



NUS
National University
of Singapore

School of
Computing

CS5340

Uncertainty Modeling in AI

Assoc. Prof. Lee Gim Hee

AY 2022/23

Semester 1

Course Information

Lecturer:

Dr. Lee Gim Hee

Department of Computer Science

Office: COM2-03-54

Email: gimhee.lee@comp.nus.edu.sg

Class Schedule:

Every Wednesday, **L1**: 1400hrs-1700hrs, **L2**: 1830hrs – 2130hrs

Venue:

COM1-02-12 (Seminar Room 3)

In-person Lectures; Only webcast for **L1**

Teaching Assistants

Chen Jinnan

Department of Computer Science

Email: jinnan.chen@u.nus.edu

Lab: AS6-05-02

Low Weng Fei

Department of Computer Science

Email: wengfei@u.nus.edu

Lab: AS6-05-02

Xu Yating

Department of Computer Science

Email: e0546245@u.nus.edu

Lab: AS6-05-02

Mode of Assessments

- The grades of this module is based on **60% CA + 40% final exam**:
 1. 4x **coding assignments** (15% each; individual work)
 2. 40% **final exam** (**conducted in-person**, one-page A4 cheat sheet allowed)

Logistics: Assignments

- We will use **Python** as the programming language for the assignments.
- Nonetheless, you can use any programming language of your choice.
- But the helper functions and our support will be given **only in Python**.
- Ask my TAs on all questions regarding the assignments.

Assignment Late Policy

- All assignments are **due at 2359hrs** of the dates specified on the module schedule.
- 25% of the total marks **will be deducted** for each day of late submission.
- Deduction of marks does not apply to the late submissions **with valid reasons**. Please email me your reasons to seek for approval.

Honor Code

- **Assignments:** You may discuss and/or refer to online references, but **plagiarism** is strictly not allowed.
- **Violation of rules:** **Zero will be given**, and **disciplinary actions** that could lead to your expulsion from NUS will be taken!

Logistics: Final Exam

- The final exam is to be conducted in-person at a **fixed date and time**.
- Please arrange your schedule, and make sure **you are present at NUS**.
- **Format (more details later):**
 1. Four questions
 2. 2-hour exam
 3. Students are allowed one-page A4 cheat sheet, written/typewritten on both sides.

Tutorials

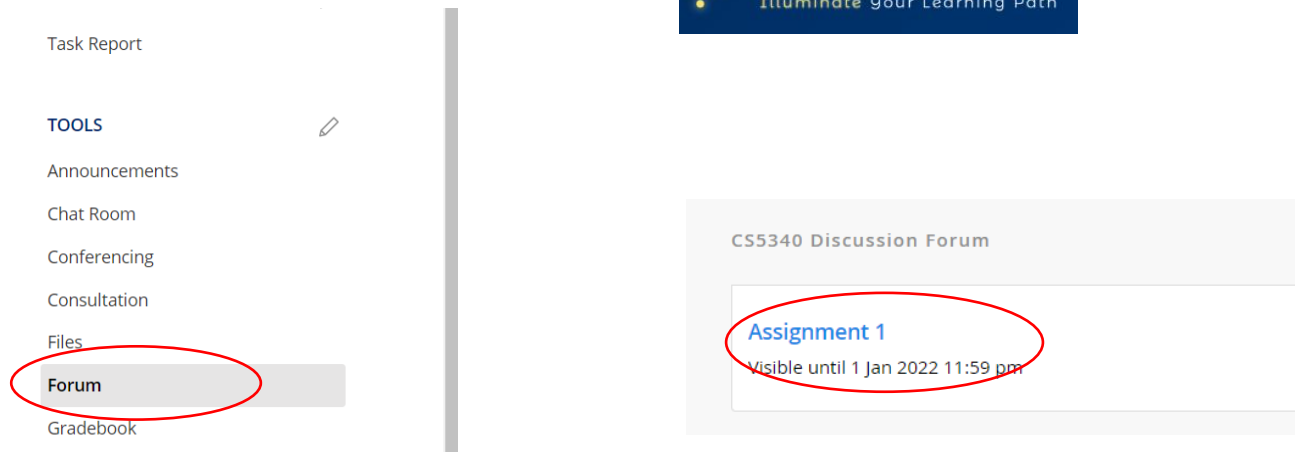
- No formal tutorials.
- Two sets of exercise questions and solutions will be provided.
- I will go through some of the solutions during the lectures if time permits or during the last lecture.

Consultations

- Please send all questions to me **via email or Luminus Forum** .
- To make sure your email gets my attention, use “[CS5340] xxx” as the title of your email.
- If necessary, we can arrange for consultation sessions too.
- I would prefer you to post your questions on Luminus Forum, so that your classmates can see too.

Consultations

- Please send all your questions **on the assignments** to my TAs.
- Use the discussion **forum in Luminus**.

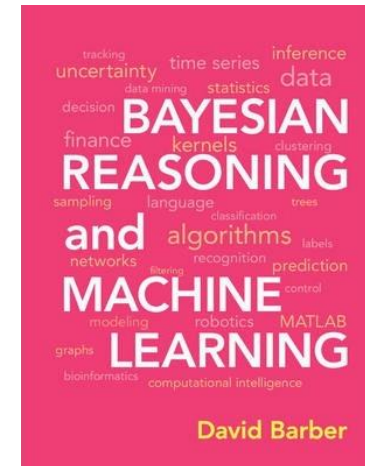
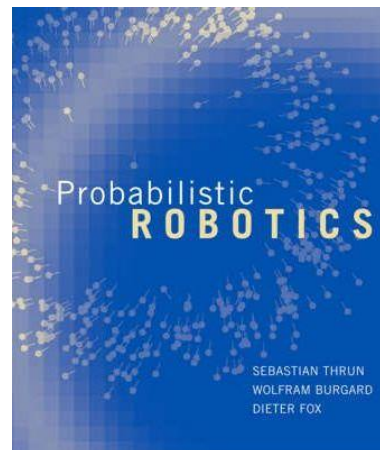
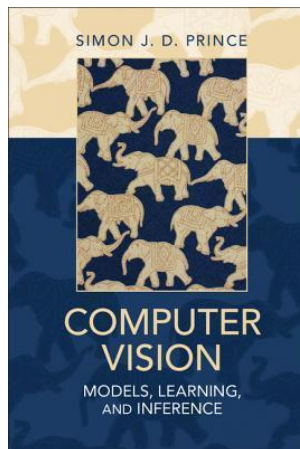
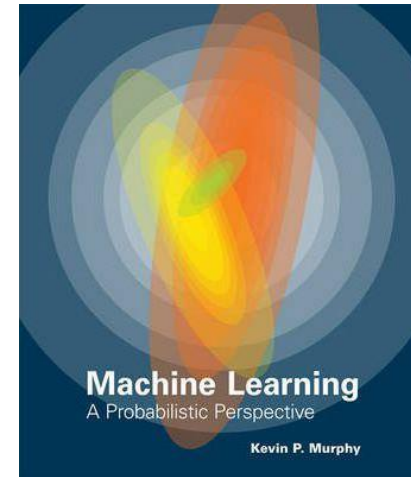
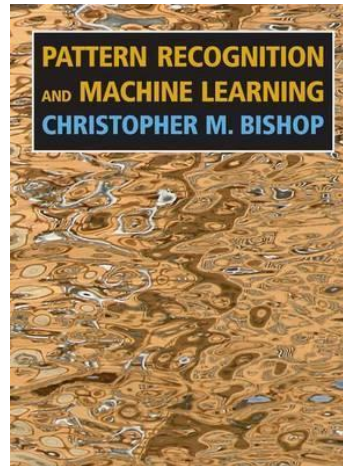
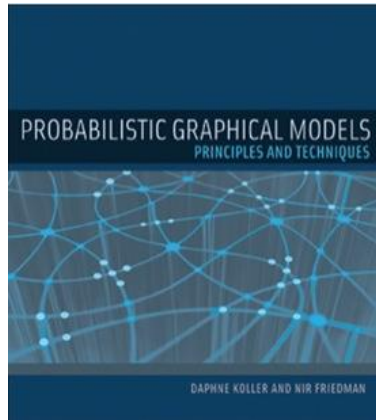


Course Schedule

Week	Date	Topic	Remarks
1	10 Aug	Introduction to probabilistic reasoning	Assignment 0: Python Numpy Tutorial (Ungraded)
2	17 Aug	Bayesian networks (Directed graphical models)	
3	24 Aug	Markov random Fields (Undirected graphical models)	
4	31 Aug	Variable elimination and belief propagation	Assignment 1: Belief propagation and maximal probability (15%)
5	07 Sep	Factor graph and the junction tree algorithm	
6	14 Sep	Parameter learning with complete data	Assignment 1: Due Assignment 2: Junction tree and parameter learning (15%)
-	21 Sep	Recess week	No lecture
7	28 Sep	Mixture models and the EM algorithm	Assignment 2: Due
8	05 Oct	Hidden Markov Models (HMM)	Assignment 3: Hidden Markov model (15%)
9	12 Oct	Monte Carlo inference (Sampling)	
*	15 Oct	Variational inference	Makeup Lecture (Venue TBD) Time: 9.30am – 12.30pm (Saturday)
10	19 Oct	Variational Auto-Encoder and Mixture Density Networks	Assignment 3: Due Assignment 4: MCMC Sampling (15%)
11	26 Oct	No Lecture	I will be traveling
12	02 Nov	Graph-cut and alpha expansion	Assignment 4: Due
13	09 Nov	-	

Final Exam: 21 Nov 2022

Recommended Readings (Not Compulsory)



Probabilistic Graphical Modeling

One of the most exciting advances in machine learning (AI, signal processing, coding, control, robotics, computer vision . . .) in the last decades.

Adapted from: “Probabilistic Graphical Modeling” Lectures NYU, David Sontag

Probabilistic Graphical Modeling

before deep learning

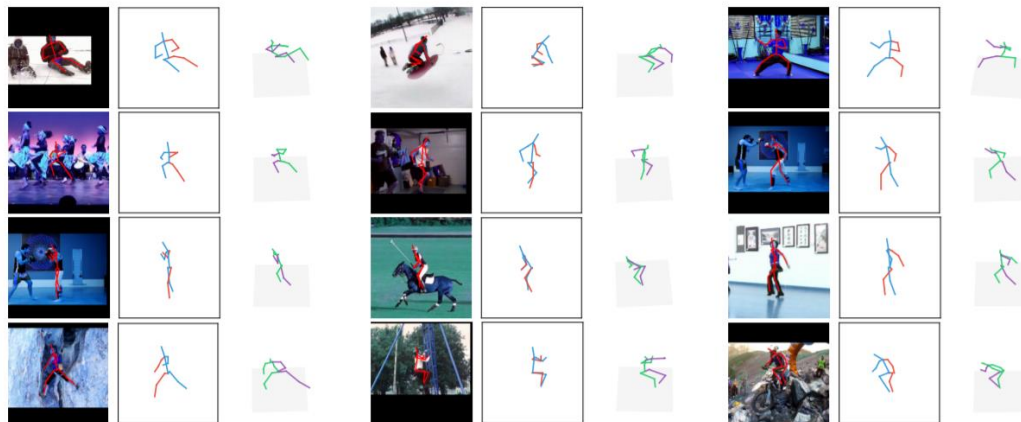
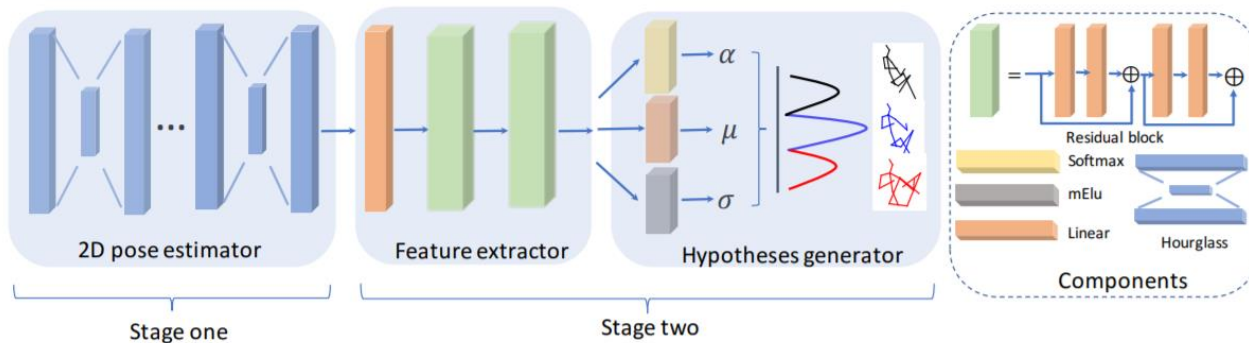
One of the most exciting advances in machine learning (AI, signal processing, coding, control, robotics, computer vision . . .) in the last decades.

Knowledge on PGM helps formulate some of the most important deep networks, e.g., deep generative models (Lecture 11) !

Adapted from: “Probabilistic Graphical Modeling” Lectures NYU, David Sontag

PGM in Deep Learning

Example: Mixture density network for 3D human pose estimation



$$p(\mathbf{y} \mid \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{w}) = \sum_{i=1}^M \alpha_i(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{w}) \phi_i(\mathbf{y} \mid \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{w}),$$

$$\phi_i(\mathbf{y} \mid \mathbf{x}, \mathbf{w}) = \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{d/2} \sigma_i(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{w})^d} \exp - \frac{\|\mathbf{y} - \mu_i(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{w})\|^2}{2\sigma_i(\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{w})^2}.$$

Chen Li, Gim Hee Lee, **Generating Multiple Hypotheses for 3D Human Pose Estimation with Mixture Density Network**, CVPR 2019

Probabilistic Graphical Modeling

How can we gain **global insight** based on **local observations**?

Adapted from: “Probabilistic Graphical Modeling” Lectures NYU, David Sontag

Probabilistic Graphical Modeling

How can we gain **global insight** based on **local observations**?

Example:

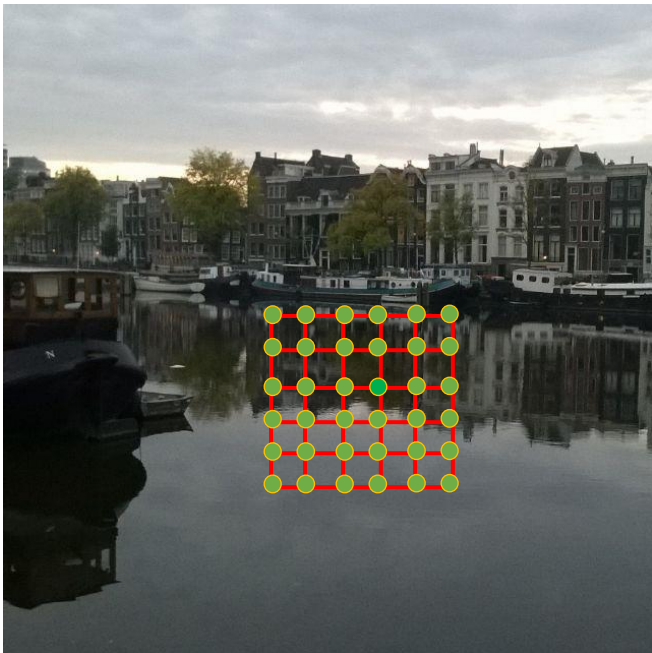


Photo Source:
G.H. Lee "Amsterdam"

Given: Local observations

- Each node takes 1-of-K labels and
- a smoothness prior, i.e, neighboring nodes linked by an edge should take the same label

We can find the label assignment of each pixel that is **globally consistent**!

Probabilistic Graphical Modeling

Key Ideas:

- **Represent** the world as a collection of random variables X_1, \dots, X_N with joint distribution $p(X_1, \dots, X_N)$.
- **Learn** the distribution from data.
- Perform “**inference**” (compute conditional distributions $p(X_i \mid X_1 = x_1, \dots, X_N = x_N)$).

Adapted from: “Probabilistic Graphical Modeling” Lectures NYU, David Sontag

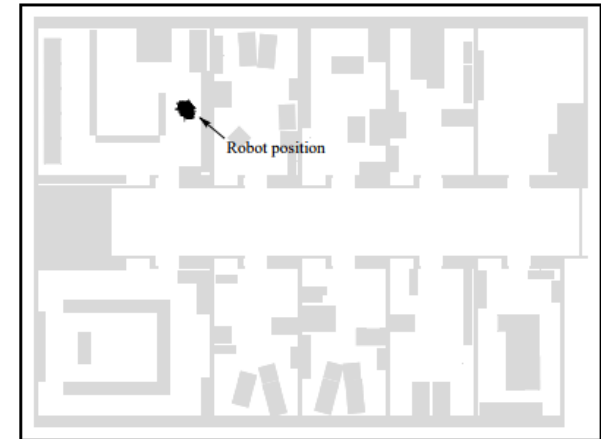
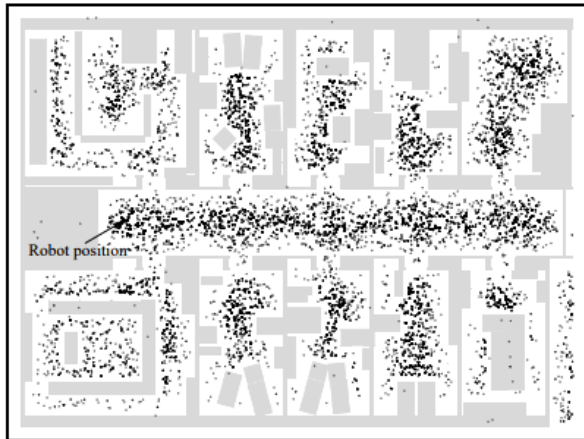
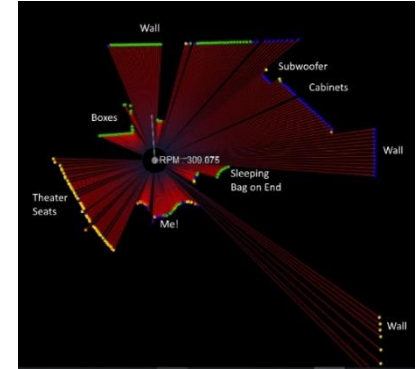
Reasoning Under Uncertainty

- As humans, we are continuously making **predictions under uncertainty**.
- Classical AI and ML research **ignored** this phenomena.
- Many of the ~~most recent~~ advances in technology are possible because of this **probabilistic approach**.

Adapted from: “Probabilistic Graphical Modeling” Lectures NYU, David Sontag

PGM: Applications

Markov Localization



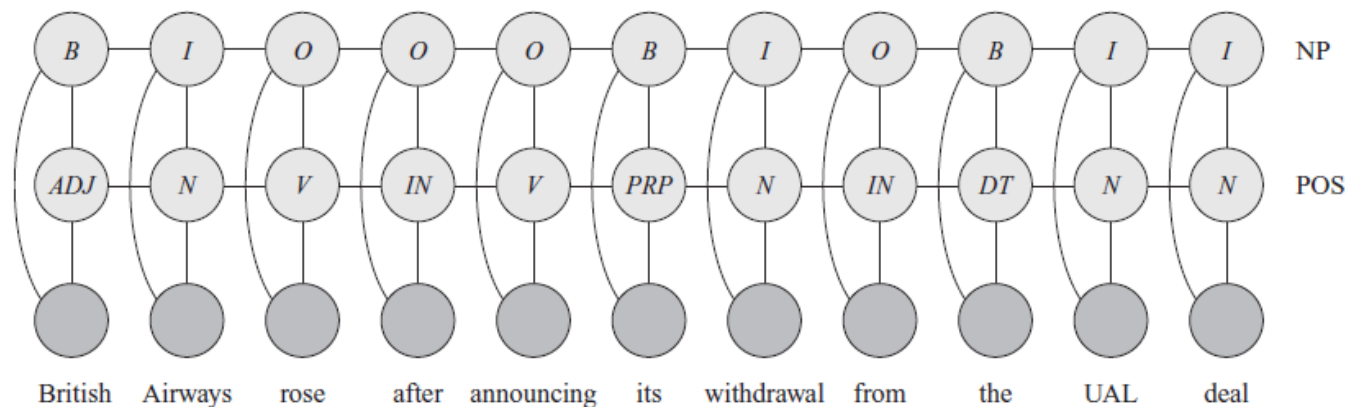
“Monte Carlo Localization for Mobile Robots”, Frank Dellaert et. al., ICRA 1999

PGM: Applications

Part of Speech Tagging

A. Big hungry **bears** are coming.

B. Your friend **bears** gifts.



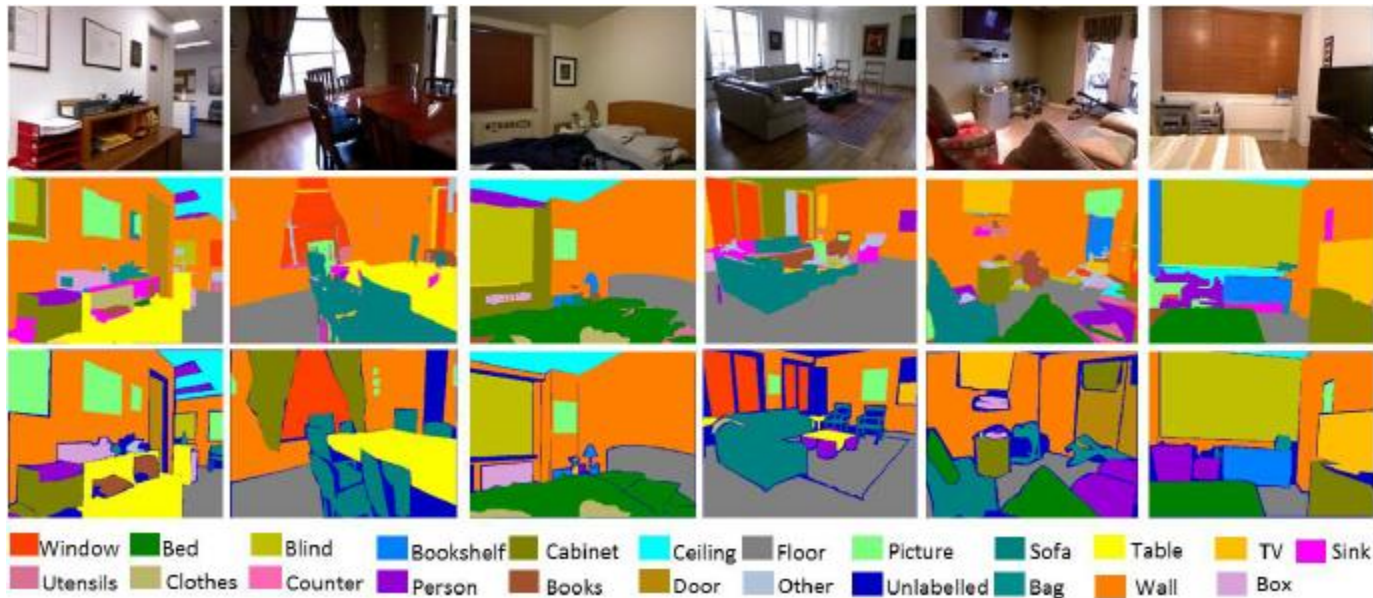
KEY

<i>B</i>	Begin noun phrase	<i>V</i>	Verb
<i>I</i>	Within noun phrase	<i>IN</i>	Preposition
<i>O</i>	Not a noun phrase	<i>PRP</i>	Possessive pronoun
<i>N</i>	Noun	<i>DT</i>	Determiner (e.g., a, an, the)
<i>ADJ</i>	Adjective		

D. Koller et. al. 2009

PGM: Applications

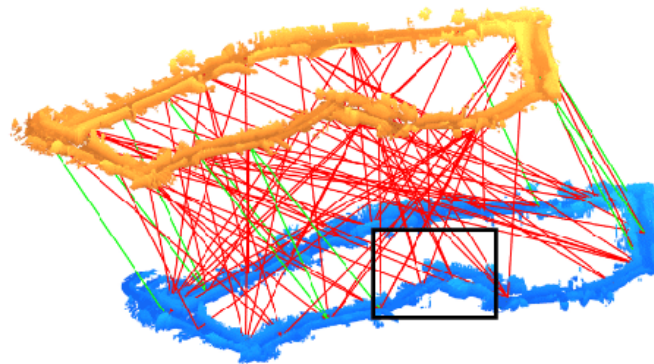
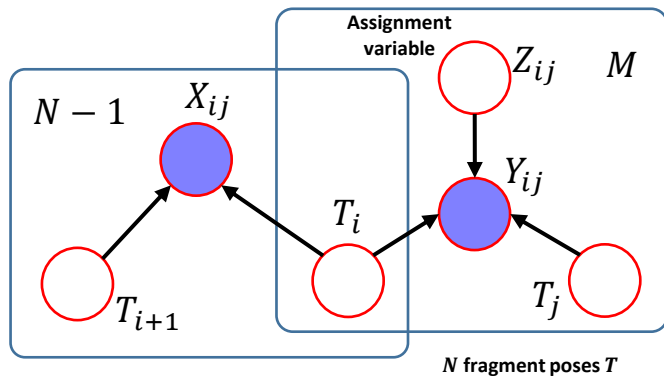
Scene Understanding



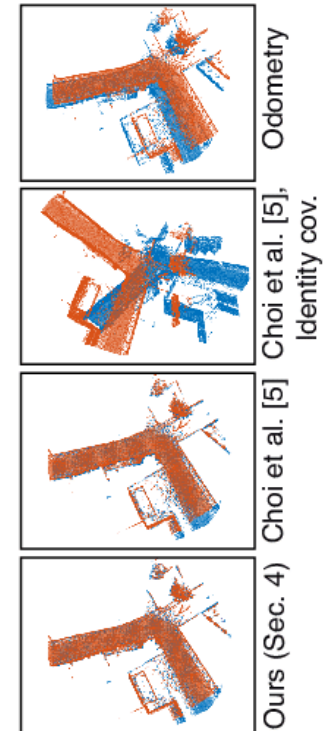
“Geometry Driven Semantic Labeling of Indoor Scenes”, Salman Hameed Khan et. Al. ECCV 2014

PGM: Applications

Robust 3D Reconstruction



Detected loop-closures



Ziquan Lan, Zi Jian Yew, Gim Hee Lee, "Robust Point Cloud Based Reconstruction of Large-Scale Outdoor Scenes", CVPR 2019