

UnrealCourse.com Section 3 Slides - Building Escape

<< To Section 2

To Section 4 >>

These are the slides that accompany the Complete Unreal Developer Course.

See me develop the slides as I write the course...

- Right click or Insert > Comment to comment, especially if you see a typo
- The slides will update immediately as I change things.

Enjoy your stay!

Ben Tristem



Section Introduction

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In This Video...

- Welcome to our first Unreal editor section
- You'll learn simple level building
- We'll be using meshes and materials
- C++ events accessed from Blueprint
- Calling C++ code from Blueprint
- And much more.



Building Escape Overview

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In This Video...

- An overview of the finished project.



View and comment on latest version online at <http://bit.ly/UnrealSlides>

Game Design Document (GDD)

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Concept

- The core concept is simple: escape the room
- You awaken in a locked room, unable to escape
- Use environmental clues such as light and sound to determine what to do next
- Trigger pressure plates and solve puzzles to progress towards the exit.

Rules

- No lose condition, apart from the feeling you're going to die in this room if you don't get out!
- Anything that you can do, you are allowed to do
- You win by finally exiting the room.



Requirements

- Unreal's provided Starter Content pack
- C++ code and Blueprint to encode behaviour
- Various sound effects to enhance atmosphere
- Sketches for layout of room(s)
- Sketches for how puzzles work.



Sketch Your Room(s)

- Sketch out one large room, or a few smaller ones
- Annotate where the puzzles will be
- You can change your mind later
- Create a more detailed sketch of one puzzle
- Share your sketches in the discussions
- Evernote can be great for storing these things.



Possible Future Ideas (The NO List)

- This is ready to capture crazy ideas as they come!



Version Control 101

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An Overview of Source Control

- The what and why of Version Control Systems
- Choosing your Version Control System (VCS)
- What files to include / exclude
- Commit = save a local snapshot
- Reset = roll-back to a previous state
- Branch, Push and Large File Support later.



Popular Version Control Systems

- Git
- Mercurial
- Perforce
- Subversion / TortoiseSVN
- Alienbrain (for art but of order \$10,000)

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Comparison_of_version_control_software

About SourceTree

- Free software by Atlassian
- Visual front-end for Git or Mercurial
- Mac and PC but Mac version is a little ahead
- Good when learning as easy to visualise.



Install Your VCS

- Pick a VCS for yourself
- We'll be using Git with SourceTree as a front-end
- Install and register it
- Have a quicky play / experiment
- Carry on watching the videos.



Ignoring Unreal Derived Files

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In This Video...

- Derived files can be easily rebuilt
- Other files (code, assets, level layout etc) can't
- Ignore most derived files for version control
- Which folders to ignore in version control
- Our starting .gitignore file for Unreal.



Derived Folders In Unreal

- Binaries
- Build
- DerivedDataCache
- Intermediate
- Saved

<https://docs.unrealengine.com/latest/INT/Engine/Basics/DirectoryStructure>

Your First **.gitignore** for Unreal

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In This Video...

- Understand Unreal creates VS projects for us
- How to re-generate VS project files
- Writing our first **.gitignore** file
- “Committing” our project for the first time.



Make Your First Commit

- Catch-up with what I did on this video
- Get your .gitignore file working*
- Add (stage) all your files and commit.
- Celebrate entering this bewildering new world!

** mine is attached to the first lecture of the section.*



Getting to Know Unreal's Editor

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In This Video...

- Why changes to the starter scene aren't tracked
- Arranging a simple set of windows
- Moving around in the 3D Viewport
- Setting our start map, and committing.



Explore the 3D Viewport

- Use the little ? crib-sheet
- Explore until you're comfortable
- Add a few Props from the Starter Content.



A Pointers Primer

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In This Video...

- You're about to meet pointers for the first time
- The clue is when you see a * next to a type
- Pointers are simply memory addresses
- You have to “follow” the pointer to the object
- Benefit: saves you from moving things in memory
- Disadvantage: you can lose control of data.

Pointer Syntax

`FActorComponentTickFunction* ThisTickFunction`

`FActorComponentTickFunction * ThisTickFunction`

`FActorComponentTickFunction *ThisTickFunction`

- All three statements are equivalent, we use 1st
- In all cases ThisTickFunction is a pointer
- In all cases the type of the object pointed to is

`FActorComponentTickFunction`

The -> Accessor Operator

- Imagine we have `AActor* SomeActor;`
- The `AActor` class has a method `GetName()`
- `*SomeActor` “de-references” the pointer
- You could write `(*SomeActor).GetName();`
- But you can follow and access in one using `->`
- We access name with `SomeActor->GetName()`

Read More About Pointers

- <http://www.cplusplus.com/doc/tutorial/pointers>
- Share your understanding in the discussions
- Keep an eye out for a pointer in **PositionReport.cpp** in the next video.



Unreal's Class System

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In This Video...

- Introducing the idea of inheritance
- Unreal's scarily powerful class system
- Exploring using the Class Viewer*
- Inheritance for “is a” relationships
- Components for “has a” relationships.

<https://docs.unrealengine.com/latest/INT/Engine/UI/ClassViewer/index.html>

Inheritance for “is a” Relationships

- e.g. **Character** “is a” **Pawn**, **Pawn** “is an” **Actor**
- c.f. **Dog** “is a” **Mammal**, **Mammal** “is an” **Animal**
- Unreal makes extensive use of inheritance
- Is a powerful tool if used properly
- Can be inflexible and hard to re-factor.



Components for “has a”

- The chair & the rock “has a” PositionReporter
- Objects become rich through many components
- Can be flexible if used properly.



Take a Look at the Generated Code

- Take a brief look at `UPositionReporter.cpp`
- Take a shorter look at `UPositionReporter.h`
- Share what you recognise in discussions
- Share what you don't recognise
- We'll explore the files in the next video.



Cloning and Building Our Code

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In This Video...

- Cloning our project.
- Checking out a lectures state.
- How Unreal's build system works.
- Diagnosing build system issues.



Unreal's Build System

*.Target.cs, *.Build.cs

Generate Project Files

*.xcodeproj, *.sln

Build

Binaries/

Fix The Build

- Open the *.cs files in a text editor.
- Apply the changes in the commit.
- Try to get it building



Runtime Messages for Feedback

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In This Video...

- Using **UE_LOG** to print to the Output Console
- Printing to the game screen

For more information read...

[https://wiki.unrealengine.com/Logs, Printing Messages To Yourself During Runtime#Related Tutorial](https://wiki.unrealengine.com/Logs,PrintingMessagesToYourselfDuringRuntime#RelatedTutorial)

Add Component to 2nd Object

- Add our new component to a 2nd game object
- If it works you'll get a 2nd log
- We'll see next how to read the object name.



Accessing Object Names

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In This Video...

- Use `GetOwner()` to find the component's owner
- `AActor*` is a pointer to an actor, a new concept
- Use `->` to access methods through pointers
- Use `GetName()` to find the object's name
- Use `%s` as a format operator for strings
- Use `*` to “dereference” pointers.



Include What You Use For 4.17+

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Getting Transforms in C++

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In This Video...

- Introducing **FVector**
- Mixing **.** and **->** to access methods
- Using multiple format operators
- Finishing our **PositionReport** component.



Find the Transform Location

- Explore the API using `.` and `->`
- See if you can get the object's location (X,Y,Z)
- Run and see if it prints on the Output Log
- Hint 1: It's harder in XCode, complete isn't fuzzy
- Hint 2: For the transform & location start with **Get**
- Hint 3: You will need to use **`.ToString()`**



Moving Objects With C++

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In This Video...

- A little more about the editor & temporary actors
- How to eject yourself from the possessed pawn
- Snapping objects to the floor (END key)
- Using the **FRotator** struct to represent rotation
- Use **SetActorRotation()** to rotate objects.

Access the Rotation

- Find the owning object as before
- Store it in a variable called **Owner**
- Get the type right (or use **auto**)
- Try and access the **Owner**'s rotation
- Hint: there are at least 2 ways.



Laying Out Geometry

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In This Video...

- A brief intro of BSP “vs” Static Meshes
- Use **W**, **E**, **R** keys to translate, rotate, scale
- Make good use of grid snapping and quad view
- Hold **ALT** + **drag** translate to duplicate an object
- Hold **L** and double-click for temporary work **Light**
- This is fiddly, try letting go of **L** and trying again.

Build Your First Room(s)

- Lay-out your room(s)
- Re-build the lighting
- Share in the discussions.



Applying Materials

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In This Video...

- A material is comprised of texture(s) and shader(s)
- Textures are image files, shaders are GPU code
- Unreal ships with some impressive examples
- Unreal has powerful material editing tools
- Applying materials to our room interior.



Customise Your Materials

- Apply materials as you see fit
- Play with their properties to see the effect
- Share your creations in the discussions!



v.4.10

Macros Starting with **UPROPERTY**

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v.4.10.

4

In This Video...

- A macro is a programmed cut-and-paste
- This happens before the code is compiled
- Can unlock powerful functionality
- We don't get code complete as standard
- Can also create really weird build errors
- Expose **ATriggerVolume*** to the Details window.

Write Your First **UPROPERTY**

- Open your **OpenDoor.h** file
- Declare **ATriggerVolume* PressurePlate**
- Use the **UPROPERTY** macro but...
- ... this time use the **EditAnywhere** parameter

<https://docs.unrealengine.com/latest/INT/Programming/UnrealArchitecture/Reference/Properties/Specifiers/EditAnywhere/index.html>



Using Trigger Volumes

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In This Video...

- A trigger volume is a very versatile tool
- A 3D volume that detects things entering / leaving
- We're going to use one as a pressure plate
- How we're going to specify what can open doors
- Use `IsOverlappingActor()` on `ATriggerVolume`
- Polling vs using events.

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Unreal's **PlayerController**

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4

In This Video...

- We've used `GetOwner()` to search “bottom-up”
- Now let's use `GetWorld()` to search “top-down”
- Game Mode specifies the Default Pawn Class
- The Default Pawn is your “body”, is transient
- The Player Controller is your “mind”, persist
- PlayerController class has `GetPawn()`

Finish Your First Pressure Plate(s)

- Adjust size & position of your trigger volume(s)
- Link to appropriate door(s)
- Ensure all doors are “movable”
- Briefly test the gameplay.



Using Collision Volumes

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In This Video...

- Collisions volumes are also known as colliders
- These tell the physics engine what hits what
- A trigger volume just triggers code
- A collider actually has physics simulated
- Exploring how to add collision volumes
- Prevent players from passing through the door!

SM_Door is Ignored in SourceTree

- See “Line Tracing AKA Ray-casting”



Ensure You Can't Escape

- Make sure there are no gaps in your colliders
- Test you can't escape over walls
- Customise your collision volumes.



Using **GetTimeSeconds()**

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In This Video...

- Using `GetWorld()->GetTimeSeconds()`
- Making our game highly “play tunable”
- Re-factoring our code for simplicity
- Using a spotlight to provide “affordance”
- Play-testing to ensure the game is annoying!

Implement Door Close Delay

- Write some simple timing code
- Get the doors closing after a specified delay
- Play-test to ensure you can't escape.



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Grabbing System Overview

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4

In This Video...

- A quick look at the end result
- You try and think how it may be done
- I'll outline how we'll be doing it.



Write Your Ideas

- Use the knowledge you have already
- Would you use a component or inheritance?
- Hint: either could work, just hear yourself reason
- How may you know what to grab?
- What game object would you be working with?
- Share your ideas for discussion.



Grabbing System Overview

- We want to be able to lift the chair next
- We'll add a **Grabber.cpp** component to the player
- The player is a temporary actor, appears on play
- The Game Mode sets which Default Pawn to use
- Create Default Pawn & Game Mode Blueprints
- Specify our modified Default Pawn.

About GameMode

Anything from what inventory items a player starts with or how many lives are available to time limits and the score needed to end the game belongs to GameMode.

<https://docs.unrealengine.com/latest/INT/Gameplay/Framework/GameMode/index.html>

Modifying the Default Pawn Actor

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In This Video...

- Why Blueprint is helpful in this case
- How to make a Blueprint from the Default Pawn
- Note this Blueprint class inherits, an “is a” relation
- A Blueprint is like a template
- You make an “instance” in the scene
- Explore “instantiating” from Blueprint & modifying.

Try Making A Rugby Ball Pawn!

- Modify the Default Pawn somehow...
- ...scaling on one axis for example
- Create an instance by dragging into the world
- See how modifying instance doesn't change BP
- Revert your change.



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Inherit Game Mode Blueprint

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4

In This Video...

- “Hard coding” means assets written into code
- The **DefaultPawn_BP** is an asset
- We want to be able to track changes to its name
- It is convenient to use Blueprint for this purpose
- Extending our C++ Game Mode with Blueprint
- Selecting the new **DefaultPawn_BP**

Make a Game Mode Blueprint

- Find the C++ Game Mode in the Content Browser
- Create a Blueprint class derived (inheriting) from it
- Set this as the Default GameMode in...
- Settings > Project Settings > Maps & Modes
- Make sure the game still runs the same.



Getting Player Viewpoint

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In This Video...

- Know where the player is looking
- Out-parameters can be confusing
- A way of marking-up out parameters
- Continuously logging player viewpoint.



Log the Viewpoint Every Tick

- Log the viewpoint position and direction every tick
- Hint: You may need to use `ToString()`
- Get used to working with different data types
- Give it at least 20 mins if you're struggling
- Carry on watching for my solution.



Using **DrawDebugLine**

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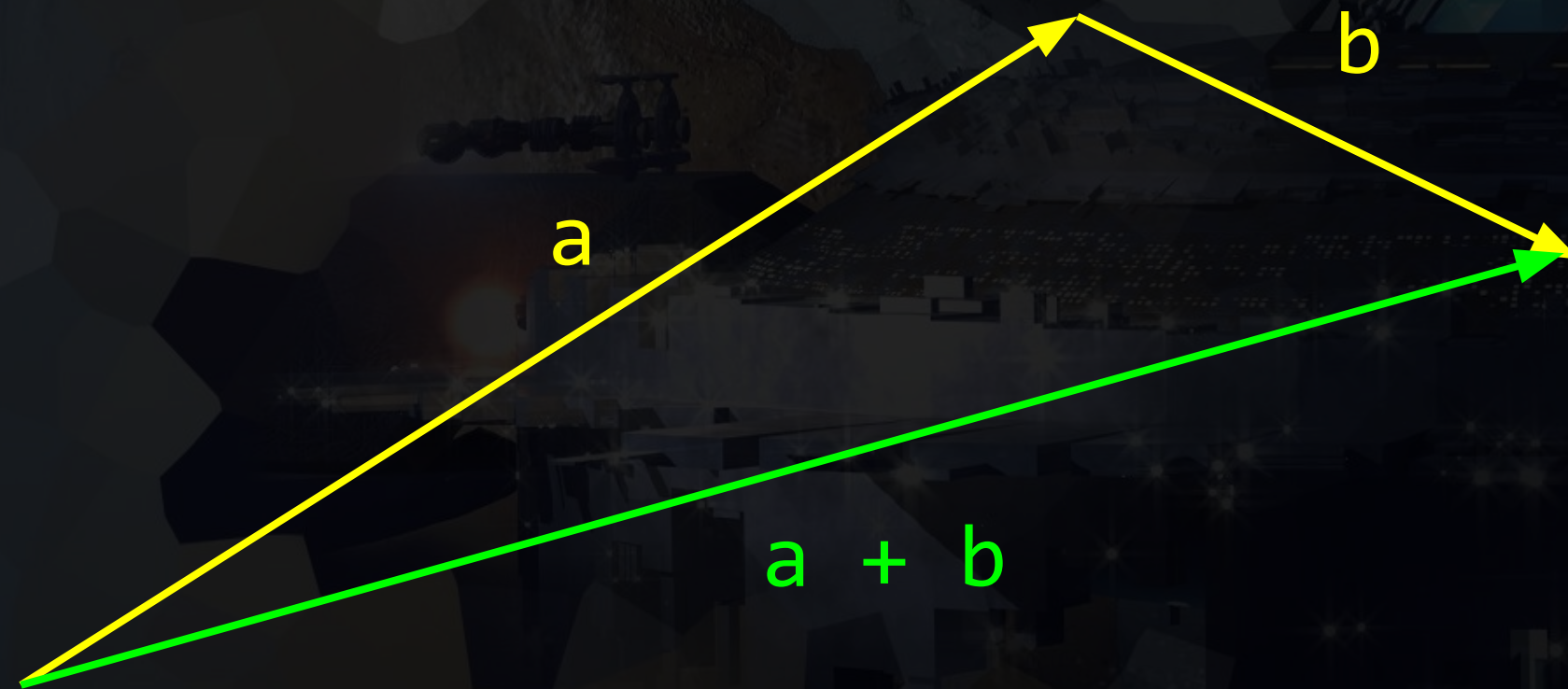


In This Video...

- How to add vectors
- Calculating our line trace end point
- Using debug functions for visualisation in Unreal
- Use **DrawDebugLine()** to visualise the vectors.

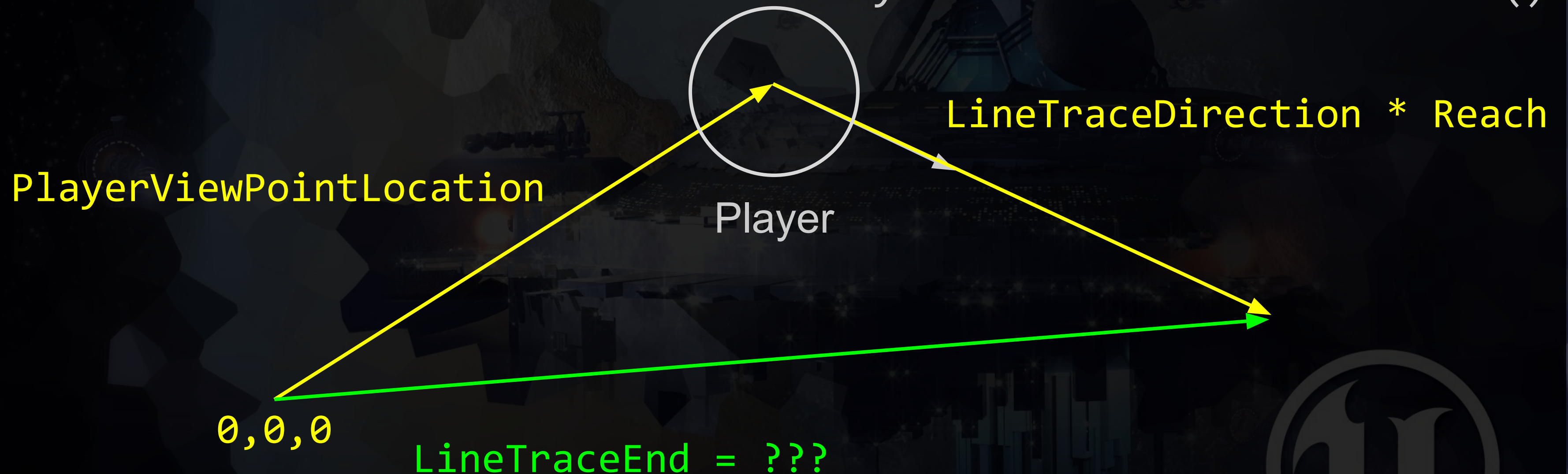


About Adding Vectors



Calculating **LineTraceEnd**

```
LineTraceDirection =  
PlayerViewPointRotation.Vector()
```



Calculate **LineTraceEnd**

- Create a private variable **float Reach = 100.f;**
- Calculate **LineTraceEnd**
- Test the debug trace, eject to visualise (F8)
- Share why it looks a square?



Line Tracing AKA Ray-Casting

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In This Video...

- Line tracing (AKA ray casting) is a very useful tool
- Imagine we shine a virtual laser into the world
- We can use different view modes to visualise
- Simulating physics sets the object channel.



Using Different View Modes

- Access via the view menu in 3D viewport
- By default this will be labeled as “Lit”
- Player Collision shows simplified meshes
- Visibility Collision shows complex meshes
- Hold Ctrl + Alt for more information.



Read About Collision Filtering

- Read Unreal's blog post here...
- <https://www.unrealengine.com/blog/collision-filtering>
- The same rules apply to line tracing
- Share your understanding in the discussions.



LineTraceSingleByObjectType()

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In This Video...

- Meet references for the first time
- **LineTraceSingle** may be deprecated
- Build params inc. **FCollisionQueryParams**

<https://docs.unrealengine.com/latest/INT/API/Runtime/Engine/Engine/UWorld/LineTraceSingleByObjectType>

<https://docs.unrealengine.com/latest/INT/API/Runtime/Engine/FCollisionQueryParams>

Introducing References

- References are special pointers, denoted by **&**
- They cannot be **nullptr** or any other null value
- Once assigned they cannot be re-assigned
- Think of them like an alias
- You use them like the object they reference.



Log the Actor Hit

- Get an **Actor*** from **Hit**
- Perform a **->GetName()** on this actor
- Log the name to the console
- Test it works.



REFERENCES & POINTERS

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In This Video...

- How references and pointers compare
- How to perform common operations in both
- What the **&** and ***** symbols mean in context
- Challenge: Repoint and Rewrite
- When to use references over pointers?



Comparing Pointers to References

	Pointers	References
What is stored	Memory address	
Can be re-assigned (to another address)	Yes	No
Can be null	Yes (use <code>nullptr</code>)	No, must be initialised
Accessing contents	<code>*ActorPtr</code>	<code>ActorRef</code>
Accessing address	<code>ActorPtr</code>	<code>&ActorRef</code>
Changing the address	<code>ActorPtr = &Actor</code>	Not allowed
Changing the value	<code>*ActorPtr = Actor</code>	<code>ActorRef = Actor</code>

The **&** and ***** Symbols in Context

Context	When Using		When Declaring	
Code Examples	CopyOfActor = *ActorPtr; ActorAddress = &Actor;		UActor* ActorPtr; UActor &ActorRef;	
Symbol	*	&	*	&
Syntax	*ActorPtr	&Actor &ActorRef	UActor*	UActor&
Meaning	Contents at ActorPtr	Address of Actor or ActorRef	Pointer to UActor	Reference to UActor

To add insult to injury, these can have other meanings in other contexts, e.g. & for bitwise AND.

Repoint and Rewrite

- Repoint the pointer.
- How do addresses change?
- Rewrite the value at the pointer.
- Rewrite the value at the reference.
- What other values change?



Pointers or References?

- **Golden Rule:** Use references unless you can't.
- References are newer and safer.
- Pointers provide back-compatibility.
- Pointers are more powerful.
- They are also very dangerous.



Resetting Your Unreal Project

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In This Video...

- What to do if your Unreal solution keeps crashing
- How to delete all temporary files
- The order in which to reset things.



Steps to Reset Your Project

1. **“Check-out” or “Reset”** - to a working commit
2. **Delete derived folders & files** - leave Config, Content & Source folders, and .uproject file
3. **Re-open Unreal** - from the launcher or .uproject*
4. **Generate your IDE project files**

** This re-creates generated.h files in Intermediate*

Try It Yourself

- Try resetting your solution, it's important you're confident how this works.
- If in doubt close everything first, then take a .zip of the whole folder as backup.
- Follow the steps on the previous slide
- Ask a question of other students if in trouble.



Using **FindComponentByClass()**

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In This Video...

- What `FindComponentByClass()` does
- How to use it to find attached components
- Introducing angle brackets `<>` for generics
- Use `nullptr` to initialise your pointers
- Log a useful error if the component isn't attached.

Write Error Message

- Log at Error verbosity if no component found
- Write an error that helps the reader fix the issue
- Find and include the name of the object
- ... in this case it's the Default Pawn
- Temporarily remove component to test.



Introducing Input Binding

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In This Video...

- Settings > Project Settings > Engine > Input
- Action mappings are used for on / off actions
- Axis mappings are used for analog values
- You can give players a way or re-mapping
- Many keys can bind to one action
- How to call a function on a key press or release.

Find the Input Component

- Create an appropriate private member
- Check for the component as Physics Handle
- Log a similarly helpful error if it's not attached
- Don't bother trying to remove to test this time.



Accessors & Memory Layout

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In This Video...

- How the arrow, dot and :: accessors work
- Introducing virtual memory
- Introducing permanent storage, stack & heap
- Heap is also known as free store
- How accessor operators relate to memory
- Bind another input action.



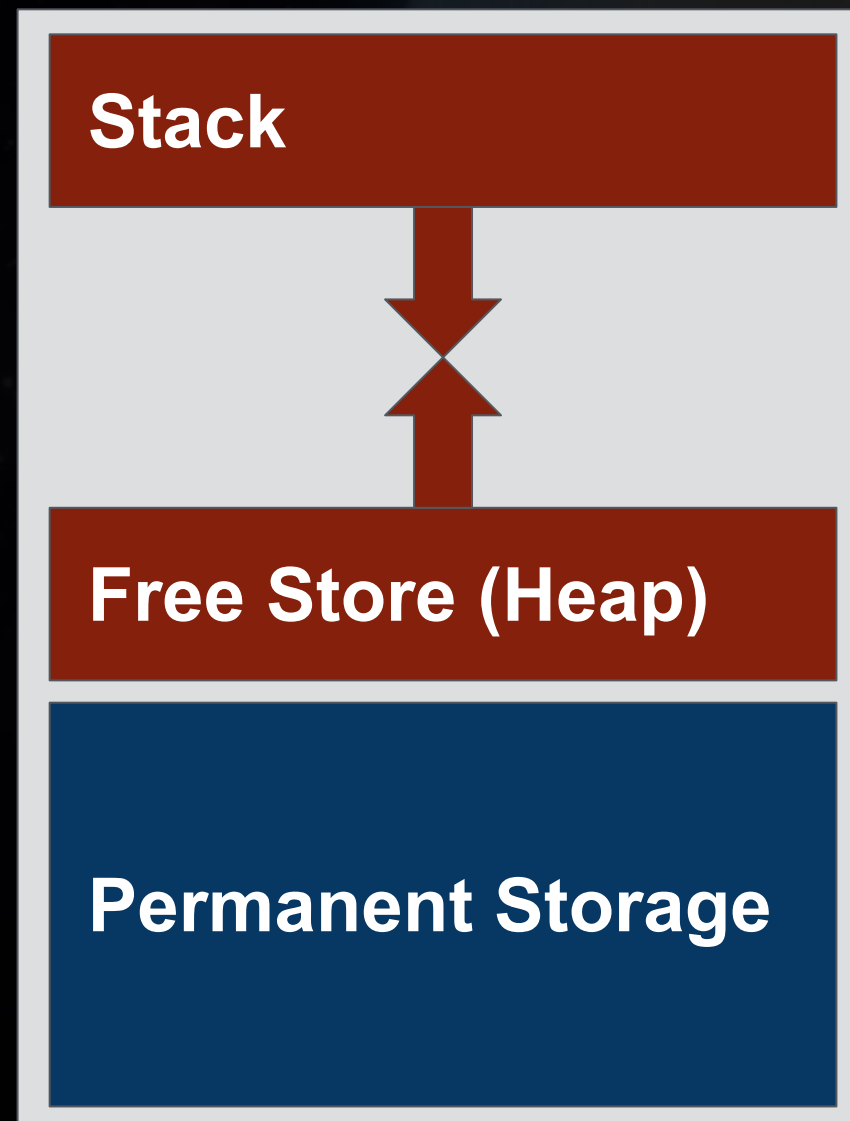
Accessors & Memory Layout

Virtual Memory

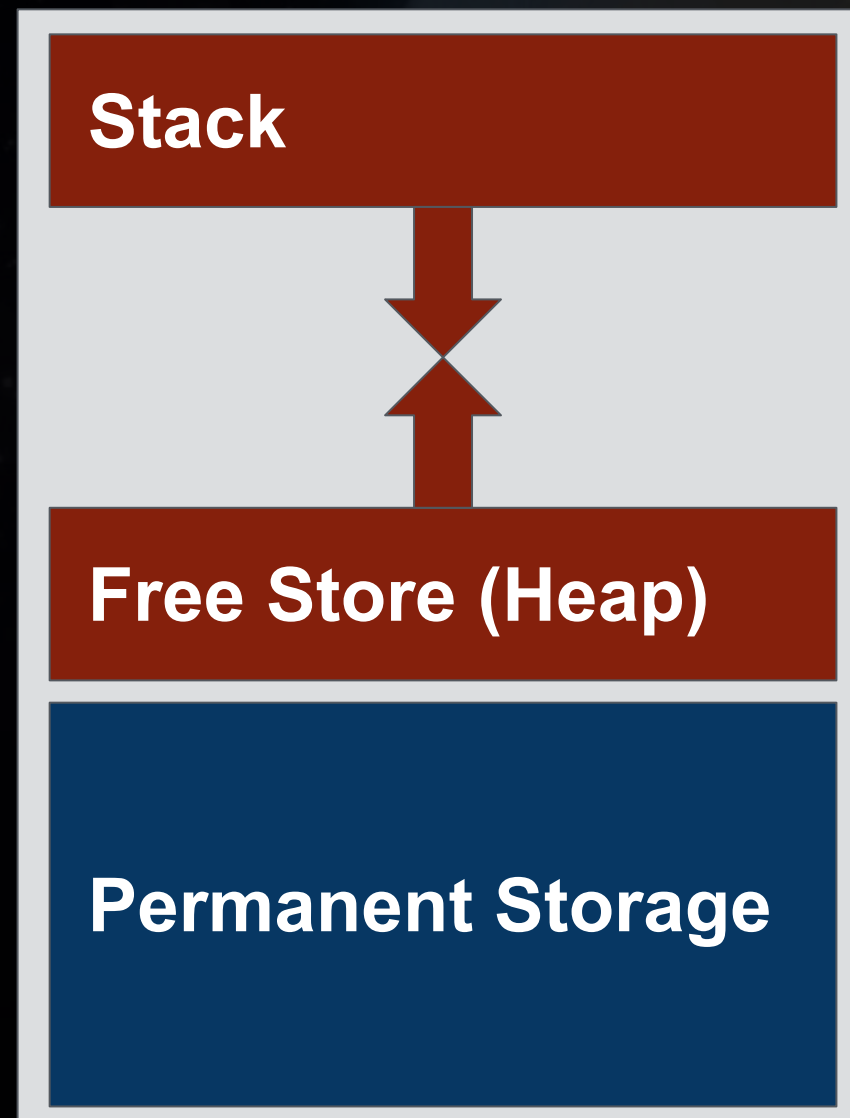


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Accessors & Memory Layout

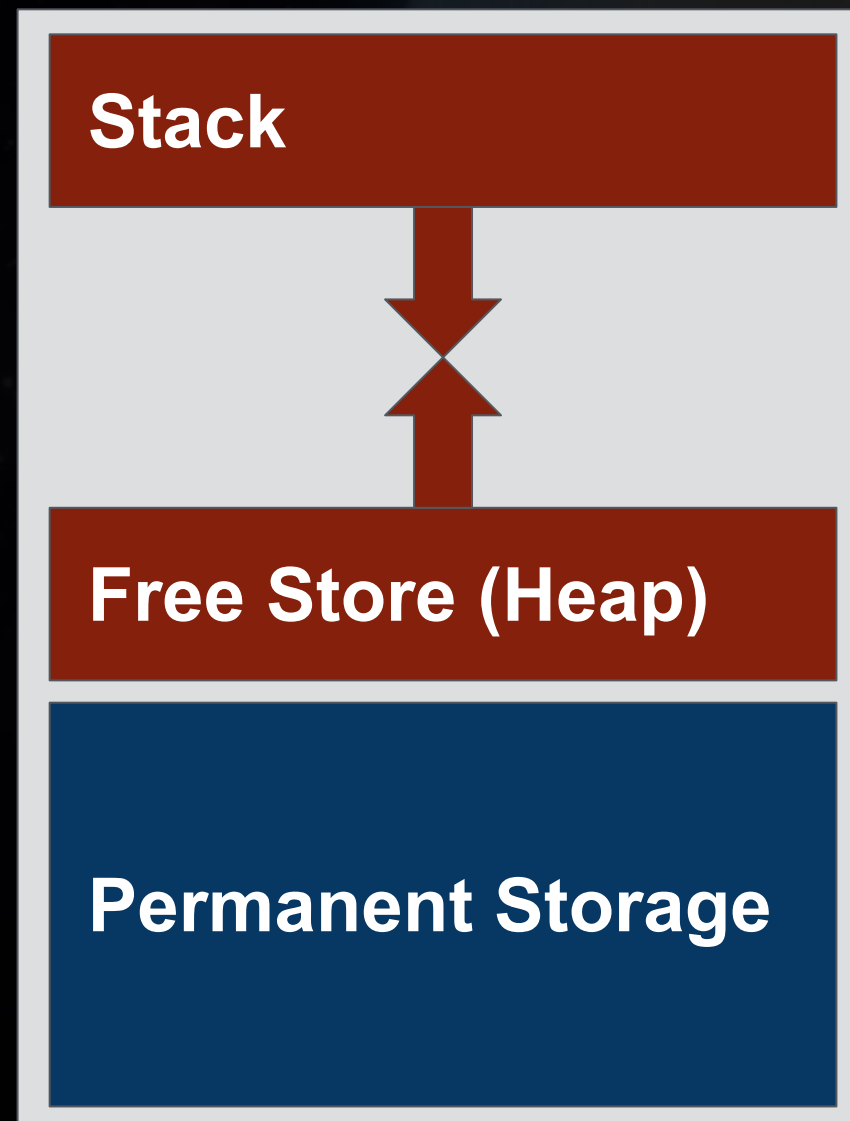


Accessors & Memory Layout



Left Term	Accessor	Examples
Class, Enum, Namespace	::	UGrabber::Grab EWordStatus::OK std::cout

Accessors & Memory Layout



Left Term	Accessor	Examples
Instance or Reference	.	<code>MyGrab.Grab()</code> <code>MyBullCowCount.Bulls</code> <code>MyGrabRef.Grab()</code>
Pointer	->	<code>MyGrabPtr->Grab()</code> <code>MyGrabPtr->Reach</code>
Class, Enum, Namespace	::	<code>UGrabber::Grab</code> <code>EWordStatus::OK</code> <code>std::cout</code>

Create a **Release()** Method

- Follow the example of the grab binding
- The enum for release is **IE_Released**
- Log that the key has been released
- Test then jump with joy.



Reducing Code in “Hot Loops”

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In This Video...

- A “hot loop” is code that get called often
- **TickComponent** is a good example, every frame
- Beware of code that you know will be called a lot
- Make it clear what happens every tick
- Refactor our code for speed...
- ...and make it ready for the physics handle.

Refactor your Code Too

- You can follow me through
- Or watch me first, then refactor at the end
- Or some hybrid, just get it so it's clear to you
- Remember to run often, and commit when done.



Using Physics Handles

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In This Video...

- Unreal provides a Physics Handle that's ideal here
- The Physics Handle component docs are scant*
- Find an example of its use in the engine
- Get the physics handle working.

<http://docs.unrealengine.com/latest/INT/API/Runtime/Engine/PhysicsEngine/UPhysicsHandleComponent>

Red, Green, Refactor

- **Red** - It's not working (test failing)
- **Green** - It's working (ugly is OK)
- **Refactor** - Make it pretty (must still work!)

Then you repeat the sequence.



Find Example in the Engine

- Search engine code for **PhysicsHandle**
- Look for examples of it being used
- If that returns too much, try **GrabComponent**
- See if you can find an example of its usage

<https://docs.unrealengine.com/latest/INT/API/Runtime/Engine/PhysicsEngine/UPhysicsHandleComponent/GrabComponent>



Refactoring Rules

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In This Video...

- Using multiple getters for multiple return values
- Less lines of clear code is better (143 at start)
- Naming is really important, take the time
- Comment the “why”, don’t assume it’s obvious
- The “what” should be obvious...
- ... but it can be helpful to add clarification.

Red, Green, Refactor

- **Red** - It's not working (test failing)
- **Green** - It's working (ugly is OK)
- **Refactor** - Make it pretty (must still work!)

Then you repeat the sequence.



Refactor Your Code

- Refactor your code again
- Yes it's soon, but “clarity is worth fighting for”
- Commit once it's done and it runs well
- Make it so clear you'll remember in a year.



Introducing Unreal's **TArray**

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In This Video...

- A **TArray** is Unreal's go-to container class
- Use to contain many elements of same type
- We'll use to contain all actors on pressure plate
- Give our Default Pawn an eye-height and mass
- Making our pressure-plate based on total mass.

Read About TArray

- Skim-read the TArray documentation*
- Look out for the range-based for loop
- ... particularly the pattern for (x : y)

[*https://docs.unrealengine.com/latest/INT/Programming/UnrealArchitecture/TArrays](https://docs.unrealengine.com/latest/INT/Programming/UnrealArchitecture/TArrays)



Iterating over **TArray** with **for**

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In This Video...

- Using **auto&** as an auto reference type
- Automatically iterating over a **TArray**
- Pattern: **for (const auto* Iterator : Array)**
- How to find an actor's mass
- Tweaking and testing our mass values.



Print the Name of Overlapping Actors

- Iterate over **OverlappingActors**
- For each actor found log their name
- Bonus: add their masses together and test
- Hint: class to find is **UPrimitiveComponent**



Debugging Game Issues

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In This Video...

- Are you using source control? If not start now
- You can “binary search” commits quite fast
- For example 1024 commits takes max 10 tries!
- Think “what changed” and “possible side-effects”
- Remember you can eject with F8 during play.

Find and Eliminate “Drifting” Bug

- When did it come in?
- What feature did we recently enable?
- How does the pawn look when ejected?
- Hint 1: Enabling physics caused the issue
- Hint 2: Expand the “Constraints” section.



Managing Texture Tiling

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In This Video...

- You may want to re-size objects (e.g. panels)
- Doing so will stretch the texture
- You can re-scale a few ways
- One way is in the material blueprint
- UV mapping because we ran out of letters!
- Using the TexCoord node in the material editor.

Adjust Your Textures

- Experiment with new textures
- Adjust the tiling as shown
- Share the results in the course.



Pointer Protection Process

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In This Video...

- Horrible crashes when we follow a `nullptr`
- We must always check pointers before use
- When declaring always initialise to `nullptr`
- Look for `*` in your `.h` files to help find pointers
- Also check before every use and handle `nullptr`
- Sometimes we may choose not to, e.g. Owner.

Protect All Your Pointers

- Check the pressure plate pointer before use
- Log a helpful error if it's null
- Test that it works
- Initialise any other uninitialised pointers
- Make sure all pointer usages are protected.



Exposing Events to Blueprint

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In This Video...

- Sometimes Blueprint's the better choice
- For example defining our door swing as a curve
- We can create an event called **OnOpenRequest**
- Using **UPROPERTY (BlueprintAssignable)***

<https://docs.unrealengine.com/latest/INT/Programming/UnrealArchitecture/Reference/Properties/Specifiers/BlueprintAssignable>

Set a Rotation & Test it Works

- Set a door rotation in Blueprint
- Test the game still plays the same
- Celebrate the fact you're using C++ events in BP!



Using Blueprint Timeline

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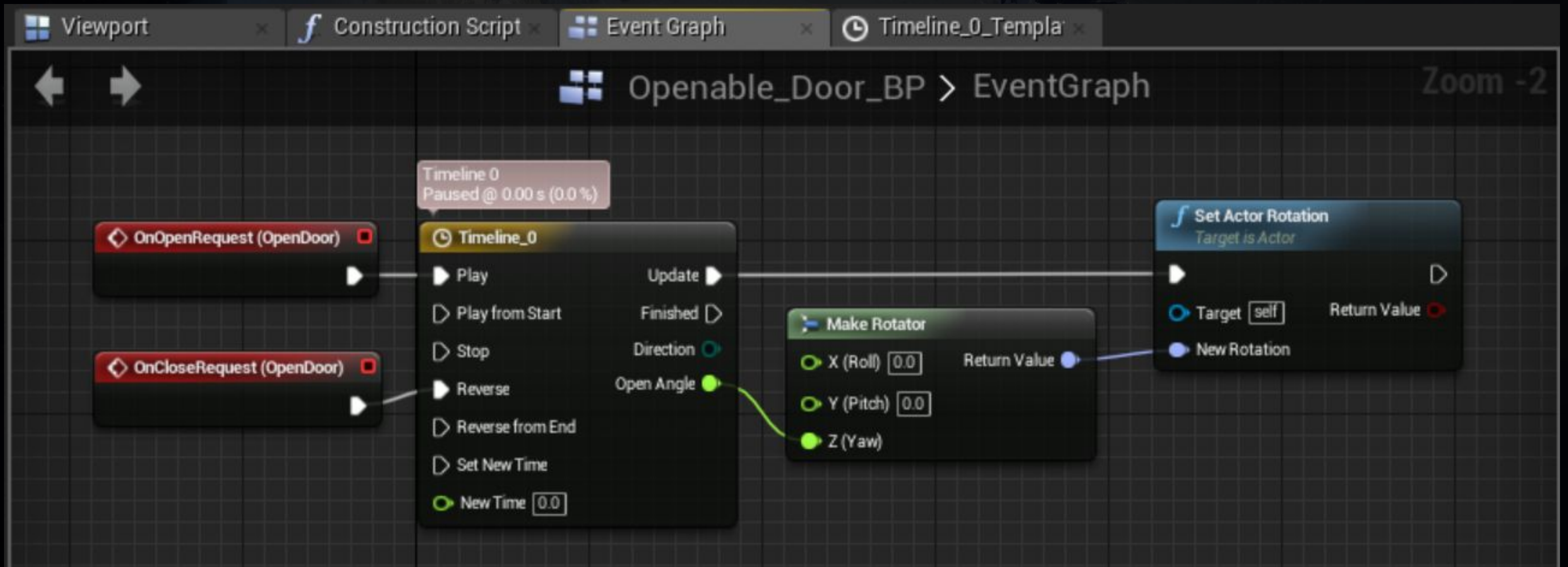


In This Video...

- The Timeline node in Blueprint has a curve editor
- This is ideal for defining our door movement
- How to use Timeline curves in Blueprint
- Setting rotation from a Timeline.



Final Blueprint Layout



Setup Your Door Movement

- See the final blueprint layout (I'll leave on screen)
- Set the curves to your taste
- Test you still can't leave the room
- You may need to adjust the room or curves.



Everything in its Place

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In This Video...

- Using Blueprint has superseded some code
- It's important there's only 1 place per parameter
- Creating a 2nd event: **OnClose**



Create & Connect **OnClose**

- Rename the event class to **FDoorEvent**
- Rename **OnOpenRequest** to simply **OnOpen**
- Create a new **BlueprintAssignable** event
- Call this new event simply **OnClose**
- Wire **OnClose** into the “Reverse” pin in Blueprint
- Test the door now opens and closes.



Using Variables in Blueprint

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In This Video...

- Not all doors have the same absolute rotation
- We want to store the door's rotation at the start
- ... then use this value to make a relative rotation
- We can use Blueprint variables for this
- Making doors that face any direction work.



Try and Combine Rotations

- See if you can finish the Blueprint off
- Look for a way of combining rotators
- Connect it all, test, debug and repeat
- Good luck!



SFX & Audio Clips

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In This Video...

- We're going to trigger a simple sound in Blueprint
- Later in the course we'll use C++ too
- However we'll always reference our assets via BP
- How to trigger a 3D sound.



Get the Sound Working

- Get the sound FX playing on your own
- Consider making or finding other SFX
- Make a video and share in the course.



Section Wrap-Up

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In This Video...

- Congratulations on another complete section
- You've learnt so much, look at the lecture titles
- Please carry-on a little on your own and share
- Attached are useful resources
- Start the next section as soon as you're finished.

How to Delete a C++ Class

- YES - it should be easier than this!
- Delete the source files, and remove from project
- Rebuild the Visual Studio project files
- Delete Unreal's Binaries* folder
- Re-open the Editor and let it rebuild caches.

* Search for: *“Unreal directory structure”*

Coming From Unity?

This Unreal document makes a helpful comparison between Unity and Unreal...

https://docs.unrealengine.com/latest/INT/GettingStarted/FromUnity/index.html?utm_source=launcher&utm_medium=ue&utm_campaign=uelearn



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