Insulin, glucagon and diabetes mellitus

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Lecture Outline

- Physiological regulation of blood glucose
- Insulin Signaling
- Glucagon Signaling
- Pathophysiology related to glucose control

Acute regulation of circulating glucose

- maintained in narrow range
- postprandially regulated by insulin
- under starvation regulated by glucagon

Mechanisms of glucose control

- Glucose production
- Removal of glucose from the blood
- Synthesis of triglycerides and glycogen

Insulin Signaling

- Physiological effects of insulin
- Secretion of insulin
- Insulin signal transduction

Glucagon Signaling

- Physiological effects of glucagaon

- Regulation of glucagon release
- Effects of glucagon on the liver

Pathophysiology related to glucose control

Type I Diabetes Mellitus

- Loss of insulin producing cells
- Treatment options

Insulin Resistance and Type II Diabetes Mellitus

Mechanisms Underlying Insulin Resistance

- Pharmacological Improvement in Insulin Sensitivity

Adaptations to Insulin Resistance

- Hyperinsulinemia
- Pancreatic Failure

Other Control Circuits Related to Glucose Control

- Regulation of food intake
- Counterinflammatory responses