the wombs for an appointed term: *then We bring you forth as babes; then We rear you that you may attain to your age of full strength. And there are some of you who are caused to die prematurely, and there are others among you who are driven to the worst part of life with the result that they know nothing after having had knowledge. And thou seest the earth lifeless, but when We send down water thereon, it stirs and swells, and grows every kind of beauteous vegetation.

7. That is because Allāh is the Truth, and that it is He Who brings the dead to life, and that He has power over all things;

8. And because the Hour will *certainly* come, there is no doubt about it, and because Allāh will raise up those who are in the graves.
9. And among men there is he who disputes concerning Allāh without knowledge and without guidance and without an enlightening Book, 10. Turning his side *disdainfully*, that he may lead *men* astray from

the way of Allāh. For him is disgrace in this world; and on the Day of Resurrection We shall make him taste the punishment of burning.

ر المال الم

لِتَبْلُغُوْا اَشُدَّكُمْ ، وَمِنْكُمْمَّنْ يُتُوَفِّ وَمِنْكُمْمَّنْ يُّرَدُّ إِلَى اَرْدَكِ الْعُمُرِ لِكَيْلَا يَعْلَمَ مِنْ بَعْدِ عِلْمِ شَيْئًا ، وَ تَرَى الْكَرْضَ هَامِرَةً فَإِذَا آ اَنْزَلْنَا عَلَيْهَا الْكَاْءَ اهْتَزَّتْ وَ رَبَتْ وَ اَنْبَتَتْ مِنْ الْكَاْءَ اهْتَزَّتْ وَ رَبَتْ وَ اَنْبَتَتْ مِنْ كُلِّ زَوْ إِجْ بَهِيْجٍ (

خُلِكَ بِاَنَّ اللَّهَ هُو الْحَقُّ وَ اَنَّهُ يُعْيِ
الْمَوْتُى وَ اَنَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ فُ
وَ السَّاعَةُ الْتِيةُ لَّا رَيْبَ فِيهَا وَ اَنَّ اللَّهُ يَكُمُ اللَّهُ يَلْمُ عَنْ الْقُبُورِ ﴿
اللَّهُ يَبْعَثُ مَنْ فِي الْقُبُورِ ﴿
وَ مِنَ النَّاسِ مَنْ يُجَادِلُ فِي اللَّهِ بِغَيْرِ
وَ مِنَ النَّاسِ مَنْ يُجَادِلُ فِي اللهِ بِغَيْرِ
عِلْمِ وَكَاهُدُ يَ وَكُلُوتُ اللهِ بِغَيْرِ
ثَانِي عِطْفِهِ لِيُضِلَّ عَنْ سَبِيْلِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ الله

Note: The word 'recede' is used to indicate that as in the beginning the child is helpless and incapable of taking care of himself so also a man at an overly advanced age returns to a similar state. This connotation is supported by the verse wa man nu 'ammirhu nunakkishu fil khalq (مَنْ نَعْوَرَهُ نُنْكِتِمْ فُو لَكُنْقَى) (36:69)

^{* 6.} We have delivered you as a child so that afterwards you may reach your age of full maturity. And there are those among you who die and there are others among you who are made to recede to the age of senility with the result that they know nothing after having had knowledge.

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11. This is because of what thy hands have sent on before, and Allāh is not unjust to *His* servants.

*12. And among men there is he who serves Allāh, standing as it were on the verge. Then if good befall him, he is content therewith; and if there befall him a trial, he returns to his former way. He loses in this world as well as in the Hereafter. That is an evident loss.

13. He calls beside Allāh on that which can neither harm him, nor benefit him. That is indeed straying far away.

14. He calls on him whose harm is nearer than his benefit. Evil indeed is the patron, and evil indeed the associate.

15. Verily, Allāh will cause those who believe and do good deeds to enter Gardens beneath which rivers flow; surely Allāh does what He will.

16. Whoso thinks that Allāh will not help him (the Prophet) in this world and the Hereafter, let him, *if he can,* find a way to heaven, and let him cut off *the divine help.* Then let him see if his device can remove that which enrages *him.*

17. And thus have We sent it (the Qur'ān) down as manifest Signs, and surely Allāh guides whom He will

ذٰلِكَ بِمَا قَرَّمَتْ يَرِٰكَ وَ أَنَّ اللَّهَ كَيْسَ بِظَلَّامٍ لِّلْعَبِيْدِ أَ وَ مورَى النَّاسِ مَنْ يَعْبُدُ اللَّهَ عَلَى حَرْفِ ، فَإِنْ أَصَائِهُ خَيْرُ إِطْمَأَتَّ بِهِ ، وَ إِنْ آصَائِتُهُ فَتُنَةً إِنْقَلَتَ عَلَى وَجْهِهِ * خَسِرَ الدُّنْكِ اوَ الْأَخِرَةُ * ذٰلِكَ هُوَ الْخُسْرَانُ الْمُبِيْنُ ﴿ يِدْعُوْا مِنْ دُوْنِ اللهِ مَالَا يَضُرُّهُ وَمَاكًا كَنْفَعُهُ ﴿ ذَٰلِكَ هُوَ الضَّلْلُ الْتَعِيْدُ شَ كَاعُوْا لَكِنْ ضَرُّكَ آقًاكِ مِنْ تَّفْعِهِ لَبِئْسَ الْمَوْلَى وَلَبِئْسَ الْعَشِيْرُ ﴿ اتَّ اللهَ يُدْخِلُ الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوْا وَعَمِلُوا الصِّلِحْتِ جَنَّتٍ تَجْرِيْ مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهٰرُ مَانَ اللهَ يَفْعَلُ مَا يُرِيدُ ﴿ مَنْ كَانَ يَظُنُّ أَنْ لَّنْ لَّيْنُ مُرَاهُ اللَّهُ في الدُّنْمَا وَ الْأَخِرَةِ فَلْمَمْدُهُ بِسَمَ الَحِي السَّمَاءِ ثُمَّ لَتَقْطَعُ فَلْمَنْظُرُ هَلْ. لُذُهِ مَنَّ كُنْدُةُ مَا يَغْنُظُ اللهِ وَ كَذٰلِكَ ٱنْزَلْنْهُ الْبِ بَيِّنْتِ وَ آنَّ الله يهدى من يُريدُ

18. As to those who believe, and the Jews, and the Sabians, and the Christians, and the Magians and the idolaters, verily, Allāh will judge between them on the Day of Resurrection; surely Allāh is Witness over all things.

19. Hast thou not seen that to Allāh submits whosoever is in the heavens and whosoever is in the earth, and the sun, and the moon, and the stars, and the mountains, and the trees, and the beasts, and many of mankind? But there are many who become deserving of punishment. And whomsoever Allāh disgraces, none can raise him to honour. Verily, Allāh does what He pleases.

- 20. These two are two disputants who dispute concerning their Lord. As for those who disbelieve, garments of fire will be cut out for them; *and* boiling water will be poured down on their heads,
- 21. Whereby that which is in their bellies, and *their* skins too, will be melted;
- 22. And for them there will be maces of iron with which to punish them.
- 23. Whenever they will seek to get out of it from anguish, they will be turned back into it: and it will be said to them, 'Taste ye the punishment of burning!'

اِنَّ الَّذِيْنَ أَمَنُوا وَ الَّذِيْنَ هَادُوَا وَ الَّذِيْنَ هَادُوَا وَ النَّاصِلَ وَ الْمَجُوْسَ وَ اللَّهَ يَفْصِلُ بَيْنَهُمْ يَوْمَ الْقِيمَةِ وَانَّ اللَّهَ عَلَى كُلِّ مَنْ وَهُمَ الْقِيمَةِ وَانَّ اللَّهَ عَلَى كُلِّ مَنْ وَهُمُ يَوْمَ الْقِيمَةِ وَانَّ اللَّهَ عَلَى كُلِّ مَنْ وَهُمُ يَوْمَ الْقِيمَةِ وَانَّ اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ مَنْ وَهُمُ يَوْمَ الْقِيمَةِ وَانَّ اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ مَنْ وَهُمُ يَوْمَ الْقِيمَةِ وَانَّ اللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَالَ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى الْمُعَلِيلُولُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَالِهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَالِ عَلَى الْعَلَى الْعَلَالِ عَلَى الْعَلَالَةُ عَلَى الْعَلَالَةُ عَلَى الْعَلَالِي عَلَى الْعَلَالِي عَلَى الْعَلَالَةُ عَلَى الْعَلَالَةُ عَلَى الْعَلَالَةُ عَلَى الْعَلَالِي عَلَى الْعَلَالِمُ الْعَلَالِي عَلَى الْعَل

هٰذٰنِ خَصْمٰنِ اخْتَصَمُوٛا فِي كَبِّهِمْنَ فَالَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا قُطِّحَتْ لَهُمْ ثِيَابُ مِّنْ تَارٍ مَيُصَبُّ مِنْ فَوْقِ رُءُوْسِهِمُ الْحَمِيْمُرُ ﴿

يُصْهَرُ بِهِ مَا فِي بُطُونِهِمْ وَالْجُلُودُ أَ

وَ لَهُمْ مَّقَامِعُ مِنْ حَدِيدٍ ١

كُلُّمَآ اَرَادُوٓا اَنْ يَّخْرُجُوٛا مِنْهَا مِنْ غَيِّر اُعِيْدُوْا فِيْهَا وَ ذُوْقُوْا عَذَابَ الْحَرِيْقِ۞

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