

bequeathed or of debt. Your fathers and your children, you know not which of them is nearest to you in benefit. *This fixing of portions* is from Allāh. Surely, Allāh is All-Knowing, Wise.

13. And you shall have half of that which your wives leave, if they have no child; but if they have a child, then you shall have a fourth of that which they leave, after *the payment of* any bequests they may have bequeathed or of debt. And they shall have a fourth of that which you leave, if you have no child; but if you have a child, then they shall have an eighth of that which you leave, after *the payment of* any bequests you may have bequeathed or of debt. And if there be a man or a woman whose heritage is to be divided and he *or she* has neither parent nor child, and he *or she* has a brother or a sister, then \*each one of them shall have a sixth.

But if they be more than that, then they shall be *equal* sharers in one-third, after *the payment of* any bequests which may have been bequeathed or of debt, without prejudice *to the debt*. *This is* an injunction from Allāh, and Allāh is All-Knowing, Forbearing.

14. These are the limits *set* by Allāh; and whoso obeys Allāh and His Messenger, He will make him

وَأَبْنَاؤُكُمْ لَا تَدْرُونَ أَيُّهُمْ أَقْرَبُ  
لَكُمْ نَفْعًا ۖ فَرِيضَةٌ مِّنَ اللَّهِ ۚ إِنَّ اللَّهَ  
كَانَ عَلِيمًا حَكِيمًا ﴿١٣﴾

وَلَكُمْ نِصْفُ مَا تَرَكَ أَزْوَاجُكُمْ  
إِن لَّمْ يَكُن لَّهُنَّ وَلَدٌ ۚ فَإِن كَانَ لَهُنَّ  
وَلَدٌ فَلَكُمْ الرُّبْعُ مِمَّا تَرَكَنَّ مِن بَعْدِ  
وَصِيَّةٍ يُّوصِينَ بِهَا أَوْ دَيْنٍ ۚ وَلَهُنَّ  
الرُّبْعُ مِمَّا تَرَكَتُمْ إِن لَّمْ يَكُنْ لَّكُمْ  
وَلَدٌ ۚ فَإِن كَانَ لَكُمْ وَلَدٌ فَلَهُنَّ الثُّمُنُ  
مِمَّا تَرَكَتُمْ مِن بَعْدِ وَصِيَّةٍ تُوْصَوْنَ  
بِهَا أَوْ دَيْنٍ ۚ وَإِن كَانَ رَجُلٌ يُورَثُ  
كَلَّةً أَوْ امْرَأَةً وَلَهُ أَخٌ أَوْ أُخْتُ  
فَلَِكُلِّ وَاحِدٍ مِّنْهُمَا الشَّدُوسُ ۚ فَإِن  
كَانُوا أَكْثَرَ مِن ذَٰلِكَ فَهُمْ شُرَكَاءُ  
فِ الثُّلُثِ مِن بَعْدِ وَصِيَّةٍ يُوصَى  
بِهَا أَوْ دَيْنٍ ۚ غَيْرَ مُضَارٍّ ۚ وَصِيَّةً مِّنَ  
اللَّهِ ۚ وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ حَلِيمٌ ﴿١٤﴾

تِلْكَ حُدُودُ اللَّهِ ۚ وَمَن يُطِيعِ اللَّهَ  
وَ رَسُولَهُ يُدْخِلْهُ جَنَّاتٍ تَجْرِي مِن

\* 13. But if they be more than that, then they shall be *equal share holders* in one-third, after *the payment of* any bequests which may have been bequeathed or of debt, **without intent to cause suffering to anyone**. *This is* an injunction from Allāh, and Allāh is All-Knowing, Forbearing.

ع ا ق | q غ gh | ع | ظ | ط | ت | ض d ﴿108﴾ ص | ذ dh | خ kh | ح h | ث th | ا i u |

enter Gardens through which streams flow; therein shall they abide; and that is a great triumph.

15. And whoso disobeys Allāh and His Messenger and transgresses His limits, He will make him enter into Fire; therein shall he abide; and he shall have an humiliating punishment.

### R. 3.

16. And those of your women who are guilty of lewdness—call to witness four of you against them; and if they bear witness, then confine them to the houses until death overtake them or Allāh open for them a way.

17. And if two men from among you are guilty of it, punish them both. And if they repent and amend, then leave them alone; surely, Allāh is Oft-Returning with compassion and is Merciful.

18. Verily, Allāh undertakes to accept the repentance of only those who do evil ignorantly and then repent soon after. These are they to whom Allāh turns with mercy; and Allāh is All-Knowing, Wise.

19. There is no acceptance of repentance for those who continue to do evil until, when death faces one of them, he says, 'I do repent now;' nor for those who die disbelievers. It is these for whom We have prepared a painful punishment.

تَحْتَهَا الْأَنْهَارُ خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا ۚ وَذَٰلِكَ  
الْفَوْزُ الْعَظِيمُ ﴿١٣﴾

وَمَنْ يَعْصِ اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ وَيَتَعَدَّ  
حُدُودَهُ يُدْخِلْهُ نَارًا خَالِدًا فِيهَا ۖ  
وَلَهُ عَذَابٌ مُّهِينٌ ﴿١٤﴾

وَالَّتِي يَأْتِيَنَّ الْفَاحِشَةَ مِنْ نِّسَائِكُمْ  
فَاسْتَشْهِدُوا عَلَيْهِنَّ أَرْبَعَةً مِنْكُمْ ۖ  
فَإِنْ شَهِدُوا فَامْسِكُوهُنَّ فِي الْبُيُوتِ  
حَتَّىٰ يَتَوَفَّيَهُنَّ الْمَوْتُ أَوْ يَجْعَلَ اللَّهُ  
لَهُنَّ سَبِيلًا ﴿١٥﴾

وَالَّذِينَ يَأْتِيَنَّهَا مِنْكُمْ فَادُّوهُمَا ۖ  
فَإِنْ تَابَا وَأَصْلَحَا فَأَعْرِضُوا عَنْهُمَا ۚ  
إِنَّ اللَّهَ كَانَ تَوَّابًا رَحِيمًا ﴿١٦﴾

إِنَّمَا التَّوْبَةُ عَلَى اللَّهِ لِلَّذِينَ يَعْمَلُونَ  
السُّوْءَ بِغَهَالَةٍ ثُمَّ يَتُوبُونَ مِنْ قَرِيبٍ  
فَأُولَٰئِكَ يَتُوبُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ ۚ وَكَانَ  
اللَّهُ عَلِيمًا حَكِيمًا ﴿١٧﴾

وَلَيْسَتِ التَّوْبَةُ لِلَّذِينَ يَعْمَلُونَ  
السَّيِّئَاتِ ۚ حَتَّىٰ إِذَا حَضَرَ أَحَدَهُمُ  
الْمَوْتُ قَالَ إِنِّي تُبْتُ ۚ وَالَّذِينَ  
يَمُوتُونَ وَهُمْ كُفَّارٌ ۚ أُولَٰئِكَ أَعْتَدْنَا  
لَهُمْ عَذَابًا أَلِيمًا ﴿١٨﴾

20. O ye who believe! it is not lawful for you to inherit women against their will; nor should you detain them wrongfully that you may take away part of that which you have given them, except that they be guilty of a flagrant evil; and consort with them in kindness; and if you dislike them, it may be that you dislike a thing wherein Allāh has placed much good.

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا لَا يَحِلُّ لَكُمْ أَنْ  
تَرِثُوا النِّسَاءَ كَرِهًا وَلَا تَعْضُلُوهُنَّ  
لِتَذْهَبُوا بِبَعْضِ مَا آتَيْتُمُوهُنَّ إِلَّا أَنْ  
يَأْتِيَنَّ بِفَاحِشَةٍ مُّبِينَةٍ ۚ وَعَاشِرُوهُنَّ  
بِالْمَعْرُوفِ ۚ فَإِنْ كَرِهْتُمُوهُنَّ فَعَسَى  
أَنْ تَكْرَهُوا شَيْئًا وَيَجْعَلَ اللَّهُ فِيهِ  
خَيْرًا كَثِيرًا ﴿٢٠﴾

21. And if you desire to take one wife in place of another and you have given one of them a treasure, take not aught therefrom. Will you take it by lying and with manifest sinfulness?

وَإِنْ أَرَدْتُمْ اسْتِبْدَالَ زَوْجٍ مَّكَانَ  
زَوْجٍ ۖ وَآتَيْتُمْ إِحْدَاهُنَّ قِنطَارًا فَلَا  
تَأْخُذُوا مِنْهُ شَيْئًا ۚ أَتَأْخُذُونَهُ بُهْتَانًا  
وَرِثًا مُبِينًا ﴿٢١﴾

22. And how can you take it when one of you has been alone with the other, and they (the women) have taken from you a strong covenant?

وَكَيفَ تَأْخُذُونَهُ وَقَدْ أَفْضَى  
إِلَى بَعْضٍ وَآخَذَنْ مِنْكُمْ مِيثَاقًا  
غَلِيظًا ﴿٢٢﴾

23. And marry not those women whom your fathers married, except what has already passed. It is a thing foul and hateful and an evil way.

وَلَا تَنْكِحُوا مَا نَكَحَ آبَاؤُكُمْ مِنَ  
النِّسَاءِ إِلَّا مَا قَدْ سَلَفَ ۚ إِنَّهُ كَانَ  
فَاحِشَةً وَمَقْتًا وَسَاءَ سَبِيلًا ﴿٢٣﴾

#### R. 4.

24. Forbidden to you are your mothers, and your daughters, and your sisters, and your fathers' sisters, and your mothers' sisters, and brother's daughters, and sister's daughters, and your *foster*-mothers that have given you suck, and your

حُرِّمَتْ عَلَيْكُمْ أُمَّهَاتُكُمْ وَبَنَاتُكُمْ  
وَأَخَوَتُكُمْ وَعُمَّتُكُمْ وَخَالَاتُكُمْ وَبَنَاتُ  
الْأَخِ وَبَنَاتُ الْأَخْتِ وَأُمَّهَاتُكُمُ اللَّاتِي  
أَرْضَعْنَكُمْ وَأَخَوَتُكُمُ مِنَ الرَّضَاعَةِ