

UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE - VNUHCM

Faculty of Information Technology

INTERNET OF THINGS

3.2

ESP8266 IS A WEB SERVER



PLAIN TEXT

```
#include <ESP8266WebServer.h>
// Create new web server
ESP8266WebServer server(80);
void setup() {
  Serial.begin(115200);
  //Connect to Wifi network. DIY - Do It Yourself
 // Start the web server
  server.on("/",handleRoot);
  server.begin();
  Serial.println("Web server started");
void loop() {
  server.handleClient(); //Handle Client requests
void handleRoot() {
  server.send(200, "text/plain", "Hello World"); //Send web page
```

HTML CODE

```
void handleRoot() {
  String s = "<head>";
  s += "</head>";
  s += "<body>";
  s += "<h1>Hello World</h1>";
  s += "</body>";
  server.send(200, "text/html", s);
```

LOAD HTML CODE IN HEADER FILE

```
const char MAIN_page[] = R"=====(
<HTML>
        <HEAD>
                         <TITLE>My first web page</TITLE>
        </HEAD>
<B0DY>
        <CENTER>
                         <B>Hello World.... </B>
        </CENTER>
</B0DY>
</HTML>
)=====";
```

index.h

^{*} Make sure this file must be with Arduino code file .ino

```
#include <ESP8266WebServer.h>
#include "index.h"
// Create new web server
ESP8266WebServer server(80);
void setup() {
  Serial.begin(115200);
  //Connect to Wifi network. DIY - Do It Yourself
  // Start the web server
  server.on("/",handleRoot);
  server.begin();
  Serial.println("Web server started");
void loop() {
  server.handleClient(); //Handle Client requests
void handleRoot() {
  String s = MAIN_page;
  server.send(200, "text/html", s);
```



Display
Temperature &
Humidity on web
browser

TURN LED ON/OFF ON WEB BROWSER

```
server.on("/led0n",handle0n);
server.on("/led0ff",handle0ff);
```

Add 2 more listening events in **setup()** function

```
void handleOn() {
    Serial.println("On");
    server.send(200, "text/html", "LED is on");
}

void handleOff(){
    Serial.println("Off");
    server.send(200, "text/html", "LED is off");
}
```

GETTING QUERY PARAMETERS

server.on("/led", handleLed);

Modify the listening events in setup() function

```
void handleRoot() {
  const char MAIN_page[] = R"=====(
  <!DOCTYPE html>
  <html>
    <body>
      <center>
        <h1>WiFi LED on off demo:</h1><br>
        Click to turn <a href="led?state=1">LED ON</a><br>
        Click to turn <a href="led?state=0">LED OFF</a><br>
        <hr>
      </center>
    </body>
  </html>
  )====";
  server.send(200, "text/html", MAIN_page);
void handleLed() {
  String value = server.arg("state");
  Serial.println("LED state:"+value);
 if(value == "1"){
    server.send(200, "text/html", "LED is on");
  else {
    server.send(200, "text/html", "LED is off");
```

SENDING DATA TO ESP8266 USING HTTP POST

server.on("/login",HTTP_POST,handleLogin);

Modify the listening events in setup() function

```
void handleRoot() {
  const char MAIN_page[] = R"=====(
  <!DOCTYPE html>
  <html>
    <body>
      <center>
        <form action="/login" method="POST">
          <input type="text" name="username" placeholder="username"></br>
          <input type="text" name="password" placeholder="password"></br>
          <input type="submit" value="Login"></br>
        </form>
      </center>
    </body>
  </html>
  )====";
  server.send(200, "text/html", MAIN_page);
```

```
void handleLogin() {
   String username = server.arg("username");
   String password = server.arg("password");
   Serial.println(username + " " + password);
   server.send(200, "text/plain", "Server received:"+username);
}
```