

P&T (Sem-IV)

UNIT-1 (12M)

- ① Random variable
- ② Chebycheff's Inequality
- ③ cdf / pdf
- ④ MGF, mean + variance

} Most asked

~~Most~~

UNIT-2 (12M)

- ① ~~MGF~~ of binomial dist.
- ② Poisson dist.
- ③ Out of 800 families, 4 children ...
- ④

UNIT-3 (12M)

- ① Normal population
- ② Null hypothesis sums

UNIT-4 (12M)

- ① (M1M11): (∞ | FIFO) (Type1)
- ② (M1M11): (K | FIFO) (Type2)

UNIT-5 (12M)

- ① steady state
- ② TPM

Most-asked questions

UNIT-1

- ① A fair die is tossed 720 times. Use
- ⊗ Chebycheff's to find lower bound for probability of getting 100 to 140 times

- ② $X \quad -2 \quad -1 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad 2 \quad 3$
 $P(X) \quad 0.1 \quad K \quad 0.2 \quad 2K \quad 0.3 \quad 3K$
- ③ (i) Find K (ii) $P(X < 2) + P(-2 < X < 2)$
 (iii) cdf of X (iv) mean of X
 (v) variance of X

- ③ Dist. fn of R.V. X is $F(x) = 1 - (1+x)e^{-x}, x \geq 0$
 Find density fn, mean, variance of X

UNIT-2

① Binomial dist.

X	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	Total
$f(x)$	5	18	28	12	7	6	4	80

- ② In an engineering exam, student is considered to have failed, secured second class, first class and distinction according as he scores less than 45%, b/w 45 & 60 %, b/w 60% & 75%, & above 75% resp. In a particular year 10% of student failed in exam & 5% got distinction. Find first class & second class percentage

- ③ Out of 900 families with 4 children each, how many families expected to have (i) 2 boys & 2 girls (ii) at least 1 boy (iii) at most 2 girls (iv) children of both sexes

- ④ Assume mean height = 68.22 inches with variance 10.8 inch^2 . How many soldiers in regiment of 1000 is expected to be more than 6ft?

UNIT-3

①

S1	19	17	15	21	16	18	16	14
S2	15	14	15	19	15	18	15	

Test whether they're drawn from same normal population

② Theory predicts that proportion of beans in 4 groups A, B, C, D should be 9:3:3:1. In expt. of 1600 beans numbers were 882, 313, 287 & 118. Does the expt. support theory?

③ Test 1 19 23 16 24 17 18 20 18 21 19 20

④ Test 2 17 24 20 24 20 22 20 20 18 22 19

Are the students benefitted?

⑤ Group of 5 patients treated with medicine 'A' weighs 42, 39, 48, 60, 41 kg; second group treated with 'B' weighs 38, 42, 56, 64, 68, 69 & 62 kg.

Do you agree with the claim that medicine B decreases weight?

⑥

Sample	Size	Mean	Variance
1	8	9.6	1.2
2	11	16.5	2.5

Are they drawn from same normal population?

UNIT-4

- ① Telephone booth (X) (X) (X) (X)
- ② Barber shop (X) (X) (Type 1 + Type 2)
- ③ Clinic (X) (X)
- ④ Departmental store (X)

UNIT-5

- ① 3 boys A, B, C ... (X) (X) (X) (X) (X)
- ② Salesman
- ③ Car or train
- ④ Fair die (X)
- ⑤ 2 boys + 2 girls (X)
- ⑥ TPM of Markov chain (X) (X) (X) (X)

$$P = \begin{pmatrix} 0.1 & 0.5 & 0.4 \\ 0.6 & 0.2 & 0.2 \\ 0.3 & 0.4 & 0.3 \end{pmatrix} \quad P^0 = (0.7, 0.2, 0.1)$$

$$(i) P\{X_2 = 3\} \quad (ii) P\{X_3 = 2, X_2 = 3, X_1 = 3, X_0 = 2\}$$
$$(iii) P(X_3 = 3 | X_2 = 1, X_1 = 2)$$