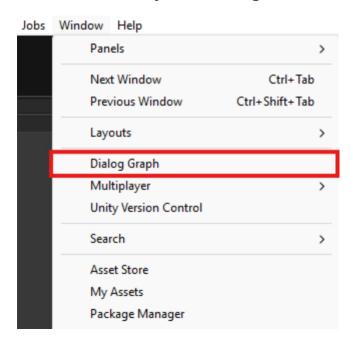
# **Dialog Graph Engine Guide**

This guide provides a clear and detailed explanation of working with the **Dialog Graph Engine** in Unity to create and manage dialog graphs in your projects.

# **Getting Started**

To start using Dialog Graph Engine, follow these steps after importing the .unitypackage:

- 1. Open the **Dialog Graph Editor**:
  - In the Unity Editor, navigate to the menu **Window > Dialog Graph**.

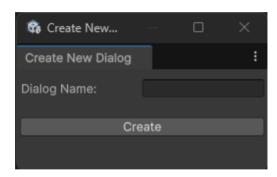


## **Creating and Selecting Dialogs**

• **Default Dialog**: Upon opening the dialog editor, a dialog named **"Default"** is automatically created.



- **Selecting Dialogs**: Use the dropdown list in the editor to switch between created dialogs.
- Creating a New Dialog:
  - 1. Click the **Create Dialog** button.
  - 2. Enter a unique name for the dialog.

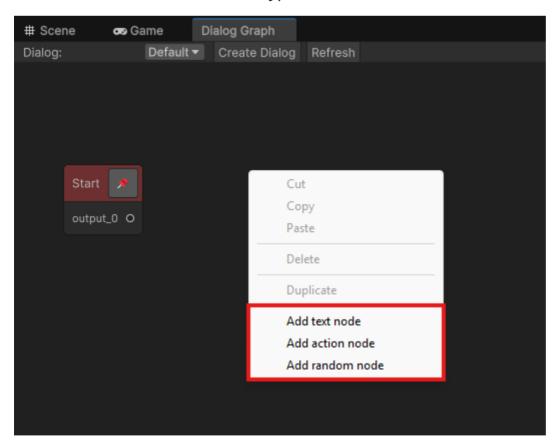


- 3. The editor will automatically switch to the new dialog.
- **Storage**: All dialogs are saved as node sets in the Resources/DGEDialogs directory, with each dialog in a separate folder.

## **Creating Nodes**

To add nodes to the dialog graph:

- 1. Right-click in an empty area of the graph.
- 2. Select one of the three node types from the context menu:



- Text Node
- Action Node
- · Random Node

To view the .asset data file of a specific node in the project hierarchy, use the **Go to Data** button in the node's header on the graph.

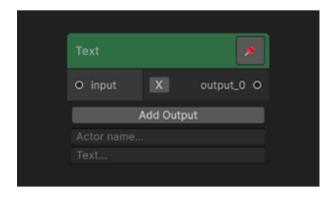


## **Node Types and Their Features**

Dialog Graph Engine supports three node types, each with unique properties and connection capabilities:

#### 1. Text Node

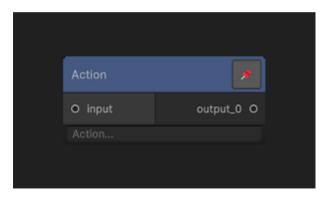
• Purpose: Contains a dialog line or phrase.



- Fields:
  - Source: The name or identifier of the speaker.
  - Text: The dialog text itself.
- Input Port (Many-to-One):
  - Allowed Connections: Action Node, Random Node.
- Output Ports (One-to-One):
  - Allowed Connections: Action Node.
  - Use the **Add Output** button to create output ports.

### 2. Action Node

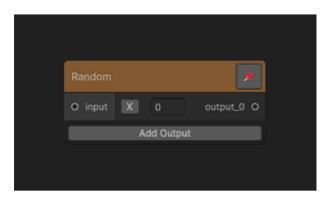
• **Purpose**: Represents response options (e.g., buttons) for a phrase from a text node.



- Input Port (One-to-One):
  - Allowed Connections: Text Node.
- Output Port (One-to-One):
  - Allowed Connections: Text Node, Random Node.

#### 3. Random Node

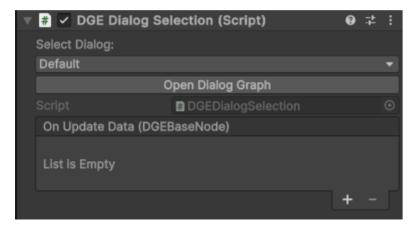
• **Purpose**: Randomly selects one of the connected output nodes with a specified probability (0–100%). Probabilities are normalized (e.g., two outputs at 50% are equivalent to two outputs at 100%).



- Input Port (One-to-One):
  - Allowed Connections: Action Node.
- Output Ports (One-to-One):
  - Allowed Connections: Text Node.

# **Using Dialogs in a Scene**

The **DGEDialogSelection** script manages dialogs in a Unity scene.



## Setup

## 1. Adding the Script:

• Attach the DGEDialogSelection component to an object in the scene.

#### 2. Subscribing to Events:

• Use the onUpdateData event to receive dialog node updates:

```
public UnityEvent<DGEBaseNode> onUpdateData;
```

• The onUpdateData event passes nodes of type DGEBaseNode, starting from the node following StartNode.

```
public DGEDialogSelection dialogSelection;

// Subscribe to dialog updates
dialogSelection.onUpdateData.AddListener(UpdateDialog);

private void UpdateDialog(DGEBaseNode node)
{
    // Iterate through connected nodes (dialog response button foreach (var actionNode in node.outputs)
    {
        // Use the SelectAction() method to proceed to the nex dialogSelection.SelectAction(actionNode);
    }
}
```

### 3. **Starting a Dialog**:

• Call the <a href="StartDialog">StartDialog</a>() method to begin the dialog process:

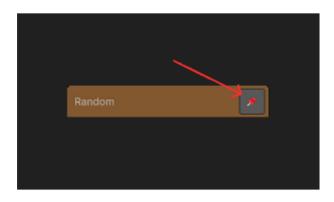
```
dialogSelection.StartDialog();
```

# **Customizing Nodes**

You can extend nodes with additional data to meet your project's requirements.

# **Steps for Customization**

- 1. Accessing the Node Script:
  - Use the **Go to Data** button in the node's header to locate its .asset file.



### 2. Modifying the Script:

• Open the script for the desired node type (e.g., DGETextNode) and add custom fields. Example:

```
using UnityEngine;

[CreateAssetMenu(fileName = "TextNode", menuName = "Nodes/Text
public class DGETextNode : DGEBaseNode
{
    public enum ActorType
    {
        Actor_0,
        Actor_1,
        Actor_2,
        Actor_3,
        Actor_4,
        Actor_5
    }

    public ActorType actorType;
}
```

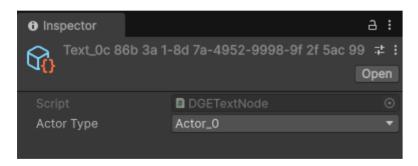
#### 3. Accessing Custom Data:

• In the onUpdateData event, cast the node to the desired type to access its data:

```
switch (node)
{
    case DGETextNode textNode:
       var actorType = textNode.actorType;
       break;
}
```

## **Notes**

• Custom fields added to a node are displayed in the dialog editor for that node.



# Conclusion

Dialog Graph Engine provides a flexible and intuitive system for creating complex dialog chains in Unity. By using **Text Nodes**, **Action Nodes**, and **Random Nodes**, you can create interactive dialogs with branching and random outcomes. The <a href="DGEDialogSelection">DGEDialogSelection</a> script integrates the dialog system into your scenes, and node customization allows you to adapt the system to your project's specific needs.