## 13. 16-bit Timer/Counter1 with PWM

## 13.1 Features

- True 16-bit Design (i.e., Allows 16-bit PWM)
- Two independent Output Compare Units
- Double Buffered Output Compare Registers
- One Input Capture Unit
- Input Capture Noise Canceler
- Clear Timer on Compare Match (Auto Reload)
- Glitch-free, Phase Correct Pulse Width Modulator (PWM)
- Variable PWM Period
- Frequency Generator
- External Event Counter
- Four independent interrupt Sources (TOV1, OCF1A, OCF1B, and ICF1)

## 13.2 Overview

The 16-bit Timer/Counter unit allows accurate program execution timing (event management), wave generation, and signal timing measurement.

Most register and bit references in this section are written in general form. A lower case "n" replaces the Timer/Counter number, and a lower case "x" replaces the Output Compare unit channel. However, when using the register or bit defines in a program, the precise form must be used, i.e., TCNT1 for accessing Timer/Counter1 counter value and so on.

A simplified block diagram of the 16-bit Timer/Counter is shown in Figure 13-1. For the actual placement of I/O pins, refer to "Pinout ATmega48P/88P/168P/328P" on page 2. CPU accessible I/O Registers, including I/O bits and I/O pins, are shown in bold. The device-specific I/O Register and bit locations are listed in the "Register Description" on page 134.

The PRTIM1 bit in "PRR – Power Reduction Register" on page 45 must be written to zero to enable Timer/Counter1 module.

