

Fruits Recognition Testing Results

We Have SVM, KNN, Random Forest Models:

1- Accuracy of the Models before Performing Random Search

- SVM:

```
[ ] # Training and evaluating SVM model
print("Training SVM model...")
svm_classifier = SVC(kernel='linear', random_state=42)
svm_classifier.fit(X_train_scaled, y_train)

print("Evaluating SVM model...")
y_pred_svm = svm_classifier.predict(X_test_scaled)
svm_accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_svm)
print("SVM Accuracy:", svm_accuracy)
print("SVM Classification Report:")
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred_svm))
```



```
Training SVM model...
Evaluating SVM model...
SVM Accuracy: 0.9413607688725179
```

- KNN

```
# Training and evaluating KNN model with Euclidean distance
print("Training KNN model with Euclidean distance...")
knn_classifier = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=5, metric='euclidean')
knn_classifier.fit(X_train_scaled, y_train)

print("Evaluating KNN model...")
y_pred_knn = knn_classifier.predict(X_test_scaled)
knn_accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_knn)
print("KNN Accuracy:", knn_accuracy)
print("KNN Classification Report:")
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred_knn))
```



```
Training KNN model with Euclidean distance...
Evaluating KNN model...
KNN Accuracy: 0.9178203988314493
```

- Random Forest

```
▶ # Training and evaluating Random Forest model
print("Training Random Forest model...")
rf_classifier = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=100, random_state=42)
rf_classifier.fit(X_train_scaled, y_train)

print("Evaluating Random Forest model...")
y_pred_rf = rf_classifier.predict(X_test_scaled)
rf_accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_rf)
print("Random Forest Accuracy:", rf_accuracy)
print("Random Forest Classification Report:")
print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred_rf))
```

```
➡ Training Random Forest model...
Evaluating Random Forest model...
Random Forest Accuracy: 0.9507176425758923
```

2- Models Accuracy after Random Search implementation

Fitting 3 folds for each of 10 candidates, totalling 30 fits

Fitting 3 folds for each of 10 candidates, totalling 30 fits

Best Random Forest model parameters: {'n_estimators': 100, 'min_samples_split': 2, 'min_samples_leaf': 2, 'max_depth': None, 'bootstrap': False}

Random Forest Accuracy: 0.9530039375079385

Best SVM model parameters: {'kernel': 'linear', 'gamma': 'auto', 'C': 100}

SVM Accuracy: 0.9459333587366103

Best KNN model parameters: {'weights': 'uniform', 'n_neighbors': 5, 'algorithm': 'ball_tree'}

KNN Accuracy: 0.9178203988314493

The best performing model is Random Forest with accuracy: 0.9530

- The highest accuracy reached was **95.3%** using **random search** with the **model Random Forest**
- Implementation:

```

# Hyperparameter search space
param_dist_rf = {
    'n_estimators': [50, 100, 200, 500],
    'max_depth': [None, 10, 20, 30],
    'min_samples_split': [2, 5, 10],
    'min_samples_leaf': [1, 2, 4],
    'bootstrap': [True, False]
}

param_dist_svm = {
    'C': [0.1, 1, 10, 100],
    'kernel': ['linear', 'rbf'],
    'gamma': ['scale', 'auto'],
}

param_dist_knn = {
    'n_neighbors': [3, 5, 7, 9, 11],
    'weights': ['uniform', 'distance'],
    'algorithm': ['auto', 'ball_tree', 'kd_tree', 'brute']
}

# Define classifiers
svm_classifier = SVC(random_state=42)
knn_classifier = KNeighborsClassifier()
rf_classifier = RandomForestClassifier(random_state=42)

# Perform Random Search on Random Forest
random_search_rf = RandomizedSearchCV(rf_classifier, param_distributions=param_dist_rf, n_iter=10,
                                       cv=3, random_state=42, n_jobs=-1, verbose=1)
random_search_rf.fit(X_train_scaled, y_train)

# Perform Random Search on SVM
random_search_svm = RandomizedSearchCV(svm_classifier, param_distributions=param_dist_svm, n_iter=10,
                                       cv=3, random_state=42, n_jobs=-1, verbose=1)
random_search_svm.fit(X_train_scaled, y_train)

# Perform Random Search on KNN
random_search_knn = RandomizedSearchCV(knn_classifier, param_distributions=param_dist_knn, n_iter=10,
                                       cv=3, random_state=42, n_jobs=-1, verbose=1)
random_search_knn.fit(X_train_scaled, y_train)

# Evaluate the best models
print("Best Random Forest model parameters:", random_search_rf.best_params_)
best_rf_model = random_search_rf.best_estimator_
y_pred_rf = best_rf_model.predict(X_test_scaled)
print("Random Forest Accuracy:", accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_rf))

print("Best SVM model parameters:", random_search_svm.best_params_)
best_svm_model = random_search_svm.best_estimator_
y_pred_svm = best_svm_model.predict(X_test_scaled)
print("SVM Accuracy:", accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_svm))

print("Best KNN model parameters:", random_search_knn.best_params_)
best_knn_model = random_search_knn.best_estimator_
y_pred_knn = best_knn_model.predict(X_test_scaled)
print("KNN Accuracy:", accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_knn))

# Compare the models based on their accuracy
accuracies = {
    'Random Forest': accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_rf),
    'SVM': accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_svm),
    'KNN': accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_knn)
}

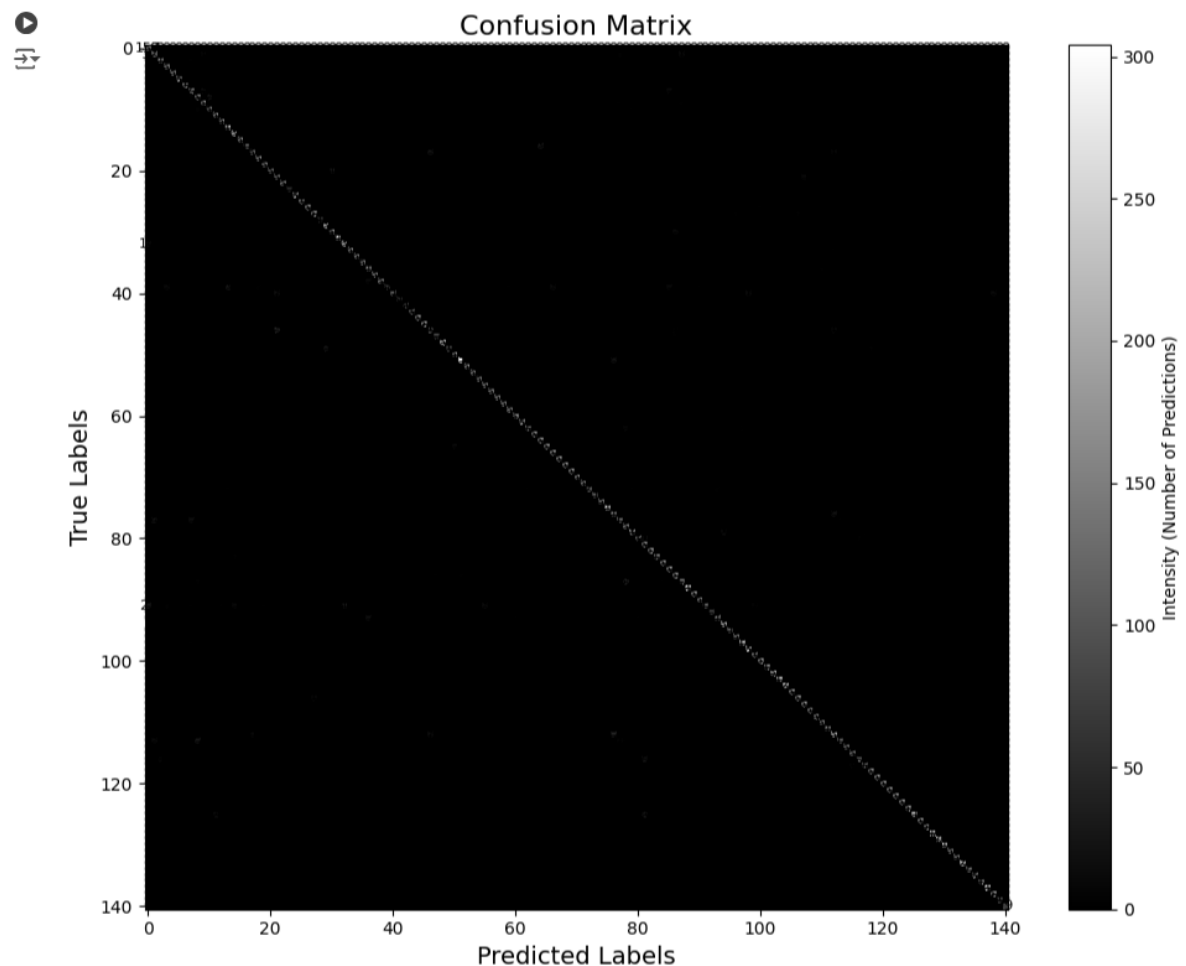
best_model_name = max(accuracies, key=accuracies.get)
print(f"The best performing model is {best_model_name} with accuracy: {accuracies[best_model_name]:.4f}")

```

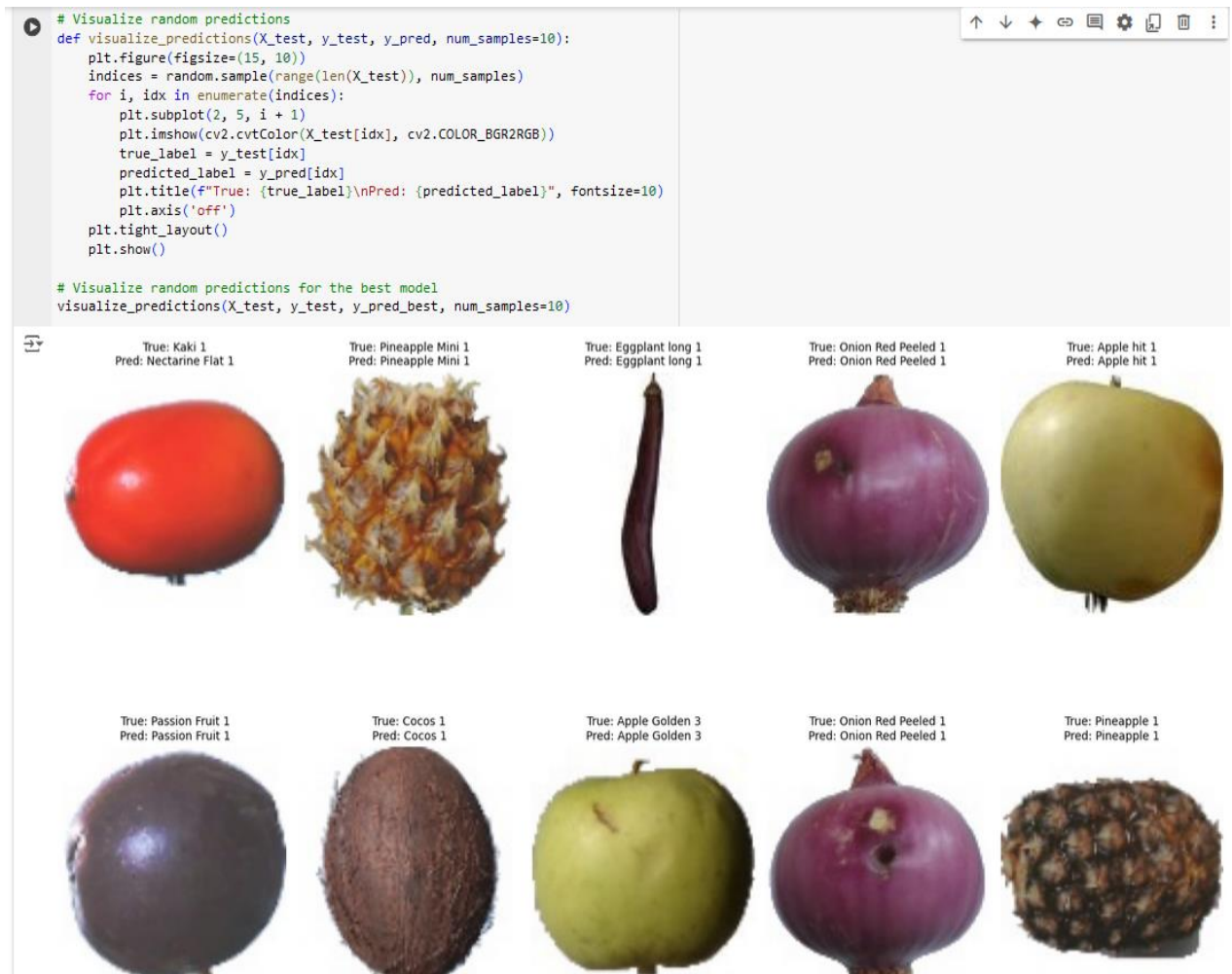
3- Confusion Matrix

```
[ ] # Confusion matrix
def plot_confusion_matrix(y_true, y_pred, class_names):
    cm = confusion_matrix(y_true, y_pred, labels=class_names)
    plt.figure(figsize=(10, 8))
    plt.imshow(cm, cmap='gray', interpolation='nearest')
    plt.title('Confusion Matrix', fontsize=16)
    plt.xlabel('Predicted Labels', fontsize=14)
    plt.ylabel('True Labels', fontsize=14)
    for i in range(len(class_names)):
        for j in range(len(class_names)):
            plt.text(j, i, cm[i, j], ha='center', va='center', color='black', fontsize=8)
    plt.tight_layout()
    plt.colorbar(label="Intensity (Number of Predictions)")
    plt.show()
```

```
[ ] # Generate confusion matrix for the best model
class_names = np.unique(y_test)
plot_confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred_best, class_names)
```



4- Testing the prediction using the testing images in the dataset



5- Saving the best model to use it in the website

```
[ ] import pickle

# Save the best Random Forest model
with open('best_rf_model.pkl', 'wb') as file:
    pickle.dump(best_rf_model, file)

print("Best Random Forest model saved successfully!")
```

Best Random Forest model saved successfully!