

Assignment 5

#C program to reverse a String using Stack

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#define MAX 20
int top = -1;
char stack[MAX];
char push(char item)
{
    if(top == (MAX-1))
        printf("Stack Overflow\n");
    else
        stack[++top] =item;
}
char pop()
{
    if(top == -1)
        printf("Stack Underflow\n");
    else
        return stack[top--];
}
main()
{
    char str[20];
    int i;
    printf("Enter the String : " );
    gets(str);
    for(i=0;i<strlen(str);i++)
        push(str[i]);
    for(i=0;i<strlen(str);i++)
        str[i]=pop();
    printf("Reversed String is : ");
    puts(str);
}
```

Output :

Enter the String : noushika
Reversed String is : akihsuon

#C program for Infix to Postfix Conversion using Stack

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#define SIZE 50
char stack[SIZE];
int top=-1;
push(char elem)
{
    stack[++top]=elem;
}

char pop()
{
    return(stack[top--]);
}
int pr(char symbol)
{
    if(symbol == '^')
    {
        return(3);
    }
    else if(symbol == '*' || symbol == '/')
    {
        return(2);
    }
    else if(symbol == '+' || symbol == '-')
    {
        return(1);
    }
    else
    {
        return(0);
    }
}

void main()
{
    char infix[50],postfix[50],ch,elem;
```

```

int i=0,k=0;
printf("Enter Infix Expression : ");
scanf("%s",infix);
push('#');
while( (ch=infix[i++]) != '\0')
{
    if( ch == '(') push(ch);
    else
        if(isalnum(ch)) postfix[k++]=ch;
    else
        if( ch == ')')
        {
            while( stack[top] != '(')
                postfix[k++]=pop();
            elem=pop();
        }
        else
        {
            while( pr(stack[top]) >= pr(ch) )
                postfix[k++]=pop();
            push(ch);
        }
    }
while( stack[top] != '#')
    postfix[k++]=pop();
postfix[k]='\0';
printf("\nPostfix Expression = %s\n",postfix);
}

```

Output :

Enter Infix Expression : A / B * C * D + E

Enter Post Expression : AB / C * D * E +

#C program to Implement Queue using two Stack

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
void push1(int);
void push2(int);
int pop1();
int pop2();
void enqueue();
void dequeue();

```

```

void display();
void create();
int stack1[100], stack2[100];
int top1 = -1, top2 = -1;
int count = 0;
int main()
{
    int choice;
    printf("\nQUEUE USING STACKS IMPLEMENTATION\n\n");
    printf("\n1.ENQUEUE");
    printf("\n2.DEQUEUE");
    printf("\n3.DISPLAY");
    printf("\n4.EXIT");
    printf("\n");
    create();
    while (1)
    {
        printf("\nEnter your choice : ");
        scanf("%d", &choice);
        switch (choice)
        {
            case 1:
                enqueue();
                break;
            case 2:
                dequeue();
                break;
            case 3:
                display();
                break;
            case 4:
                exit(0);
            default:
                printf("\nInvalid Choice\n");
        }
    }
}

```

```

void create()
{
    top1 = top2 = -1;
}

```

```

void push1(int element)
{

```

```
    stack1[++top1] = element;
}
```

```
int pop1()
{
    return(stack1[top1--]);
}
```

```
void push2(int element)
{
    stack2[++top2] = element;
}
```

```
int pop2()
{
    return(stack2[top2--]);
}
```

```
void enqueue()
{
    int data, i;
    printf("Enter the data : ");
    scanf("%d", &data);
    push1(data);
    count++;
}
```

```
void dequeue()
{
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i <= count; i++)
    {
        push2(pop1());

        pop2();
        count--;
    }
    for (i = 0; i <= count; i++)
    {
        push1(pop2());
    }
}
```

```
void display()
```

```

{
    int i;
    if(top1 == -1)
    {
        printf("\nEMPTY QUEUE\n");
    }
    else
    {
        printf("\nQUEUE ELEMENTS : ");
        for (i = 0; i <= top1; i++)
        {
            printf(" %d ", stack1[i]);
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
}

```

Output :

```

Enter your choice : 1
Enter the data : 15
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the data : 24
Enter your choice : 1
Enter the data : 3
Enter your choice : 3
QUEUE ELEMENTS : 15 24 3
Enter your choice : 2
Enter your choice : 3
QUEUE ELEMENTS : 15 0 0
Enter your choice : 4

```

#C program for insertion and deletion of BST

```

#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdbool.h>

```

```

struct node{
    int data;
    struct node *left;
    struct node *right;
};

```

```

struct node *root= NULL;

```

```

struct node* createNode(int data){

    struct node newNode = (struct node)malloc(sizeof(struct node));

    newNode->data= data;
    newNode->left = NULL;
    newNode->right = NULL;

    return newNode;
}

void insert(int data) {

    struct node *newNode = createNode(data);

    if(root == NULL){
        root = newNode;
        return;
    }
    else {

        struct node *current = root, *parent = NULL;

        while(true) {

            parent = current;

            if(data < current->data) {
                current = current->left;
                if(current == NULL) {
                    parent->left = newNode;
                    return;
                }
            }

            else {
                current = current->right;
                if(current == NULL) {
                    parent->right = newNode;
                    return;
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```
    }  
  }  
}
```

```
struct node* minNode(struct node *root) {  
    if (root->left != NULL)  
        return minNode(root->left);  
    else  
        return root;  
}
```

```
struct node* deleteNode(struct node *node, int value)  
{  
    if(node == NULL){  
        return NULL;  
    }  
    else {  
  
        if(value < node->data)  
        {  
            node->left = deleteNode(node->left, value);  
        }  
        else if(value > node->data)  
        {  
            node->right = deleteNode(node->right, value);  
        }  
        else if(node->left == NULL && node->right == NULL)  
        {  
            node = NULL;  
        }  
  
        else if(node->left == NULL)  
        {  
            node = node->right;  
        }  
  
        else if(node->right == NULL)  
        {  
            node = node->left;  
        }  
  
        else {
```



```

        struct node *temp = minNode(node->right);
        node->data = temp->data;
        node->right = deleteNode(node->right, temp->data);
    }
}
return node;
}

```

```

void inorderTraversal(struct node *node) {

```

```

    if(root == NULL){
        printf("Tree is empty\n");
        return;
    }
    else {

        if(node->left!= NULL)
            inorderTraversal(node->left);
        printf("%d ", node->data);
        if(node->right!= NULL)
            inorderTraversal(node->right);

    }
}

```

```

int main()
{

```

```

    insert(20);
    insert(10);
    insert(30);
    insert(80);
    insert(55);
    insert(60);

```

```

    printf("Binary search tree after insertion: \n");
    inorderTraversal(root);

```

```

    struct node *deletedNode = NULL;
    deletedNode = deleteNode(root, 30);
    printf("\nBinary search tree after deleting node 30: \n");
    inorderTraversal(root);

```

```
deletedNode = deleteNode(root, 20);  
printf("\nBinary search tree after deleting node 20: \n");  
inorderTraversal(root);  
  
deletedNode = deleteNode(root, 80);  
printf("\nBinary search tree after deleting node 80: \n");  
inorderTraversal(root);  
  
return 0;  
}
```

Output :

Binary search tree after insertion : 20 10 30 80 55 60
Binary search tree after deleting node 30 : 20 10 80 55 60
Binary search tree after deleting node 20 : 10 80 55 60
Binary search tree after deleting node 80 : 10 55 60