

# Week 5 - Monday Questions

1. How many actors are there with the last name 'Wahlberg'? - **2 Wahlbergs**

2. How many payments were made between \$3.99 and \$5.99?

**3,280 but I think I have an updated data set**

**This was my Syntax**

```
select customer_id, amount
```

```
from payment
```

```
where amount >= 3.99 and amount <= 5.99
```

3. What film does the store have the most of? (search in inventory)

**Zorro Ark**

4. How many customers have the last name 'William'? **0 AKA ZERO**

I got zero last\_name =(like) Williams but 1 Williams and

I got 1 first\_name =(like) to William

5. What store employee (get the id) sold the most rentals?

From this syntax it was staff ID 2 but there were only 2 sales people. His name was Jon.

```
select max(staff_id) as max_salesman
```

```
from rental
```

6. How many different district names are there? **Again I think I have an updated list**

When I ran:

```
select distinct(district)
```

```
from address
```

**I got 378 distinct districts**

**I am not sure if it gives that information but there is 109 countries listed in the country table and 200 address under the store\_ID table**

7. What film has the most actors in it? (use film\_actor table and get film\_id) 8. From store\_id 1,

**So I used a few Syntaxes,**

```
select *
```

```
from film_actor
```

**select \***

**from store**

**select \***

**from film\_actor**

- From these we can tell the last film\_id number 993 which is called "Wrong Behavior". The

actor ID is 200. Which would make him/her "Temple Thora" However this still doesn't

answer the question. I thought this question was worded strangely but maybe I'm just

confused. However I am not able to find the amount of actors in each movie.

8. How many customers have a last name ending with 'es'? (use customer table) **21**

```
select last_name
```

```
from customer
```

```
where last_name like '%es';
```

9. How many payment amounts (4.99, 5.99, etc.) had a number of rentals above 250 for customers with ids between 380 and 430? (use group by and having > 250)

```
select *
```

```
from payment
```

```
where customer_id > 380 and customer_id < 430
```

```
group by payment_id
```

```
having amount = sum(4.99) or sum(amount) = 5.99
```

```
order by customer_id desc
```

- Using this syntax it gave me a total of 300 orders of both 4.99 amount and 5.99 amount, within the customer ID parameters of 380 and 430

10. Within the film table, how many rating categories are there? And what rating has the most movies total?**Using this syntax: we can see there are 5 categories: PG-13, NC-17, G, PG, and R**

**select distinct (rating)**

**from film**

**This syntax gets us the number of each rating : PG-13 being the most with 223**

**SELECT rating, COUNT(\*)**

**FROM film**

**GROUP BY rating;**

SQL SELECT rating, COUNT(\*) FROM film GROUP BY rating

	ABC rating	123 count
1	PG-13	223
2	NC-17	209
3	G	179
4	PG	194
5	R	195

If I use this syntax I can get it in order though PG-13 has 223 ratings

SELECT rating, COUNT(\*)

FROM film

GROUP by rating

order by 2 desc;

SELECT rating, COUNT(\*) FROM film GROU

	ABC rating	123 count
1	PG-13	223
2	NC-17	209
3	R	195
4	PG	194
5	G	179