slackened not for aught that befell them in the way of Allah, nor did they weaken, nor did they humiliate themselves before the enemy. And Allah loves the steadfast.

148. And they uttered not a word except that they said: 'Our Lord, forgive us our errors and our excesses in our conduct, and make firm our steps and help us against the disbelieving people."

149. So Allah gave them the reward of this world, as also an excellent reward of the next; and Allah loves those who do good.

R. 16.

150. O ve who believe! if you obey those who have disbelieved, they will cause you to turn back on your heels, and you will become losers.

- 151. Nay, Allāh is your Protector, and He is the Best of helpers.
- 152. We shall strike terror into the hearts of those that have disbelieved because they associate partners with Allah for which He has sent down no authority. Their abode is the Fire; and evil is the habitation of the wrongdoers.
- *153. And Allāh had surely made good to you His promise when you

سَبِيْلِ اللهِ وَ مَا ضَعُفُوْا وَ مَا اسْتَكَانُوْا ﴿ وَاللَّهُ يُحِبُّ الصَّ

وَمَا كَانَ قَوْلَهُمْ إِلَّا أَنْ قَالُوْا رَتَّنَا اغْفِرْكَنَا ذُنُوْبَنَا وَ اِسْرَافَنَا فِي آمْرِنَا وَ ثَبِّتُ ٱقْدَامَنَا وَ انْصُرْنَا عَلَى الْقَوْمِ

قع و

كَفَرُوْا يَرُدُّوْكُمْ عَلْ اَعْقَابِكُمْ فَتَنْقَلِبُوْا خُسِرِيْنَ@

ىَلِ اللَّهُ مَوْلِٰكُمْ ۚ وَهُوَ خَبْرُ النَّصِ قِيْ فِيْ قُلُوبِ الَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوا الرُّعْب بِمَا اَشْرَكُوا بِاللهِ مَالَمْ يُنَزِّلُ بِهِ سُلْطِئًا ۚ وَ مَاْوْسِهُمُ النَّادُ ۗ وَبِئْسَ مَثْوَى الظّلِمِيْنَ ﴿ وَلَقَدْ صَدَقَكُمُ اللَّهُ وَعْدَةَ إِذْ تَحُسُّ

^{*153.} And Allāh had surely made good to you His promise when you were slaying and destroying them by His leave until when you faltered concerning obedience to the Holy Prophet (may peace and blessings of Allāh be upon him), and started arguing among yourselves regarding the true intent of the order and disobeyed after He had granted you your heart's desire in the form of victory, He withdrew His help.

were slaying and destroying them by His leave, until, when you became lax and disagreed among yourselves concerning the order and you disobeyed after He had shown you that which you loved, *He withdrew His help*. Among you were those who desired the present world, and among you were those who desired the next. Then He turned you away from them, that He might try you—and He has surely pardoned you, and Allāh is Gracious to the believers.—

*154. When you were running away and looked not back at anyone while the Messenger was calling out to you from your rear, then He gave you a sorrow in recompense for a sorrow, that you might not grieve for what escaped you, nor for what befell you. And Allāh is well aware of what you do.

155. Then, after the sorrow, He sent down peace on you—a slumber that overcame a party of you—while the other party was anxious concerning their own selves, thinking wrongly of Allāh *like unto* the thought of ignorance. They said, 'Is there for us any part in the government *of affairs?*' Say, 'All government belongs to Allāh.' They hide in their minds what they disclose not to thee.

بِإِذْنِهِ ، حَتَّى إِذَا فَشِلْتُمْ وَتَنَازَعْتُمْ
فِ الْاَمْرِ وَعَصَيْتُمْ مِّثْ بَعْدِ مَآ
الرُّعُمْ مَّا تُحِبُّوْنَ ، مِنْكُمْ مَّنْ تُرِيدُ
الدُّنْيَا وَمِنْكُمْ مَّنْ يُرِيدُ الْأَخِرَةَ ، ثُمَّ اللَّهُ نُونَكُمْ ، وَلَقَمْ
صَرَفَكُمْ عَنْهُمْ لِيَبْتَلِيكُمْ ، وَلَقَمْ
عَفَا عَنْكُمْ ، وَالله ذُوفَفُلٍ عَلَى
الْمُؤْمِنِيْنَ ﴿

ثُمَّ آنْزَلَ عَلَيْكُمْ مِّنْ بَعْدِ الْغَمِّ آ مَنَةً تُعاسًا يَغْشٰى طَآئِفَةً مِّنْكُمْ وَطَآئِفَةً قَدْ آهَمَّ تُهُمْ آنْفُسُهُمْ يَظُنُّوْنَ بِاللهِ عَيْرَ الْحَقِّ ظَنَّ الْجَاهِلِيَّةِ مَ يَقُولُونَ هَلْ لَّنَا مِنَ الْاَمْرِ مِنْ شَيْءٍ مَ قُلْ إِنَّ الْاَمْرَ كُلَّهُ يِلْهِ مَ يُخْفُونَ فِيْ آنْفُسِهِمْ مَا لَا يُبْدُونَ لَكَ مَيْقُولُونَ لَوْكَانَ لَنَا

^{*154.} Note: Sometimes the threat of a bigger loss does away with the pain of comparatively minor losses incurred earlier. A similar situation prevailed during the battle of Uhud when the rumour of the death of the Holy Prophet (may peace and blessings of Allāh be upon him), completely dispelled consideration of all personal sufferings and losses the Muslim combatants had experienced. Then the news of his survival turned the sense of loss into a sense of deep content and thanksgiving.

They say, 'If we had any part in the government of affairs, we should not have been killed here.' Say, 'If you had remained in your homes, surely those on whom fighting had been enjoined would have gone forth to their deathbeds,' that Allāh might bring about His decree and that Allāh might test what was in your breasts and that He might purge what was in your hearts. And Allāh knows well what is in the minds;

156. Those of you who turned their backs on the day when the two hosts met,‡ surely it was Satan who sought to make them slip because of certain doings of theirs. But certainly Allāh has already pardoned them. Verily, Allāh is Most Forgiving, Forbearing.

R. 17.

157. O ye who believe! be not like those who have disbelieved, and who say of their brethren when they travel in the land or go forth to war: 'Had they been with us, they would not have died or been slain.' *This is so*, that Allāh may make it a cause of regret in their hearts. And Allāh gives life and causes death and Allāh is Mindful of what you do.

158. And if you are slain in the cause of Allāh or you die, surely forgiveness from Allāh and mercy shall be better than what they hoard.

مِنَ الْاَمْرِ شَيْءً مَّا قُتِلْنَا هَهُنَا الْ قُلْ اللهُ اللهُ

اِتَ الَّذِيْنَ تَوَلَّوْا مِنْكُمْ يَوْمَ الْتَقَى الْجَمْعُنِ الِثَّيْطِيُ الْجَمْعُنِ الشَّيْطِيُ الشَّيْطِيُ الشَّيْطِيُ الشَّيْطِيُ السَّيْطِي اللهُ عَفَ اللهُ عَنْهُمْ وَلَقَدْ عَفَ اللهُ عَنْهُمْ وَلَقَدْ عَلَيْمُ اللهُ عَنْهُمْ وَلَقَدْ عَلِيْمُ اللهُ عَنْهُمْ وَلَيْمَ اللهُ عَنْهُمْ وَلَيْمَ اللهُ عَنْهُمْ وَلَيْمُ اللهُ عَنْهُمْ اللهُ عَنْهُمْ وَلَيْمُ اللهُ عَنْهُمْ اللهُ عَنْهُمْ وَلَيْمُ اللهُ عَنْهُمْ اللهُ عَنْهُمْ اللهُ عَنْهُمْ اللهُ عَنْهُمْ اللهُ عَنْهُمْ اللهُ اللهُ عَنْهُمْ اللهُ عَنْهُمْ اللهُ عَنْهُمْ اللهُ اللهُ عَنْهُمْ اللهُ اللهُولِي اللهُ اللهُلِمُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُلِمُ اللهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ

آيُهُ الَّذِيْنَ المَنُوْالَا تَكُونُوْا كَالَّذِيْنَ المَنُوْالَا تَكُونُوْا كَالَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا كَالُوْا فِلْ الْمَكُونُوا وَقَالُوا لِإِخْوَانِهِمْ اِذَاضَرَبُوا فِي الْاَرْضِ اَوْكَانُوا غُزَّى لَوْكَانُوا عِنْدَنَا مَا مَاتُوا وَمَا تُتِبْلُوا اللهَ لِيَجْعَلَ اللهُ لَلهُ لَلهُ عَلَيْ مَسْرَةً فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ وَاللهُ يُحْي خُلِكَ حَسْرَةً فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ وَالله يُحْي وَلي مَسْرِيلُوا الله وَالله يُحْي وَلي مَلْوَنَ بَصِيرُ هَ وَلَهُ مَتُم وَلَيْكُ الله وَرَحْمَةً خَيْرٌ مِمّا لَكُم مَكْفَونَ الله وَرَحْمَةً خَيْرٌ مِمّا لَكُوبُ مَكْمُ وَرَحْمَةً خَيْرٌ مِمّا الله وَرَحْمَةً خَيْرٌ مِمّا وَمُحْمَةً خَيْرٌ مِمّا وَمُحْمَةً خَيْرٌ مِمّا وَمُحْمَةً خَيْرٌ مِمّا وَمُحْمَةً خَيْرٌ مِمّا الله وَرَحْمَةً خَيْرٌ مِمّا وَمُحْمَةً وَاللهُ وَرَحْمَةً خَيْرٌ مِمّا وَمُحْمَةً وَيُوبُونَ الله وَرَحْمَةً خَيْرٌ مِمّا

The battle of Uhud.