NOVAsomM7



Hardware User Manual





Index

1	: Welcome to the NOVAsom M7 world	4
2	: Features	5
3	: Description	7
4	: Connectors description and Configuration	8
	4.1 Connectors list and function	8
	4.2 Connectors pinout	. 10
	4.3 J9 Expansion Connector pinout	. 11
	4.6 J7 Audio Connector pinout	. 12
5	: Electrical characteristic	. 13
	5.1 Absolute maximum ratings	. 13
	5.2 Recommended operating conditions	. 14
	5.3 Power consumption and power dissipation	. 14
	5.4 USB relevant standards	. 14
6	: Operational characteristics	. 14
	6.1 : Development system requirements	. 14
	6.2 : The NOVAsom M7 console	. 16
	6.3 : The first boot	. 17
	6.4 : Connections to J9	. 19
	6.5 : Connecting an external battery to the NOVAsom M7 board	. 19
	6.6 : Developing a NOVAsom M7 extension board	. 20
7	: Board outline and mechanical dimensions Errore. Il segnalibro non è defin	ito.
8	: Trobleshooting	. 2 3
9	: Contacts	. 25
1(): Document revisions, references and notes	. 2 5
	10.1 Document revisions	25
	10.2 External references	25
	10.2 Notes	2 -

Index of Tables

Table 1 : Connectors list	9
Table 2 : Connectors pinout	11
Table 3 : Absolute maximum ratings	13
Table 4 : Recommended operating conditions	14
Table 5 : Groups recommendations	21
Table 6 : Troubleshooting	24
Index of Figures	
Figure 1 : NOVAsom M7 top view	8
Figure 2 : NOVAsom M7 bottom view	9
Figure 3 : J9 Details	11
Figure 4: Audio connector detail, default OMTP	12
Figure 5 : The NOVAsom M7 first boot	18
Figure C. Dower input costion	22

1: Welcome to the NOVAsom M7 world

Thank you for choosing this NOVAsom Industries product.

Please carefully read this user guide before using the device for the first time to ensure safe and proper use.

In particular note that:

- Contents and illustrations may differ from your device, depending on the software version, OS
 version or product improvements that NOVAsom Industries judges important, and are subject to
 change without prior notice. Always stay updated visiting www.novasomindustries.com.
- Descriptions are based on the device default settings.
- Modifying the device, the device's operating system or installing software from unofficial sources
 may damage the device itself and lead to data corruption or data loss, or worst, hardware damage.
 Such actions will violate your NOVAsom Industries license agreement and void your warranty.
- Always use genuine NOVAsom Industries accessories. The supplied items are designed only for this
 device and may not be compatible with other devices. To have further information on this specific
 item visit www.novasomindustries.com.
- Default applications on the device are subject to updates, and support for these applications may
 be withdrawn without prior notice. If you have any questions about an application provided with
 the device, please contact NOVAsom Industries at www.novasomindustries.com.
- Software, audio, wallpaper, images, and other media supplied with your device or found in the
 appropriate SDK are licensed for limited use. If you extract and use these materials for commercial
 or other purposes, you may be infringing copyright laws. As a user, you are fully responsible for the
 illegal use of media.

The NOVAsom M7 family is a product line from NOVAsom Industries, targeted toward the low price market (vending, domotics, IoT, etc.) and designed to compete with low cost boards while maintaining NOVAsom Industries high quality level.

NOVAsom M7 is a very small NOVAsom board, approximately credit card size, but with all the necessary to guarantee an immediate bootstrap, driving a display, connecting via Ethernet and USB. It's equipped with one 2.54 mm. dual row strip PI compatible for external expansions.

1 product with different configurations is available:

• NOVAsomM7C: with Rockchip® RK3328 quad A53 processor @1.6GHz, 2GB RAM DDR3L

This will vary with time, more information about product status and availability can be found visiting www.novasomindustries.com .

2: Features

From the integrator point of view the board is a full fledged SBC, with video and communications capabilities and requires a single supply from a wall cube or a generic external power supply. The main characteristics of the NOVAsom M7 are:

On Board Peripherals:

- Up to 2GBytes 32 bit wide LPDDR
- 1 bootable uSD slot up to 128GBytes
- 1 Ethernet port @ 10/100 Mbit/sec.
- 1 4K HDMI video output port
- 1 Integrated RTC with optional external battery connector
- Audio codec and analog RGB output on dedicated expansion connector J7
- 1 USB 2.0 Host connector + 1 USB 2.0 OTG connector
- 1 USB 3.0 Host connector
- 1 Remote IR input with connector
- 1 optical SPDIF out expansion connector
- 1 Power led and 1 User Driven led
- Standard 2.5mm Power Supply Jack for 6.5Vcc to 12Vcc input, central positive
- WiFi / BlueTooth module with UFL antenna connector

On Expansion Connectors (J9):

- 1 I2C @ 3.3V
- 1 SPI @ 50 MHz maximum
- 8 GPIO @ 3.3V
- 1 Full UART @ 3.3V (TX; RX; RTS; CTS)
- 1 PCM AUDIO @ 3.3V
- 1 x RS232
- 1 x uSD/eMMC plus 3 GPIO
- 1 x TX/RX only UART

On IR Expansion Connectors (J4):

- Input from IR detector (Note 1) (Note 2)
- Output led for IR feedback (Note 1) (Note 2)

On SPDIF Expansion Connectors (J5):

• Output led for optical SPDIT transmitter (Note 1) (Note 2)

Note 1: these pins have a dedicated function and cannot be used as GPIO

Note 2: these pins have the appropriate driver

All the pins without (Note 1), (Note 2) or (Note 3) can be programmed as GPIO or programmed accordingly to the functions described in table 6 and table 7 below.

The connectors J4 is normally not equipped with the pin strip.

The user has so the choice to use a male or female contact type, and to solder the strips on top or bottom of the NOVAsom M7, use partially populated connectors or a mix of them.



3: Description

The NOVAsom M7 family is equipped with Rockchip RK3328 quad A53 processor, up to 2GByte DDR3L and WiFi/BT, 100 Mbps Ethernet with magnetic connector on board and PI compatible expansion connector. UPS-Manager©, WiFi and other options are available on request.

Visit www.novasomindustries.com, you can download 3D drawings and detailed mechanical drawing.

4: Connectors description and Configuration

4.1 Connectors list and function

In Figure 2 you can see the NOVAsom M7 board connectors top placement, while in Figure 3 you can see the NOVAsom M7 board connectors bottom placement

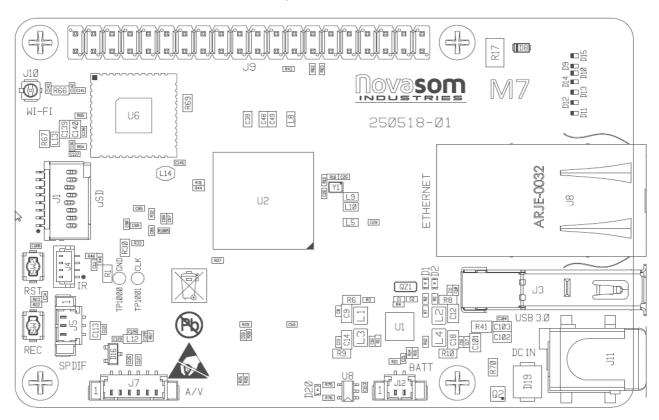


Figure 1: NOVAsom M7 top view

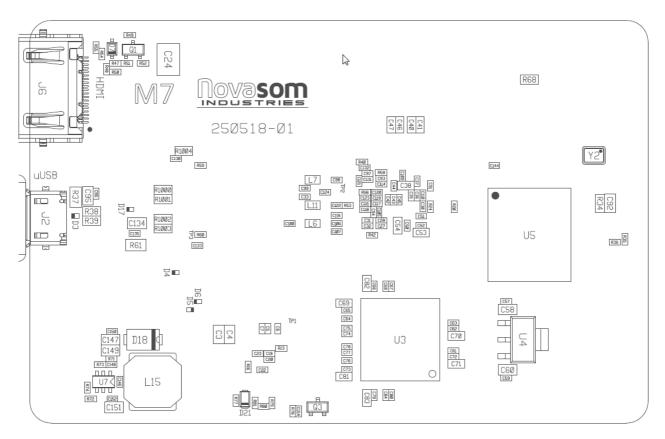


Figure 2: NOVAsom M7 bottom view

In Table 1 you can see the NOVAsom M7 board connectors and the mating connectors.

Connector	Manufacturer	Connector Part Number	Function
J1	Molex	1051620001	μSD
J2	FCI	10104111-0001LF	μUSB
J3	Molex	0484040003	USB 3.0
J4	JST	BM04B-SRSS-TB(LF)(SN)	IR
J5	Molex	53398-0371	SPDIF
J6	FCI	10029449-001RLF	HDMI
J7	Molex	53398-0671	A/V PORT
J8	Abracon	ARJE-0032	Eth+USB 2.0
J9	-	-	40 pin header
J10	Hirose	U.FL-R-SMT-1	UFL connector
J11	CUI	PJ-002AH-SMT-TR	POWER
J12	Molex	53398-0271	Battery

Table 1: Connectors list

4.2 Connectors pinout

In the Table 2 you can see the NOVAsom M7 board connectors functions and pin assignement for the non standard parts.

Identifier	Function	Position	Pin Function
J1	SD Card Slot	Тор	Standard uSD card
J2	USB2.0 OTG	Bottom	Standard uSB
J3	USB3.0 HOST	Тор	Standard USB 3.0
J4	IR CONNECTOR	TOP	1 : LED 2 : GND 3 : IR_RX 4 : 3.3 VCC
J5	SPDIF	TOP	1 : SPDIF OUT 2 : 3.3 VCC 3 : GND
J6	HDMI	BOTTOM	Standard HDMI
J7	A/V PORT	TOP	1: 3.3 VCC 2: TV Out 3: LINEOUT L 4: LINEOUT R 5: AUDIO MUTE
J8	ETH/USB	ТОР	Standard Ethernet Standard USB 2.0
J9	EXPANSION	TOP	
J10	WiFi / BT	ТОР	Standard center pin UFL connector
J11	Power In	ТОР	Standard 2x5.5MM center positive connector
J12	External Battery	ТОР	53261 pico blade 1: Positive 2 : Negative

Table 2: Connectors pinout

(*) Note: the uSD slot is 3.3V powered and has no provisions to manage the insertion or the removal of the uSD card with power applied, and thus no ESD protections equip the uSD slot.

The insertion or the removal of a uSD card with applied power may result in a permanent damage to the card or, worst, to the NOVAsom M7 board.

The card MUST be inserted without power applied.

The presence switch that equips the uSD slot of the NOVAsom M7 board signals to the processor that a card is in the slot, thus allowing the boot process to read the bootloader from the uSD slot.

If the card is not found when the power is applied the boot process will look in eMMC chip for a valid bootloader code but the presence of the eMMC depends on the NOVAsom M7 board equipment. The uSD slot is a push only operated slot.

4.3 J9 Expansion Connector pinout

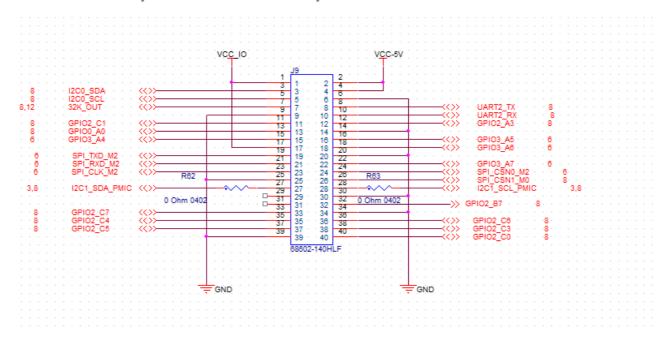


Figure 3: J9 Details

4.6 J7 Audio Connector pinout

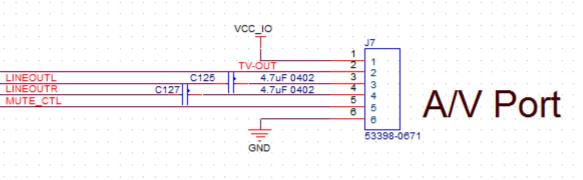


Figure 4: Audio connector detail, default OMTP

5: Electrical characteristic

5.1 Absolute maximum ratings

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)(2)

VINHIGH	6.5 to 13V (up to 18Vcc for t < 100 uSec.)
3.3V pin input voltage (2)	-0.3V to 3.6V
Battery Voltage Input	-0.3V to 4.7V
3.3V pin output voltage (2)	-0.3V to 3.6V
Input clamp current for 3.3V pin (2)	±10mA

Table 3: Absolute maximum ratings

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the board. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "Recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect board reliability.

⁽²⁾ The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

5.2 Recommended operating conditions

VINHIGH	6.5V to 12.5 Vcc (up to 18Vcc for t < 100 uSec.)
3.3V pin input voltage (2)	0V to 3.3V
Battery Voltage Input	0V to 4.3V
3.3V pin output voltage (2)	0V to 3.3V
Input clamp current for 3.3V pin (2)	±2mA

Table 4: Recommended operating conditions

5.3 Power consumption and power dissipation

All measurements are done with an input voltage of 12V with Android 8.1 and an HDMI monitor @ 1920x1080.

Boot phase: 200 mA

Running: 170 mA Suspend to memory: 110 mA

Freeze to memory : 20 mA

For the details of the low power modes consult the Rockchip RK3328 Reference Manual

5.4 USB relevant standards

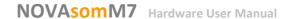
- Universal Serial Bus Specification, Rev. 2.0 (Compaq, Hewlett-Packard, Intel, Lucent, Microsoft, NEC, Philips; 2000)
- On-The-Go and Embedded Host Supplement to the USB Revision 2.0 Specification (Hewlett-Packard Company, Intel Corporation, LSI Corporation, Microsoft Corporation, Renesas Electronics Corporation, ST-Ericsson; 2012).

6: Operational characteristics

6.1 : Development system requirements

From the NOVAsom Industries web site www.novasomindustries.com the user can download the NOVAsom SDK to ease the development process for all the NOVAsom Industries boards. The NOVAsom M7 board is currently supported at the boot level, and there is the standard BSP support in





form of device tree blob, or DTB.

The NOVAsom SDK is a virtual machine tool, running on a Fedora 20 core and based on VirtualBox. The Virtual Machine is thus compatible with hosts based on Windows™, MacOS™ or Linux machines. More detailed information aboaut the installation process of the NOVAsom SDK can be found visiting the NOVAsom Industries web site at www.novasomindustries.com.

Normally, for a relatively relaxed development, an I5 host with 60 GBytes of free hard disk space and 8GBytes of RAM is enough.

For very heavy developments (as a complex 3D supported Qt file system or a Chromium X based application) "the bigger is better", so more RAM you can dedicate to the Virtual Machine the faster the Virtual Machine will run.

A more than good situation is an I7 host with 16GB of RAM and 128GB of free disk space.

For connecting to the NOVAsom M7 console you need a serial port, and considering that on modern desktop the serial port is not present a USB to Serial adapter is probably the only choice you have.

Finally, you need a uSD written with a basic file system, and a way to physically write the uSD itself.

You can download a uSD image from the www.novasomindustries.com page in the NOVAsom M7 dedicated section, where you can find all the information about how to write a uSD from the NOVAsom M7 image you just downloaded using your preferred host system.

6.2: The NOVAsom M7 console

In order to use the serial console available on the NOVAsom M7 board you need a serial terminal. GtkTerm is a good choice for Linux users, Teraterm is a nice choice for Windows™ users, it's up to MacOS™ users to understand which kind of terminal application they need.

The NOVAsom M7 port is on pins 8 and 10 of J9 connector at 3.3V level. An external translator or an external USB to serial converter is required. NOVAsom Industries can provide a suitable adapter (see code 240718) to drive the pins adequately. A serial port with a bit rate of 115200 with no flow control and 1 stop bit is required to communicate wit the NOVAsom M7 board.

The pins from where to connect the serial port are pin 8 of J9 (TXD from NOVAsom M7 board) , pin 10 of J9 (RXD to NOVAsom M7 board) and pin 6 of J9 (the GND connection).

Just plug both the power supply and the serial port through the adapter and you will see the boot process of your new NOVAsom M7 board.

6.3: The first boot

The steps in order to boot your NOVAsom M7 board are:

- Create the uSD with a standard file system as described in chapter 6.1 above
- Insert the just written uSD in the J1 slot
- Connect the serial port to your NOVAsom M7 and a FHD capable monitor the the HDMI (J6 connector)
- Insert an appropriate power source chord in the J11 connector and power it on.

After just some half a second you should see on your terminal application something similar to what you see in Figure 7 below, and this means you have your NOVAsom M7 powered up and running.



```
File Edit Log Configuration Control signals View
                                                                          Help
௵®>Gn௵©gF©gggOvwo©©<T©=e©]m௵ŕ©™poFWO©=©-
U-Boot 2017.09-g66bc1ed (Nov 14 2018 - 12:02:04 +0100)
Model: Rockchip RK3328 EVB
DRAM:
      992 MiB
Relocation Offset is: 3dc1b000
Using default environment
Caution: find clock fail, not support hs200!
Caution: find clock fail, not support hs200!
rksdmmc@ff500000: 1, rksdmmc@ff520000: 0
No Found FDT Load Address.
MMC:
       In:
              serial
Out:
       serial
       serial
Err:
Model: Rockchip RK3328 EVB
## Error: "rkimg bootdev" not defined
invalid parameter
invalid parameter
get part misc fail -1
CLK:
          apll
                         400000000 Hz
                         664000000 Hz
          dpll
          cpll
                        1200000000 Hz
                         491519998 Hz
          gpll
                         600000000 Hz
          npll
                          600000000 Hz
        armclk
      aclk_bus
                          150000000 Hz
                           75000000 Hz
      hclk_bus
      pclk bus
                          75000000 Hz
     aclk peri
                          150000000 Hz
     hclk peri
                           75000000 Hz
     pclk peri
                           75000000 Hz
       No ethernet found.
Hit any key to stop autoboot: 2
```

Figure 5: The NOVAsom M7 first boot

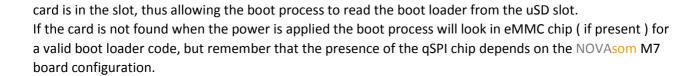
Please note: the garbage in the very first lines are due to the output messages from the Rockchip binary distributed proprietary code during the DDR initialization, where the bit rate is set at 1.500.000 bit/sec. After this quick initial phase the Novasom Industries boot loader is started and a more comfortable 115.200 bit/sec speed is programmed in the serial communication device.

A special note about the uSD slot: the uSD slot has not been designed to insert or remove the uSD card with power applied, so inserting or removing a uSD card with applied power may result in a permanent damage to the card or, worst, to the NOVAsom M7 board.

The card MUST be inserted without power applied.

The presence switch that equips the uSD slot of the NOVAsom M7 board signals to the processor that a

N.M7-250518-HUM-M7-V1.2



6.4 : Connections to J9

J9 sports a lot of signals, and most of them are connected at the processor level without buffering or protection.

Although the processor is quite protected on over and under voltages, care should be taken in order to avoid to stress the processor outside the recommended operating conditions, or permanent damages will result on the processor itself.

It's quite common to overtake a ringing digital signal that stresses the processor outside the recommended operating conditions, so if you are in doubt use dump series resistors in the order of 1 K Ω for input signals. In the table 2 the signals are named as the standard DTB factory functions, and the colored functions are the functions provided by the standard DTB factory functions.

You can find all the information on how to change a pin function visiting the www.novasomindustries.com page in the NOVAsom M7 dedicated section, where you can find a lot of application notes and already developed tools and examples.

6.5 : Connecting an external battery to the NOVAsom M7 board

The connector J12 is minded to connect a 3.7V external battery.

The external battery will be used on systems that need to be powered by an external battery. On the other hand, the battery can be of a rechargeable type (Lilon or Lithium coin cell) and will be charged with 450 mA from the 5V supply.

Care should be taken to connect the correct battery (a 3.7V battery is requested, higher voltages will immediately destroy your NOVAsom M7 board) and connect the battery in the correct way, where the pin 1 of J2 is the positive and the pin 2 is the negative. A power inversion can permanently damage the battery or, worst, damage your NOVAsom M7 board.

6.6 : Developing a NOVAsom M7 extension board

The RK3328 contains a limited number of pins, most of which have multiple signal options. These signal to pin and pin to signal options are selected by the input/output multiplexer called IOMUX.

The IOMUX is also used to configure other pin characteristics, such as voltage level, drive strength, and hysteresis.

Due to this, all the I/O pins on J9 behave as input at power up, and until the bootloader or the kernel are up and running, they are substantially configured as input.

All the inputs have an internal $100k\Omega$ pull up to the VCC rail, whichever the VCC is.

Keeping this in mind, all the pins that are configured to be an output needs a pull down resistor in the range of $15k\Omega$ in order to keep the particular signal at the low level, if needed.

This is true for all the I/O pins marked with the green or orange box in Table 3 for J19 and Table 4 for J13. Conversely, all the pins marked with the yellow box in Table 3 and Table 4 doesn't need external pull up or pull down, but require correct impedance matching depending of the line characteristics of the function the pin is associated to, so you should observe the basic recommendation in Table 10.



The following Table 10 indicates the recommendations of the special function pin.

Signal Group	Recommendations
I2C buses : I2C2_SCL, I2C2_SDA	No particular attention. The pull up resistor are on board, so they are not needed

Table 5: Groups recommendations

Here there are some basic rules for the correct interfacing to J9:

- Don't overdrive an input pin: all the pins have a 3.3V logic. Avoid to drive a normally powered 3.3V pin with values that exceeds those defined in Table 9: Recommended operating conditions.
- Pay attention to overshoot or undershoot, and if present use a damp resistor in the range of 100 Ω to 1K Ω in series. The internal protection of the RK3328 will do the rest.
- Understand the idle logic level (e.g. during reset) and use the appropriate pull up or pull down if needed, in the range of $15k\Omega$. The RK3328 processor has an internal pull up of $100 k\Omega$ at power up on all I/O pins, so during the reset phase and for all the boot phases the I/O pins of the RK3328 will float high. For example, if you drive an external load activated with a low level, you will get a logic one on the I/O pin until the kernel has not defined this is an output pin (some 5 to 12 seconds after power is applied, depending on file system size), so you will have your load activated during all the boot phases.
- Avoid short circuits between pins or between pins and power, even for limited time. Although the RK3328 is quite well protected, this rises power dissipation, may lead to pin breaks or worst and in any case is not a good practice.
- Check thoroughly the impedance matching and trace lengths on the "special" signals listed in Table
- Select the right output strength in the DTB file of your BSP and avoid using excessive strength for signals that don't need this. Also, consider carefully the FAST output mode, as this leads to EMI problems and ring on not well matched traces.

Extended Range Power Supply

Figure 6: Power input section

- The I2C lines (I2C2_SCL, I2C2_SDA) has a 3.3KΩ pull ups on the NOVAsom M7 board to their own power. Avoid to place additional pull ups on the I2C lines, as this may lead to malfunctioning due to excessive load.
- The USB HOST channels on J13 (USBDN_DP2, USBDN_DM2, USBDN_DP3, USBDN_DM3) has already the power protections and management on the the NOVAsom M7 board, and can be driven using a schematic like the one in the following Figure 5 (USBOTGDN, USBOTGDP is shown, but the same can be used for USBDN_DP3, USBDN_DM3 with the USB_PWR3 signal).

With these simple hints you will successfully design your own Extension board.

GND

7: Trobleshooting

Here you can find a very basic list of things that can happen at the unexperienced user at the very first boot

In case of hardware failure contact us at www.novasomindustries.com for additional support and follow carefully the instructions.

Power is applied but I can't see anything on the terminal output.	Check your uSD has been correctly inserted in J4 slot and power is applied.
	 Check your uSD has been correctly written. The uSD has an initial FAT partition, so you can check if it's correctly written on a Windows™, MacOS™ or Linux machine. If you can't read the uSD this means it is broken or badly written, try to rewrite it or substitute it with a new one.
	 Check if the green led D11 (power) is on. If it's not on check your power supply voltage, current and wire orientation. Protections on the NOVAsom M7 board permit you to connect an inverted power, but not on overvoltage, so be careful. An undervoltage situation will not damage the NOVAsom M7 board, an overvoltage will damage your NOVAsom M7 board for sure. Check if the green led D9 (heartbeat) blinks. If the steps above are checked this should indicate an hardware failure. Check the connection with your serial port or the application you use as a terminal are correct. If still you don't find anything wrong this should indicate an hardware failure.
I see the terminal but I have no connection with the network	Check your cables and your connectivity, maybe you need to ask your network administrator. The NOVAsom M7 base image has a dhcp client active, so you need an accessible dhcp server to effectively use the network interface. If still you don't find anything wrong this should indicate an hardware failure.

I can't see any video on the LCD panel	Check your log (on the terminal the command is dmesg grep LCD). If the result doesn't contain Detected LCD controller check your DTB file
I can't see any video on the LVDS monitor	 Check the voltage levels for the LCD power supply and the backlight power supply. Check your DTB has a correct description of the LCD panel and the timings.
	 Check your DTB defines correctly the PWM output.
	 If still you don't find anything wrong and you are sure your panel is not broken this should indicate an hardware failure.

Table 6 : Troubleshooting

8: Contacts

Web page: www.novasomindustries.com

9: Document revisions, references and notes

9.1 Document revisions

N.M7-250518-HUM-V1.2	Detailed connectors and P/N
N.M7-250518-HUM-V1.1	Global Fixes on text and typo
N.M7-250518-HUM-V1.0	First release

9.2 External references

For the NOVAsom Industries products and NOVAsom M7 in detail: www.novasomindustries.com

For the processors: Rockchip RK3328Applications Processor Reference Manual

9.3 Notes

Information contained in this publication regarding device applications and the like is provided only for your convenience and may be superseded by updates.

It is your responsibility to ensure that your application meets with your specifications.

NOVAsom Industries MAKES NO REPRESENTATIONS OR WARRANTIES OF ANY KIND WHETHER EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WRITTEN OR ORAL, STATUTORY OR OTHERWISE, RELATED TO THE INFORMATION, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO ITS CONDITION, QUALITY, PERFORMANCE, MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR PURPOSE. NOVAsom Industries disclaims all liability arising from this information and its use.

Use of NOVAsom Industries devices and software in life support and/or safety applications is entirely at the buyer's risk, and the buyer agrees to defend, indemnify and hold harmless NOVAsom Industries from any and all damages, claims, suits, or expenses resulting from such use.

No licenses are conveyed, implicitly or otherwise, under any NOVAsom Industries intellectual property rights.

