

## **Global Context of Cyber Security**

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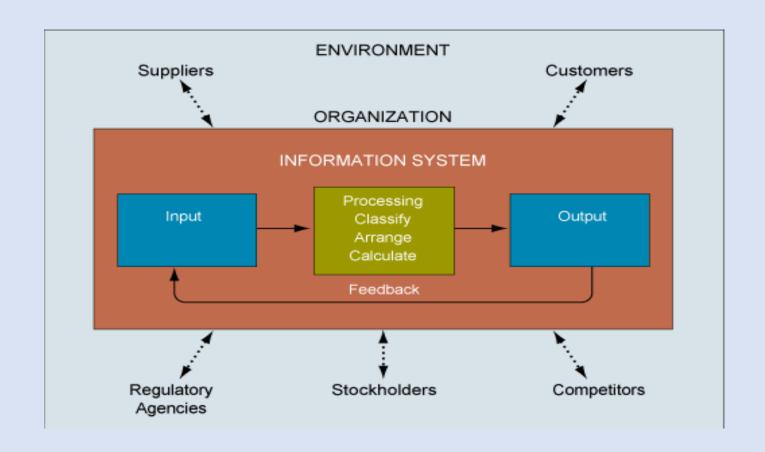
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- Most of the workforce today has jobs that are information-intensive.
- -The job of those in the field of raining and teaching, accountants, lawyers and executives.
- -These jobs are predominantly based on handling large amount of information.
- -Cyber Security now have become an inseparable part of business organization.

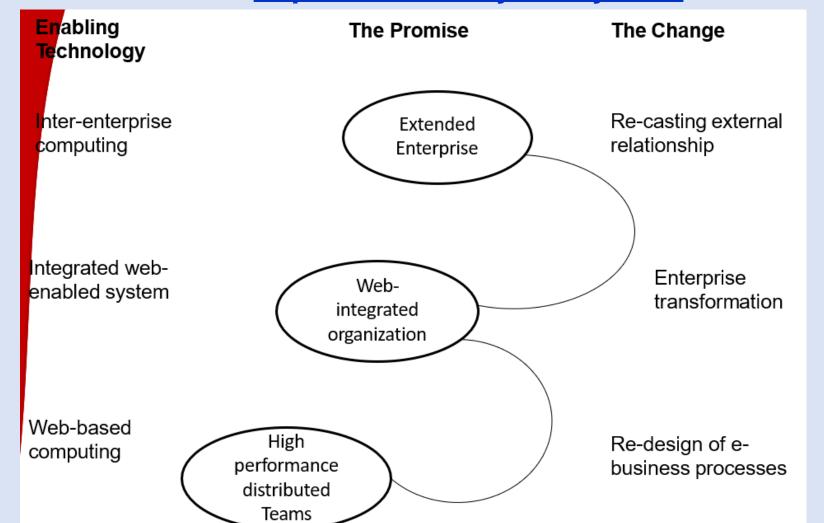






- Large organizations piggy-back data flows on the complex management support systems and the global communications they use to control their supply chains.
- -The recognition of information technology (IT) facilitating global coordination of organizations is today recognized as a key component of competitive strategy.
- -For successful operations multinational organizations need to be tightly linked in their information and communication flow requirements.





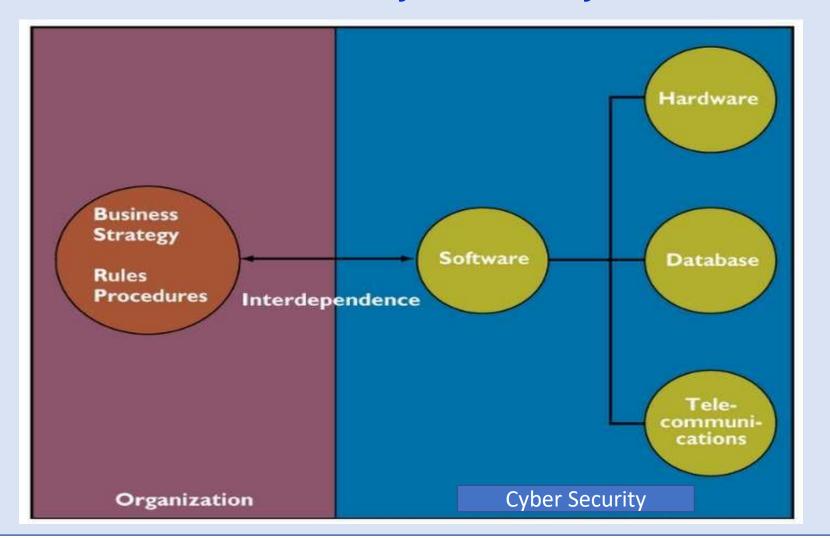


- To sustain the pressures from business and to satisfy the decision-making requirement in today's dynamic environment, the nature of modern Cyber Security is such that they call for intensive and complex interaction between physically remote but interdependent units.



- The Cyber Security related works is a set of interrelated components that collect, process, store and distribute information to support decision-making and control in an organization.
- Cyber Security accept data from their environment and manipulate the data to produce information that is used to solve a problem or address a business need.
- The vast majority of computerized Cyber Security relies on:-
- # Data warehouses
- # Database management system(DBMS)
- # Software to manage the storage and retrieval of the information in the system.







- Cyber Security consist of :-

Data

**Hardware** 

Software

**Procedures and** 

**People** 

-Their major function are:-

Input

Storage

**Processing** 

**Control** and

output



- Cyber Security are usually developed to support specific business functions such as the administrative functions common to most organization.
- In the finance area, organizations need financial management information systems(FMIS)
- Information can divided into three parts:-
- # There are data that bring together all kinds of information that can be stored.
- # There is knowledge that is those aspects that are not immaterial but brought in by experienced employees.
- # Lastly there is a action to send information to someone or something through the information system.



## The Changing nature of Cyber Security

- In the past decade, the nature of Cyber Security has undergone a dramatic change, from mainframe- based Cyber System to client/server computing to today's web-based information system, with the internet having made the revolution.
- -The four powerful worldwide changes that have altered the business environment are:-
- # Globalization
- # Rise of the information economy
- # Transformation of the business enterprise
- # Emergence of the digital firm



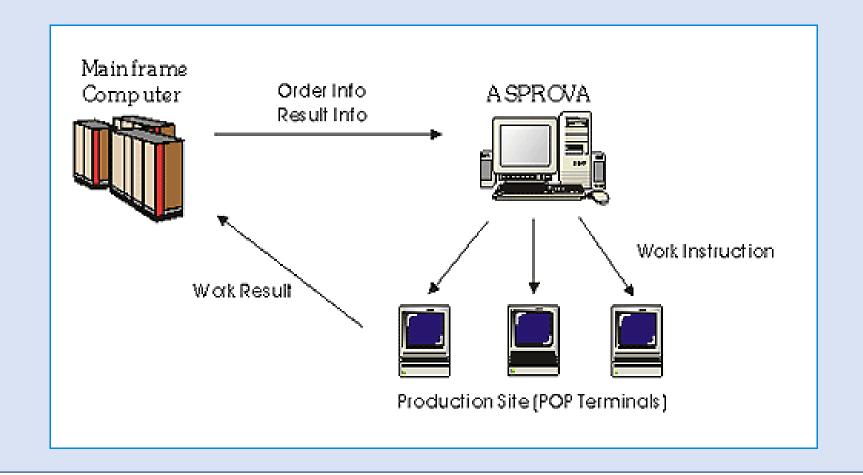
## The Changing nature of Cyber Security

- Modern business applications of cyber security show a trend toward the development of systems that are decentralized, autonomous and heterogeneous.
- The new generation of cyber security is characterized by the combination and integration of local cyber issues, each with their own intended purpose and goal.
- Information systems of today are distributed and component-based.

  Today's information-intensive enterprise, the local structured procedures can be effectively and flexibly integrated into the global work processes supporting the business goals.

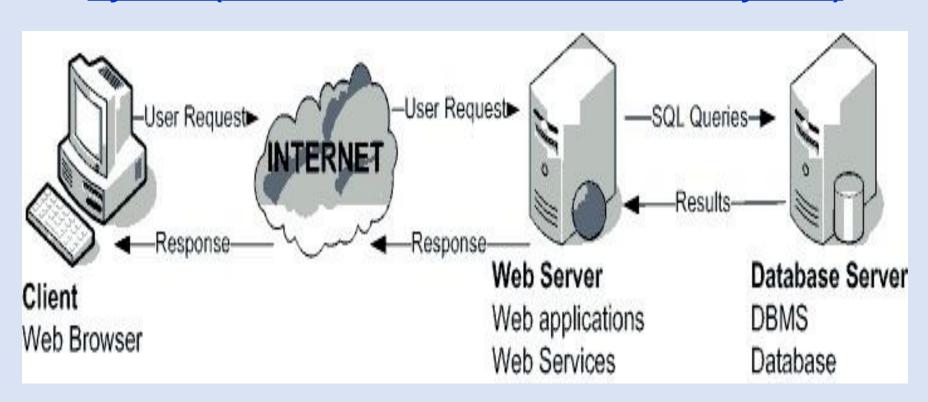


## The Changing nature of Cyber SecuritySystem-Mainframe-based information system



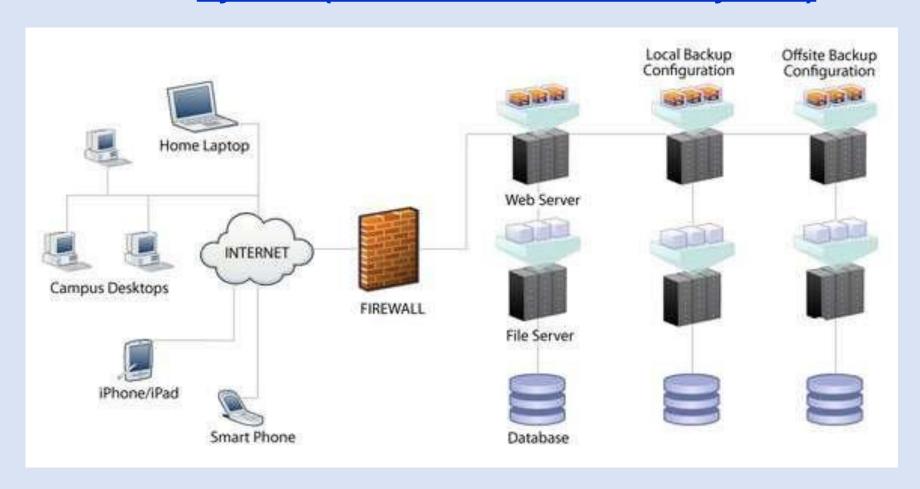


## The Changing nature of Cyber Security System-(Client/server-based information\_system)





# The Changing nature of Cyber Security System-(Web-based information system)





## Globalization of Business and the Need for Distributed Information Systems

In the new paradigm, cyber security are handling information in all forms, not just the text-based data of the 1970s that came typically in flat files but also the rich text, images and voice.

We are in the realm of not only terabytes of data but also multimedia, multi-geo order of information system.

The widening scope of cyber security issues can be summarized as follows:-

# 1950s:technical changes.

#1960s-1970s:managerial controls.

#1980s-1990s:institutional core activities.

**#Today:** digital information webs extending beyond the enterprise.



### Globalization of Business and the Need for Distributed Information Systems

### They are characterized by

- Electronic commerce
- E-business
- Cyber security issues link the buyers and sellers to exchange information, products, services and payments.



- The internet has revolutionized communication and thereby its contribution to information sharing.
- The web is designed to exchange unstructured information: while people can read web pages and understand their meaning.
- It make possible for companies to do business through their computer systems exploiting the internet infrastructure.
- IBM's definition of web services that
- "web service are self-contained, modular applications that can be described, publishes, located, and invoked over a network, generally, the World Wide Web."



- The idea of web service is to leverage the advantages of the web as a platform to apply it to the service themselves, not just to the static information.
- Web service make easy to build service-based architectures without the applications being locked-in to a particular software vendor's products.
- Web service make information available from computer systems to other applications using well-defined standards.

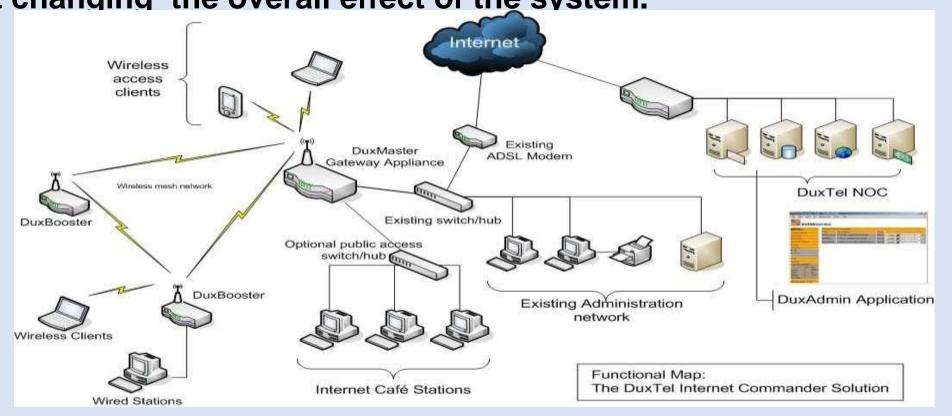


Benefits of web services for developing cyber security issues of global nature are:-

- -Web service tools are available for most computer systems, including mainframes and packaged application.
- Web service are adaptable and can handle changes more readily than other integration solutions, because they use structured text as their message format.
- -IT managers now have the ability to exchange data between most applications, on most computers, in a consistent and standard way.



 If necessary, an alternative application can be used to provide web services without changing the overall effect of the system.





## **Cyber Security and Threats: A Glimpse**

- In the modern business era, the use of desktop PCs, laptops and network connectivity including the internet and electronic mail is as essential as the telephone at workplace.
- -The misuse of information systems by employees, poses serious challenges to organizations including loss of productivity, loss of revenue, legal liabilities and other workplace issues.
- -The basics of cyber security are:-

Trademark, copyright, patent and trade secrets and protection strategies for each of them.



## **Cyber Security and Threats: A Glimpse**

- Software licensing issue.
- Data privacy under legal framework.
- Info sec and control framework.
- Evidence of digital forensic practices and ethics.
- Computer frauds and Abuse Acts boundaries for illegal access to computer
- Electronic surveillance and cyber crimes.



## Thank you very much Dr. Abdullah-Al-Musa