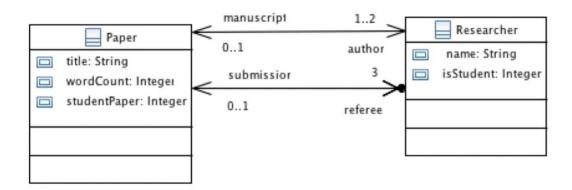
Deadline: 2/6/2023

Work submission

Submit this assignment in groups. The group leader has to submit the work (in both DOCX and PDF formats + java code for Q2). The submitted files must be named swe312-Spring22-<group number>. Late submission will not be accepted.



Question 1

Consider the following class diagram that models a registration system.

Express the following constraints in OCL.

1. Invariants

- (a) A researcher must submit one manuscript.
- (b) A research must be assigned one submission

(c) A paper must have at most 10000 words

(d) Students are not allowed to review any paper.

Question 2

In the lecture slides, we have seen how the Z notation can be used to specify software modules. Here you will use Z notation to implement a java program from the specifications.

<u>Please submit the answers as a code with screenshots of input and output in a word document (.docx), as well as the source code as java program (.java).</u>

Implementing the birthday book

In your implementation, you choose to represent the birthday book with two arrays, which might be declared by

```
names: array [1 .. ] of NAME;
dates: array [1 .. ] of DATE;
```

The Figure below describe the schema of the program. The variable *hwm* (for 'high water mark') shows how much of the arrays is in use.

```
BirthdayBook1 \\ names: \mathbb{N}_1 \longrightarrow NAME \\ dates: \mathbb{N}_1 \longrightarrow DATE \\ hwm: \mathbb{N} \\ \\ \forall i, j: 1 \dots hwm \bullet \\ i \neq j \Rightarrow names(i) \neq names(j)
```

A) First operation is *Add Birthday*, to add a new name, we increase *hwm* by one, and fill in the name and date in the arrays. Write a java code for this operation.

```
AddBirthday 1

\DeltaBirthdayBook 1

name?: NAME

date?: DATE

\forall i: 1... hwm \bullet name? = names (i)
hwm^0 = hwm + 1
names^0 = names \oplus \{hwm^0 \rightarrow name?\}
dates^0 = dates \oplus \{hwm^0 \rightarrow date?\}
```

B) The second operation is *FindBirthday*:

```
FindBirthday 1

EBirthdayBook 1

name?: NAME

date!: DATE

\exists i: 1... hwm \bullet

name? = names (i) \land date! = dates(i)
```

Hence: The predicate says that there is an index *i* at which the *names* array contains the input *name*?, and the output *date*! is the corresponding element of the array *dates*. For this to be possible, *name*? must in fact appear somewhere in the array *names*: this is the pre-condition of the operation. Write a java code for this operation.

C) The third operation is *Remind*: it produces as outputs *cardlist*

```
Remind1 \\ \equiv BirthdayBook1 \\ today?: DATE \\ cardlist!: \mathbb{N}_1 \longrightarrow NAME \\ ncards!: \mathbb{N} \\ \hline \{i:1..ncards! \bullet cardlist!(i)\} \\ = \{j:1..hwm \mid dates(j) = today? \bullet names(j)\}
```

The set on the right-hand side of the equation contains all the names in the *names* array for which the corresponding entry in the *dates* array is *today*?. The program code for *Remind* uses a loop to examine the entries one by one. Write a java code for this operation.