看门狗使能以及关闭操作的示例代码:

```
汇编代码
WDT_OFF:
  ; Turn off global interrupt
  CLI
  ; Reset watchdog timer
  WDR
  : Clear WDRF in MCUSR
  IN r16, MCUSR
  ANDI r16, \sim(1 << WDRF)
  OUT MCUSR, r16
  ; Write logical one to WDCE and WDE
  ; Keep old Prescaler setting to prevent unintentional time-out
  LDS r16, WDTCSR
  ORI r16, (1 << WDCE) | (1 << WDE)
  STS WDTCSR, r16
  ; Turn off WDT
  LDI r16, (0 << WDE)
  STS WDTCSR, r16
  ; Turn on global interrupt
  SEI
  RET
C语言代码
void WDT OFF(void)
{
  __disable_interrupt();
  _watchdog_reset();
  /* Clear WDRF in MCUSR */
  MCUSR &= \sim(1 << WDRF);
  /* Write logical one to WDCE and WDE */
  /* Keep old Prescaler setting to prevent unintentional time-out */
  WDTCSR |= (1 << WDCE) | (1 << WDE);
  /* Turn off WDT */
  WDTCSR = 0x00;
  _enable_interrupt();
}
```

[使用提示]

如果 WDT 被意外使能,比如程序跑飞,芯片会被复位,但是 WDT 仍然还是在使能状态。如果用户代码里没有处理 WDT,这将会导致循环复位。为避免这种情况,建议用户软件在初始化程序中清除看门狗复位标记位(WDRF)和 WDE 控制位。