Machine Learning and Data Mining

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# **Acronyms**

**BI** Business Intelligence

**DM** Data Mart

**DSS** Decision Support System

**DWH** Data Warehouse

**EIS** Executive Information System

**ERP** Enterprise Resource Planning

MIS Management Information System

**OLAP** On-Line Analysical Processing

**OLTP** On-Line Transaction Processing

### 1 Introduction

#### 1.1 Data

Data Collection of raw values.

Data

**Information** Organized data (e.g. relationships, context, ...).

Information

**Knowledge** Understanding information.

Knowledge

#### 1.1.1 Data sources

**Transaction** Business event that generates or modifies data in an information system (e.g. database).

Transaction

**Signal** Measure produced by a sensor.

Signal

#### **External subjects**

#### 1.1.2 Software

**On-Line Transaction Processing (OLTP)** Class of programs to support transaction oriented applications and data storage. Suitable for real-time applications.

On-Line Transaction Processing

**Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP)** Integrated system to manage all the processes of a business. Uses a shared database for all applications. Suitable for real-time applications.

Enterprise Resource Planning

#### 1.1.3 Insight

Decision can be classified as:

**Structured** Established and well understood situations. What is needed is known.

Structured decision

**Unstructured** Unplanned and unclear situations. What is needed for the decision is unknown.

Unstructured decision

Different levels of insight can be extracted by:

**Management Information System (MIS)** Standardized reporting system built on existing OLTP. Used for structured decisions.

Management Information System

**Decision Support System (DSS)** Analytical system to provide support for unstructured decisions.

Decision Support System

**Executive Information System (EIS)** Formulate high level decisions that impact the organization.

Executive Information System

**On-Line Analysical Processing (OLAP)** Grouped analysis of multidimensional data. Involves large amount of data.

On-Line Analysical Processing **Business Intelligence (BI)** Applications, infrastructure, tools and best practices to analyze information.

Business Intelligence

**Big data** Large and/or complex and/or fast changing collection of data that traditional DBMSs are unable to process.

Big data

**Structured** e.g. relational tables.

Unstructured e.g. videos.

Semi-structured e.g. JSON.

**Anaylitics** Structured decision driven by data.

Anaylitics

Data mining

**Data mining** Discovery process for unstructured decisions.

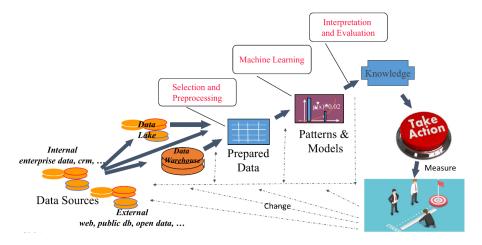


Figure 1.1: Data mining process

**Machine learning** Learning models and algorithms that allow to extract patterns from Machine learning data.

## 2 Business Intelligence

**Business Intelligence** Transform raw data into information. Deliver the right information Business Intelligence to the right people at the right time through the right channel.

**Data Warehouse (DWH)** Optimized repository that stores information for decision making processes. DWHs are a specific type of DSS.

#### Features:

- Subject-oriented: focused on enterprise specific concepts.
- Integrates data from different sources and provides an unified view.
- Non-volatile storage with change tracking.

**Data Mart (DM)** Subset of the primary DWH with information relevant to a specific Data Mart business area.