$$\widehat{\Theta}_{n}^{*} = \widetilde{E}(\Theta|X)$$

$$\delta_{Q}(0) = \int_{\Theta} \delta_{Q_{n}^{*}}(t) \frac{Q(dt)}{Q(dt)} \qquad \forall \Theta_{n}^{*} \in L_{2}(\Sigma, P)$$

У субъективизи в байесовской теории инера уверенности испедователе"

$$\chi^n \times \Theta \sim \psi_{\vec{z}}(t) q(t) := f(\vec{z}, t), \quad \vec{z} \in \chi^n$$

$$\mathbb{E}(\theta^*(X) - \theta)^2$$

$$E\left(\xi-g(\eta)\right)^{2}\longrightarrow \min$$

$$(\xi,\eta) - a \delta c, \text{ herp}, \quad \hat{g}(\eta) = \mathbb{E}(\xi|\eta) = \int t \frac{f_{\xi,\eta}(t,\eta)}{P_{\eta}(\eta)} dt$$

Teopena Battera

$$\widetilde{\Theta}_{n}^{*} = \widetilde{\mathbb{E}}(\Theta|X) = \int_{\Theta} t \cdot \frac{\Psi_{x}(t)q(t)}{\int \Psi_{x}(s)q(s)\mu(ds)} \mu(dt)$$

 $\frac{\text{Rpunep}}{q(t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}} e^{-\frac{t^2}{2d^2}}$ 

$$q(t) + (x) = c_n exp \left[ -\frac{1}{2} n x^2 + n x^2 - \frac{1}{2} n t^2 - \frac{t^2}{26^2} \right] =$$

$$= c_n^*(x) exp \left[ -\frac{A_n}{2} \left( t - \frac{n x}{(n + \frac{1}{6})^2} \right)^2 \right]$$

$$\widetilde{\alpha} = \int_{\Theta} t \cdot \frac{\Psi_{x}(t) q(t)}{\int \Psi_{x}(s) q(s) \mu(ds)} \mu(dt)$$

$$\widetilde{\chi} = \frac{\overline{\chi}}{1 + \frac{1}{d^2 n}} \xrightarrow{n \to \infty} \overline{\chi}$$

Истод доверительных интервалов  $\left(\Theta_{r}^{-},\Theta_{r}^{+}\right)$  - <u>AOBEPUTEABHBIU</u> <u>UHTEPBAN</u> ypobrue  $\varepsilon$  (ypobrue gobepus 1- $\varepsilon$ ), ecun  $\forall n \ P(\theta_n^- \le \theta \le \theta_n^+) > 1 - \epsilon$ , ye  $\theta \in \mathbb{R}$ Romes X1,..., Xn € Na,60  $(\overline{X} - \alpha) \sqrt{n} \in N_{0,1}$ , T.K.  $E\overline{X} = \alpha$ ,  $D\overline{X} = \frac{6^{\circ}}{n}$  $\mathbb{P}\left(\overline{X} - \frac{60te}{\sqrt{n}} \le X \le \overline{X} + \frac{60te}{\sqrt{n}}\right) = 1 - \varepsilon$  pacipegenerue  $N_{0,1}$ Teopena  $G(\theta, X): \forall X G_X(\theta) \in C(\Theta), \text{ caporomonor no } \Theta$ 

 $F(t)=\mathbb{P}(G(\theta,X)< t)$  re zabucut or  $\theta$  $\stackrel{|}{\Longrightarrow} \left\{ G^{-1}(t_{\varepsilon}^{(3)}, X), G^{-1}(t_{\varepsilon}^{(2)}, X) \right\}, \text{ age } t_{\varepsilon}^{(3)}, t_{\varepsilon}^{(2)}:$  $F(t_{\varepsilon}^{(1)}) = \frac{\varepsilon}{2}, F(t_{\varepsilon}^{(2)}) = 1 - \frac{\varepsilon}{2}$ 

> - границы доверитемьного интервала ур. Е (6 reopense he numer mper unreplan, T.K. He zhaem, kakoe zharetme Tourme)

Romer X€No, &  $\frac{\nabla \overline{X^2}}{6^2} = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left( \frac{X_i}{6^i} \right)^2 \in \mathcal{X}_n^2$ 

PACMPELENEHUE Xm - X-Kbogpat c m creneteeuu choogyn- $\eta \in \mathcal{X}_{m}^{2}$ ,  $\eta \stackrel{d}{=} \stackrel{\mathcal{D}}{\underset{i=1}{\sum}} \stackrel{?}{\underset{i=1}{\sum}}$ , ye  $\stackrel{?}{\underset{i=1}{\sum}} \in \mathcal{N}_{0,1}$ ,  $\stackrel{\overrightarrow{}}{\underset{}{\underset{}{\sum}}} - \text{Hop CB}$ \_\_\_\_\_ пришерно такие пиотности при разних т

$$\mathbb{P}\left(t_{\varepsilon}^{(1)} \leq \frac{n\overline{X^{2}}}{6^{2}} \leq t_{\varepsilon}^{(2)}\right) = 1 - \varepsilon$$

$$\mathbb{P}\left(\frac{n\overline{X^{2}}}{t_{\varepsilon}^{(2)}} \leq 6^{2} \leq \frac{n\overline{X^{2}}}{t_{\varepsilon}^{(3)}}\right) - \text{rowyrum kau gobeparentouri unirepl.}$$

3 ameraque 
$$\Theta \in \mathbb{R}^2 \implies \Omega$$
 - goberntenskale objects, ecun ora zabucut toloko ot  $X$  u  $\mathbb{P}(\Theta \in \Omega) \geqslant 1 - \varepsilon$