Navigation

https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/apps/design/controls/navigationview

Types of navigation

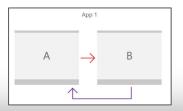
```
Windows => Activate
Windows (Shell) => Frame as Container
Multiple Pages
Frame.Navigate (inside Pages)
```

Multiple windows example

```
Logi(Window) > Dashboard (Window)
Activated: show ProductsPage > AddProductPage
GoBack
```

Data passing between windows & pages

Constructor's parameters



Basic 2 Pages

Basic ideas

- ☐ Use Frame to navigate between Pages
- Navigation methods
 - a. Navigate
 - b. GoBack / GoForward
- Properties
 - a. BackStack / ForwardStack
 - b. BackStackDepth

Enable navigation - App.xaml.cs

```
protected override void OnLaunched(LaunchActivatedEventArgs args) {
     m_window = new MainWindow();
   Frame rootFrame = new Frame();
    rootFrame.Navigate(typeof(MainPage), args.Arguments);
   m_window.Content = rootFrame;
   m_window.Activate();
```

Navigate to another Page using string

```
Frame rootFrame = new Frame();
var baseNamespace = typeof(App).Namespace;
var type = Type.GetType($"{baseNamespace}.MainPage");
rootFrame.Navigate(type, args.Arguments);
```

Basic ideas: Using full namespace name
For example:

If the base namespace is "MyProject"
Then the full name of the Page MainPage is "MyProject.Mainpage"

Prepare the MainPage



```
public class MainPageViewModel {
    1 reference
    public string Info { get; set; } = "Hello, WinUI 3!";
}

1 reference
MainPageViewModel ViewModel { get; set;}
    = new MainPageViewModel();
```

Prepare the EditPage

```
■ WinUI Desktop
Edit
 Hello, WinUI 3!
                    ckPanel>
 Submit
          Cancel
                    <TextBlock Text="Edit" Style="{StaticResource TitleTextBlockStyle}</pre>
                    <TextBox Text="{x:Bind ViewModel.Info, Mode=TwoWay,</pre>
                        UpdateSourceTrigger=PropertyChanged}"/>
                    <StackPanel Orientation="Horizontal">
                        <Button Name="okButton" Content="Submit"
                                 Width="80" Height="35"
                                 Click="okButton_Click"/>
                        <Button Name="cancelButton" Content="Cancel"</pre>
                            Width="80" Height="35"
                            Click="cancelButton_Click"/>
                    </StackPanel>
                /StackPanel>
                                                                                          10
```

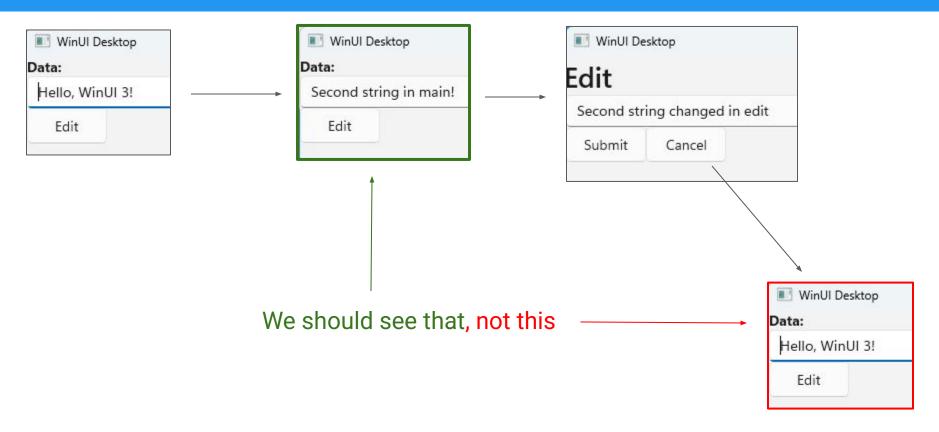
Passing data to another Page - Basic ideas

- Use the second parameter of the function Navigate
- ☐ In the destination page, handle OnNavigatedTo

```
private void editButton_Click(object sender, RoutedEvent)
{
    Frame.Navigate(typeof(EditPage), ViewModel.Info);
}
```

```
protected override void OnNavigatedTo(NavigationEventArgs e)
{
   ViewModel.Info = e.Parameter as string;
   base.OnNavigatedTo(e);
}
```

Simple flow (not good)



Passing data back & forth

```
private string _oldString = "";
0 references
protected override void OnNavigatedTo(NavigationEventArgs e) {
    _oldString = e.Parameter as string;
    ViewModel.Info = _oldString;
    base.OnNavigatedTo(e);
1 reference
private void okButton_Click(object sender, RoutedEventArgs e) {
    Frame.Navigate(typeof(MainPage), ViewModel.Info);
1 reference
private void cancelButton_Click(object sender, RoutedEventArgs e) {
    Frame.Navigate(typeof(MainPage), _oldString);
```

How about passing an object rather than a string?

- Problem?
- Solution: IClonable

Make the Employee class Cloneable

```
public class Employee : INotifyPropertyChanged, ICloneable
    3 references
    public int ID {get; set;}
    11 references
    public string Name { get; set;}
    1 reference
   public object Clone() {
        var result = new Employee()
            ID = this.ID,
            Name = this.Name
        return result;
    public event PropertyChangedEventHandler PropertyChanged;
```

Store for later retrieval

```
protected override void OnNavigatedTo(NavigationEventArgs e) {
    _oldData = e.Parameter as Employee;
    var newData = _oldData.Clone() as Employee;
    ViewModel.Info = newData; //(_oldData.Clone() as Employee);
    base.OnNavigatedTo(e);
1 reference
private void okButton_Click(object sender, RoutedEventArgs e) {
    Frame.Navigate(typeof(MainPage), ViewModel.Info);
1 reference
private void cancelButton_Click(object sender, RoutedEventArgs e) {
    Frame.Navigate(typeof(MainPage), _oldData);
```

NavigationView

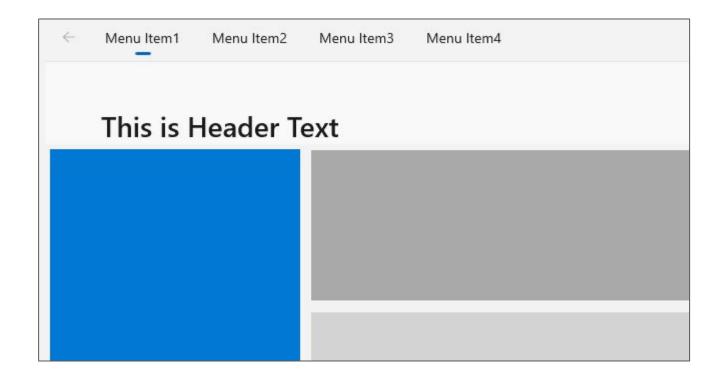
Basic NavigationView



NavigationView_SelectionChanged

- 1. Extract the Page name from Tag
- 2. Create type from the Page name
- 3. Navigate using Frame

PaneDisplayMode="Top"



Switch panes based on window's width

```
<!-- Put the following VisualStateGroup(s) inside the first component of your Page -->
<VisualStateManager.VisualStateGroups>
    <VisualStateGroup>
        <VisualState>
            <VisualState.StateTriggers>
                <AdaptiveTrigger MinWindowWidth="{x:Bind nvSample.CompactModeThresholdWidth}" />
            </VisualState.StateTriggers>
            < VisualState.Setters>
                <Setter Target="nvSample.PaneDisplayMode" Value="Top" />
            </VisualState.Setters>
        </VisualState>
    </VisualStateGroup>
</VisualStateManager.VisualStateGroups >
```

Footer menu items

