

Customer Segmentation Report

This record summarizes the effects of purchaser segmentation using clustering on the provided dataset.

1. number of Clusters:

Based totally at the Elbow method and visible inspection of the cluster distributions, 4 clusters had been decided to be the most reliable range for this dataset.

2. Clustering Metrics:

- Davies-Bouldin Index (DBI): [1.013212626152623]
 - o The DBI measures the common similarity within a cluster as compared to the similarity with other clusters.
 - o decrease DBI values indicate better-separated clusters.

3. Cluster characteristics:

- Cluster 1:
 - o excessive Recency, Low Frequency, Low economic
 - o Interpretation: New customers: these customers are likely current signal-americanwith restrained purchase history.
- Cluster 2:
 - o Low Recency, excessive Frequency, excessive economic
 - o Interpretation: dependable customers: those are treasured clients who make common purchases and spend widespread amounts.
- Cluster 3:
 - o excessive Recency, Low Frequency, slight financial
 - o Interpretation: One-Time buyers: these customers made a unmarried buy and feature not returned these days.
- Cluster 4:
 - o moderate Recency, slight Frequency, mild monetary
 - o Interpretation: Occasional clients: those customers make purchases periodically however much less frequently than loyal clients.

4. Visualizations:

- Scatter Plot (PCA): A scatter plot of the factors within the PCA area, colour-coded with the aid of cluster, gives a visible illustration of the cluster separation.
- Cluster Distribution Plots: Histograms of Recency, Frequency, and monetary for every cluster provide insights into the distribution of these key metrics within every phase.