Muhammad Izham Bin Norhamadi B032020039

LAB 7

Network Addressing

Learning Objectives

Upon completion of this lab, you will be able to:

- Determine the number of subnetworks needed.
- Determine the number of hosts needed.
- Design an appropriate classless addressing scheme using basic subnetting
- Design an appropriate classless addressing scheme using the VLSM technique

Scenario 1

Figure 1 shows the topology diagram with classfull IP addressing schemes. Implement a scalable network to provide the IP addressing by using address block 193.128.56.0/24. The subnetwork has the following addressing requirements:

- The LAN 1 32 workstations.
- The LAN 2 16 workstations.
- The LAN 3 5 workstations.

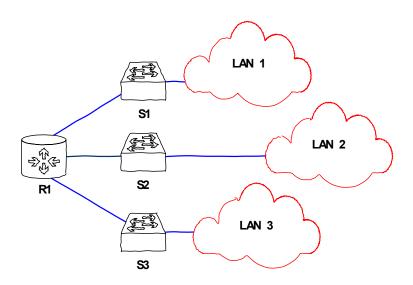


Figure 1 Topology Diagram

Design an IP Addressing Scheme.

Based on the scenario above, determine all available IP addresses using the basic subnetting technique in Table1 while Variable Length Subnet Masking (VLSM) technique in Table 2.

TIPS: Basic subnetting has the same number of addresses for every subnetwork created.

BITS 2343 - Computer Networks LAB 7 - Exercise: Subnetting

A. Fill in the following table with the subnetwork information.

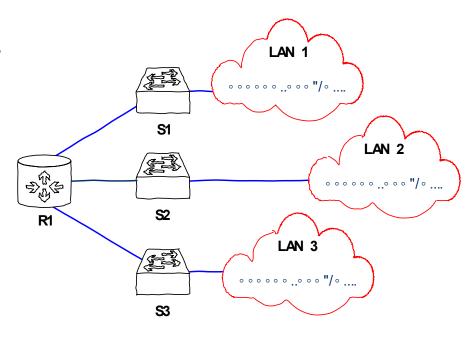
Table 1: IP Addressing scheme by basic subnetting technique

Subnetwork Number	Network Address	First Usable Host Address	Last Usable Host Address	Broadcast Address
1	193.128.56.0	193.128.56.1	193.128.56.62	193.128.56.63
2	193.128.56.64	193.128.56.65	193.128.56.94	193.128.56.95
3	193.128.56.96	193.128.56.97	193.128.56.102	193.128.56.103

Examine Network Requirements.

Examine the network requirements and answer the questions below. Keep in mind that IP addresses will be needed for each of the LAN interfaces.

- 1. How many subnetworks are required?
 - 3
- 2. Which subnetwork owns the highest number of IP addresses? LAN 1
- 3. What is the total number of allocated IP addresses for the LANs? 104
- 4. How many IP addresses successfully saved for future needs?



B. Fill in the following table with the subnetwork information.

Table 2: IP Addressing scheme by VLSM technique

Subnetwork Number	Network Address	First Usable Host Address	Last Usable Host Address	Broadcast Address
2	190.1.0.0	190.1.0.1	190.1.1.254	190.1.1.255
1	190.1.2.0	190.1.2.1	190.1.2.6	190.1.2.7

Examine Network Requirements.

Examine the network requirements and answer the questions below. Keep in mind that IP addresses will be needed for each of the LAN interfaces.

1. How many subnetworks are needed?

2

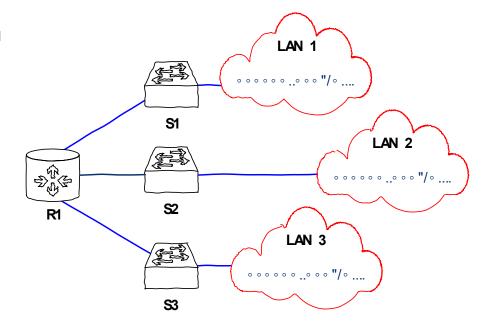
2. Which subnetwork owns the highest number of IP addresses?

2

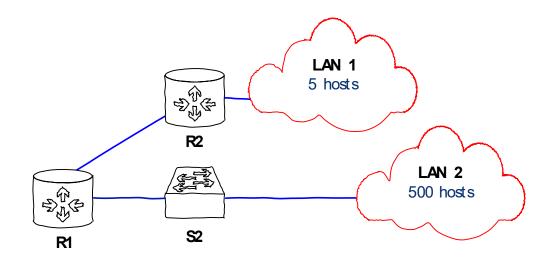
3. What is the total number of allocated IP addresses for the LANs?

4. How many IP addresses successfully saved for future needs?

$$255 - 8 = 247$$



Scenario 2



Implement a scalable network to provide the IP addressing by using address block 190.1.0.0/22. Based on the scenario above, determine all available IP addresses using the Variable Length Subnet Masking (VLSM) technique.

Examine Network Requirements.

Examine the network requirements and answer the questions below. Keep in mind that IP addresses will be needed for each of the LAN interfaces.

- 1. How many subnetworks are needed?
- 2. Which subnetwork owns the lowest number of IP addresses?
- 3. What is the total number of allocated IP addresses for LANs?
- 4. How many IP addresses successfully saved for future needs?