practice-1

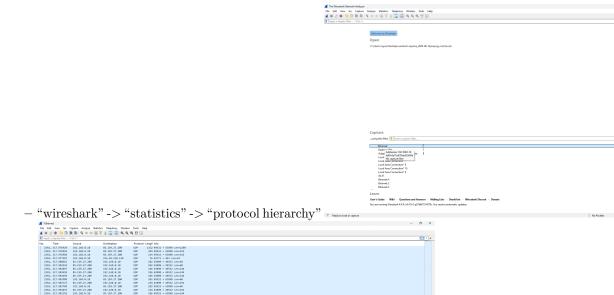
- 1. Topic: network traffic analysis via packets capturing and detection of anomalies / possible attacks
- capturing and analyzing network traffic
- identifying normal communication patterns
- detecting possible anomalies or malicious activities
- using professional networking tools

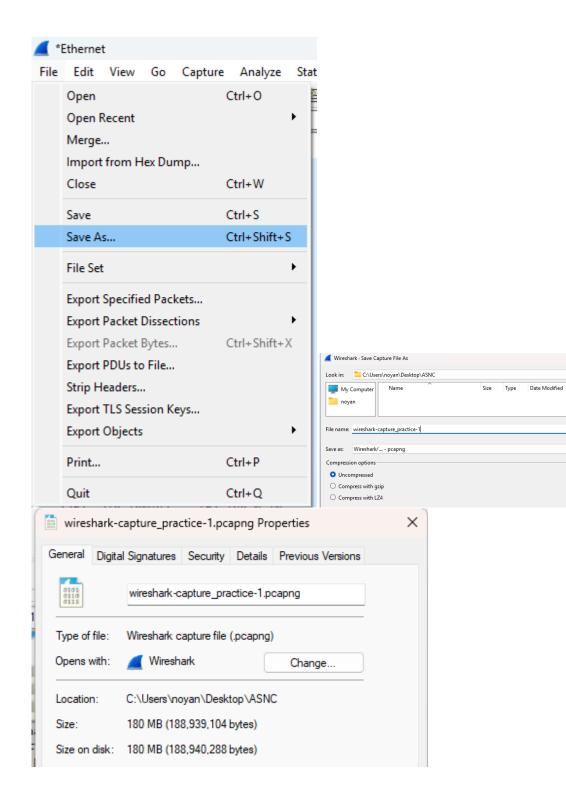
Solution and practice

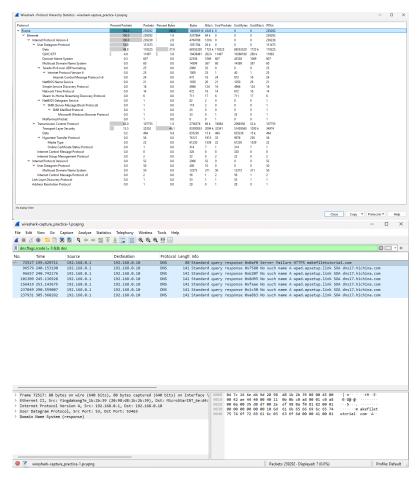
- 1. Installed and configured Wireshark in Windows (winget install Wireshark-Foundation. Wireshark)
- source code: https://gitlab.com/wireshark/wireshark
- Wireshark in CLI form: tshark, tcpdump, or alternative
- However, Wireshark depricated native Python binding / API for interaction (reference: https://wiki.wireshark.org/python)
 - it is possible to use Lua (https://wiki.wireshark.org/lua)
 - that is why, downloaded additional library: pyshark (https://github.com/KimiNewt/pyshark)
 - network adapter need to be set in promiscuous mode for proper packat capture
- 2. setup environment for analysis:

```
python3 -m venv venv
source .venv/bin/activate
pip install -r requirements.txt
```

- 3. Captured traffic from Windows machine for 5+ minutes with web browsing, file downloads, DNS requests, VPN connection, etc.
- or download traffic sample like https://www.wireshark.org/resources#sample-captures
- saved file in .pcap format in /local_data
- analyzed protocols: most frequent protocols in captured data in summary table (protocol / percentage of traffic)







4. Anomaly and attack detection

- detecting possible anomalies in the traffic (e.g., repeated failed DNS requests, ARP spoofing attemps, unusual port scanning activity)
- suspicious flows with malicious activity
- provided practical graph representation in main.py to identify connections

