## Foursum Report

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## Exhaustive search

Our program [Simple.java] solve the Four-sum problem using 4 nested loops. The index variables i, j, k, l are initialized and run from loop 1, 2, 3, 4, respectively, and are all used in a conditional statement within the most inner loop no. 4. We can bound the number of array accesses by  $\sim N^4$  in worst case.

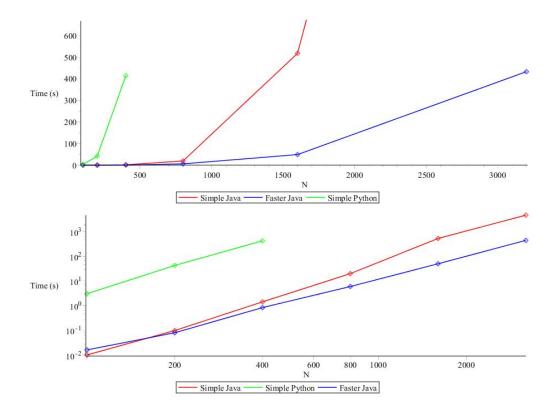
## **Experiments**

The following table summarizes the empirical performance data on the input files in the data directory.

We have run each file once, and report the minimum, maximum and average running time over the files for each input size.

$\overline{N}$	Min	Max	Avg
100	$0.007 \mathrm{\ s}$	$0.01 \mathrm{\ s}$	$0.0086~\mathrm{s}$
200	$0.091~\mathrm{s}$	$0.097~\mathrm{s}$	$0.093~\mathrm{s}$
400	$0.799~\mathrm{s}$	$1.408~\mathrm{s}$	$1.207~\mathrm{s}$
800	$11.59~\mathrm{s}$	$19.49~\mathrm{s}$	$17.84~\mathrm{s}$
1600	$4:30~\mathrm{m}$	$8:37~\mathrm{m}$	$5:30~\mathrm{m}$
3200	$3:50~\mathrm{m}$	1:15 h	1:00 h

N	Min	Max	Avg
100	2.585  s	2.995  s	2.79 s
200	$34.981~\mathrm{s}$	$41.763~\mathrm{s}$	$38.372~\mathrm{s}$
400	$6:29~\mathrm{m}$	$6:54~\mathrm{m}$	$6:42~\mathrm{m}$



## Improvements

Using the binary search-based idea sketeched in [SW, 1.4] for the Three-sum problem, we can improve our running time to  $\sim N^3 \log N$ .

The following table reports our the minimum, maximum and average running time on the test inputs from the files in the data directory.

$\overline{N}$	Min	Max	Avg
100	$0.0 \mathrm{\ s}$	$0.016 \; \mathrm{s}$	$0.0094 \mathrm{\ s}$
200	$0.031~\mathrm{s}$	$0.079~\mathrm{s}$	$0.0665~\mathrm{s}$
400	$0.297~\mathrm{s}$	$0.824~\mathrm{s}$	$0.6424~\mathrm{s}$
800	$2.45 \mathrm{\ s}$	$5.875~\mathrm{s}$	$5.0668~\mathrm{s}$
1600	$18.38~\mathrm{s}$	$48.953~\mathrm{s}$	$42.69~\mathrm{s}$
3200	$2:44~\mathrm{m}$	$7:13~\mathrm{m}$	$6:13~\mathrm{m}$