p>Function should return 0 (reserved for future versions)          DoPE link handle          Pointer to serial sensor message structure.          User specific pointer set with DoPESetOnSensorMsgHdlr</p>
<pre>typedef struct {     Unsigned           DoPEError     double             Time     WORD               SensorNo     WORD               Length     BYTE               Data[SENSOR_MSG_LEN+1]     WORD               usTAN } DoPEOnSensorMsg;</pre>	<p>DoPERR_NOERROR event is ok.          Else error occurred during event generation, e.g. data conversion error.          EDC-System time.          Sensor number.          Number of bytes in Data.          Message from the sensor.          Transaction number is unused, always ZERO.</p>

## 8.18 DoPESetOnIoSHaltMsgHdlr

Handler for IO-SHalt messages.	
<b>Minimum requirements:</b> EDC580/220, EdcApp 9133.022, DoPE 2.71	
<b>Function declaration</b>	<b>Description</b>
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetOnIoSHaltMsgHdlr     DoPE_HANDLE          DoPEHdl     DoPESetOnIoSHaltMsgHdlr   Hdlr     LPVOID                lpParameter</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          User function to be called after a SHalt input has triggered.          User specific pointer.</p>
<b>User function for the OnIoSHaltMsg event:</b>	
<pre>unsigned CALLBACK OnIoSHaltMsg     DoPE_HANDLE          DoPEHdl     DoPEOnIoSHaltMsg     * pOnIoSHaltMsg     LPVOID                lpParameter</pre>	<p>Function should return 0 (reserved for future versions)          DoPE link handle          Pointer to IO-SHalt message structure.          User specific pointer set with DoPESetOnIoSHaltMsgHdlr</p>
<pre>typedef struct {     Unsigned           DoPEError     WORD               Upper     double             Time     WORD               Control     double             Position     WORD               usTAN } DoPEOnIoSHaltMsg;</pre>	<p>DoPERR_NOERROR event is ok.          Else error occurred during event generation, e.g. data conversion error.          1: Upper SHalt input triggered.          0: Lower SHalt input triggered.          EDC-System time.          Control mode of Position.          Position at SHalt input trigger.          Transaction number.</p>

## 8.19 DoPESetOnKeyMsgHdlr

Handler for keymessages. For each activated or deactivated key this message is sent.

**Minimum requirements:** DoPE 2.51

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetOnKeyMsgHdlr     DoPE_HANDLE          DoPEHdl     DoPESetOnKeyMsgHdlr Hdlr     LPVOID               lpParameter</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          User function to be called after a change of any (RMC) key was detected.          User specific pointer.</p>
<b>User function for the OnKeyMsg event:</b>	
<pre>unsigned CALLBACK OnKeyMsg     DoPE_HANDLE          DoPEHdl     DoPEOnKeyMsg         * pOnKeyMsg     LPVOID               lpParameter</pre>	<p>Function should return 0 (reserved for future versions)          DoPE link handle          Pointer to key message structure.          User specific pointer set with DoPESetOnKeyMsgHdlr</p>
<pre>typedef struct {     Unsigned           DoPEError     double             Time     unsigned __int64   Keys     unsigned __int64   NewKeys     unsigned __int64   GoneKeys     WORD               OemKeys     WORD               NewOemKeys     WORD               GoneOemKeys     WORD               usTAN } DoPEOnKeyMsg;</pre>	<p>DoPERR_NOERROR event is ok.          Else error occurred during event generation,          e.g. data conversion error.          EDC-System time.          Current key state.          All new keys.          All gone keys.          Current OEM key state (for future use).          New OEM keys (for future use).          Gone OEM keys (for future use).          Transaction number.</p>

## 8.20 DoPESetOnRuntimeErrorHandler

Handler for runtime error messages.	
<b>Minimum requirements:</b> DoPE 2.23	
<b>Function declaration</b>	<b>Description</b>
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetOnRuntimeErrorHandler     DoPE_HANDLE          DoPEHdl     DoPEOnRuntimeErrorHandler Hdlr     LPVOID                lpParameter</pre>	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle User function to be called after a runtime error occurred. User specific pointer.
<b>User function for the OnOnRuntimeError event:</b>	
<pre>unsigned CALLBACK OnRuntimeError     DoPE_HANDLE          DoPEHdl     pOnRuntimeError       * pOnRuntimeError     LPVOID                lpParameter</pre>	Function should return 0 (reserved for future versions) DoPE link handle Pointer to runtime error structure. User specific pointer set with DoPESetOnRuntimeErrorHandler
<pre>typedef struct {     unsigned             DoPError     unsigned short        ErrorNumber     double               Time     unsigned short        Device     unsigned short        Bits     WORD                 usTAN } DoPEOnRuntimeError;</pre>	DoPERR_NOERROR event is ok. Else error occurred during event generation, e.g. data conversion error. Number of run time error. System time the error occurred. Device Number responsible for the error. Responsible bits of the device. Transaction number. <b>Note: Device and Bits are only information for DOLI service personal.</b>

### 8.20.1 List of Runtime errors

Error number	Error constant	Description
104	RTE_EMOVE_END	Error at end of emergency movement still active
105	RTE_CTRL_DEVIATION	Controller deviation error (Control channel see device)
201	RTE_DRIVE_OFF	Drive off or emergency off
202	RTE_E_MOVE_RQ	emergency off, emergency drive required
203	RTE_UPPER_LIMIT_SWITCH	Upper hard-limit switch active
204	RTE_LOWER_LIMIT_SWITCH	Lower hard-limit switch active
205	RTE_STOP	Drive not ready
206	RTE_DF_KEY	Drive free withdrawn by key
207	RTE_SHALT	Signal S-HALT activated
301	RTE_UPPER_LIMIT	Upper range limit exceeded
302	RTE_LOWER_LIMIT	Lower range limit exceeded

## 8.21 DoPESetOnOverflowHdlr

Handler for overflow messages.

An overflow may occur, if data records or messages from EDC are not processed by the application program for a longer time. The application program can adjust the number of data records, and messages when opening the link to EDC with DoPE open functions.

**Minimum requirements:** DoPE 2.23

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetOnOverflowHdlr     DoPE_HANDLE          DoPEHdl     DoPEOnOverflowHdlr   Hdlr     LPVOID                IpParameter</pre>	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle User function to be called after overflow detection. User specific pointer.
<b>User function for the OnOverflow event:</b>	
<pre>unsigned CALLBACK OnOverflow     DoPE_HANDLE          DoPEHdl     int                  Overflowtype     LPVOID                IpParameter</pre>	Function should return 0 (reserved for future versions) DoPE link handle 0=measuring data records lost else =message lost. User specific pointer set with DoPESetOnOverflowHdlr

## 8.22 DoPESetOnSystemMsgHdlr

Handler for system messages.

**Minimum requirements:** EDC580/220, EdcApp 9133.017, DoPE 2.65

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetOnSystemMsgHdlr     DoPE_HANDLE          DoPEHdl     DoPEOnSystemMsgHdlr   Hdlr     LPVOID                IpParameter</pre>	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle User function to be called for system messages. User specific pointer.
<b>User function for the OnSystemMsg event:</b>	
<pre>unsigned CALLBACK OnSystemMsg     DoPE_HANDLE          DoPEHdl     DoPEOnSystemMsg      *SystemMsg     LPVOID                IpParameter</pre>	Function should return 0 (reserved for future versions) DoPE link handle Pointer to received system message User specific pointer set with DoPESetOnSystemMsgHdlr
<pre>typedef struct {     unsigned      DoPEError     unsigned short MsgNumber     double        Time     wchar_t       Text[SYSTEM_MSG_TEXT_LEN] } DoPEOnSystemMsg;</pre>	DoPERR_NOERROR event is ok. Number of system message System time the message was sent. Message text

## 8.23 DoPESetOnDebugMsgHdlr

Handler for debug messages.	
<b>Minimum requirements:</b> EDC580V/220V, DoPE 2.77	
<b>Function declaration</b>	<b>Description</b>
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetOnDebugMsgHdlr     DoPE_HANDLE          DoPEHdl     DoPEOnDebugMsgHdlr   Hdlr     LPVOID                lpParameter</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          User function to be called for debug messages.          User specific pointer.</p>
<b>User function for the OnDebugMsg event:</b>	
<pre>unsigned CALLBACK OnDebugMsg     DoPE_HANDLE          DoPEHdl     DoPEOnDebugMsg       *DebugMsg     LPVOID                lpParameter</pre>	<p>Function should return 0 (reserved for future versions)          DoPE link handle          Pointer to received debug message          User specific pointer set with DoPESetOnDebugMsgHdlr</p>
<pre>typedef struct {     unsigned      DoPError     unsigned short MsgType     double        Time     wchar_t       Text[DEBUG_MSG_TEXT_LEN] } DoPEOnDebugMsg;</pre>	<p>DoPERR_NOERROR event is ok.          Type of debug message          System time the message was sent.          Message text</p>
<b>Constants for MsgType</b>	
DEBUG_MSG	General debug message
DEBUG_MSG_DATA	Measured values debug message (typically sent every 500ms)

## 8.24 DoPETHreadPollHdlr

In case, the application program uses an extra thread for communication with DoPE, the DoPETHreadPollHdlr must be called periodically.

1. The application program must install a tread message queue for the thread, using the windows API-function MsgWaitForMultipleObjectsEx.
2. Open communication with a DoPE open function.
3. Install all event handlers you want to process.
4. Use MsgWaitForMultipleObjectsEx function, and wait for tread messages.
5. Call DoPETHreadPollHdlr function if MsgWaitForMultipleObjectsEx stops waiting due to the QS\_POSTMESSAGE wait mask. (See Microsoft MSDN for details)

Here a "C" sample program:

```
UINT Thread( LPVOID pParam)
{
    DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl = NULL;
    unsigned DoPEErr;
    // create a message queue for the thread
    MsgWaitForMultipleObjectsEx(
        0,                      //DWORD nCount,           // number of handles in the handle array
        NULL,                   //LPHANDLE pHandles,     // pointer to the object-handle array
        0,                      //DWORD dwMilliseconds, // time-out interval in milliseconds
        QS_POSTMESSAGE, //DWORD dwWakeMask   // type of input events to wait for
        MWMO_INPUTAVAILABLE //DWORD dwFlags      // wait flags
    );
    DoPEErr = DoPEOpenFunctionID( ... &DoPEHdl ); // open the communication link
    if( DoPEErr != DoPERR_NOERROR)
        //add errorhandling here
        return 0;
    DoPEErr = DoPESelSetup ( DoPEHdl, 1, UserScale, NULL, NULL );
    if(DoPEErr != DoPERR_NOERROR)
        //add errorhandling here
    // install the on data handler
    DoPEErr = DoPESetOnDataHdlr ( DoPEHdl, OnData, NULL );
    if(DoPEErr != DoPERR_NOERROR)
        //add errorhandling here
    for ( BOOL Terminate = FALSE; !Terminate; ) // thread loop
    {
        DWORD n;
        #define nCOUNT 0
        switch(n=MsgWaitForMultipleObjectsEx(
            nCOUNT,             //DWORD nCount,           // number of handles in the handle array
            NULL,               //LPHANDLE pHandles,     // pointer to the object-handle array
            1000,               //DWORD dwMilliseconds, // time-out interval in milliseconds
            QS_POSTMESSAGE, //DWORD dwWakeMask   // type of input events to wait for
            MWMO_INPUTAVAILABLE //DWORD dwFlags      // wait flags
        ))
        {
            case WAIT_TIMEOUT:
                break;
            case WAIT_OBJECT_0 + nCOUNT:
                //New input of the type specified in the dwWakeMask parameter
                // is available in the thread's input queue.
                DoPEErr=DoPETHreadPollHdlr ( DoPEHdl );
                if(DoPEErr!=DoPERR_NOERROR)
                {
                    //add errorhandling here
                    Terminate = TRUE;
                }
                // process thread messages with PeekMessage ( &Msg, NULL, WM_USER, WM_USER, PM_REMOVE )
                break;
        }
    }
    return 0;
}
```

## 8.25 Realtime version of DoPE Event Handler

For each event, there are two versions of event handlers:

- The “normal” event handler (e.g. DoPESetOnDataHdlr),
- And a real time version (e.g. DoPESetOnDataRtHdlr).

The difference of these two versions is the time priority; the event handler has to be called.

For the normal priority, DoPE uses the Windows message queue, while the real time handler is called by DoPE at a high priority level.

A realtime handler must not call any sync DoPE function like DoPEPosSync, and also functions that read data from EDC like DoPERdSetupAll.

Note: There are no realtime handlers available for VB6 and VB.NET

**Application programmer using the real time event handler must be aware of the restrictions for functions at a high priority level.**

In most cases, the normal version of event handler is sufficient.

## 9 Configuration

### 9.1 DoPERdVersion / DoPEwRdVersion

Read version strings. There are two versions of this function, one return ASCII-Strings, another one returns wide character strings.	
<b>Minimum requirements:</b> DoPEwRdVersion, DoPE 2.65	
<b>Function declaration</b>	<b>Description</b>
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPERdVersion DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl DoPEVersion *Version	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Version strings.
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEwRdVersion DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl DoPEwVersion *Version	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Version strings.
typedef struct { char PeInterface[6]; char Application [13]; char Subsy[6]; char SubsyCustVer[6]; char SubsyCustName[9]; char Bios[6]; char HwCtrl[7]; char PeInterfacePC[6]; char DpxVer[6]; char SerialNumber[17]; } DoPEVersion;	PE interface EDC VERSION "xx.xx" EDC appl. version "xxxxxxxx.xxx" Subsystem version "xx.xx" Subsystem customer version "xx.xx" Subsystem customer name "xxxxxxxx" EDC BIOS version "xx.xx" EDC controller hardware no "xxxx.x" PE interface PC Version "xx.xx" DPX version "xx.xx" EDC serial number"xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx" Strings are zero terminated '\0'
typedef struct { wchar_t PeInterface[6]; wchar_t Application [13]; wchar_t Subsy[6]; wchar_t SubsyCustVer[6]; wchar_t SubsyCustName[9]; wchar_t Bios[6]; wchar_t HwCtrl[7]; wchar_t PeInterfacePC[6]; wchar_t DpxVer[6]; wchar_t SerialNumber[17]; } DoPEwVersion;	PE interface EDC VERSION "xx.xx" EDC appl. version "xxxxxxxx.xxx" Subsystem version "xx.xx" Subsystem customer version "xx.xx" Subsystem customer name "xxxxxxxx" EDC BIOS version "xx.xx" EDC controller hardware no "xxxx.x" PE interface PC Version "xx.xx" DPX version "xx.xx" EDC serial number"xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx" Strings are zero terminated '\0'

### 9.2 DoPEwRdLanguageInfo

Read language info.	
<b>Minimum requirements:</b> EDC580/220, EdcApp 9133.017, DoPE 2.65	
<b>Function declaration</b>	<b>Description</b>
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEwRdLanguageInfo DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl DoPEwLanguageInfo *Info	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Pointer to storage for the language info.

## 9.3 Data Acquisition commands

### 9.3.1 DoPESetDataTransmissionRate (Sync)

Set time base for data acquisition. The default refresh time is defined in the set-up data. You may change it according to your needs.

**Minimum requirements:** DoPE 2.51

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetDataTransmissionRate (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     double Refresh     WORD     *lpusTAN</pre>	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Refresh time Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version). <span style="float: right;">s</span>

### 9.3.2 DoPESetSensorDataTransmissionRate (Sync)

Set time base for data acquisition for an individual measuring channel.  
The default refresh time is defined in the setup data.

**Minimum requirements:** EDC580/220, EdcApp 9133.021, DoPE 2.66

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetSensorDataTransmissionRate(     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     WORD      SensorNo     Double    Refresh     WORD      *lpusTAN</pre>	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Sensor Number Refresh time Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version). <span style="float: right;">s</span>

### 9.3.3 DoPESetTime(Sync)

Set time counter to a desired value.

**Minimum requirements for Mode Parameter:** EDC580V/220V, EdcApp 9140.011, DoPE 2.80

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetTime (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     WORD      Mode     double    Time     WORD      *lpusTAN</pre>	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle <b>SETTIME_MODE_IMMEDIATE</b> : set time without a delay <b>SETTIME_MODE_MOVE</b> : set time at the beginning of the next movement command <b>SETTIME_MODE_CYCLE</b> : set time at the beginning of the first cycle of the next cyclic command New value for Time in Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version). <span style="float: right;">s</span>

### 9.3.4 DoPETransmitData(Sync)

Activate / Deactivate transmission of data. If deactivated NO measuring data will be transmitted to the PC!

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPETransmitData (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short Enable     double      Time     WORD        *lpusTAN</pre>	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle TRUE = Activate transmission FALSE = Deactivate transmission Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).

### 9.3.5 DoPEIntgr(Sync)

Set time of integration for an analogue measuring channel. Normally integration time is set to 20 ms. If this time is increased to a higher value e.g. 100 ms, resolution is increased and noise is decreased. For example you have a 100 kN load cell and you display 1 N as the smallest value. You reach this resolution at about 20 ms. Now you increase the time to 100 ms and you still display only 1 N steps, your signal noise will be reduced. You may use this effect for a stable load display while no test is running. Set integration time always to 250 ms while no test is running and just before starting a test reduce it to e.g. 20 ms.

Note: The integration time is independent from the refresh time (DoPESetDataTransmissionRate). It is possible to set the refresh time to 20 ms and the integration time to 100ms.

Function declaration	Description	
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEIntgr (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short SensorNo     double       Intgr ) WORD          *lpusTAN</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Sensor Number          Integration time for analogue measuring channels in sec.          The limits of integration time depend on the selected time base for the speed control loop cycle time.          (see machine set-up data)          The minimum time is 1 x (time base for the speed control)          The maximum time is 100 x (time base for the speed control)          Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>	s

### 9.3.6 DoPECtrlTestValues

Enable or disable the controller Test values in the DoPEData record.

The three Test values are configured to:

- Test1: Command
- Test2: Feedback
- Test3: Output

The test values are disabled by default!

**Minimum requirements:** DoPE 2.23

Function declaration	Description	
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPECtrlTestValues (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short State )</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          TRUE: enables          FALSE: disables the controller test values in the DoPEData record.</p>	

### 9.3.7 DoPESetCycleMode

Enable/disable unified cycle handling for cyclic movement commands.

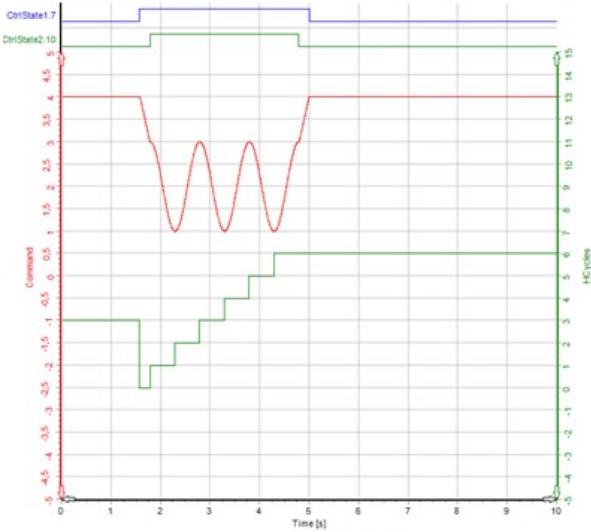
**Minimum requirements:** EDC580V/220V, EdcApp 9140.011, DoPE 2.80

Function declaration	Description	
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetCycle (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned     Enable )</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          != 0   enables          == 0   disables unified cycle handling for cyclic (<b>default</b>)</p>	

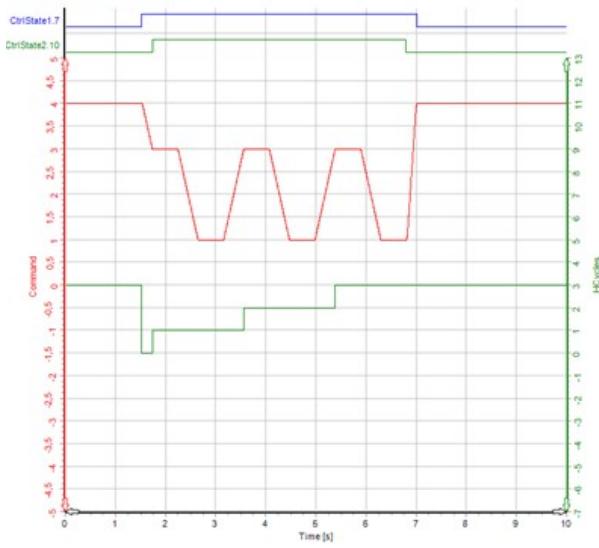
**Unified cycle handling**

- Bit7 of CtrlState1 signals ‘movement command is active’
- Bit10 of CtrlState2 signals ‘cycles active’
- Cycles count resets to zero at the beginning of the movement command (rising edge of CtrlState1.7)
- Cycles count increases at the **start of each (half)cycle**
- ‘cycles active’ resets to low at the end of the last cycle

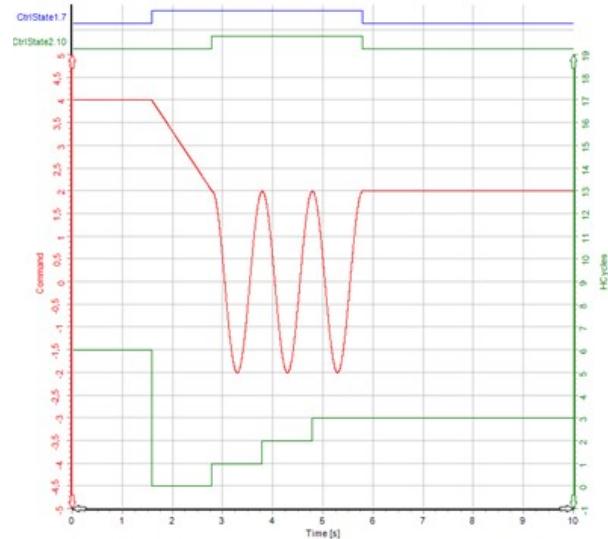
DynCycle Command



Cycle Command



PcCmd

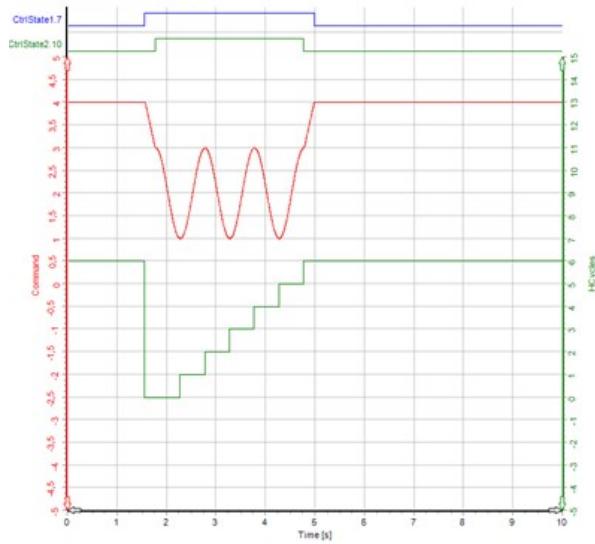


**No unified cycle handling**

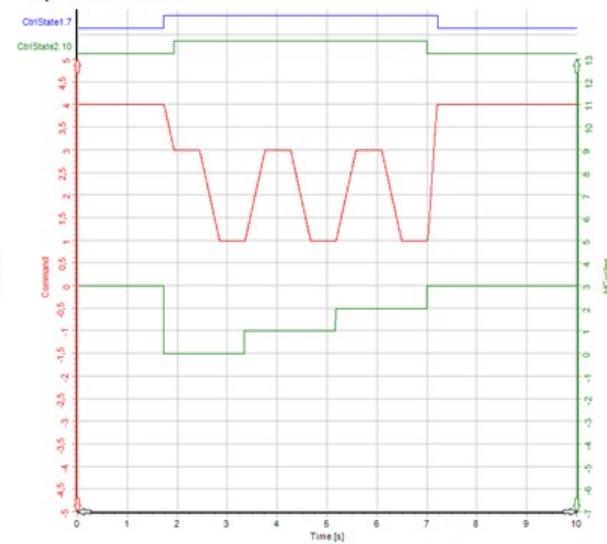
Per default the DynCycle and Cycle commands handle the cycle counter different than PcCmd.

- Cycles count resets to zero at the beginning at the movement command (CtrlState1.7 rising edge).
- Cycles count increases at the **end of each (half)cycle**.
- 'cycles active' resets to low at the end of the last cycle

DynCycle Command



Cycle Command



(PcCmd has always unified cycle handling)

## 9.4 Safety Shield

In order to protect the user from injuries, the EDC contains a shield control. Two different shield types are supported, simple and lockable shields. For more information see the EDC Installation Manual.

### 9.4.1 DoPEShieldLimit(Sync)

Activate the shield supervision.		Description	
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPE_HANDLE unsigned short double double double double unsigned short double unsigned short unsigned short	DoPEShieldLimit ( DoPEHdl SensorNo UprLock UprUnLock LwrUnLock LwrLock CtrlLimit SpeedLimit CtrlAction Action	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Sensor Number For all load values higher than this the shield must be closed and will be locked. Upper limit for unlock the shield. (e.g. 10 % lower than UprLock) Lower limit for unlock the shield (e.g. 10 % higher than LwrLock). For all load values lower than this the shield must be closed and will be locked. Control mode for speed limit (normally X-head) Maximum allowed speed if shield is open. Control mode for selected action This action will be activated if the limits are reached FB_HALT: Halt machine in 'CtrlAction' control mode FB_STOP: Switch off closed loop control. (Use this action for machines without position sensor)	Unit Unit Unit Unit m/s
WORD	*lpusTAN (not for Sync. version)	Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).	

**Attention:** The values for UprLock, UprUnLock, LwrUnLock and LwrLock are calculated with the current Tare and BasicTare. If BasicTare is changed, while shield supervision is still active, these values are recalculated with the new BasicTare. A new Tare does not affect these values!

### 9.4.2 DoPEShieldEnable(Sync)

Activate / Deactivate the shield supervision.		Description	
<b>Minimum requirements:</b> EDC120/60, 9123.015, DoPE 2.65			
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPE_HANDLE unsigned WORD	DoPEShieldEnable ( DoPEHdl Enable *lpusTAN (not for Sync. version)	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle != 0 enables 0 disables shield supervision Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).	

### 9.4.3 DoPEShieldDisable(Sync)

Deactivate the shield supervision.		Description	
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPE_HANDLE WORD	DoPEShieldDisable ( DoPEHdl *lpusTAN (not for Sync. version)	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).	

#### 9.4.4 DoPEShieldLock(Sync)

Lock or unlock the shield.	
<b>Function declaration</b>	<b>Description</b>

```
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEShieldLock (
    DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl
    WORD State
    WORD *lpusTAN (not for Sync. version)
```

Function returns Error constant (DoPERR\_xxxx)  
 DoPE link handle  
 State of Shield lock. (TRUE = Lock, FALSE = UNLOCK)  
 Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).

### 9.5 Channel supervision

#### 9.5.1 DoPESetCheck(Sync)

#### 9.5.2 DoPESetCheckX(Sync)

Activate measuring channel supervision. As support for special condition movement sequences, up to ten measurement channel supervisions are provided, all may be simultaneously active. Each supervision consists of the condition to supervise and the associated action. Supervisions are applicable to all configured measuring channels also for calculated channels if configured. All possible conditions and actions are listed below. The condition of all active supervisions will be checked every 20 ms. If a supervision condition hits, the associated action will be executed, an appropriate message transmitted, the current supervision and all other supervisions (which are not marked with the CHK_NOCLEAR bit) are deactivated.
---

#### Minimum requirements:

DoPESetCheckX(Sync)	EDC5/25/100, EdcApp 9056.o, DoPE 2.12
ACTION_UP/ACTION_DOWN	EDC5/25/100, EdcApp 9056.o, DoPE 2.21
ACTION_DRIVE_OFF	EDC60/120, EdcApp 9132.011 / 9133.006, DoPE 2.58

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetCheck(X) (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short CheckId     unsigned short SensorNo     double Limit     double Tare     (only for DoPESetCheckX)     unsigned short Mode     unsigned short Action     unsigned short Ctrl     double Acc     double Speed     double Dec     double Destination     WORD *lpusTAN (not for Sync. version)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          ID of this check,          use the CheckId constants (CHK_ID0 ... CHK_ID9)          Sensor to be supervised          Limit to be supervised          Tare to be subtracted for          CHK_PERCENT_MAX/MIN mode          Mode, how the limit is detected. (see below)          This action will be activated if the check hits. (see below)          Control mode for selected action(CTRL_xxx)          Acceleration          Maximum speed          Deceleration          Final destination          Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>

#### Possible modes:

CHK_BELOW	Action if	<i>Value &lt; Limit</i>
CHK_ABOVE	Action if	<i>Value &gt; Limit</i>

#### The following mode are only valid for DoPESetCheckX command:

CHK_PERCENT_MAX	Action if	$\frac{\max.value - actual.value}{100} > \frac{max.value * Limit}{100}$
CHK_PERCENT_MIN	Action if	$\frac{actual.value - min.value}{100} > \frac{min.value * Limit}{100}$
CHK_ABS_MAX	Action if	$\max.value - actual.value > Limit$
CHK_ABS_MIN	Action if	$actual.value - \min.value > Limit$

#### Possible actions:

ACTION_HALT	HALT with default deceleration
ACTION_HALT_A	HALT with specified deceleration
ACTION_POS	Go to a position with default deceleration

ACTION_POS_A	Go to a position with specified deceleration
ACTION_XPCONT	Change control mode, go on with current speed
ACTION_STOP	Switch off closed loop control. (Use this action for machines without position sensor)
ACTION_NOACTION	No action, only message to host
ACTION_SETOL	Set command output (only in open loop structure)
ACTION_SHALT	Immediate Halt in X-head position control
ACTION_UP	Move Up with specified speed
ACTION_DOWN	Move Down with specified speed
ACTION_DRIVE_OFF	Switch drive OFF

### 9.5.3 DoPECIrcCheck(Sync)

Deactivate a measuring channel supervision

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPECIrcCheck (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short CheckId     WORD         *IpusTAN (not for Sync. version)</pre>	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle ID of this check, use the CheckId constants (CHK_ID0 ... CHK_ID9) Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).

### 9.5.4 DoPESetCheckLimit(Sync)

Activate limit supervision for a measuring channel. If the measured value is outside UprLimitSet or LwrLimitSet a digital output will be set. This function may be used to prevent opening of clamps under load. The allocation of the digital output depends on the device selected in EDC-Set-up.

4INC/4IO	XxxB	Bit 0, Pin 32
EDC100	X2	Bit 14, Pin 6
EDC60/120/220/222/580	X2	Bit 3, Pin 8
EDCs with firmware 9133.008 or newer		see DoPEIOGrip configuration

**Attention:** The values for UprLimitSet, UprLimitReset, LwrLimitReset and LwrLimitSet are calculated with the current Tare and BasicTare. If BasicTare is changed, while limit check is still active, these values are recalculated with the new BasicTare. A new Tare does not affect these values!

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetCheckLimit (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short SensorNo     double       UprLimitSet     double       UprLimitReset     double       LwrLimitReset     double       LwrLimitSet     WORD         *IpusTAN (not for Sync. version)</pre>	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Defines the sensor to be supervised. For all values above, the digital output will be set. For all values below, the digital output will be reset. For all values above, the digital output will be reset For all values below, the digital output will be set. Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).

### 9.5.5 DoPECIrcCheckLimit(Sync)

Deactivate check limit function. The digital output will be set inactive.

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPECIrcCheckLimit (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     WORD         *IpusTAN (not for Sync. version)</pre>	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).

### 9.5.6 DoPESetCheckLimitIO(Sync)

Set / reset measuring channel supervision IO.

**Minimum requirements:** EDC120/60, EdcApp 9123.011, DoPE 2.59

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetCheckLimitIO (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     WORD       Value     WORD       *IpusTAN (not for Sync. version)</pre>	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle 0 = reset, 1 = Set Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).

## 9.6 Controller Parameter

All controller parameter can be modified at any time!

### 9.6.1 DoPEPosPID (Sync)

Set parameter for closed loop position controller	
<b>Minimum requirements:</b> DoPE 2.23	
<b>Function declaration</b>	<b>Description</b>
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEPosPID (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short MoveCtrl     unsigned long P     unsigned short I     unsigned short D     WORD *IpusTAN (not for Sync. version)</pre>	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Control mode (CTRL_xxx) Proportional gain of the position controller Integration time constant Derivative time constant Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).

**Attention:** Normally there is a speed control loop with an integration part. In such cases set I here to ZERO. Otherwise we have a control loop with two integration parts and this will never be stable!

### 9.6.2 DoPERdPosPID

Get parameter for closed loop position controller	
<b>Minimum requirements:</b> EDC580/220, EdcApp 9133.29, DoPE 2.71	
<b>Function declaration</b>	<b>Description</b>
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEPosPID (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short MoveCtrl     unsigned HighPressure     unsigned long *P     unsigned short *I     unsigned short *D     WORD *IpusTAN (not for Sync. version)</pre>	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Control mode (CTRL_xxx) !=0 get parameter for high pressure 0 get parameter for low pressure Pointer to Proportional gain of the position controller Pointer to Integration time constant Pointer to Derivative time constant Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).

### 9.6.3 DoPEWrPosPID (Sync)

Set parameter for closed loop position controller	
<b>Minimum requirements:</b> EDC580/220, EdcApp 9133.29, DoPE 2.71	
<b>Function declaration</b>	<b>Description</b>
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEPosPID (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short MoveCtrl     unsigned HighPressure     unsigned long P     unsigned short I     unsigned short D     WORD *IpusTAN (not for Sync. version)</pre>	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Control mode (CTRL_xxx) !=0 set parameter for high pressure 0 set parameter for low pressure Proportional gain of the position controller Integration time constant Derivative time constant Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).
<b>Attention:</b> Normally there is a speed control loop with an integration part. In such cases set I here to ZERO. Otherwise we have a control loop with two integration parts and this will never be stable!	

#### 9.6.4 DoPESpeedPID(Sync)

Set parameter for closed loop speed controller.

**Minimum requirements:** DoPE 2.23

Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESpeedPID (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short MoveCtrl     unsigned long P     unsigned short I     unsigned short D     WORD *lpusTAN (not for Sync. version) )	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Control mode (CTRL_xxx) Proportional gain of the speed controller Integration time constant Derivative time constant Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).

#### 9.6.5 DoPERdSpeedPID

Get parameter for closed loop speed controller

**Minimum requirements:** EDC580/220, EdcApp 9133.029, DoPE 2.71

Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEPosPID (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short MoveCtrl     unsigned HighPressure     unsigned long *P     unsigned short *I     unsigned short *D )	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Control mode (CTRL_xxx) !!=0 get parameter for high pressure 0 get parameter for low pressure Pointer to Proportional gain of the speed controller Pointer to Integration time constant Pointer to Derivative time constant

#### 9.6.6 DoPEWrSpeedPID (Sync)

Set parameter for closed loop speed controller

**Minimum requirements:** EDC580/220, EdcApp 9133.029, DoPE 2.71

Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEPosPID (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short MoveCtrl     unsigned HighPressure     unsigned long P     unsigned short I     unsigned short D     WORD *lpusTAN (not for Sync. version) )	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Control mode (CTRL_xxx) !!=0 set parameter for high pressure 0 set parameter for low pressure Proportional gain of the speed controller Integration time constant Derivative time constant Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).

**Attention:** Normally there is a speed control loop with an integration part. In such cases set I here to ZERO. Otherwise we have a control loop with two integration parts and this will never be stable!

### 9.6.7 DoPEFeedForward (Sync)

Set feed forward parameter.	
<b>Minimum requirements:</b> EDC580/220, EdcApp 9133.008, DoPE 2.59	
Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEFeedForward (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     WORD MoveCtrl     WORD SpeedFFP     WORD PosDelay     WORD AccFFP     WORD SpeedDelay     WORD *IpusTAN (not for Sync. version) )	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Control mode (CTRL_xxx) FeedForward for Speed in % of current speed Delay for Position command <b>Acceleration feed forward for future use!</b> FeedForward for Acc in % of current acceleration Delay for Speed command Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).

### 9.6.8 DoPERdFeedForward

Get feed forward parameter	
<b>Minimum requirements:</b> EDC580/220, EdcApp 9133.029, DoPE 2.71	
Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEPosPID (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short MoveCtrl     unsigned HighPressure     WORD *SpeedFFP     WORD *PosDelay     WORD *AccFFP     WORD *SpeedDelay )	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Control mode (CTRL_xxx) !=0 get parameter for high pressure 0 get parameter for low pressure Pointer to FeedForward for Speed in % of current speed Pointer to Delay for Position command <b>Acceleration feed forward for future use!</b> Pointer to FeedForward for Acc in % of current acceleration Pointer to Delay for Speed command

### 9.6.9 DoPEWrFeedForward (Sync)

Set feed forward parameter	
<b>Minimum requirements:</b> EDC580/220, EdcApp 9133.029, DoPE 2.71	
Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEPosPID (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short MoveCtrl     unsigned HighPressure     WORD SpeedFFP     WORD PosDelay     WORD AccFFP     WORD SpeedDelay     WORD *IpusTAN (not for Sync. version) )	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Control mode (CTRL_xxx) !=0 set parameter for high pressure 0 set parameter for low pressure FeedForward for Speed in % of current speed Delay for Position command <b>Acceleration feed forward for future use!</b> FeedForward for Acc in % of current acceleration Delay for Speed command Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).

**Attention:** Normally there is a speed control loop with an integration part. In such cases set I here to ZERO. Otherwise we have a control loop with two integration parts and this will never be stable!

### 9.6.10 DoPEOptimizeFeedForward (Sync)

Optimize feed forward parameter.

For optimization you specify e.g. a cosine cycle and the optimization function will find SpeedFFP and PosDelay values.

**Minimum requirements:** EDC580/220, EdcApp 9133.008, DoPE 2.59

Function declaration	Description		
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEOptimizeFeedForward(     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short MoveCtrl     unsigned short Mode      double Offset     double Amplitude     double Frequency     WORD *lpusTAN (not for Sync. version)</pre>	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)	DoPE link handle	

### 9.6.11 DoPEPosFeedForward(Sync)

Set feed forward gain of closed loop controller.

**Minimum requirements:** EDC580/220, EdcApp 9133.08, DoPE 2.23

Function declaration	Description		
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEPosFeedForward (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short MoveCtrl     unsigned long P     WORD *lpusTAN (not for Sync. version)</pre>	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)	DoPE link handle	

### 9.6.12 DoPECurrentPID(Sync)

Set parameter for the external current closed loop controller.

**Minimum requirements:**

EDC580/220 with DC160, DC320, DC1100 and DC2500, EdcApp 9133.06, DoPE 2.57

Function declaration	Description		
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPECurrentPID (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short MoveCtrl     unsigned long P     unsigned short I     unsigned short D     WORD *lpusTAN (not for Sync. version)</pre>	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)	DoPE link handle	

### 9.6.13 DoPEDestWnd(Sync)

Definitions for destination window.

The closed loop controller supervises the controlled channel. After the command value reaches the final destination, the controlled channel has to reach this position within the specified destination window.

If the actual value reaches the destination window within the specified time the message "CMSPG\_POS" is sent to the application program.

If it does not reach it, the message "CMSPG\_POS\_ERR" is sent.

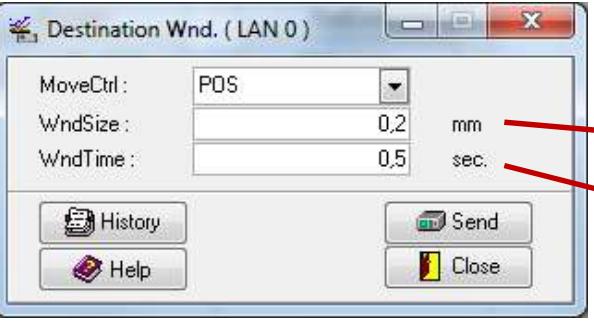
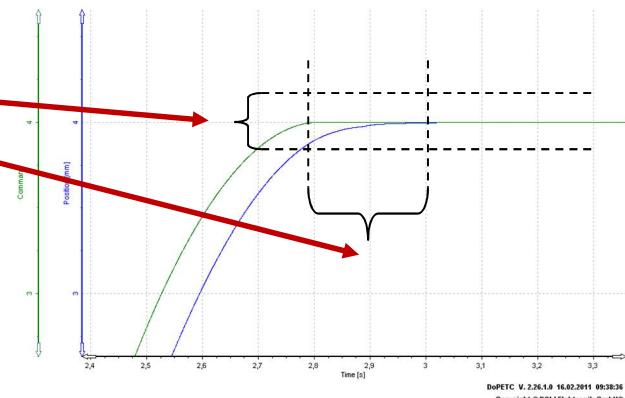
By default, the destination limit is set to:

For absolute sensors                    WndSize = 0.2% of the nominal sensor range.

For incremental position sensors    WndSize = 0.05 mm

For incremental extension sensors WndSize = 0.005 mm

For all sensors                        WndTime = 0.5 s.

	
<b>Function declaration</b>	<b>Description</b>
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEDestWnd (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short MoveCtrl     double WndSize     double WndTime     WORD *lpusTAN (not for Sync. version)</pre>	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Control mode (CTRL_xxx) Size of destination window Time for destination window Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version). <span style="float: right;">Unit s</span>

### 9.6.14 DoPESft(Sync)

Definitions of limits supervised by software (softend).

If Reaction is defined as REACT\_ACTION all moving commands will limit destinations to this softends.

In contrast to the range limits of the measurement channels, softends are working limits that can be changed at any time.

**By default, all softends are set to the range limits and REACT\_STATUS.**

The state of the softend's is maintained in CtrlState2 (see default measuring dada record).

Attention: The values for UpperSft and LowerSft are calculated with the current Tare and BasicTare.

If BasicTare is changed, these values are recalculated with the new BasicTare.

A new Tare does not affect these vales!

**Note: The function of softend may be different with EDC-firmware version before 9133.010**

Function declaration	Description	
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESft(     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short MoveCtrl     double UpperSft     double LowerSft     unsigned short Reaction     WORD         *lpusTAN (not for Sync. version)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Control mode (CTRL_xxx)          Upper soft limit          Lower soft limit          REACT_STATUS      No reaction if softend is reached, only status bits are set          REACT_ACTION      Halt in X-head position control if softend is reached            Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>	Unit Unit

### 9.6.15 DoPECtrlError(Sync)

Define maximum error signal for closed loop controller. The closed loop controller supervises the error signal (command - measured value). If the error exceeds the specified range, the desired action will be activated.

Function declaration	Description	
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPECtrlError(     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short MoveCtrl     double Error     unsigned short Reaction     WORD         *lpusTAN (not for Sync. version)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Control mode (CTRL_xxx)          Maximum error signal          Reaction if error is reached:          REACT_STATUS      No reaction if softend is reached, only status bits are set          REACT_ACTION      If CTRL_POSEmergency off.                            Else Halt in X-head position control            Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>	Unit Unit

### 9.6.16 DoPECtrlSpeedTimeBase(Sync)

Define maximum time base for speed calculation.

When changing control mode, the current speed of the new control channel is used as the start speed after control mode was changed. Normally this speed is determined by differentiation by two following position values. In case of a small resolution of the transducer for the new control mode, the speed values are very small and thus also inaccurate. Using this command the time base can be increased and thus a higher accuracy for speed calculation can be archived. Use this command only if speed is not changing too fast otherwise with a big time base the calculated speed is incorrect. This time base exclusively works for the determination of the start speed when control mode is changed. It has no effect for speed calculation for the digital speed controller.

Function declaration	Description	
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPECtrlSpeedTimeBase(     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     double Time     WORD         *lpusTAN (not for Sync. version)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Time base in for speed calculation          Note: for EdcApp versions up to 9140.015:                   internally only 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32, 64, 128 x position controller time base will be used!            Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>	s

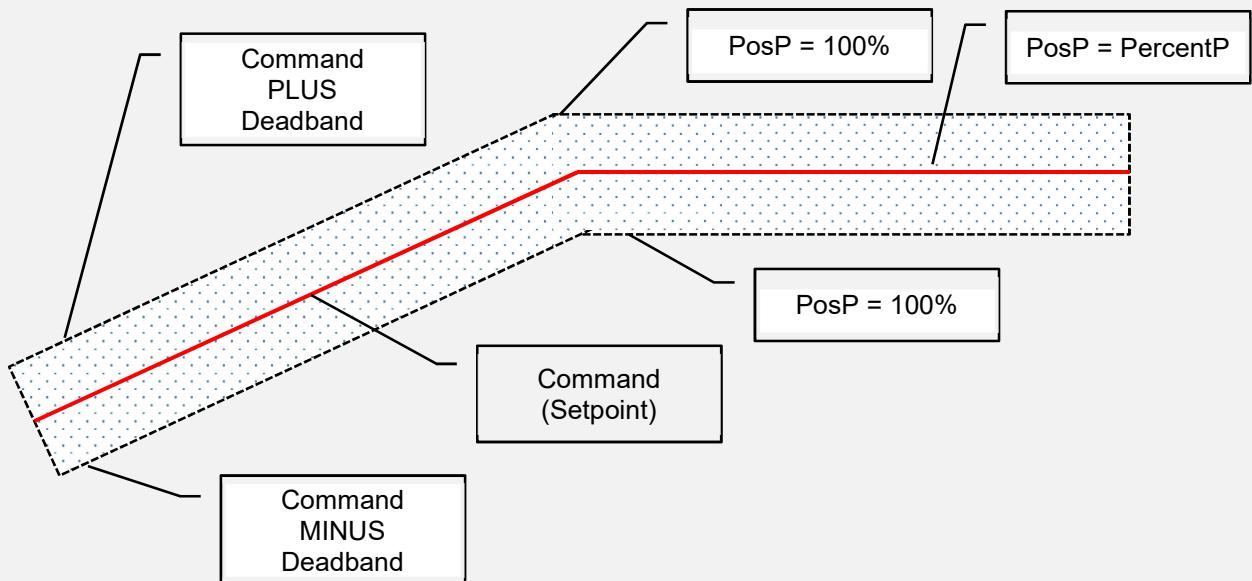
### 9.6.17 DoPEDeadbandCtrl(Sync)

Set parameter for error deadband controller.

A deadband can be used to reduce, or eliminate a limit cycle due to friction.

Inside an area "setpoint plus Deadband and setpoint minus Deadband" the gain of position controller is continuously reduced from PosP = 100% to a minimum value (PercentP of PosP = 100%).

**Note: a well adjusted feed forward is needed for a good function of Deadband control!**



**Minimum requirements:** EDC580V/220V, EdcApp 9140.009, DoPE 2.79

Function declaration	Description
<pre data-bbox="289 1242 757 1262">extern unsigned DLLAPI     DoPEDeadbandCtrl (         DoPE_HANDLE         unsigned short         double         unsigned short     )</pre>	<p data-bbox="765 1242 1330 1251">Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)</p> <p data-bbox="765 1251 1330 1262">DoPE link handle</p> <p data-bbox="765 1262 1330 1271">Control mode (CTRL_xxx)</p> <p data-bbox="765 1271 1330 1280">Width of error deadband around setpoint</p> <p data-bbox="765 1280 1330 1291">Smallest P inside deadband</p> <p data-bbox="765 1291 1330 1300">PercentP range is 0..100%</p> <p data-bbox="765 1300 1330 1309">100% disables error deadband controller</p> <p data-bbox="765 1309 1330 1320">0% sets the PosP to the smallest value (1)</p>

### 9.6.18 DoPERdCtrlParameter

Read closed loop controller parameter

**Minimum requirements:** EDC580/220, EdcApp 9133.008, DoPE 2.59

Deadband, PercentP EDC580V/220V, EdcApp 9140.009, DoPE 2.79

Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPERdCtrlParameter ( DoPE_HANDLE unsigned short DoPECtrlParameter      DoPEHdl MoveCtrl *CtrlParameter)	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Control mode (CTRL_xxx) Pointer for DoPECtrlParameter structure
typedef struct Controller parameter	
{// Controller parameter	
unsigned long      PosP	Pos. contr. P: gain
	[No]

unsigned short	PosI	Pos. contr. I: time constant	[No]
unsigned short	PosD	Pos. contr. D: time constant	[No]
unsigned long	PosFFP	Pos. Feed Forward P	[No]
unsigned long	SpeedP	Speed contr. P: gain	[No]
unsigned short	SpeedI	Speed contr. I: time constant	[No]
unsigned short	SpeedD	Speed contr. D: time constant	[No]
unsigned short	SpeedFFP	Speed feed forward	[No]
unsigned short	PosDelay	Delay for Command	[No]
unsigned short	AccFFP	Acceleration contr. P: gain	[No]
unsigned short	SpeedDelay	Delay for SpeedCommand	[No]
double	Acceleration	default acceleration	[Unit/s <sup>2</sup> ]
double	Speed	speed limit	[Unit/s]
double	Deviation	Max. deviation of controller	[Unit]
unsigned short	DevReaction	Reaction if deviation exceeded	[No]
double	DestinationWnd	Size of 1/2 destination window	[Unit]
double	DestinationTime	Time until controlled channel must reach destination window	s
double	UpperSoftEnd	Upper softend	[Unit]
double	LowerSoftEnd	Lower softend	[Unit]
unsigned short	SoftEndReaktion	Reaction if softend is reached	[No]
<b>// numerical limitations for acceleration and speed parameters</b>			
double	MinAcceleration	minimum acceleration	[Unit/s <sup>2</sup> ]
double	MaxAcceleration	maximum acceleration	[Unit/s <sup>2</sup> ]
double	MinDeceleration	minimum deceleration	[Unit/s <sup>2</sup> ]
double	MaxDeceleration	maximum deceleration	[Unit/s <sup>2</sup> ]
double	MinSpeed	minimum speed	[Unit/s]
double	MaxSpeed	maximum speed	[Unit/s]
<b>// error dead band controller parameter</b>			
double	Deadband	Error deadband around setpoint	[Unit]
unsigned short	PercentP	Smallest P inside deadband	[%PosP]
} DoPECtrlParameter			

### 9.6.19 DoPESetNominalAccSpeed(Sync)

Set nominal values for the position generator.

**Minimum requirements:** EDC220/580, EdcApp 9133.008, DoPE 2.82

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetNominalAccSpeed (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     Unsigned short MoveCtrl     double Acc     double Speed     WORD *IpusTAN)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Control mode (CTRL_xxx)          Acceleration          Nominal speed          Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>

## 9.7 Calibration

### 9.7.1 DoPECal(Sync)

Compensate drifts (zero and gain) of the measuring channel. It takes about 0.5 s to compensate these drifts.  
 Note: During compensation the sensor is not measured!!!

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPECal (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short SensorBits     WORD *IpusTAN (not for Sync. version))</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Bit 0 ... 15 define the sensor Number to be calibrated          Bit 0 = 1 Calibrate Sensor 0          Bit 1 = 1 Calibrate Sensor 1 ...          Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>

### 9.7.2 DoPEZeroCal(Sync)

Compensate only zero offset drift. It takes about 0.2 s to compensate zero offset drift.  
 Note: During compensation the sensor is not measured!!!

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEZeroCal (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short SensorBits     WORD *IpusTAN (not for Sync. version))</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Bit 0 ... 15 define the sensor Number to be calibrated          Bit 0 = 1 Calibrate Sensor 0          Bit 1 = 1 Calibrate Sensor 1 ...          Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>

## 9.8 Tare functions

DoPE offers two different tare functions, Tare and BasicTare.

The **DoPESetBasicTare** function should be used for set-up the machine configuration like changing grips. The Basic-Tare value is stored in the machine set-up inside EDC. After switching mains power off / on, the Basic-Tare value is still valid.

The **DoPESetTare** function can be used at any time. This tare value will be lost after reset.

### 9.8.1 DoPESetBasicTare(Sync)

Set basic tare of the measuring channel. Note: This function clears the ordinary tare value		
<b>Function declaration</b> <pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetBasicTare (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short SensorNo     unsigned short Mode     double       BasicTare     WORD         *lpusTANFirst     WORD         *lpusTANLast)</pre>		<b>Description</b>  Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Sensor number BASICTARE_SET: BasicTare represents the desired measuring value. This is useful to set crosshead position for systems with encoder. BASICTARE_SUBTRACT: BasicTare will be subtracted. This is useful to compensate the weight of grips. Value for BasicTare Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version). Unit

### 9.8.2 DoPESetTare

Set tare of the measuring channel. This tare function may be used as a working tare.		
<b>Function declaration</b> <pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetTare (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short SensorNo     double       Tare)</pre>		<b>Description</b>  Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Sensor number Value to be subtracted Unit

### 9.8.3 DoPEGetBasicTare

Read basic tare value of the measuring channel.		
<b>Function declaration</b> <pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEGetBasicTare (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short SensorNo     double       *BasicTare)</pre>		<b>Description</b>  Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Sensor number Pointer for BasicTare Unit

### 9.8.4 DoPEGetTare

Read tare value of the measuring channel.		
<b>Function declaration</b> <pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEGetTare (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short SensorNo     double       *Tare)</pre>		<b>Description</b>  Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Sensor number Pointer for Tare Unit

## 9.9 Reference signal handling of incremental sensors

Incremental sensors like encoder or linear gauges may use the build in reference to set the counter-value. Encoders have one reference pulse per revolution. Linear gauges have either one pulse at a certain position, or so called distance coded references.

Currently, DoPE supports the reference pulse to set the counter to a certain value.

### ATTENTION:

- These functions are not supported by EDC5/25/100.
- The following hardware interfaces support this function:  
4INC(channel A and C), 2INC (channel A), X7 on EDC220/222/580 or newer.

### 9.9.1 DoPESetRefSignalMode

After the reference pulse occurred, the counter value is stored in a Hardware register.

This command defines what to do with this value:

1. Ignore it, don't send any message. (REFSIG\_NON)
2. Send a message after every occurrence of the reference pulse. (REFSIG\_ON)
3. Send a message after the next occurrence of the reference pulse. (REFSIG\_ONCE)

With the message (DoPERefSignalMsg) you get the exact position of the reference pulse.

**Minimum requirements:** EDC120/60, EdcApp 9123.i, DoPE 2.23

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetRefSignalMode (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short SensorNo     unsigned short Mode     WORD         * lpusTAN)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Sensor Number          Mode reference signal messages will be reported:          REFSIG_NON: never          REFSIG_ON: always          REFSIG_ONCE: only once          Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>
<pre>typedef struct DoPERefSignalMsg{ {     unsigned short MsgId;     double       Time;     unsigned short SensorNo;     double       Position; } DoPERefSignalM;</pre>	<p>ID of message          System time for the message          Control mode of position          Position</p>

### 9.9.2 DoPESetRefSignalTare

Set the measuring channel to the tare value at the next occurrence of the reference signal.

**Minimum requirements:** EDC120/60, EdcApp 9123.i, DoPE 2.23

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetRefSignalTare (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short SensorNo     unsigned short Mode     double       Tare     WORD         * lpusTAN)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Sensor Number          REFSIG_TARE: set the measuring channel to the tare value          REFSIG_NON: don't affect the measuring channel          Tare value for the measuring channel. This tare value will be stored in EDC's non volatileBasicTarememory. This function clears the current basic tare and ordinary tare value at the next occurrence of the reference signal.          Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>

## 9.10 Calculated measuring channels

Additional to the measured values determined by sensors, the system provides some formulas for calculated measuring channels. The calculated values are basically calculated from physical measured values. All physical measured values are transferred into a circular buffer at a fixed time base of 20 ms.

This circular buffer has 128 entries. For analogue channels, the integration time may be defined.

Calculated measuring channels may be especially used for supervisions.

At present three formulas are implemented:

1. Calculated Speed
2. Calculated speed of command signal
3. Gradient between two measure values

### 9.10.1 DoPEConfCMcSpeed(Sync)

Configure calculated speed to measuring data record.

A measuring channel speed (the first differentiation) may be calculated and configured to the data record.

After it is configured, it may be used as the supervised channel in the command "DoPESetCheck".

This calculated channel is not allowed as the command channel in DoPEExts2 or DoPEFDPoti command!

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEConfCMcSpeed (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short CalculatedSensorNo     unsigned short SensorNo     double IntegrationTime     double Timebase     WORD * IpusTANFirst     WORD * IpusTANLast)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Sensor number for the calculated speed value(SENSOR_4 to SENSOR_15)          Sensor Number of the physical channel for speed calculation          Integration time (only for analogue channels)          Time base for speed calculation (maximum 2.56 sec)          Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p> <p>s s</p>

### 9.10.2 DoPEConfCMcCommandSpeed(Sync)

Configure calculated speed of command output to data record.

Speed of command output (the first differentiation) may be calculated and configured to the data record. After it is configured, it may be used as the supervised channel in the command "DoPESetCheck".

This calculated channel is not allowed as the command channel in DoPEExts2 or DoPEFDPoti command!

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEConfCMcCommandSpeed(     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short CalculatedSensorNo     double Timebase     WORD * IpusTANFirst     WORD * IpusTANLast)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Sensor number for the calculated speed value(SENSOR_4 to SENSOR_15)          Time base for speed calculation (maximum 2.56 sec)          Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p> <p>s</p>

### 9.10.3 DoPEConfCMcGradient(Sync)

Configure calculated gradient between two measured values to measuring data record.  
A gradient between two measured values may be calculated and configured to the data record. After it is configured, it may be used as the supervised channel in the command "DoPESetCheck".  
This calculated channel is not allowed as the command channel in DoPEExts2 or DoPEFDPoti command!

Function declaration	Description	
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEConfCMcGradient (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short CalculatedSensorNo     unsigned short DividentSensorNo     unsigned short DivisorSensorNo     double IntegrationTime     double Timebase     WORD * IpusTANFirst     WORD * IpusTANLast)</pre>	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Sensor number for the calculated speed value(SENSOR_4 to SENSOR_15) Sensor Number of the dividend Sensor Number of the divisor Integration time for both dividend and divisor (only for analogue channels) Time base for speed calculation (maximum 2.56 sec) Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).	s s

### 9.10.4 DoPEClearCMc(Sync)

Clear calculated measuring channel

Function declaration	Description	
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEClearCMc (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short CalculatedSensorNo     WORD * IpusTANFirst     WORD * IpusTANLast)</pre>	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Sensor number for the calculated speed value(SENSOR_4 to SENSOR_15) Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).	

### 9.10.5 DoPEMc2Output(Sync)

Output of a measured value to an analogue output channel. Any measured channel may be scaled and via a DAC converted to an analogue signal.

**Attention:** MC2OUT\_MODE\_3POINTS is available only for EDC580V/220V (and above)

Function declaration	Description	
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEMc2Output (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short Mode     unsigned short Priority     unsigned short SensorNo     unsigned short Output     double SensorPoints[3]     double OutputPoints[3]     WORD * IpusTAN)</pre>	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Mode flags (see below) Priority Sensor number Number of analogue output channel Sensor points table Output points table Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).	Unit %

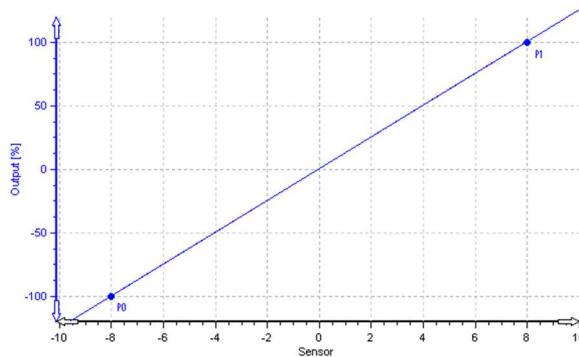
## Definition of Mode:

MC2OUT\_MODE\_OFF

MC2OUT\_MODE\_2POINTS

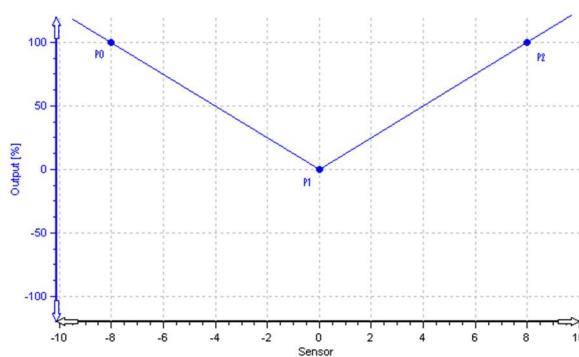
Stop output to this analogue output channel.

Output definition by 2 points.



MC2OUT\_MODE\_3POINTS

Output definition by 3 points.



## Definition of Priority:

MC2OUT\_PRIORITY\_HIGH

Output of this channel every 20 ms.

MC2OUT\_PRIORITY\_LOW

Every 20 ms only one of the channels with this priority is calculated and given output.

MC2OUT\_PRIORITY\_BURST

Output of this channel every speed controller cycle (only supported for 4ADA).

### 9.10.6 DoPEConfPeakValue(Sync)

Configure peak values to measuring data record.

The peak values are detected by the EDC. They may be transmitted to PC instead of an unused measuring channel. With this command the peak values for X-head position, load and extension may be configured to measuring channels in the data record. SENSOR4 to SENSOR15 are allowed to be configured as peak values. E.g. use the constant SENSOR4 for PositionMin to configure the minimum value of X-head position to SENSOR4 within the measuring data record. Any number outside SENSOR4 to SENSOR15 will reset the measuring channels to the original values. Use this feature to cancel Peak Values configuration. These calculated channels are not allowed as the command channel in DoPEExts2 or DoPEFDPoti command!

Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEConfPeakValue ( DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl unsigned short PositionMin unsigned short PositionMax unsigned short LoadMin unsigned short LoadMax unsigned short ExtensionMin unsigned short ExtensionMax WORD * IpusTANFirst WORD * IpusTANLast)	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Position of Minimum value of XHead Position Position of Maximum value of XHead Position Position of Minimum value of Load Position of Maximum value of Load Position of Minimum value of Extension Position of Maximum value of Extension Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).

### 9.10.7 DoPEPeakValueTime(Sync)

Set reset time for peak value detection.

The maximum and minimum values within this time are considered as peak values!

Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEPeakValueTime ( DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl double Time WORD * IpusTANFirst WORD * IpusTANLast)	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Reset time for peak value detection Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version). s

## 9.11 Sensor Correction

### 9.11.1 DoPESetSensorCorrection (Sync)

Set sensor correction table.

**Minimum requirements:** EDC580V/220V, EdcApp 9140.002, DoPE 2.74

Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetSensorCorrection( DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl WORD CalculatedSensor DoPESensorCorrection *CorrTable WORD * IpusTAN)	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Sensor number of the corresponding Calculated Measuring Channel (with formula F_SensorCorrection) Pointer to sensor correction table. Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).
SENSOR_CORR_MAX 32  typedef struct { DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl; unsigned CorrNo; /* Number of valid entries */ double S1Correction [SENSOR_CORR_MAX]; /* Correction values for S1 */ double S2Value [SENSOR_CORR_MAX]; /* S2 values (must be in ascending order) */ } DoPESensorCorrection;	/* maximum number of sensor correction points */

### 9.11.2 DoPESetStiffnessCorrection (Sync)

Set stiffness correction table.	
<b>Minimum requirements:</b> EDC580/220, EdcApp 9133.029, DoPE 2.71	
Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetStiffnessCorrection(     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     DoPEStiffnessCorrection *CorrTable     WORD         *IpusTAN)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Pointer to stiffness correction table.          Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>

## 9.12 Serial Sensors

### 9.12.1 DoPEWrSensorMsg (Sync)

Write a message to a sensor. The message is not interpreted by DoPE!

Maximum message length is 80 Bytes.

Note: This function is not available for EDC5/25/100.

**Minimum requirements:** EDC120/60, EdcApp 9123.i, DoPE 2.23

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEWrSensorMsg(     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short SensorNo     void        *Buffer     unsigned     Length     WORD         *IpusTAN)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Sensor Number          Pointer to message to transmit          Message length in Byte's.          Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>

### 9.12.2 DoPESerialSensorDef (Sync)

Definition for serial sensor.

A message for a serial sensor will be transmitted after:

**Minimum requirements:** EDC120/60, EdcApp 9123.v, DoPE 2.29

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESerialSensorDef (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short SensorNo     double       Timeout     unsigned short MaxLength     char         EndChar1     char         EndChar2     WORD         EndCharMode     WORD         *IpusTAN)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Sensor Number          Timeout, 0 = no timeout          Transmit after Number of bytes received          (must be &lt;= SERSEN_TRANSFER)          First Endcharacter          Second Endcharacter          Mode for detection end character (see below)          Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>
SERSEN_ENDCHAR_NO  SERSEN_ENDCHAR_1  SERSEN_ENDCHAR_1_OR_2  SERSEN_ENDCHAR_1_AND_2	No Endcharacter active, message will be transmitted after timeout, or MaxLength Detect only EndChar1 Detect EndChar1 or EndChar1 Detect Sequence EndChar1 + EndChar2

SERSEN_ENDCHAR_1_PLUS1	Detect EndChar1 plus one Character
------------------------	------------------------------------

### 9.12.3 DoPESetSerialSensor (Sync)

Set value (e.g. Temperature) for serial channel.

**Minimum requirements:** EDC120/60, EdcApp 9123.v, DoPE 2.29

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetSerialSensor (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short SensorNo     unsigned short Mode     double Value     double Speed     WORD * IpusTAN)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Sensor Number          SERSEN_SET_COMMAND: Set Command value          SERSEN_SET_FEEDBACK: Set Feedback value          Value to set          Speed for ramp          Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Unit/s</p>

### 9.12.4 DoPESetSerialSensorTransparent (Sync)

Set serial channel to transparent mode or the previously selected protocol.

**Minimum requirements:** EDC580/220, EdcApp 9133.021, DoPE 2.66

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetSerialSensorTransparent (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short SensorNo     unsigned short Mode     WORD * IpusTAN)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Sensor Number          SERSEN_SET_PROTOCOL: Set sensor to the protocol (Set-up)          SERSEN_SET_TRANSPARENT: Set sensor to transparent mode          Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>

## 9.13 Debug Messages

For service purposes it is sometimes necessary to record the debug output of the EDC and send it to the DOLI support team. To facilitate this, the OnDebugMsg Event Handler were implemented.

### 9.13.1 DoPEDebugMsgEnable (Sync)

Enable or disable debug messages.

**Attention:** Unfortunately, the debug messages influence the runtime behavior of the application and should be turned off by default and turned on only in e.g. a remote support session

**Minimum requirements:** EDC580V/220V, DoPE 2.77

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEDebugMsgEnable(     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned Enable     WORD * IpusTAN)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          !=0 enables          =0 disables debug messages.          Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>

### 9.13.2 DoPESendDebugCommand (Sync)

Send a command to the debug interface.

The "?" command prints a list of the available commands to the debug interface..

**Minimum requirements:** EDC580V/220V, DoPE 2.77

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEDebugMsgEnable(     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     char *Text     WORD * IpusTAN)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Pointer to zero terminated text to transmit.          Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>

## 10 Input / Output-Commands

### 10.1 Analogue output

#### 10.1.1 DoPESetOutput(Sync)

Set an analogue output channel. The output channel must be assigned in EDC set-up.

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetOutput (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short Output     double Value     WORD         * IpusTAN)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Number of analogue output channel          New value of output channelin % of max. value          %          Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>

#### 10.1.2 DoPESetOutChannelOffset (Sync)

Set an analogue output channel offset.

**Minimum requirements:** EDC120/60, EdcApp 9123.i, DoPE 2.23

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetOutChannelOffset(     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short Output     double       Offset     WORD         * IpusTAN)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Number of analogue output channel          New Offset value of output channelin % of max. value          %          Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>

#### 10.1.3 DoPESetDither(Sync)

Set an analogue output channel dither. Some DOLI output amplifier like D03I, D16I, D32I have a digital dither generator function. The dither amplitude and frequency can be set by this command.

**Minimum requirements:** EDC120/60, DoPE 2.21

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetDither (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short Output     double       Frequency     double       Amplitude     WORD         * IpusTAN)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Number of analogue output channel          Dither frequency in Hz          Dither amplitude in % of nominal output current          %          Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>

#### 10.1.4 DoPEOfflineActionOutput (Sync)

Definition of an action for an initialized analogue output channel after EDC has detected offline. With this command, the PC-Software can specify the state of any analogue output channel, after the communication between PC and EDC was disturbed or interrupted(OFFLINE). EDC-Software checks automatically communication with PC, and if PC does not answer for a period of 2 Seconds, EDC regards PC to be offline. This may happen if the line between PC and EDC was disconnected, or PC-Program has crashed. If PC-Program terminates regularly by using DoPECloseLink command, EDC will reinitialize, and DoPEOfflineActionBitOutput command has no effect.

**Minimum requirements:** EDC120/60, EdcApp 9123.s, DoPE 2.27

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEOfflineActionOutput (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short Output     unsigned short Mode)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Number of analogue output channel. If closed loop control,          Output channel 0 cannot be selected!          DO NOTHING: Don't modify this digital output          USE_INIT_VALUE: Use Initial value from set-up</p>

double	Value	USE_VALUE: Use defined value Output value used in USE_VALUE mode in % of max. value	
WORD	* IpusTAN)	Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).	

## 10.2 Bit I/O-Commands

These commands can be used to read or write digital I/O's.

Reading digital inputs is normally not necessary, since all configured inputs are automatically read and transferred in the measuring data record.

General digital bit outputs are set with the command DoPESetB. You have to assign the outputs you use in EDC set-up. Please refer to the document "Drive of Hardware-Modules of the EDC-Family" for definition of output devices and bits.

For dedicated output bits, DoPE supplies dedicated functions like DoPEBeep to activate/deactivate the beep at an EDC.

For Digital input/output bits that are not often used, DoPE provides functions to read or write these devices without having initialized it (not assigned in EDC set-up).

### 10.2.1 DoPESetIoCompatibilityMode (Sync)

Set the compatibility mode for bit input and output channels.

All EDC's before EDC220/580 generation used negative logic for some digital inputs and outputs (you must send a '0' to activate the output). Since DoPE version V2.51 DoPE provides a positive logic for all EDC generations.

By default the positive logic conversion is active. "Older" application programs, can switch off this conversion by enabling the IoCompatibilityMode.

**Minimum requirements:** DoPE 2.51

Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetIoCompatibilityMode (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short SensorNo     unsigned Enable     WORD * IpusTAN)	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Sensor Number !=0 enables 0 disables compatibility mode Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).

### 10.2.2 DoPESetB(Sync)

Set, Reset, Flash Bits. This command is used to set any output bit on a digital output device. The devices are specified in the set-up data.

Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetB (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short BitOutputNo     unsigned short SetB     unsigned short ResB     unsigned short FlashB     WORD * IpusTAN)	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Number of bit output device These bits will be set These bits will be set These bits 'flash' Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).

The three data words will be processed in the following sequence (important with conflicting data):

1. Flashing bits.
2. Resetting of the bits.
3. Setting of the bits.

### 10.2.3 DoPECalOut(Sync)

Activate / deactivate calibration output on EDC. The calibration contact may be used to trigger a reference measuring system during load calibration (see also DoPEIOMisc).

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPECalOut (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short Cal     WORD         * lpusTAN)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          !=0 activate Calibration output          0 deactivate Calibration output          Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>

### 10.2.4 DoPEBeep(Sync)

Activate / deactivate beep on EDC.

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEBeep (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short Beep     WORD         * lpusTAN)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          !=0 activate Beep          0 deactivate Beep          Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>

### 10.2.5 DoPEUniOut(Sync)

Activate/Deactivate universal digital output bits at EDC. These digital outputs may be used for general purposes. The universal digital output bits are located at X2.

EDC5/25 does not have digital output bits. EDC100 offers 4 output bits (bit 0 and 1 are reserved), all newer EDC's have 8 bits.

Note: If the parameter "Malo" in EDC Set-up->GeneralData->Malo) is set to "YES", the EDC uses some of these output bits to give out the active machine set-up number. Firmware versions before 9133.008 uses bit 0 and 1, firmware 9133.008 or newer uses one bit for every setup, starting with bit 0.

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEUniOut(     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short Output     WORD         * lpusTAN)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Bit 0 ... 15 represent the digital outputs          Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>

### 10.2.6 DoPEBypass(Sync)

Activate/Deactivate bypass output bits at EDC.

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEBypass (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short Bypass     WORD         * lpusTAN)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          !=0 activates bypass output          0 deactivates bypass output          Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>

### 10.2.7 DoPERdBitInput

Read a digital input device.

Note: This command will also work on not initialized I/O-devices.

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPERdBitInput (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     WORD        Connector     WORD        *Value     WORD        *IpusTAN)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)  DoPE link handle  Connector number, for the I/O device  Use connector constants from header file like "CON_X2"  Data pointer to store result  Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>

### 10.2.8 DoPEWrBitOutput(Sync)

Write to a digital output device.

Note: This command will also work on not initialized I/O-devices.

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEWrBitOutput(     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     WORD        Connector     WORD        Value     WORD        *IpusTAN)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)  DoPE link handle  Connector number, for the I/O device  Use connector constants from header file like "CON_X2"  Data to be written to the output device.  Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>

### 10.2.9 DoPEOfflineActionBitOutput (Sync)

Definition of an action for an initialized digital output device after EDC has detected offline.

With this command, the PC-Software can specify the state of any digital output, after the communication between PC and EDC was disturbed or interrupted(OFFLINE).

EDC-Software checks automatically communication with PC, and if PC does not answer for a period of 2 Seconds, EDC regards PC to be offline. This may happen if the line between PC and EDC was disconnected, or PC-Program has crashed.

If PC-Program terminates regularly by using DoPECloseLink command, EDC will reinitialize, and DoPEOfflineActionBitOutput command has no effect.

**Minimum requirements:** EDC120/60, EdcApp 9123.s, DoPE 2.27

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEOfflineActionBitOutput (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short BitOutputNo     unsigned short Mode     WORD        Value     WORD        *IpusTAN)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)  DoPE link handle  Number of bit output device  DO NOTHING: Don't modify this digital output  USE_INIT_VALUE: Use Initial value from set-up after offline  USE_VALUE: Use defined value after offline  Use defined value after offline.  Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>

## 10.3 IO Signals

EDCs with firmware version 9133.008 and later support the following functions:

- Control of grips
- Control of extensometer
- Fixed XHead adjustment
- High/Low pressure selection
- SHalt signal (since firmware 9133.024)
- Miscellaneous control I/O (since firmware 9133.024)

All of these functions must be configured in the EDC set-up. The control functions may be activated via keys on RMC1/RMC7, or via commands from PC.

Each control function uses digital I/O with certain functions. The I/O bits for one function must be configured as a whole block to any I/O device. The first bit of a block may be assigned to any bit of the I/O device.

The number of reserved In- and Output bits for each block are identical, even if not all are currently used. The Miscellaneous Input- and Output-bits may be defined separately.

**Note:** For more detailed information please refer to EDC Installation Manual.

### 10.3.1 DoPEIOGripEnable (Sync)

Enable or disable grip IO handling.

**Minimum requirements:** EDC580/220, EdcApp 9133.008, DoPE 2.59

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEIOGripEnable (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     Unsigned     Enable     WORD         * IpusTAN)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          !=0 enables          0 disables grip IO handling          Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>

### 10.3.2 DoPEIOGripSet (Sync)

Perform a grip action.

**Minimum requirements:** EDC580/220, EdcApp 9133.008, DoPE 2.59

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEIOGripSet (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned     Grip     unsigned     Action     double       Pressure     WORD         * IpusTAN)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Grip to use(use IO_GRIP_defines)          Action to perform (use IO_GRIP_ACTION_defines)          Pressure to be applied          Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>

#### Constants for Grip

IO\_GRIP\_UPPER  
 IO\_GRIP\_LOWER  
 IO\_GRIP\_BOTH

#### Constants for Action

IO\_GRIP\_ACTION\_OPEN  
 IO\_GRIP\_ACTION\_CLOSE  
 IO\_GRIP\_ACTION\_HIGH\_PRESSURE1  
 IO\_GRIP\_ACTION\_HIGH\_PRESSURE2

### 10.3.3 DoPEIOGripPressure(Sync)

Set grip parameter.

**Minimum requirements:** EDC580/220, EdcApp 9133.008, DoPE 2.59

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEIOGripPressure (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     double      LowPressure     double      HighPressure     double      RampTime     WORD        * lpusTAN)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)  DoPE link handle  Low pressure value  High pressure value  RampTime  Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p> <p>%  %  s</p>

### 10.3.4 DoPEIOExtEnable(Sync)

Enable or disable extensometer IO handling.

**Minimum requirements:** EDC580/220, EdcApp 9133.008, DoPE 2.59

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEIOExtEnable (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned     Enable     WORD        * lpusTAN)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)  DoPE link handle  !&gt;0 enables  0 disables extensometer IO handling  Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>

### 10.3.5 DoPEIOExtSet (Sync)

Perform an extensometer action.

**Minimum requirements:** EDC580/220, EdcApp 9133.008, DoPE 2.59

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEIOExtSet(     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned     Ext     unsigned     Action     WORD        * lpusTAN)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)  DoPE link handle  Grip to use(use IO_EXT_defines)  Action to perform(use IO_EXT_ACTION_defines)  Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p> <p>IO_EXT_UPPER  IO_EXT_LOWER  IO_EXT_BOTH</p> <p>IO_EXT_ACTION_OPEN  IO_EXT_ACTION_CLOSE</p>

### 10.3.6 DoPEIOFixedXHeadEnable (Sync)

Enable or disable fixed cross head IO handling.

**Minimum requirements:** EDC580/220, EdcApp 9133.008, DoPE 2.59

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEIOFixedXHeadEnable (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned     Enable     WORD         * IpusTAN)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)  DoPE link handle  !=0 enables  0 disables fixed cross head IO handling  Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>

### 10.3.7 DoPEIOFixedXHeadSet (Sync)

Move fixed cross head.

**Minimum requirements:** EDC580/220, EdcApp 9133.008, DoPE 2.59

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEIOFixedXHeadSet (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned     Direction     WORD         * IpusTAN)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)  DoPE link handle  Direction of movement  (use MOVE_HALT, MOVE_UP, MOVE_DOWN defines)  Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>

### 10.3.8 DoPEIOHighPressureEnable (Sync)

Enable or disable high pressure IO handling.

**Minimum requirements:** EDC580/220, EdcApp 9133.008, DoPE 2.59

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEIOHighPressureEnable (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned     Enable     WORD         * IpusTAN)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)  DoPE link handle  !=0 enables  0 disables high pressure IO handling  Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>

### 10.3.9 DoPEIOHighPressureSet (Sync)

Set high or low pressure.

**Minimum requirements:** EDC580/220, EdcApp 9133.008, DoPE 2.59

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEIOHighPressureSet (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned     Enable     WORD         * IpusTAN)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)  DoPE link handle  !=0 selects high pressure  0 selects low pressure  Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>

## 10.4 Display Commands

DoPE offers functions to write data to the EDC display. The display is subdivided into:

1. Headline section
2. Function key section
3. Value section for two values
4. Beam section

Following functions can be used to write data to the display.

Note: The display should not be updated faster than 3 times per second!



### 10.4.1 DoPEDspClear(Sync)

Clear LCD-display at EDC front panel.	
Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEDspClear (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     WORD * IpusTAN)	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).

### 10.4.2 DoPEDspHeadLine / DoPEwDspHeadLine (Sync)

Display HeadLine on LCD-display at EDC front panel.	
<b>Minimum requirements:</b> DoPEwDspHeadLine: DoPE 2.65	
Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEDspHeadLine (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     char * HeadLine     WORD * IpusTAN)	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Character string Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEwDspHeadLine (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     wchar_t * HeadLine     WORD * IpusTAN)	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Wide character string Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).
DSP_FKEYSLINE_LEN (22)	Number of characters in Value field (including terminating zero '0')

#### 10.4.3 DoPEDspFKeys / DoPEwDspFKeys (Sync)

Display Function-Keys on LCD-display at EDC front panel.	
<b>Minimum requirements:</b> DoPEwDspFKeys: DoPE 2.65	
Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPE_HANDLE char WORD      DoPEDspFKeys (      DoPEHdl * FKeys * IpusTAN)	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Character string Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPE_HANDLE wchar_t WORD      DoPEwDspFKeys(      DoPEHdl * FKeys * IpusTAN)	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Wide Character string Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).
DSP_FKEYSLINE_LEN (22) Number of characters in Value field (including terminating zero '0')	

#### 10.4.4 DoPEDspMValue / DoPEwDspMValue (Sync)

Display values with dimension on LCD-display at EDC front panel.	
<b>Minimum requirements:</b> DoPEwDspMValue: DoPE 2.65	
Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPE_HANDLE char char char char WORD      DoPEDspMValue (      DoPEHdl * Value1 * Value2 * Dim1 * Dim2 * IpusTAN)	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Character string for first value Character string for second value Character string for first dimension Character string for second dimension Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPE_HANDLE wchar_t wchar_t wchar_t wchar_t WORD      DoPEwDspMValue (      DoPEHdl * Value1 * Value2 * Dim1 * Dim2 * IpusTAN)	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Wide character string for first value Wide character string for second value Wide character string for first dimension Wide character string for second dimension Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).
DSP_VALUE_LEN (10)	Number of characters in Value field (including terminating zero '0')
DSP_DIM_LEN (7)	Number of characters in Dim field (including terminating zero '0')

#### 10.4.5 DoPEDspBeamScreen(Sync)

Display frame <b>and</b> beam on LCD-display at EDC front panel.	
Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPE_HANDLE short WORD      DoPEDspBeamScreen(      DoPEHdl Value * IpusTAN)	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Value of the beam in % Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version). %

#### 10.4.6 DoPEDspBeamValue(Sync)

Display beam on LCD-display at EDC front panel.	
Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPE_HANDLE short WORD      DoPEDspBeamValue(      DoPEHdl Value * IpusTAN)	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Value of the beam in % Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version). %

## 11 EDC keyboard interface

DoPE offers some function to handlekeys and LED's of EDC keyboards (Front-Panel and RMC).

### 11.1 DoPERdNumberOfKeyboards

Read the number of connected keyboards.		
<b>Minimum requirements:</b> EDC580/220, DoPE 2.51		
Function declaration		Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPE_HANDLE unsigned	DoPERdNumberOfKeyboards ( DoPEHdl *pNumber)	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Pointer to storage for the number of keyboards

### 11.2 DoPESetKeyShiftState (Sync)

Set the keyboard shift state.		
<b>Minimum requirements:</b> EDC580/220, DoPE 2.51		
Function declaration		Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPE_HANDLE unsigned	DoPESetKeyShiftState ( DoPEHdl Enable WORD *IpusTAN)	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle 0=disable shift state, else enable shift state Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).

### 11.3 DoPERdKeyShiftState

Read the keyboard shift state.		
<b>Minimum requirements:</b> EDC580/220, DoPE 2.51		
Function declaration		Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPE_HANDLE unsigned	DoPERdKeyShiftState ( DoPEHdl *pEnabled)	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Pointer to storage for keyboard shift state

### 11.4 DoPESetLed (Sync)

Switch On/Off LED's at the EDC keyboard.		
<b>Minimum requirements:</b> DoPE 2.51		
Function declaration		Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPE_HANDLE unsigned	DoPESetLed ( DoPEHdl LedOn LedOff LedFlash WORD WORD WORD WORD *IpusTAN)	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle These LED's will be set These LED's will be reset These LED's 'flash' These LED's will be set These LED's will be reset These LED's 'flash' Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).
The parameters will be processed in the following sequence (important with conflicting data): 1. Flashing LED's. (lowest) 2. Resetting of the LED's. 3. Setting of the LED's. (highest)		

## 11.5 DoPELedMask

Set the LED matrix bit for a given LED code. Each LED is represented by a bit in the LED matrix. This function converts a LED code to the matrix bit and sets the bit in the LED or OEM LED matrix.

**Minimum requirements:** DoPE 2.51

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPELedMask (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     __int32 LedCode     unsigned State     unsigned __int64 *pLedMask     WORD         *pOemLedMask</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          LED code to convert          0=clear bit, else set bit          Pointer to the LED matrix          Pointer to the OEM-LED matrix          (NULL pointers are accepted)</p>

## 11.6 DoPECurrentKeys

Read the current keys.

**Minimum requirements:** DoPE 2.51

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPECurrentKeys(     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned __int64 *pKeys     WORD          *pOemKeys</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          current key matrix          current OEM-key matrix</p>

## 11.7 DoPEKeyPressed

Check if the key with the given key code is pressed.

**Minimum requirements:** DoPE 2.51

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern intDLLAPI DoPEKeyPressed (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     __int32     KeyCode     unsigned __int64 Keys     WORD        OemKeys</pre>	<p>Function returns 0 if key is not pressed, else key is pressed          DoPE link handle          Key code to check          Key matrix          OEM-Key matrix</p>

## 11.8 DoPEKeyGet

Get the key code of a pressed key. Each pressed key is represented by a set bit in the key matrix. This function converts a bit from the key matrix to its key code and resets the bit in the key matrix.

**Minimum requirements:** DoPE 2.51

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern intDLLAPI DoPEKeyGet (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned __int64 *pKeys     WORD           *OemKeys</pre>	<p>The key code of a pressed key or DoPE_KEY_NONE          DoPE link handle          Pointer to the key matrix          Pointer to the OEM-Key matrix</p>

## 11.9 Definition of keys

Key constant	Key code	Description
<b>DOLI keys</b>		
DoPE_KEY_NONE	-1	invalid (no key pressed)
DoPE_KEY_HALT	0x00	'HALT'
DoPE_KEY_UP	0x01	'UP'
DoPE_KEY_DOWN	0x02	'DOWN'
DoPE_KEY_DPOTI	0x03	'DigiPoti pressed'
DoPE_KEY_F1	0x04	'F1' function key
DoPE_KEY_F2	0x05	'F2' function key
DoPE_KEY_F3	0x06	'F3' function key
DoPE_KEY_ON	0x07	'ON'
DoPE_KEY_TEST	0x08	'TEST'
DoPE_KEY_UPR_GRIP_OPEN	0x09	'Upper Grip Open'
DoPE_KEY_UPR_GRIP_CLOSE	0x0A	'Upper Grip Close'
DoPE_KEY_LWR_GRIP_OPEN	0x0B	'Lower Grip Open'
DoPE_KEY_LWR_GRIP_CLOSE	0x0C	'Lower Grip Close'
DoPE_KEY_EXTMETER_OPEN	0x0D	'Extensometer Open'
DoPE_KEY_EXTMETER_CLOSE	0x0E	'Extensometer Close'
DoPE_KEY_FIXED_XHEAD_UP	0x0F	'fixed X-Head Up'
DoPE_KEY_FIXED_XHEAD_DOWN	0x10	'fixed X-Head Down'
DoPE_KEY_DPOTI_CONTROL	0x11	'DigiPoti Speed-Position Mode'
DoPE_KEY_BF1	0x12	'blind F1' function key (no LCD)
DoPE_KEY_BF2	0x13	'blind F2' function key (no LCD)
DoPE_KEY_BF3	0x14	'blind F3' function key (no LCD)
DoPE_KEY_HIGH_PRESSURE	0x15	'Activate High Pressure'
DoPE_KEY_LOW_PRESSURE	0x16	'Activate Low Pressure'
DoPE_KEY_OFF	0x17	'OFF'
DoPE_KEY_UP_FAST	0x18	'Move UP fast'
DoPE_KEY_DOWN_FAST	0x19	'Move DOWN fast'
DoPE_KEY_TEST_STOP	0x1A	'Test stop'
DoPE_KEY_TEST_RETURN	0x1B	'Test return'
DoPE_KEY_TEST_HALT_CONTINUE	0x1C	'Test halt / continue'
DoPE_KEY_reserved1D	0x1D	
DoPE_KEY_reserved1E	0x1E	
DoPE_KEY_reserved1F	0x1F	
DoPE_KEY_reserved20	0x20	
DoPE_KEY_CTRL_SENSOR3	0x21	
DoPE_KEY_CTRL_SENSOR4	0x22	
DoPE_KEY_CTRL_SENSOR5	0x23	
DoPE_KEY_CTRL_SENSOR6	0x24	
DoPE_KEY_CTRL_SENSOR7	0x25	
DoPE_KEY_CTRL_SENSOR8	0x26	
DoPE_KEY_CTRL_SENSOR9	0x27	
DoPE_KEY_CTRL_SENSOR10	0x28	
DoPE_KEY_CTRL_SENSOR11	0x29	
DoPE_KEY_CTRL_SENSOR12	0x2A	
DoPE_KEY_CTRL_SENSOR13	0x2B	
DoPE_KEY_CTRL_SENSOR14	0x2C	
DoPE_KEY_CTRL_SENSOR15	0x2D	
DoPE_KEY_DP	0x2E	'. period (decimal point)
DoPE_KEY_SIGN	0x2F	'±' sign
DoPE_KEY_0	0x30	'0'
DoPE_KEY_1	0x31	'1'
DoPE_KEY_2	0x32	'2'
DoPE_KEY_3	0x33	'3'

DoPE_KEY_4	0x34	'4'
DoPE_KEY_5	0x35	'5'
DoPE_KEY_6	0x36	'6'
DoPE_KEY_7	0x37	'7'
DoPE_KEY_8	0x38	'8'
DoPE_KEY_9	0x39	'9'
DoPE_KEY_CTRL_POS	0x3A	
DoPE_KEY_CTRL_LOAD	0x3B	
DoPE_KEY_CTRL_EXTENSION	0x3C	
DoPE_KEY_reserved3D	0x3D	
DoPE_KEY_reserved3E	0x3E	
DoPE_KEY_CONNECT	0x3F	
<b>OEM keys</b>		
DoPE_KEY_OEM0	0x40	
DoPE_KEY_OEM1	0x41	
DoPE_KEY_OEM2	0x42	
DoPE_KEY_OEM3	0x43	
DoPE_KEY_OEM4	0x44	
DoPE_KEY_OEM5	0x45	
DoPE_KEY_OEM6	0x46	
DoPE_KEY_OEM7	0x47	
DoPE_KEY_OEM8	0x48	
DoPE_KEY_OEM9	0x49	
DoPE_KEY_OEMA	0x4A	
DoPE_KEY_OEMB	0x4B	
DoPE_KEY_OEMC	0x4C	
DoPE_KEY_OEMD	0x4D	
DoPE_KEY_OEME	0x4E	
DoPE_KEY_OEMF	0x4F	

## 11.10 Definition of LED's

LED constant	LED refers to key
<b>DOLI LED's</b>	
DoPE_LED_HALT	DoPE_KEY_HALT
DoPE_LED_UP	DoPE_KEY_UP
DoPE_LED_DOWN	DoPE_KEY_DOWN
DoPE_LED_DPOTI	DoPE_KEY_DPOTI
DoPE_LED_F1	DoPE_KEY_F1
DoPE_LED_F2	DoPE_KEY_F2
DoPE_LED_F3	DoPE_KEY_F3
DoPE_LED_ON	DoPE_KEY_ON
DoPE_LED_TEST	DoPE_KEY_TEST
DoPE_LED_UPR_GRIP_OPEN	DoPE_KEY_UPR_GRIP_OPEN
DoPE_LED_UPR_GRIP_CLOSE	DoPE_KEY_UPR_GRIP_CLOSE
DoPE_LED_LWR_GRIP_OPEN	DoPE_KEY_LWR_GRIP_OPEN
DoPE_LED_LWR_GRIP_CLOSE	DoPE_KEY_LWR_GRIP_CLOSE
DoPE_LED_EXTMETER_OPEN	DoPE_KEY_EXTMETER_OPEN
DoPE_LED_EXTMETER_CLOSE	DoPE_KEY_EXTMETER_CLOSE
DoPE_LED_FIXED_XHEAD_UP	DoPE_KEY_FIXED_XHEAD_UP
DoPE_LED_FIXED_XHEAD_DOWN	DoPE_KEY_FIXED_XHEAD_DOWN
DoPE_LED_DPOTI_CONTROL	DoPE_KEY_DPOTI_CONTROL
DoPE_LED_BF1	DoPE_KEY_BF1
DoPE_LED_BF2	DoPE_KEY_BF2
DoPE_LED_BF3	DoPE_KEY_BF3
DoPE_LED_HIGH_PRESSURE	DoPE_KEY_HIGH_PRESSURE
DoPE_LED_LOW_PRESSURE	DoPE_KEY_LOW_PRESSURE
DoPE_LED_OFF	DoPE_KEY_OFF
DoPE_LED_UP_FAST	DoPE_KEY_UP_FAST
DoPE_LED_DOWN_FAST	DoPE_KEY_DOWN_FAST
DoPE_LED_TEST_STOP	DoPE_KEY_TEST_STOP
DoPE_LED_TEST_RETURN	DoPE_KEY_TEST_RETURN
DoPE_LED_TEST_HALT_CONTINUE	DoPE_KEY_TEST_HALT_CONTINUE
DoPE_LED_reserved1D	DoPE_KEY_reserved1D
DoPE_LED_reserved1E	DoPE_KEY_reserved1E
DoPE_LED_reserved1F	DoPE_KEY_reserved1F
DoPE_LED_reserved20	DoPE_KEY_reserved20
DoPE_LED_CTRL_SENSOR3	DoPE_KEY_reserved21
DoPE_LED_CTRL_SENSOR4	DoPE_KEY_reserved22
DoPE_LED_CTRL_SENSOR5	DoPE_KEY_reserved23
DoPE_LED_CTRL_SENSOR6	DoPE_KEY_reserved24
DoPE_LED_CTRL_SENSOR7	DoPE_KEY_reserved25
DoPE_LED_CTRL_SENSOR8	DoPE_KEY_reserved26
DoPE_LED_CTRL_SENSOR9	DoPE_KEY_reserved27
DoPE_LED_CTRL_SENSOR10	DoPE_KEY_reserved28
DoPE_LED_CTRL_SENSOR11	DoPE_KEY_reserved29
DoPE_LED_CTRL_SENSOR12	DoPE_KEY_reserved2A
DoPE_LED_CTRL_SENSOR13	DoPE_KEY_reserved2B
DoPE_LED_CTRL_SENSOR14	DoPE_KEY_reserved2C
DoPE_LED_CTRL_SENSOR15	DoPE_KEY_reserved2D
DoPE_LED_DP	DoPE_KEY_DP
DoPE_LED_SIGN	DoPE_KEY_SIGN
DoPE_LED_0	DoPE_KEY_0
DoPE_LED_1	DoPE_KEY_1
DoPE_LED_2	DoPE_KEY_2
DoPE_LED_3	DoPE_KEY_3
DoPE_LED_4	DoPE_KEY_4

DoPE_LED_5	DoPE_KEY_5
DoPE_LED_6	DoPE_KEY_6
DoPE_LED_7	DoPE_KEY_7
DoPE_LED_8	DoPE_KEY_8
DoPE_LED_9	DoPE_KEY_9
DoPE_LED_CTRL_POS	DoPE_KEY_reserved3A
DoPE_LED_CTRL_LOAD	DoPE_KEY_reserved3B
DoPE_LED_CTRL_EXTENSION	DoPE_KEY_reserved3C
DoPE_LED_reserved3D	DoPE_KEY_reserved3D
DoPE_LED_reserved3E	DoPE_KEY_reserved3E
DoPE_LED_CONNECT	DoPE_KEY_CONNECT
<b>OEM-LED's</b>	
DoPE_LED_OEM0	DoPE_KEY_OEM0
DoPE_LED_OEM1	DoPE_KEY_OEM1
DoPE_LED_OEM2	DoPE_KEY_OEM2
DoPE_LED_OEM3	DoPE_KEY_OEM3
DoPE_LED_OEM4	DoPE_KEY_OEM4
DoPE_LED_OEM5	DoPE_KEY_OEM5
DoPE_LED_OEM6	DoPE_KEY_OEM6
DoPE_LED_OEM7	DoPE_KEY_OEM7
DoPE_LED_OEM8	DoPE_KEY_OEM8
DoPE_LED_OEM9	DoPE_KEY_OEM9
DoPE_LED_OEMA	DoPE_KEY_OEMA
DoPE_LED_OEMB	DoPE_KEY_OEMB
DoPE_LED_OEMC	DoPE_KEY_OEMC
DoPE_LED_OEMD	DoPE_KEY_OEMD
DoPE_LED_OEME	DoPE_KEY_OEME
DoPE_LED_OEMF	DoPE_KEY_OEMF

## 12 SetupCommands

You can read or write machine set-up data.

Set-up data from number one onwards stored inside EDC in an EEPROM.

Set-up number zero is the working set-up. All data written to set-up zero are not stored, but can be used to initialize EDC.

### 12.1 DoPERdSetupAll(Sync)

Read the total set-up structure.

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPERdSetupAll (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short SetupNo     DoPESetup *Setup     WORD         *IpusTANFirst     WORD         *IpusTANLast</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Set-up Number          Pointer to set-up data structure          Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>

### 12.2 DoPEWrSetupAll(Sync)

Write the total set-up structure.

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEWrSetupAll (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short SetupNo     DoPESetup *Setup     WORD         *IpusTANFirst     WORD         *IpusTANLast</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Set-up Number          Pointer to set-up data structure          Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>

#### DoPESetup structure:

```
typedef struct
{
    DoPESenDef      SDef[MAX_MC];           /* EDC Setup Data */
    DoPECtrlSenDef CSDef[MAX_CTRL];         /* ----- */
    DoPECtrlSenDef CSDefHigh[MAX_CTRL];     /* Sensor definition data */
    DoPEOutChaDef  ODef[MAX_OC];            /* Control-Sensor definition */
    DoPEBitOutDef  BODef[MAX_BOUT];          /* Control-Sensor def. (high pressure) */ //EDC220+
    DoPEBitInDef   BIDef[MAX_BIN];           /* Analogue output definition data */
    DoPEMachineDef MDef;                   /* Digital bit output definition data */
    DoPELinTblFalse LinTblFalse;             /* Digital bit input definition data */
    DoPELinTblTrue  LinTblTrue;              /* Machine definition data */
    DoPEIOSignals  IOSignals;               /* Linearization table FALSE values */
    DoPEMainMenu   MainMenu[MAX_MAIN_MENU]; /* Linearization table TRUE values */
    DoPERmcDef     RmcDef;                  /* IO signal definition */
} DoPESetup;
```

## 12.3 DoPESetupScale

Sets the set-up user scale.	
<b>Minimum requirements:</b> DoPE 2.20	
<b>Function declaration</b>	<b>Description</b>
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetupScale (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short SetupNo     UserScale    US     WORD         * IpusTAN)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Set-up Number          User scale for all set-up sensor data          e.g. use this to convert the SI unit meter into mm          by setting the UserScale to 1000 for the position sensor          Default values 1.0 will be used if US is NULL.          Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>

## 12.4 DoPERdSetupNumber

Read currently selected set-up number.	
<b>Function declaration</b>	<b>Description</b>
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPERdSetupNumber (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short *SetupNo     WORD         * IpusTAN)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Pointer to store set-up number          Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>

## 12.5 DoPERdGeneralData

Read general data of opened set-up.	
<b>Function declaration</b>	<b>Description</b>
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPERdGeneralData (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     DoPEGeneralData * GeneralData     WORD         * IpusTAN)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Pointer for DoPEGeneralData structure          Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>

## 12.6 DoPEWrGeneralData(Sync)

Write general data to opened set-up.

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEWrGeneralData (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     DoPEGeneralData * GeneralData     WORD         * lpusTAN)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)  DoPE link handle  Pointer to DoPEGeneralData structure  Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>

**DoPEGeneralData structure:**

```
typedef struct
{
    WORD    MachineNo;                      /* General data */
    WORD    MachineNoIo;                    /* ----- */
    WORD    Supervisor;                    /* Number of active machines [No]*/
    WORD    SuperPassword;                /* Machine select IO's config. [No]*/
    WORD    UserPassword;                 /* (see MACHINE_NO_IO_... definitions) */
    WORD    Logo;                         /* Supervisor mode [No] //EDC120- */
    WORD    nRmc;                         /* Supervisor Password(0=inactive) [No]*/
    WORD    Language;                     /* User Password(0=inactive) [No]*/
    DWORD   FunctionID;                  /* DOLI Logo (0 = inactive) [No]*/
    DWORD   SyncOption;                   /* Required number of RMC's [No] //EDC220+ */
    WORD    MachineNoIoBitConnector;    /* Language [No] //EDC220+ */
    WORD    MachineNoIoBitNo;           /* User defined function ID [No] //EDC220+ */
    WORD    MachineNoIoBitFirst;        /* Sync option (SYNC_OPTION_xxxx) [No] //EDC220+ */
    WORD    MachineNoIoBitLast;         /* BitIn/BitOut connector [No] //EDC220+ */
} DoPEGeneralData;
} DoPEGeneralData;
```

## 12.7 DoPESelSetup

Select a machine set-up and initialize.

Set-up number 1 to 4 (8) are stored inside EDC in an EEPROM. Set-up number 0 is the working set-up. If set-up 1 to 4 (8) is selected, set-up data and basic tare values are copied from the EEPROM to the working set-up 0. If set-up 0 is selected, set-up data in the working set-up 0 are not altered. Basic tare values cannot be stored permanently inside EDC. Thus if set-up 0 was written completely by PC, this data are used to initialize the system. The DoPESelSetup function calls DoPEInitialize to do system initialization.

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESelSetup (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short SetupNo     UserScale   US     WORD         * lpusTANFirst     WORD         * lpusTANLast)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)  DoPE link handle  Set-up No.  User scale for all measuring channels. The measured data will be multiplied with the value in US. E.g. use this to convert the SI unit meter into mm by setting the UserScale to 1000 for the position channel. If US = NULL, user scale will be set to 1.0  Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>

## 12.8 DoPEInitialize

Initialize System with selected set-up data. This command must be called after a change of set-up data was made without selecting a new set-up.

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEInitialize (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl,     WORD         * lpusTANFirst,     WORD         * lpusTANLast,)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)  DoPE link handle  TAN's are used to identify initialization errors sent in addition to the synchronized return code.  (This will be implemented in future EDC versions. In Version 2.11 we have synchronized return codes but only one error code sent on the PE_INITIALIZE command.)</p>

## 12.9 DoPEInitializeResetXHead(Synch)

Initialize System with selected setup data and reset the crosshead position.

**Minimum requirements:** EDC580/220, EdcApp 9133.002, DoPE 2.50

Function declaration	Description	
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPE_HANDLE WORD WORD	DoPEInitializeResetXHead ( DoPEHdl, *IpusTANFirst, *IpusTANLast,)	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle TAN's are used to identify initialization errors sent inaddition to the synchronized return code. (This will be implemented in future EDC versions.In Version 2.11 we have synchronized return codes but onlyone error code sent on the PE_INITIALIZE command.)

## 12.10 DoPERdSensorInfo

Read summary sensor information's.	
Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPERdSensorInfo (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     unsigned short SensorNo     DoPESumSenInfo *Info</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Sensor Number.          Pointer for SumSenInfo structure.</p>
<b>DoPESumSenInfo structure:</b>	
<pre>typedef struct {     WORD   Connector;                      /* Summary Sensor Information      */     /* ----- */     /* Connector number of sensor          [No] */     double NominalValue;                  /* Nominal value of sensor         [Unit] */     WORD   Unit;                         /* Unit of sensor UNIT_xxx        [No] */     double Offset;                       /* Offset of sensor               [Unit] */     double UpperLimit;                   /* Upper range limit of sensor   [Unit] */     double LowerLimit;                   /* Lower range limit of sensor   [Unit] */     WORD   SensorState;                  /* Sensor state SEN STATE_xxx   [No] */     WORD   McType;                       /* Measuring channel type       [No] */     double UpperSoftLimit;                /* Upper soft limit              [Unit] */     double LowerSoftLimit;                /* Lower soft limit              [Unit] */     WORD   SoftLimitReaction;             /* reaction if soft limit       [No] */     double BasicTare;                    /* Basic tare                   [Unit] */ } DoPESumSenInfo;</pre>	

## 12.11 DoPERdSysUserData

Read system user data (16 Byte). The application program may use these 16 bytes EEPROM to store information permanently outside PC. It may be used for software protection or similar.

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPERdSysUserData (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     BYTE     *SysUsrData     unsigned Length</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Pointer for SYSEEPROM user data          User data buffer length in BYTE's</p>

## 12.12 DoPEWrSysUserData(Sync)

Write system user data (16 Byte).	
Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEWrSysUserData (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     BYTE     *SysUsrData     unsigned Length     WORD     *lpusTAN)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Pointer for SYSEEPROM user data          User data buffer length in BYTE's          Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).</p>

## 12.13DoPERdSenUserData

Read sensor user data (128 Byte). The application program may use this 128 bytes EEPROM data to store information about the sensor. The EEPROM is located inside the sensor plug!

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPERdSenUserData (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     WORD SensorNo     BYTE *SenUsrData     unsigned Length</pre>	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Sensor Number Pointer for sensor user data User data buffer length in BYTE's

## 12.14DoPEWrSenUserData(Sync)

Write sensor user data (128 Byte).

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEWrSenUserData (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     WORD SensorNo     BYTE *SenUsrData     unsigned Length     WORD *lpusTAN)</pre>	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Sensor Number Pointer for sensor user data User data buffer length in BYTE's Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).

## 12.15DoPERdSensorUserData

This function has the same effect as DoPERdSenUserData. But use here a connector number instead of a sensor number. It may also be used for not initialized sensors.

Read sensor user data (128 Byte). The application program may use this 128 bytes EEPROM data to store information about the sensor. The EEPROM is located inside the sensor plug!

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPERdSensorUserData (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     WORD Connector     BYTE *SenUsrData     unsigned Length)</pre>	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Connector number of sensor Pointer for sensor user data User data buffer length in BYTE's

## 12.16DoPEWrSensorUserData

This function has the same effect as DoPEWrSenUserData. But use here a connector number instead of a sensor number. It may also be used for not initialized sensors.

Write sensor user data (128 Byte).

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEWrSensorUserData (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     WORD Connector     BYTE *SenUsrData     unsigned Length     WORD *lpusTAN)</pre>	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Connector number of sensor Pointer for sensor user data User data buffer length in BYTE's Pointer to transaction number (not for Sync. version).

## 12.17 DoPERdModuleInfo / DoPEwRdModuleInfo

Read module info.

**Minimum requirements:**

DoPERdModuleInfo: DoPE 2.50  
DoPEwRdModuleInfo: DoPE 2.65

Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPERdModuleInfo ( DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl unsigned ModulNo DoPEModuleInfo *Info	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Module number (0 ... MAX_MODULE-1 ) Pointer to storage for the module info
typedef struct /* Definition of module info */ { DWORD ID; /* Module hardware ID [No] */ DWORD Revision; /* Module hardware revision [No] */ DWORD DeviceID; /* Device ID [No] */ DWORD FunctionID; /* Function ID (from MachineDef) [No] */ DWORD SerNr; /* Serial number [No] */ DWORD Status; /* Module status [No] */ char Name[MODINFO_NAME_LEN]; /* Module name (e.g. "2INC 1742.000(-)") */ } DoPEModuleInfo;	
Function declaration	Description
extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEwRdModuleInfo ( DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl unsigned ModulNo DoPEwModuleInfo *Info	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) DoPE link handle Module number (0 ... MAX_MODULE-1 ) Pointer to storage for the module info
typedef struct /* Definition of module info */ { DWORD ID; /* Module hardware ID [No] */ DWORD Revision; /* Module hardware revision [No] */ DWORD DeviceID; /* Device ID [No] */ DWORD FunctionID; /* Function ID (from MachineDef) [No] */ DWORD SerNr; /* Serial number [No] */ DWORD Status; /* Module status [No] */ wchar_t Name[MODINFO_NAME_LEN]; /* Module name (e.g. "2INC 1742.000(-)") */ } DoPEModuleInfo;	

## 12.18 DoPERdDriveInfo / DoPEwRdDriveInfo

Read drive info.

**Minimum requirements:**

DoPERdDriveInfo      DoPE 2.57  
DoPEwRdDriveInfo      DoPE 2.65

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPERdDriveInfo(     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     WORD Connector     *DoPEDriveInfo *Info)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Module number (0 ... MAX_MODULE-1 )          Pointer to storage for the drive info</p>
<pre>typedef struct {     DWORD ID;                                /* Definition of drive info */     /* -----        * Drive hardware ID          [No] */     DWORD Revision;                           /* Drive hardware revision [No] */     DWORD SerNr;                             /* Serial number           [No] */     double NominalCurrent;                   /* Nominal current         [A] */     double MinCurrent;                        /* Minimum current         [A] */     double MaxCurrent;                        /* Maximum current         [A] */     double MaxCurrentTime;                   /* Maximum current time   [s] */     int NominalVoltageCount;                /* Number of nominal voltages [No] */     double NominalVoltage[MAX_NOMV];        /* Nominal voltage          [V] */     double MaxPower;                          /* Maximum power           [W] */     double FeedbackPower;                   /* Average feedback power [W] */     double MinDither;                        /* Minimum dither frequency [Hz] */     double MaxDither;                        /* Maximum dither frequency [Hz] */     double CurrentControllerCycle;          /* Current controller cycle time [s] */     /* (0 = analogue or not adjustable) */     char Name[DRIVEINFO_NAME_LEN]; } DoPEDriveInfo;</pre>	
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEwRdDriveInfo(     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     WORD Connector     *DoPEDriveInfo *Info)</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Module number (0 ... MAX_MODULE-1 )          Pointer to storage for the drive info</p>
<pre>typedef struct {     DWORD ID;                                /* Definition of drive info */     /* -----        * Drive hardware ID          [No] */     DWORD Revision;                           /* Drive hardware revision [No] */     DWORD SerNr;                             /* Serial number           [No] */     double NominalCurrent;                   /* Nominal current         [A] */     double MinCurrent;                        /* Minimum current         [A] */     double MaxCurrent;                        /* Maximum current         [A] */     double MaxCurrentTime;                   /* Maximum current time   [s] */     int NominalVoltageCount;                /* Number of nominal voltages [No] */     double NominalVoltage[MAX_NOMV];        /* Nominal voltage          [V] */     double MaxPower;                          /* Maximum power           [W] */     double FeedbackPower;                   /* Average feedback power [W] */     double MinDither;                        /* Minimum dither frequency [Hz] */     double MaxDither;                        /* Maximum dither frequency [Hz] */     double CurrentControllerCycle;          /* Current controller cycle time [s] */     /* (0 = analogue or not adjustable) */     wchar_t Name[DRIVEINFO_NAME_LEN]; } DoPEDriveInfo;</pre>	

## 13 Sensor EEPROM Handling

Following functions support read and write of sensor-EEPROM data.

**ATTENTION:** **Use these functions very carefully.**  
**DoPE cannot check the total integrity of the data!**  
**UserScale has no effect on the Sensor EEPROM data!**

These functions work on initialized and not initialized sensors. The sensors are selected by the connector number.

The data inside the sensor EEPROM are divided into two sections.

The first section (DoPESensorHeaderData) is identical for all sensors.

The second section depends of the sensor class.

If you want to change data inside the sensor EEPROM, please follow the procedure described below:

1. Use DoPERdSensorConKey function and check if a sensor is connected.
2. Use DoPERdSensorHeaderData function to read header data.  
Analyze the sensor class!
3. For DoPESensorHeaderData.Class = SEN\_ANALOGUE useDoPERdSensorAnalogueData,  
for DoPESensorHeaderData.Class =SEN\_INC useDoPERdSensorIncData,  
for DoPESensorHeaderData.Class =SEN\_ABS useDoPERdSensorAbsData  
to read the sensor class specific data.
4. Modify data.  
Only the **bold type**parameter in the sensor data structures is allowed to be changed!
5. Use DoPERdSensorConKey in a loop (not faster than 100 ms) and wait until the KeyPressed parameter is 1.
6. Use the appropriate write function to store the data into the sensor EEPROM.

It is not absolutely necessary to use the function DoPERdSensorConKey before writing data into the sensor EEPROM. **If you don't use it, be aware that calibration data may be changed, without breaking the seal at the sensor plug!**

### 13.1 DoPERdSensorConKey

Read sensor plug connected and key state.
---

<b>Minimum requirements:</b> DoPE 2.23
--

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPERdSensorConKey (     DoPE_HANDLE DoPEHdl     WORD        Connector     WORD        *Connected     WORD        *KeyPressed</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)</p> <p>DoPE link handle</p> <p>Connector number of sensor</p> <p>Pointer to the sensor plug connected state (0=not connected, 1=connected)</p> <p>Pointer to the sensor plug key state (0=not pressed, 1=pressed)</p>

## 13.2 DoPERdSensorHeaderData

Read sensor EEPROM data header.

**Minimum requirements:** DoPE 2.23

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPERdSensorHeaderData (     DoPE_HANDLE          DoPEHdl     WORD                 Connector     DoPESensorHeaderData *SenHdrData</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Connector number of sensor          Pointer to sensor data header structure</p>

## 13.3 DoPEWrSensorHeaderData

Write sensor EEPROM data header.

**Minimum requirements:** DoPE 2.76

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEWrSensorHeaderData (     DoPE_HANDLE          DoPEHdl     WORD                 Connector     DoPESensorHeaderData *SenHdrData</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Connector number of sensor          Pointer to sensor data header structure</p>

**DoPESensorHeaderData structure:**

```
typedef struct
{
    WORD      PartNo;                      /* Sensor EEPROM header data */
    WORD      Version;                     /* ----- */
    /* Part indent number */               /* [No] */
    WORD      SerNo;                      /* Part revision */           /* [No] */
    /* Part serial number */             /* [No] */
    WORD      Class;                      /* Sensor class */            /* [No] */
    BYTE     DatVersion;                  /* Version of data */         /* [No] */

} DoPESensorHeaderData;
```

**Write protected**

```

    /* Sensor classes */                /* */
    /* ----- */                      /* */
#define SEN_UNDEF          0           /* unknown sensor class */   /* */
#define SEN_ANALOGUE       1           /* analogue sensor */        /* */
#define SEN_INC             2           /* incremental sensor */     /* */
#define SEN_ABS             3           /* absolute value sensor */  /* */

    /* Analogue sensor types */        /* */
    /* ----- */                      /* */
#define SIG_STRAINGAUGE    0           /* Strain gauge */          /* */
#define SIG_LVDT           1           /* LVDT */                  /* */
#define SIG_DC              2           /* DC */                    /* */

    /* Incremental sensor types */    /* */
    /* ----- */                      /* */
#define SIG_TTL             0           /* TTL Signal */            /* */
#define SIG_LINE            1           /* RS422 (line driver) */   /* */
#define SIG_SINE11uA         2           /* Sine 11µA */             /* */
#define SIG_SINE1V           3           /* Sine 1V */                /* */

    /* Absolute value sensor types */ /* */
    /* ----- */                      /* */
#define SIG_UNDEF           0           /* undefined */             /* */
#define SIG_TR_LT_S          1           /* TR LT-S Sensor */        /* */

    /* Transducer types */           /* */
    /* ----- */                      /* */
#define TRANSDUCER_LINEAR   0           /* Linear transducer */      /* */
#define TRANSDUCER_ROTARY   1           /* Rotary transducer */      /*
```

```
/* Reference mark types */  
/* ----- */  
/* Transducer has no reference mark */  
/* Transducer has one reference mark */  
/* Transducer has distance coded */  
  
#define REFMARK_NONE 0  
#define REFMARK_ONE 1  
#define REFMARK_DISTCODE 2
```

## 13.4 DoPERdSensorAnalogueData

Read analogue sensor data.

**Minimum requirements:** DoPE 2.23

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPERdSensorAnalogueData (     DoPE_HANDLE          DoPEHdl     WORD                 Connector     DoPESensorAnalogueData *SenAnalogueData</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Connector number of sensor          Pointer to analogue sensor data structure</p>

## 13.5 DoPEWrSensorAnalogueData

Write analogue sensor data.

**Minimum requirements:** DoPE 2.23

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEWrSensorAnalogueData (     DoPE_HANDLE          DoPEHdl     WORD                 Connector     DoPESensorAnalogueData *SenAnalogueData</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Connector number of sensor          Pointer to analogue sensor data structure</p>

**DoPESensorAnalogueData structure:**

```
typedef struct
{
    float MaxExcitation;                                /* Analogue sensor EEPROM data */
    WORD MinImpedance;                                 /* ----- */
    float NominalValue;                                /* Maximum excitation voltage [V] */
    WORD Unit;                                         /* Impedance [Ohm] */
    float Offset;                                       /* Nominal value of the sensor [Unit] */
    WORD NegLimit;                                     /* Unit of sensor UNIT_xxx [No] */
    WORD PosLimit;                                     /* Sensor offset [Unit] */
    float Reference;                                    /* Range limit - min. [%] */
    double CorrReference;                               /* Range limit - max. [%] */
    /* Nominal value of the reference [*] */
    /* Corr. value of the reference [No] */

    WORD Sensortype;                                  /* Sensor type */
    double NominalSensitive;                           /* Sensitivity at Nominal value [*] */
    WORD Sign;                                         /* Invert sign of channel [1/0] */
    int Day;                                           /* Date of last change [No] */
    int Month;                                         /* Date of last change [No] */
    int Year;                                          /* Date of last change [No] */
    WORD LinPoint;                                     /* Number of linearization steps [No] */
    struct LinVal
    {
        double MeasValue;                             /* Measured value [Unit] */
        double RefValue;                            /* Reference [Unit] */
        /* Linearization table */
    } LinV[SEN_LIN_DATA_MAX];
} DoPESensorAnalogueData;
```

**Write protected**

## 13.6 DoPERdSensorIncData

Read incremental sensor data.

**Minimum requirements:** DoPE 2.23

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPERdSensorIncData (     DoPE_HANDLE          DoPEHdl     WORD                 Connector     DoPESensorIncData   *SenIncData</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Connector number of sensor          Pointer to incremental sensor data structure</p>

## 13.7 DoPEWrSensorIncData

Write incremental sensor data.

**Minimum requirements:** DoPE 2.23

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEWrSensorIncData (     DoPE_HANDLE          DoPEHdl     WORD                 Connector     DoPESensorIncData   *SenIncData</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Connector number of sensor          Pointer to incremental sensor data structure</p>

**DoPESensorIncData structure:**

```
typedef struct
{
    /* Incremental sensor EEPROM data */
    /* ----- */
    float Voltage1;                      /* Supply voltage 1 [V]*/
    float Voltage2;                      /* Supply voltage 2 [V]*/
    float Voltage3;                      /* Supply voltage 3 [V]*/
    float Current1;                     /* Current for supply voltage 1 [A]*/
    float Current2;                     /* Current for supply voltage 2 [A]*/
    float Current3;                     /* Current for supply voltage 3 [A]*/
    WORD InputSignal;                  /* Signal type at input SIG_xxx [No]*/
    WORD OutputSignal;                 /* Signal type at output SIG_xxx [No]*/
    WORD InterpolationFactor;          /* Factor for interpolation [No]*/
    float MaxInputFreq;                /* Maximum input frequency [Hz]*/
    float MaxOutputFreq;               /* Maximum output frequency [Hz]*/
    WORD TransducerType;              /* Transducer type TRANSDUCER_xxx [No]*/
    WORD Unit;                         /* Unit of sensor UNIT_xxx [No]*/
    double SignalPeriod;               /* Signal period [Unit]*/
    double CorrFactor;                 /* Correction factor [No]*/
    double MeasuringRange;             /* Measuring range [Unit]*/
    WORD SignalType;                  /* Transducer signal type SIG_xxx[No]*/
    WORD ReferenceMark;               /* Reference mark type REFMARK_xxx[No]*/
    double FirstDistance;              /* First distance of the reference[Unit]*/
    double NominalDistance;            /* Nominal distance of the reference[Unit]*/
    double Delta;                      /* Dislocation of the mean reference[Unit]*/
    float LimitFrequency;              /* Limit frequency of the transducer[Hz]*/
    WORD Sign;                        /* Invert sign of channel [1/0]*/
    BYTE NegLimit;                    /* Range limit - min. [%]*/
    BYTE PosLimit;                    /* Range limit - max. [%]*/
} DoPESensorIncData;
```

Write protected

## 13.8 DoPERdSensorAbsData

Read absolute sensor data.

**Minimum requirements:** DoPE 2.23

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPERdSensorAbsData (     DoPE_HANDLE          DoPEHdl     WORD                 Connector     DoPESensorAbsData   *SenAbsData</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Connector number of sensor          Pointer to absolute sensor data structure</p>

## 13.9 DoPEWrSensorAbsData

Write absolute sensor data.

**Minimum requirements:** DoPE 2.23

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEWrSensorAbsData (     DoPE_HANDLE          DoPEHdl     WORD                 Connector     DoPESensorAbsData   *SenAbsData</pre>	<p>Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)          DoPE link handle          Connector number of sensor          Pointer to absolute sensor data structure</p>

**DoPESensorAbsData structure:**

```
typedef struct
{
    /* Absolute value EEPROM header data */
    /* ----- */
    float Voltage1;                      /* Supply voltage 1 [V]*/
    float Voltage2;                      /* Supply voltage 2 [V]*/
    float Voltage3;                      /* Supply voltage 3 [V]*/
    float Current1;                     /* Current for supply voltage 1 [A]*/
    float Current2;                     /* Current for supply voltage 2 [A]*/
    float Current3;                     /* Current for supply voltage 3 [A]*/
    WORD InputSignal;                  /* Signal type at input SIG_xxx [No]*/
    WORD OutputSignal;                 /* Signal type at output SIG_xxx [No]*/
    float MaxInputFreq;                /* Maximum input frequency [Hz]*/
    float MaxOutputFreq;               /* Maximum output frequency [Hz]*/

    BYTE DelayTime;                    /* Sensors signal delay time [ms/10]*/
    WORD Unit;                        /* Unit of sensor UNIT_xxx [No]*/
    double SignalPeriod;              /* Signal period [Unit]*/
    float Offset;                     /* Sensor offset [Unit]*/
    double CorrFactor;                /* Correction factor [No]*/
    double NominalValue;              /* Nominal value of the sensor [Unit]*/
    WORD SignalType;                 /* Transducer signal type SIG_xxx [No]*/
    /* or SIG_SSI_GENERIC + code + number */
    /* of data bits */

    float LimitFrequency;             /* Limit frequency of the transducer[Hz]*/
    WORD Sign;                        /* Invert sign of channel [1/0]*/
    BYTE NegLimit;                   /* Range limit - min. [%]*/
    BYTE PosLimit;                   /* Range limit - max. [%]*/
    int Day;                          /* Date of last change [No]*/
    int Month;                        /* Date of last change [No]*/
    int Year;                         /* Date of last change [No]*/
} DoPESensorAbsData;
```

Write protected

## 13.10 DoPESetSsiGenericType

Build the signal type of a SSI absolute sensor by it's generic data.

**Minimum requirements:** DoPE 2.66

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESetSsiGenericType(     BYTE             *SignalType     unsigned          Code     unsigned          Bits)</pre>	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) Pointer to signal type variable Code of the sensor (0:binary, !=0:gray code) Number of databits of the sensor

## 13.11 DoPESsiGenericTypeInfo

Get the generic data of a SSI absolute sensor by it's signal type.

**Minimum requirements:** DoPE 2.66

Function declaration	Description
<pre>extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPESsiGenericTypeInfo(     BYTE             SignalType     unsigned          * Code     unsigned          * Bits)</pre>	Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx) Signal type of the SSI sensor Pointer to storage for code of the sensor (code = 0:binary, !=0:gray code) Pointer to storage for number of databits of the sensor

## 14 Reestablishing a Connection

For long-term experiments, it may be useful to close an open link without interrupting a running movement command. At a later time the connection can be resumed. For this DoPE provides two functions. One enables the so called Relinitialize Mode and retrieves the current state of the connection in the Relinitialize Data. The other one recovers the state of the connection with this data.

## 14.1 DoPEReInitializeEnable

Activates the Reinitialize Mode and provides Reinitialize Data. This data will be passed to the DoPEReInitialize function to restore the communication link to the current state. DoPESelSetup and the DoPEinitialize functions set the the Reinitialize Mode to the disabled state.

**Minimum requirements:** EDC220V/580V, EdcApp 9140.21, DoPE 2.84

Function declaration	Description
<pre data-bbox="284 741 757 772">extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEReInitializeEnable (     DoPE_HANDLE          DoPEHdl     unsigned              Enable     DoPEReInitializeData* RelInitData )</pre>	<p data-bbox="762 741 1330 750">Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)</p> <p data-bbox="762 752 1330 761">DoPE link handle</p> <p data-bbox="762 761 1330 772">!=0 enables, =0 disables the Reinitialize mode pointer to storage for Reinitialize data</p>
<pre data-bbox="284 774 1330 788">#define DoPEREINITIALIZEDATA_LEN 0x8000</pre>	
<pre data-bbox="284 790 1330 801">typedef     BYTE DoPEReInitializeData [DoPEREINITIALIZEDATA_LEN]; /* ReInitialize data array [No] */</pre>	

## 14.2 DoPEReInitialize

Recover a previously disconnected communication link.

**Attention:** DoPEReInitialize checks that:

- the EDC is still in Reinitialize Mode.
  - the DoPEAPIVERSION of the current DoPE session matches the one used when the RelinitData were retreaved.
  - the DeviceID didn't change.
  - the RelinitData contains valid data (CRC check).

**Minimum requirements:** EDC220V/580V, EdcApp 9140.21, DoPE 2.84

Function declaration	Description
<pre data-bbox="284 1448 784 1453">extern unsigned DLLAPI DoPEReInitialize (     DoPE_HANDLE          DoPEHdl     DoPEReInitializeData *RelInitData )</pre>	<p data-bbox="789 1448 1330 1450">Function returns Error constant (DoPERR_xxxx)</p> <p data-bbox="789 1450 1330 1453">DoPE link handle</p> <p data-bbox="789 1453 1330 1455">pointer to Relinitialize data</p>

Here a “C” sample program:

## First session of the PC Program:

```

// open the communication link
DoPEErr = DoPEOpenFunctionID( ... &DoPEHdl );
if( DoPEErr != DoPERR_NOERROR)
    //add errorhandling here
    return 0;

// select a setup
DoPEErr = DoPESelSetup ( DoPEHdl, 1, UserScale, NULL, NULL );
if(DoPEErr != DoPERR_NOERROR)
    //add errorhandling here

// add event handler and other application stuff

```

```
...
// switch drive on
DoPEErr = DoPEOn ( DoPEHdl );
if(DoPEErr != DoPERR_NOERROR)
    //add errorhandling here

// start a long term test
DoPEErr = DoPEDynCycle ( DoPEHdl, ... HalfCycles = 10000000, ... );
if(DoPEErr != DoPERR_NOERROR)
    //add errorhandling here

// enable the Reinitialize Mode and keep the Reinitialize Data
DoPEReInitializeData ReInitData;
DoPEErr = DoPEReInitializeMode ( DoPEHdl, true, &ReInitData );
if(DoPEErr != DoPERR_NOERROR)
    //add errorhandling here

...save ReInitDat to Disk...

// Close the communication link
DoPEErr = DoPECloseLink ( &DoPEHdl );
if(DoPEErr != DoPERR_NOERROR)
    //add errorhandling here
```

**Recovery session of the PC Program:**

```
// open the communication link
DoPEErr = DoPEOpenFunctionID( ... &DoPEHdl );
if( DoPEErr != DoPERR_NOERROR)
    //add errorhandling here
    return 0;

// recover communication link with previously stored ReInitData
...load ReInitData from disk
DoPEErr = DoPEReInitialize ( DoPEHdl, &ReInitData );
if(DoPEErr != DoPERR_NOERROR)
    //add errorhandling here

// add event handler and other application stuff
...
```

## 15 Default measuring data record

unsigned long	Cycles	Cycle counter
double	Time	Time from subsystem
double	Position	X-Head position
double	Load	Load
double	Extension	Extension
double	Sensor3	Sensor 3 measuring channel
double	Sensor4	Sensor 4 measuring channel
double	Sensor5	Sensor 5 measuring channel
double	Sensor6	Sensor 6 measuring channel
double	Sensor7	Sensor 7 measuring channel
double	Sensor8	Sensor 8 measuring channel
double	Sensor9	Sensor 9 measuring channel
double	Sensor10	Sensor 10 measuring channel
double	Sensor11	Sensor 11 measuring channel
double	Sensor12	Sensor 12 measuring channel
double	Sensor13	Sensor 13 measuring channel
double	Sensor14	Sensor 14 measuring channel
double	Sensor15	Sensor 15 measuring channel
unsigned short	BitIn0	Digital input device 0
unsigned short	BitIn1	Digital input device 1
unsigned short	BitIn2	Digital input device 2
unsigned short	BitIn3	Digital input device 3
unsigned short	BitIn4	Digital input device 4
unsigned short	BitIn5	Digital input device 5
unsigned short	BitIn6	Digital input device 6
unsigned short	BitIn7	Digital input device 7
unsigned short	BitIn8	Digital input device 8
unsigned short	BitIn9	Digital input device 9
unsigned short	BitOut0	Digital output device 0
unsigned short	BitOut1	Digital output device 1
unsigned short	BitOut2	Digital output device 2
unsigned short	BitOut3	Digital output device 3
unsigned short	BitOut4	Digital output device 4
unsigned short	BitOut5	Digital output device 5
unsigned short	BitOut6	Digital output device 6
unsigned short	BitOut7	Digital output device 7
unsigned short	BitOut8	Digital output device 8
unsigned short	BitOut9	Digital output device 9
unsigned short	InSignals	Logical input signals definition see 15.1
unsigned short	OutSignals	Logical output signals definition see 15.2
unsigned short	CtrlState1	Controller status WORD 1 definition see 15.3
unsigned short	CtrlState2	Controller status WORD 2 definition see 15.4
unsigned short	UpperLimits	Upper range limits exceeded
unsigned short	LowerLimits	Lower range limits exceeded
unsigned short	SysState0	System status WORD 0
unsigned short	ActiveCtrl	Active control channel (Bit0=Position...Bit15=Sensor15)
unsigned short	UpperSft	Upper soft limit active (Bit0=Position...Bit15=Sensor15)
unsigned short	LowerSft	Lower soft limit active (Bit0=Position...Bit15=Sensor15)
unsigned short	SensorConnected	Sensor plug connected state (Bit0=Position...Bit15=Sensor15)
unsigned short	SensorKeyPressed	Sensor plug key state (Bit0=Position...Bit15=Sensor15)
double	Test1	Configured test value 1 (Command)
double	Test2	Configured test value 2 (Feedback)
double	Test3	Configured test value 3 (Output)
unsigned short	Keys	Current state of EDC front panel keys (obsolete, use OnKey handler instead)
unsigned short	NewKeys	New keys (obsolete, use OnKey handler instead)
unsigned short	GoneKeys	Gone keys (obsolete, use OnKey handler instead)

## 15.1 Logical input signals

The logical input signals are safety relevant digital inputs. They are configured during initialization and one logical input signal may map to more than one digital input. The state of the logical input signals is maintained in the measuring data record (InSignals).

Bit number	Constant	Description
0	IN_SIG_DRIVE_OFF	Drive off or emergency off If this signal is active, the machine control remains in the emergency stop state. Possible sources are limit switches, range limit active, emergency stop button or similar safety equipment.
1	IN_SIG_E_MOVE_RQ	Emergency off, emergency movement required This signal also forces the machine control into the emergency stop state, but can be masked during a driving free movement.
2	IN_SIG_UPPER_LIMIT_SWITCH	Upper hard-limit switch active This signal force the machine control into the emergency stop state and can be masked during a driving free movement.
3	IN_SIG_LOWER_LIMIT_SWITCH	Lower hard-limit switch active This signal force the machine control into the emergency stop state and can be masked during a driving free movement.
4	IN_SIG_NO_CTRL	Drive not ready (stop) This signal reports the state of the connected drive unit. If set, the drive is not ready.
5	IN_SIG_DF_KEY	Drive free withdrawn by key
6	IN_SIG_SHALT	Signal S-HALT activated The signal is especially suitable for the connection of a HALT key, the cross-head can be halted with independently of the actual operating state.
7	IN_SIG_REFERENZ	X-head reference switch This signal reports the state a reference switch at the X-Head.
8	IN_SIG_SH_CLOSED	Shield closed This signal is set when a connected protective shield is closed.
9	IN_SIG_SH_LOCKED	Shield locked This signal is set when a connected protective shield is locked.
10	IN_SIG_SH_INACTIVE	Shield function inactive This signal is set when the connected protective shield is disabled.
11	IN_SIG_IO_SHALT_UPPER	IO-Signal ShaltUpper
12	IN_SIG_IO_SHALT_LOWER	IO-Signal ShaltLower
13	IN_SIG_CPU_EMERGENCY_OFF	Internal emergency off
14, 15		reserved

## 15.2 Logical output signals

The logical output signals are digital outputs to control the drive and associated devices. They are configured during initialization. The state of the logical output signals is maintained in the measuring data record (OutSignals).

Bit number	Constant	Description
0	O_SIG_DRIVE_ON	Drive ON output Being in the <b>inactive</b> state, this output signal should force the drive into its defined emergency stop state. If the signal is <b>active</b> , the drive should change after an arbitrary period of time into the 'operational' state. 'Operational' means that the drive can react upon the output signal 'Drive Free' (see below) without delay.
1	O_SIG_DRIVE_FREE	Drive enable output With this signal, the external drive may be enabled and disabled.
2	O_SIG_BRAKE	Brake output The signal 'Brake Release' is linked with the signal 'Drive Free' because of their fault levels, but will be operated with a time shift due to their corresponding change of states. The time shift should enable systems with mechanical brakes to achieve a controlled transition between braking and position control.
3	O_SIG_E_MOVE	Emergency movement output The signal 'Emergency Movement' is only active, as long as the Subsystem executes an emergency movement. It can be used to deactivate the function of the machine limit switches on the drive system.
4	O_SIG_BYPASS	Bypass output
5	O_SIG_LIMIT	Load limit for grip reached This signal is used by the measuring channel supervision activated by DoPESetCheckLimit command.
6	O_SIG_SH_LOCK	Lock Shield The signal 'Lock Screen' is used by the screen (shield) supervision functions to lock the shield.
7	O_SIG_ON_RELAY	ON Relay output
8		reserved
9	O_SIG_INTERNAL_DRIVE_ENABLE	Internal Drive enable /disable
10	O_SIG_READY_TO_MOVE	Controller is ready for positioning .commands
11	O_SIG_EDC_READY	EDC ready
12 ... 15		reserved

## 15.3 Controller Status WORD 1

Status word 1 of the closed loop controller (CtrlState1)		
Bit number	Constant	Description
0	CTRL_STATE_POS	X-Head control is active
1	CTRL_STATE_LOAD	Load control is active
2	CTRL_STATE_EXT	Extension control is active
3		Reserved
4	CTRL_HALT	Command generator halts (controlled halt in S/F/E).
5	CTRL_DOWN	Movement DOWN
6	CTRL_UP	Movement UP
7	CTRL_MOVE	X-Head moves (not halted) This bit is always set when the cross-head is not securely halted. The bit is not set with a switched off machine and with S controlled holding of a position. In all other cases the bit is set.
8	CTRL_READY	Moving command will be accepted
9	CTRL_FREE	Waiting for free signal. The EDC waits for the drive enable through the Host software or from the user.
10	CTRL_INIT_E	Emergency movement has to be activated
11	CTRL_SFTSET	Change of softends allowed
12		Reserved
13	CTRL_SYNCHWAIT	Synch State: 1 = wait for Start
14	CTRL_SLAVE	Synch State: 0 = Master 1 = Slave
15	CTRL_E_ACTIVE	Emergency movement active

## 15.4 Controller Status WORD 2

Status word 2 of the closed loop controller (CtrlState2)		
Bit number	Constant	Description
0	CTRL_LOWER_SFT_S	Lower position softend exceeded
1	CTRL_LOWER_SFT_F	Lower load softend exceeded
2	CTRL_LOWER_SFT_E	Lower extension softend exceeded
3		reserved
4	CTRL_UPPER_SFT_S	Upperpositionsoftend exceeded
5	CTRL_UPPER_SFT_F	Upperloadsoftend exceeded
6	CTRL_UPPER_SFT_E	Upperextensionsoftend exceeded
7		reserved
8		reserved
9		reserved
10	CTRL_CYCLES_ACTIVE	Cycle command active (cosine, rectangle, triangle, cycles, dyn_cycles)
11	CTRL_HIGH_PRESSURE	High pressure active
12	CTRL_CALIBRATION	Calibration of analogue channels is currently active.
13	CTRL_LOWER_LIMIT	Lower range limit of any sensor is active.
14	CTRL_UPPER_LIMIT	Upper range limit of any sensor is active.
15	CTRL_ERROR	Deviation position controller

## 15.5 Controller Status ActiveCtrl

ActiveCtrl shows the currently active sensor for closed loop control	
<b>Bit number</b>	<b>Description</b>
0	X-Head control is active
1	Load control is active
2	Extension control is active
3	Sensor3 control is active
4	Sensor4 control is active
5	Sensor5 control is active
6	Sensor6 control is active
7	Sensor7 control is active
8	Sensor8 control is active
9	Sensor9 control is active
10	Sensor10 control is active
11	Sensor11 control is active
12	Sensor12 control is active
13	Sensor13 control is active
14	Sensor14 control is active
15	Sensor15 control is active

## 16 DoPE System message

Number	Message constant	Description
0	SYSTEM_MSG_NOERROR	No error
<b>General runtime errors</b>		
10000	SYSTEM_MSG_UNKNOWN	Unknown runtime error
10001	SYSTEM_MSG_POWERAMP_ERROR	Power amplifier error
10002	SYSTEM_MSG_DRIVE_ERROR	Drive error
10003	SYSTEM_MSG_DRIVE_NOTREADY	Drive not ready
10004	SYSTEM_MSG_DRIVE_RELEASE	Drive release withdrawn
10005	SYSTEM_MSG_UPPER_SENLIMIT	Upper sensor limit exceeded
10006	SYSTEM_MSG_LOWER_SENLIMIT	Lower sensor limit exceeded
10007	SYSTEM_MSG_LIMITSWITCH	Upper or lower hard-limit switch
10008	SYSTEM_MSG_DEVIATION	Controller deviation error
10009	SYSTEM_MSG_NODIGIPOTI	No DigiPoti configurated
10010	SYSTEM_MSG_NORMC	No remote control plugged
10011	SYSTEM_MSG_EMERGENCY_OFF	Emergency switch activated
10012	SYSTEM_MSG_NOMEMORY	not enough memory
10013	SYSTEM_MSG_NOSHIELD	Shield not found
10014	SYSTEM_MSG_X2T_OFFLINE	X2T module offline
10015	SYSTEM_MSG_MAX_RESULT_FILES	Max. number of result files reached
<b>System EEPROM errors (flash disk)</b>		
10100	SYSTEM_MSG_SYEEP_CRC	data CRC error
10101	SYSTEM_MSG_SYEEP_NOBLOCK	block not found
10102	SYSTEM_MSG_SYEEP_BLOCKLENGTH	wrong block length
10103	SYSTEM_MSG_SYEEP_NOMEMORY	not enough EEPROM memory
10104	SYSTEM_MSG_SYEEP_BIOSNOFUNC	BIOS: function not found
10105	SYSTEM_MSG_SYEEP_BIOSNODEVICE	BIOS: device error
10106	SYSTEM_MSG_SYEEP_BIOSPARA	BIOS: parameter error
10107	SYSTEM_MSG_SYEEP_BIOSREAD	BIOS: read error
10108	SYSTEM_MSG_SYEEP_BIOSWRITE	BIOS: write error
10109	SYSTEM_MSG_SYEEP_BIOSREENT	BIOS: reentrance error
<b>General initialization errors</b>		
10200	SYSTEM_MSG_INIT_ENDDEV	Error at initialization level 1
10201	SYSTEM_MSG_INIT_ENDINI	Error at initialization level 2
10202	SYSTEM_MSG_INIT_SYSTIME	Wrong system time
10203	SYSTEM_MSG_INIT_POSCTRLTIME	Wrong position controller time
10204	SYSTEM_MSG_INIT_DATA_TRANSMISSION_RATE	Wrong data transmission rate
10205	SYSTEM_MSG_INIT_GRIP	Gripinitialization error
10206	SYSTEM_MSG_INIT_SHIELD	Shield initialization error
10207	SYSTEM_MSG_INIT_MAINBOARD	EDC main board initialization error
10208	SYSTEM_MSG_INIT_MODULE_ERROR	Module error
10209	SYSTEM_MSG_INIT_CTRL	Error closed loop controller
<b>Sensor initialization errors</b>		
10300	SYSTEM_MSG SEN_EEP_NOTFOUND	Sensor EEPROM not found
10301	SYSTEM_MSG SEN_EEP_BCC	Sensor EEPROM data BCC error
10302	SYSTEM_MSG SEN_EEP_CLASS	Unknown sensor EEPROM class
10303	SYSTEM_MSG SEN_NOTFOUND	Sensor not found
10304	SYSTEM_MSG SEN_INITBYTE	Initialization word error
10305	SYSTEM_MSG SEN_INIT	Sensor initialization error
10306	SYSTEM_MSG SEN_PARA	Wrong sensor parameter
10307	SYSTEM_MSG SEN_CORR	Wrong sensor correction value
10308	SYSTEM_MSG SEN_MCINTEGR	Wrong integration time for measured channel values
10309	SYSTEM_MSG SEN_CTRLINTEGR	Wrong integration time for closed loop control
10310	SYSTEM_MSG SEN_LIMIT	Wrong sensor limits

10311	SYSTEM_MSG_SEN_NOMINALACC	Wrong nominal acceleration
10312	SYSTEM_MSG_SEN_NOMINALSPEED	Wrong nominal speed
10313	SYSTEM_MSG_SEN_POS_CTRL	Wrong parameter for position closed loop control
10314	SYSTEM_MSG_SEN_SPEED_CTRL	Wrong parameter for speed closed loop control
10315	SYSTEM_MSG_SEN BIOS	Wrong BIOS Version
10316	SYSTEM_MSG_SEN_OFFSET	Wrong sensor offset
10317	SYSTEM_MSG_SEN_SCALE	Wrong sensor scale
<b>Output channel initialization errors</b>		
10400	SYSTEM_MSG_OC_EEP_NOTFOUND	Output channel EEPROM not found
10401	SYSTEM_MSG_OC_EEP_BCC	Output channel EEPROM data BCC error
10402	SYSTEM_MSG_OC_EEP_CLASS	Unknown Output channel EEPROM class
10403	SYSTEM_MSG_OC_INIT	Output channel initialization error
10404	SYSTEM_MSG_OC_VOLTAGE	Wrong voltage for DDAXx
10405	SYSTEM_MSG_OC_CURRENT	Wrong current for DDAXx
10406	SYSTEM_MSG_OC_POWER	Wrong power for DDAXx
10407	SYSTEM_MSG_OC_PARA	Wrong output channel parameter
10408	SYSTEM_MSG_OC_MAX_CURR_TIME	Wrong max current time for I <sup>2</sup> T
10409	SYSTEM_MSG_OC_DITHER_FREQ	Wrong dither frequency
10410	SYSTEM_MSG_OC_DITHER_AMPL	Wrong dither amplitude
10411	SYSTEM_MSG_OC_DITHER_INIT	dither initialization error
10412	SYSTEM_MSG_OC_CURRENT_CTRL	Wrong parameter for current closed loop control
10413	SYSTEM_MSG_OC_MC2OUTPUT	Mc2Output initialization error
10414	SYSTEM_MSG_OC_MC2OUTPUT	Mc2Output mode not 153implemented
<b>Bit input/output initialization errors</b>		
10500	SYSTEM_MSG_BIN_INIT	Bit input initialization error
10600	SYSTEM_MSG_BOUT_INIT	Bit output initialization error
<b>IO-Signals initialization errors</b>		
10700	SYSTEM_MSG_IO_MACHINE_CONNECTOR	IOMachine: connector error
10710	SYSTEM_MSG_IO_GRIP_MODE	IOGrip: Mode not implemented
10711	SYSTEM_MSG_IO_GRIP_BIN	IOGrip: Bit input error
10712	SYSTEM_MSG_IO_GRIP_BOUT	IOGrip: Bit output error
10713	SYSTEM_MSG_IO_GRIP_OC	IOGrip: Output channel error
10714	SYSTEM_MSG_IO_GRIP_LIMIT	IOGrip: Limit error
10715	SYSTEM_MSG_IO_GRIP_OLD_LIMIT	IOGrip: Conflict with old grip limit
10730	SYSTEM_MSG_IO_EXT_MODE	IOExtensometer: Mode not implemented
10731	SYSTEM_MSG_IO_EXT_BIN	IOExtensometer: Bit input error
10732	SYSTEM_MSG_IO_EXT_BOUT	IOExtensometer: Bit output error
10740	SYSTEM_MSG_IO_FIXED_XHEAD_MODE	IOFixedXHead: Mode not implemented
10741	SYSTEM_MSG_IO_FIXED_XHEAD_BIN	IOFixedXHead: Bit input error
10742	SYSTEM_MSG_IO_FIXED_XHEAD_BOUT	IOFixedXHead: Bit output error
10750	SYSTEM_MSG_IO_HIGH_PRESSURE_MODE	IOHighPressure: Mode not implemented
10751	SYSTEM_MSG_IO_HIGH_PRESSURE_BIN	IOHighPressure: Bit input error
10752	SYSTEM_MSG_IO_HIGH_PRESSURE_BOUT	IOHighPressure: Bit output error
10753	SYSTEM_MSG_IO_HIGH_PRESSURE_OC	IOHighPressure: Output channel error
10780	SYSTEM_MSG_IO_MISC_MODE	IOMisc: Mode not implemented
10781	SYSTEM_MSG_IO_MISC_BIN	IOMisc: Bit input error
10782	SYSTEM_MSG_IO_MISC_BOUT	IOMisc: Bit output error
10790	SYSTEM_MSG_IO_MISC_TEMPERATURE1	IOMisc: temperature1 (warning)
10791	SYSTEM_MSG_IO_MISC_TEMPERATURE2	IOMisc: temperature2 (emergency off)
10792	SYSTEM_MSG_IO_MISC_OIL_LEVEL	IOMisc: oil level(emergency off)
10793	SYSTEM_MSG_IO_MISC_OIL_FILTER	IOMisc: oil filter (warning)
10794	SYSTEM_MSG_IO_MISC_POWER_FAIL	IOMisc: power fail (emergency off)
10850	SYSTEM_MSG_IO_SHALT_MODE	IOSHalt: Mode not implemented
10851	SYSTEM_MSG_IO_SHALT_BIN	IOSHalt: Bit input error
10900	SYSTEM_MSG_LANGUAGE_READ	Language file: read error
10901	SYSTEM_MSG_LANGUAGE_VERSION	Language file: wrong version
10902	SYSTEM_MSG_LANGUAGE_SYNTAX	Language file: syntax errors

## 17 DoPE Error constants

Error number	Error constant	Description
0	DoPERR_NOERROR	No error
1	DoPERR_NOFLOAT	No float in WIN16 callback
2	DoPERR_SYNC	Synchronization to callback failed
3	DoPERR_TIMEOUT	Timeout at await answer
4	DoPERR_NOFNC	Function not implemented
5	DoPERR_VERSION	No compatible Version EDC-DoPE
6	DoPERR_INIT	Initialization Error Subsystem
7	DoPERR_PARAMETER	Invalid parameter
8	DoPERR_SETUPOPEN	Set-up open error
9	DoPERR RTE_UNHANDLED	Unhandled runtime error
<b>Command errors</b>		
1001	DoPERR_CMD_PARCORR	Error in parameter (corrected)
1003	DoPERR_CMD_PAR	Error in parameter. Not correctable
1004	DoPERR_CMD_XMOVE	X-Head is not halted
1005	DoPERR_CMD_INITSEQ	Sequence in init not observed
1006	DoPERR_CMD_NOTINIT	Controller part not initialized
1007	DoPERR_CMD_DIR	Movement direction not possible
1008	DoPERR_CMD_TMP	Required resource not available
1009	DoPERR_CMD_RUNTIME	Run time error active
1010	DoPERR_CMD_INTERN	Internal error in subsystem
1011	DoPERR_CMD_MEM	Insufficient memory
1012	DoPERR_CMD_CST	Wrong controller Structure
1013	DoPERR_CMD_NIM	Command not implemented
2001	DoPERR_CMD_MSGNO	Unknown message number
2003	DoPERR_CMD_VERSION	Wrong PE interface version
2004	DoPERR_CMD_OPEN	Set-up not opened
2005	DoPERR_CMD_MEMORY	Not enough memory
<b>Machine normalization errors</b>		
0x4001	DoPERR_PARMS	Parameter Error
0x4002	DoPERR_ZERODIV	Division by ZERO
0x4003	DoPERR_OVFLOW	Overflow
0x4004	DoPERR_NIN	Not Initialized
<b>Low level communication errors</b>		
0x8001	DoPERR_NODATA	No receiver data available
0x8002	DoPERR_NOBUFFER	No transmitter buffer available
0x8003	DoPERR_OFFLINE	Connection is offline
0x8004	DoPERR_HANDLE	Invalid DoPE handle
0x8005	DoPERR_MSGSIZE	Message to long
0x8007	DoPERR_NOMEM	Not enough heap memory
0x8008	DoPERR_BADPORT	Invalid device ID
0x8009	DoPERR_BAUDRATE	Invalid baud rate
0x800A	DoPERR_OPEN	Device already in use
0x800B	DoPERR_HARDWARE	Device not present
0x800C	DoPERR_NOTOPEN	Connection not open
0x800D	DoPERR_PORTLIMIT	Unused
0x800E	DoPERR_NOTIMER	No timer for timeout check
0x800F	DoPERR_NODRIVER	No driver available
0x8010	DoPERR_NOTHREAD	Win32: Thread creation failed
0x8011	DoPERR_BADOS	Not supported operating system
0x8012	DoPERR_THUNK	Win32: Thread creation failed
-1	DoPERR_INTERNAL	Internal driver error



**Versions**

<b>Version</b>	<b>Changes</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Name</b>
2.24		2004	SAH
2.69	Update to DoPE Version 2.69	18.11.2010	SAH
2.71	Update to DoPE Version 2.71	02.12.2011	HEG
2.73	Update to DoPE Version 2.73	30.07.2012	HEG
2.74	Update to DoPE Version 2.74	28.09.2012	HEG
2.76	Update to DoPE Version 2.76	26.07.2013	HEG
2.77	Update to DoPE Version 2.77	25.10.2013	HEG
2.78	reserved	04.02.2014	HEG
2.79	Update to DoPE Version 2.79	25.03.2014	HEG
2.80	Update to DoPE Version 2.80	19.05.2014	HEG
2.82	Update to DoPE Version 2.82	28.09.2015	HEG
2.83	Update to DoPE Version 2.83	04.03.2016	HEG
2.84	Update to DoPE Version 2.84	18.08.2016	HEG
2.88	DoPEREINITIALIZEDAT_LEN corrected (must be 0x8000)	13.04.2018	HEG