

A large, irregular blue ink splatter or watercolor blotch serves as the background for the text. It has a textured, painterly appearance with various shades of blue and some white highlights.

IP Addressing and Subnetting (Part 1)

Example Questions

Question 1

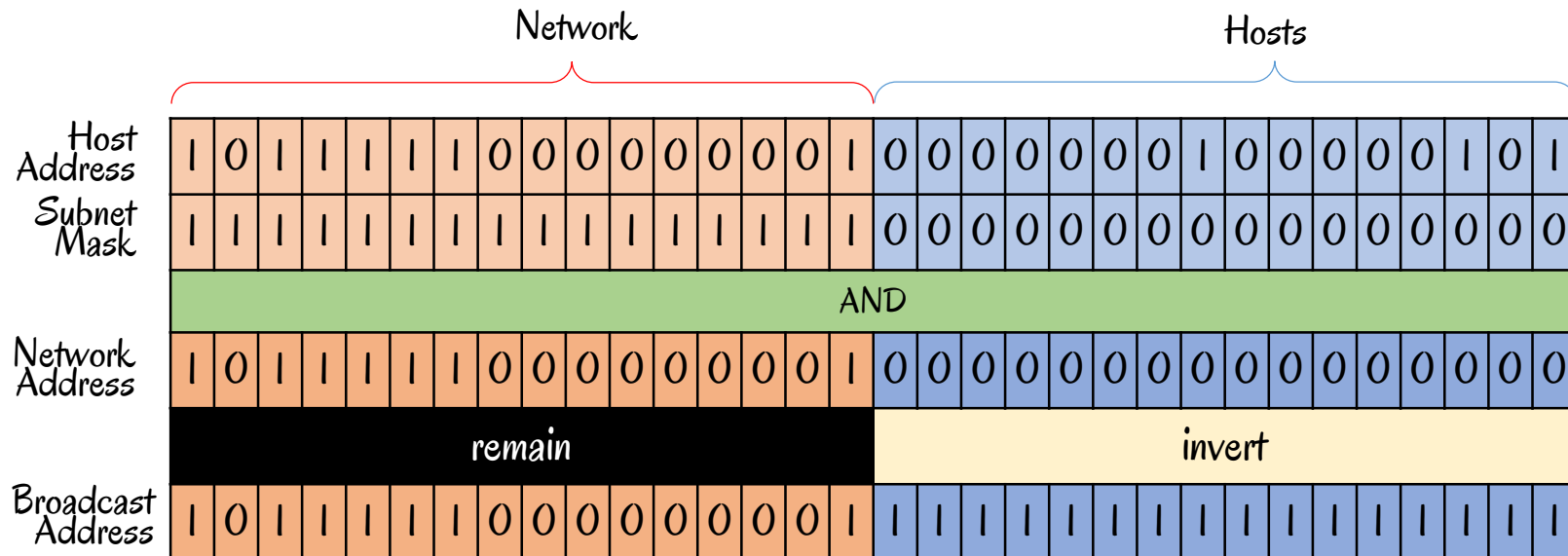
A router outside the organization receives a packet with destination address 190.1.1.5 /16. What is the network and broadcast address for the destination address?

Solution 1

Address = 190.1.1.5 = 10111110.00000000.00000000.00000101

Mask = /16 = 11111111.11111111.00000000.00000000
= 255.255.0.0

ANDing → Address & Mask (Binary form)



Network Address = 190.1.0.0

Broadcast Address = 190.1.255.255

Solution 2

- *Step 1: Calculate the network address.*
 - Network address = the lowest address in the address block.
 - The address block given has a prefix length of /16. This means the network portion has 16 bits and the host portion has 16 bits.
 - All the bits in the host portion must be 0.

190								1								0								0							
1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Network																Host															

- Therefore, the network address is 190.1.0.0
- *Step 2: Calculate the broadcast address.*
 - Broadcast address = the highest address in the address block.
 - All the bits in the host portion must be 1.

190								1								255								255							
1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Network																Host															

- Therefore, the broadcast address is 190.1.255.255

Question 2

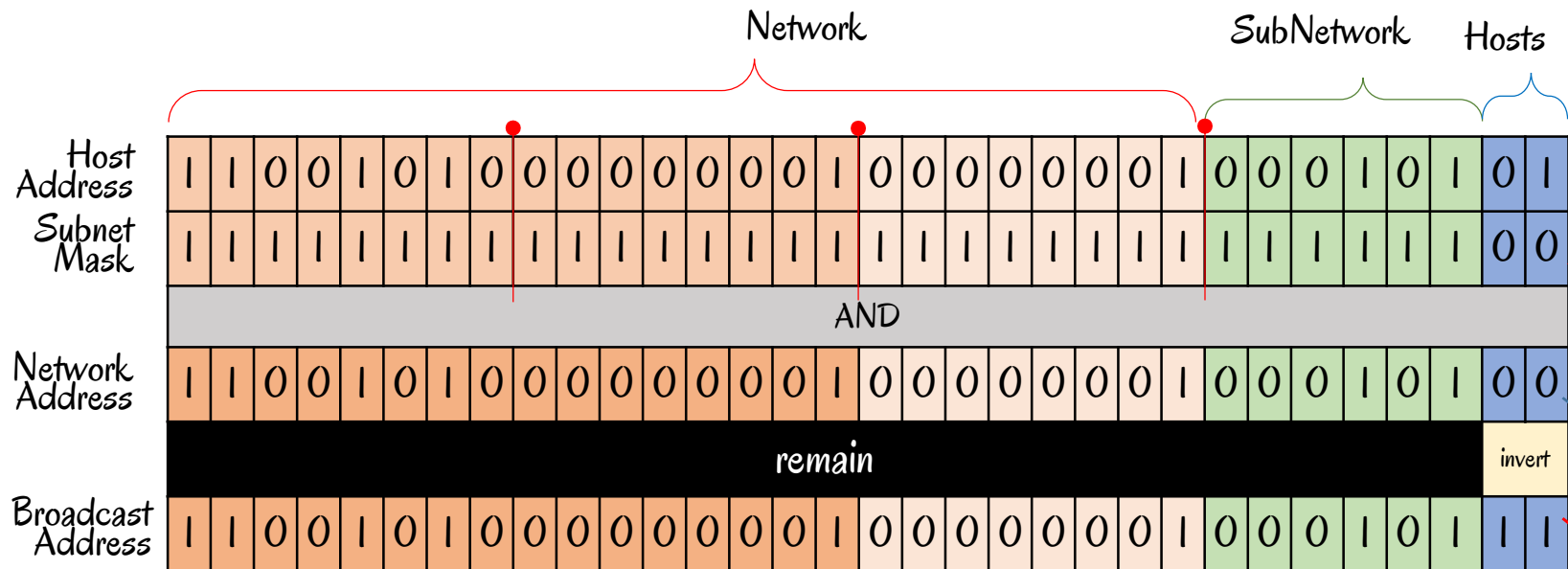
A packet with source address 202.1.1.21 /30. What is the network and broadcast address for the source address?

Solution 1

Address = 202.1.1.21 = 11001010.00000000.00000000.00010101

Mask = /30 = 11111111.11111111.11111111.11110000
= 255.255.255.252

ANDing → Address & Mask (Binary form)



Network Address = 202.1.1.20

Broadcast Address = 202.1.1.23

Solution 2

- *Step 1: Calculate the network address.*

- Network address = the lowest address in the address block.
- The address block given has a prefix length of /30. This means the network portion has 30 bits and the host portion has 2 bits.
- All the bits in the host portion must be 0.

202								1								1								20							
1	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	
Network																												Host			

- Therefore, the network address is 202.1.1.20

- *Step 2: Calculate the broadcast address.*

- Broadcast address = the highest address in the address block.
- All the bits in the host portion must be 1.

202								1								1								23							
1	1	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	
Network																												Host			

- Therefore, the broadcast address is 202.1.1.23

Question 3

Given the IP address 190.1.33.91 and Subnet Mask 255.255.224.0. Find the network and broadcast address on which this IP address is located.

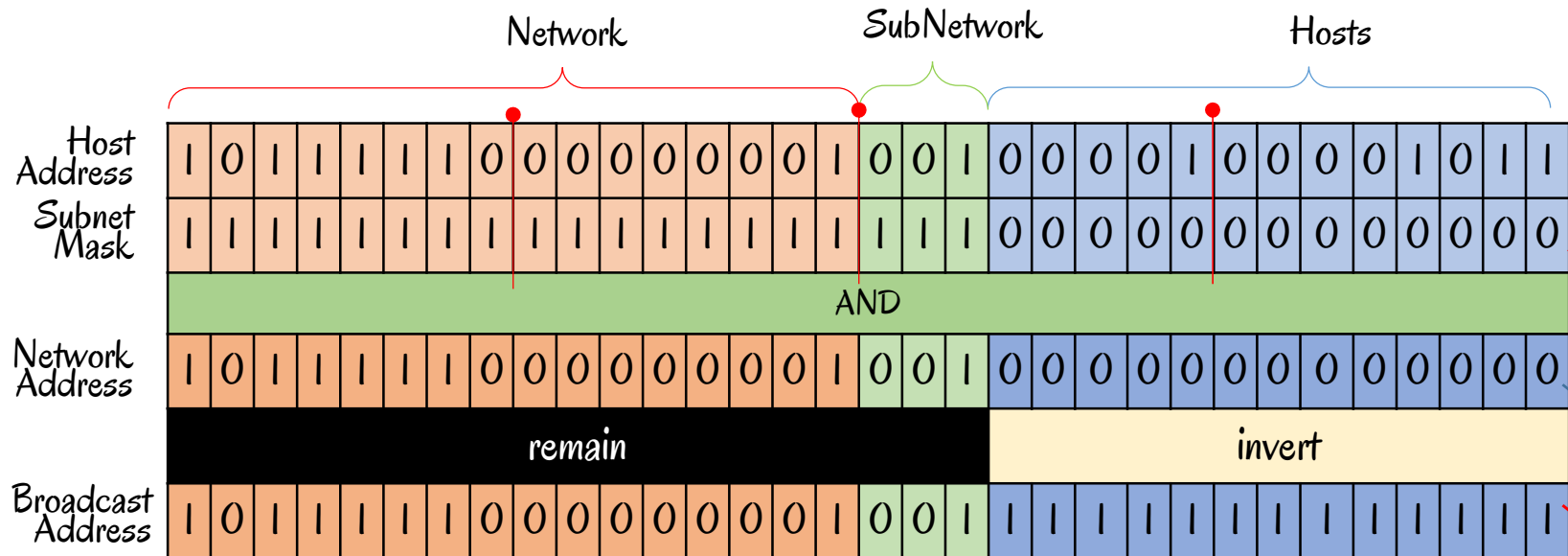
Solution 1

Address = 190.1.33.11 = 10111110.00000001.00100001.00001011

Mask = /19 = 11111111.11111111.11100000.00000000

= 255.255.224.0

ANDing → Address & Mask (Binary form)



Network Address = 190.1.32.0

Broadcast Address = 190.1.63.255

Solution 2

- *Step 1: Calculate the network address.*
 - Network address = the lowest address in the address block.
 - The address block given has a prefix length of /19. This means the network portion has 19 bits and the host portion has 13 bits.
 - All the bits in the host portion must be 0.

190								1					32								0							
1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Network																			Host									

- Therefore, the network address is 190.1.32.0
- *Step 2: Calculate the broadcast address.*
 - Broadcast address = the highest address in the address block.
 - All the bits in the host portion must be 1.

190								1							63					255							
1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Network																	Host										

- Therefore, the broadcast address is 190.1.63.255