

Brain Tumor MRI

Deep Learning

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Agenda

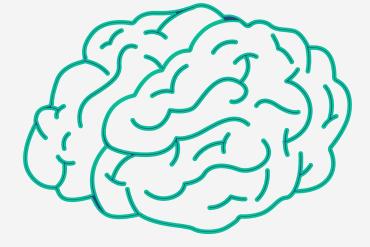
Introduction **Dataset Transfer Learning Models Complex Neural Networks Deployment** Tools Conclusion

Introduction

A brain tumor is a collection, or mass, of abnormal cells in your brain. Brain tumors can be cancerous (malignant) or noncancerous (benign). When benign or malignant tumors grow. This can cause brain damage, and it can be life-threatening.

Inspiration

Building a model to determine whether there is a brain tumor or not and its type if any, using Convolutional Neural Networks



Dataset Information



Train

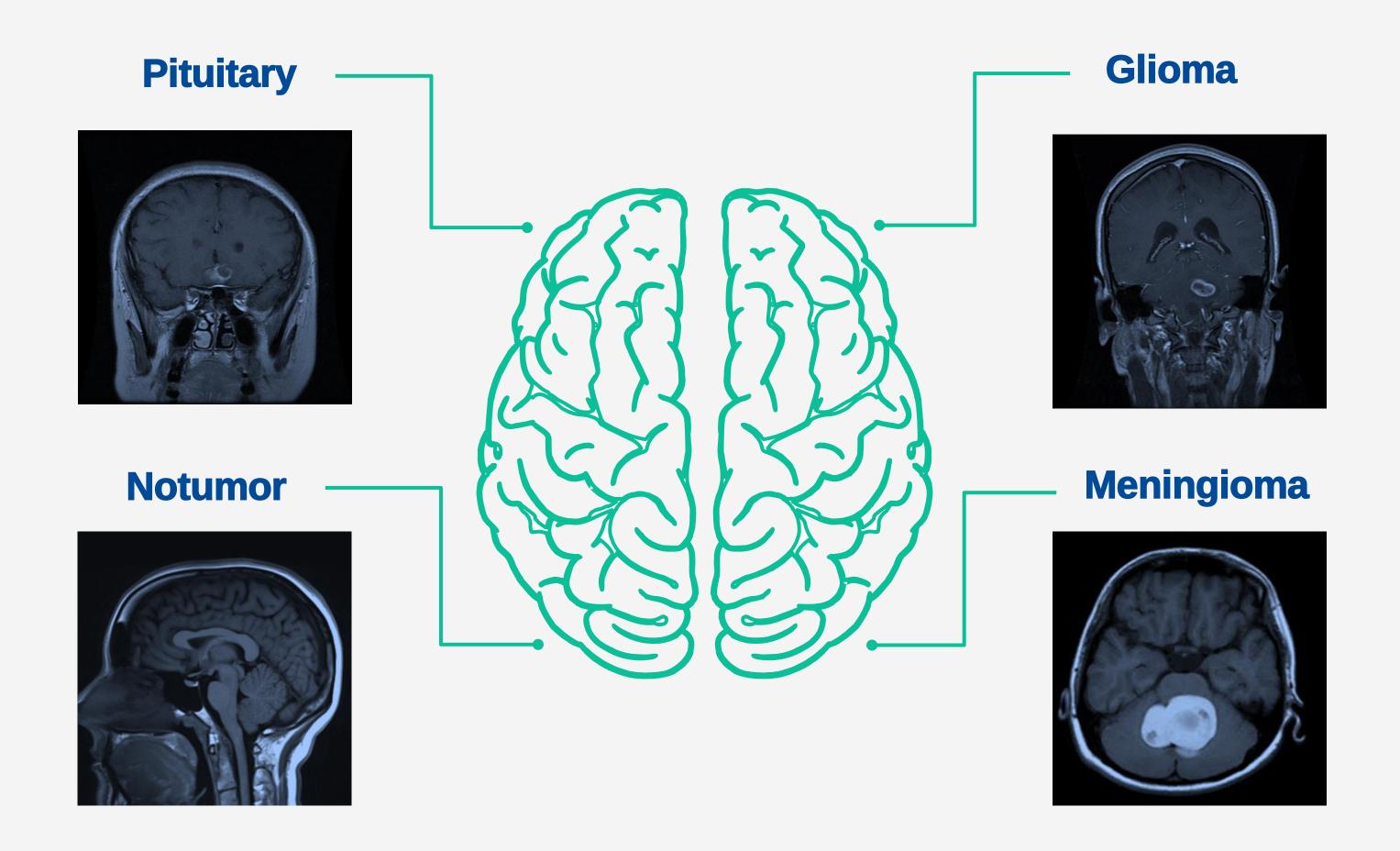


Validation



Test

Sample of Dataset

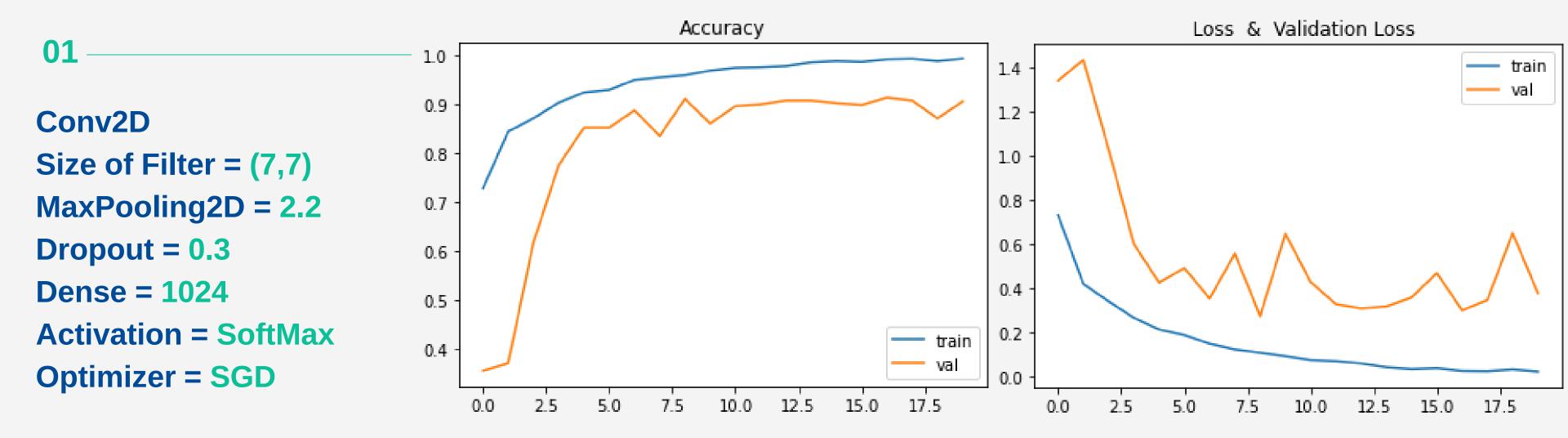


Transfer Learning Models

| Model | Acuraccy | val_loss | val_accuracy |
|----------|----------|----------|--------------|
| ResNet50 | 0.80 | 4.6 | 0.77 |
| VGG16 | 0.82 | 1.1 | 0.73 |
| VGG19 | 0.76 | 1.4 | 0.58 |



Complex Neural Networks



Complex Neural Networks

02

Conv2D

Size of Filter = (3,3)

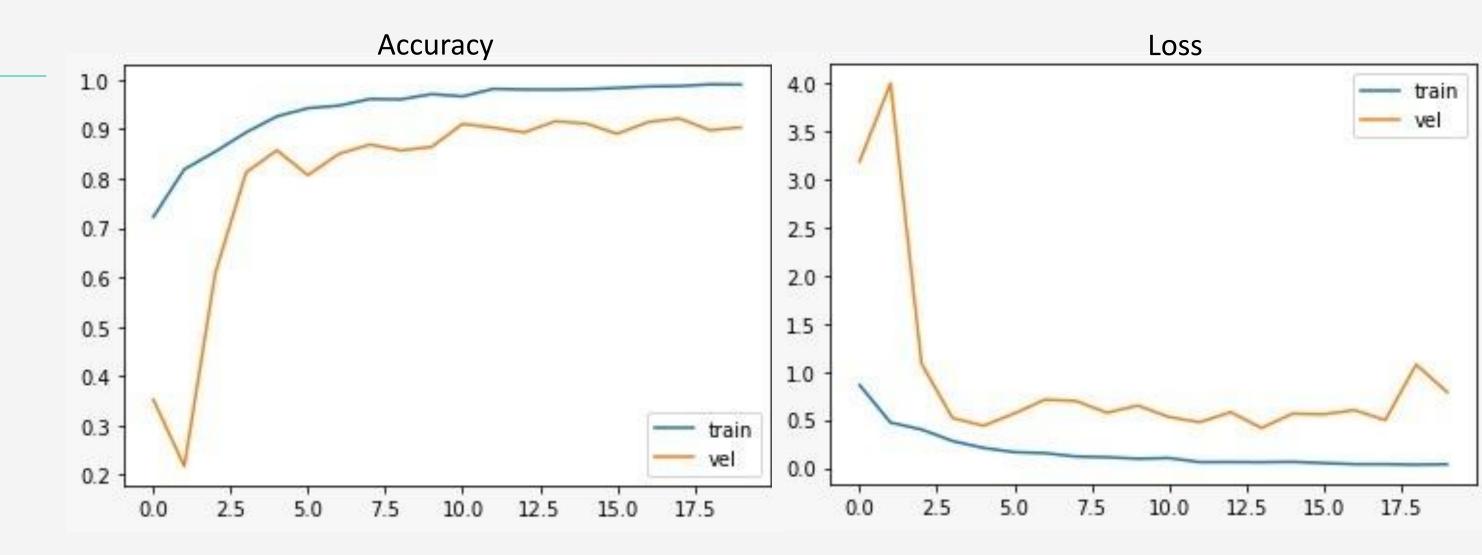
MaxPool2D = (2,2)

Dropout = 0.5

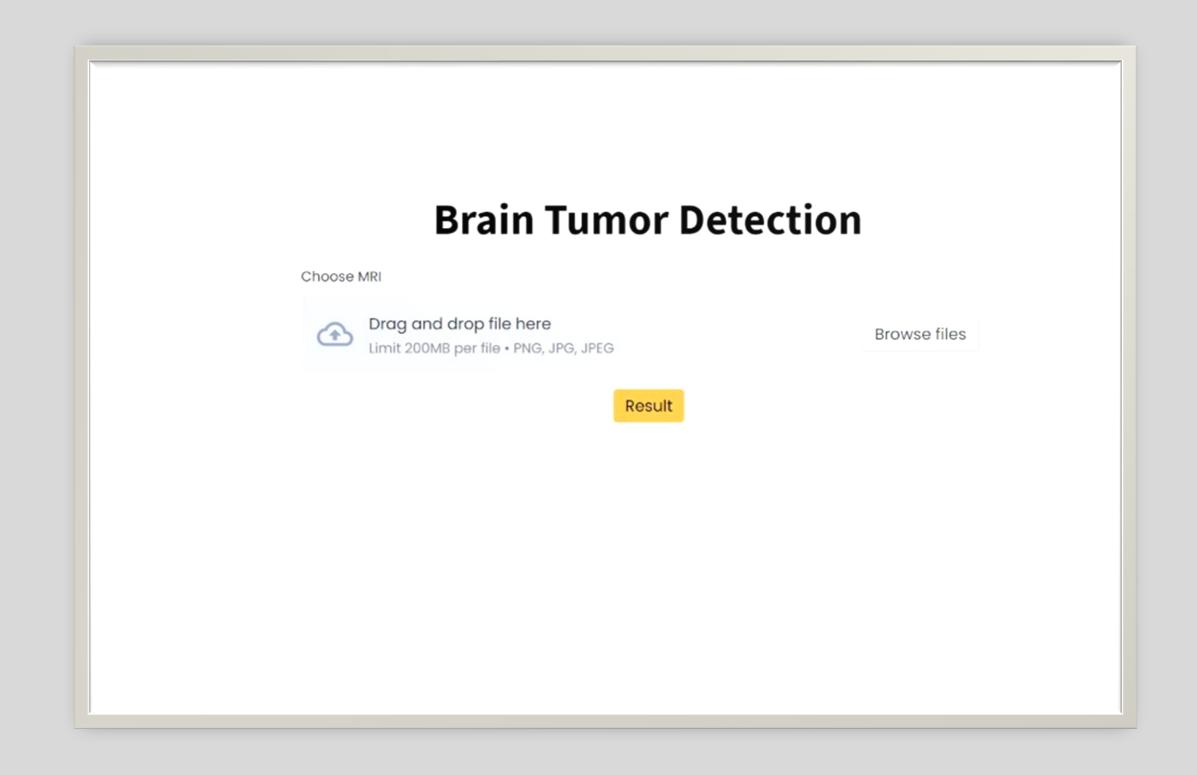
Dense = 64

Activation = Soft-Max

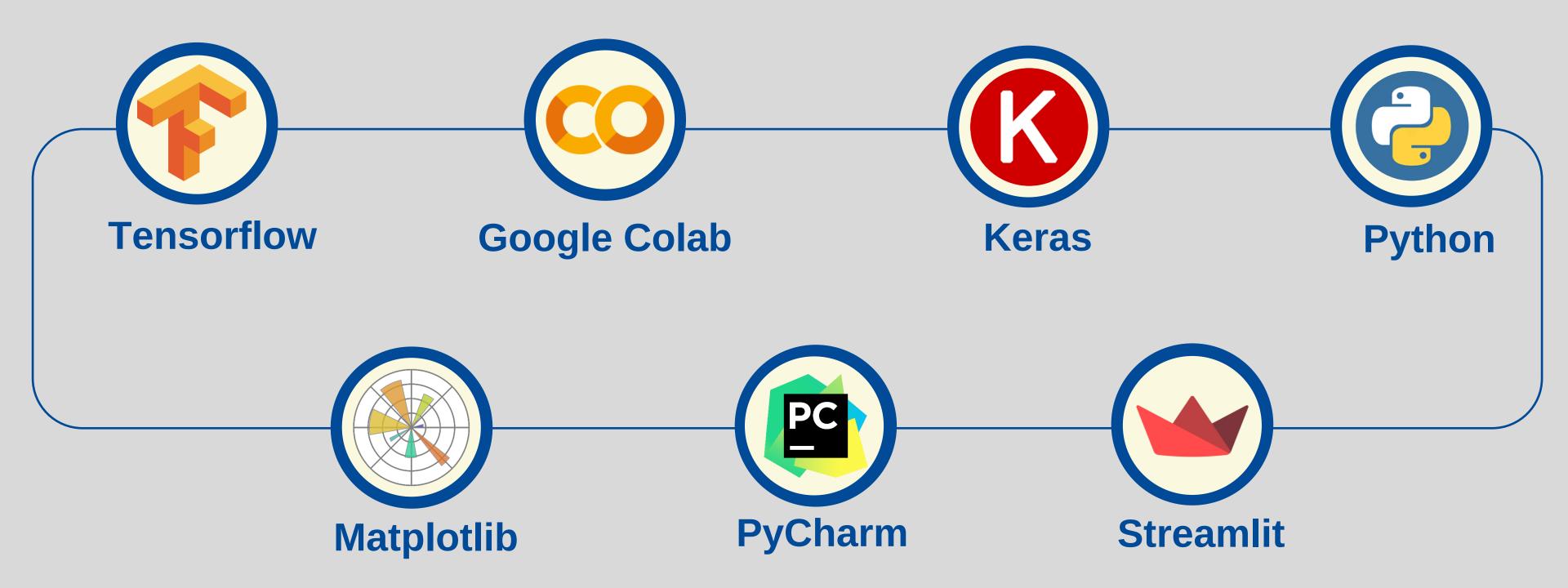
Optimizer = Adam



Deployment



Tools



Conclusion

The importance of early diagnosis of brain tumor, as early diagnosis of brain tumor can contribute to ensuring immediate treatment that reduces the risks of death, and through artificial intelligence, we have contributed to building a model for diagnosing the brain tumor with high speed and accuracy.



Develop the model to include all types of radiation





From the left: Nouf, **Dr. Ptrick,** Abdulmajeed, Ahmad

Thank you Dr. Patrick!



Thank you too!

Any Questions?

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