```
/*IMPLEMENTATION OF SYMBOL TABLE*/
#include<stdio.h>
#include<ctype.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<math.h>
void main()
int i=0, j=0, x=0, n;
void *p,*add[5];
char ch,srch,b[15],d[15],c;
printf("Expression terminated by $:");
while((c=getchar())!='$')
 b[i]=c;
 i++;
n=i-1;
printf("Given Expression:");
i=0;
while(i<=n)
 printf("%c",b[i]);
 i++;
printf("\n Symbol Table\n");
printf("Symbol \t addr \t type");
while(j<=n)
{
 c=b[i];
 if(isalpha(toascii(c)))
 p=malloc(c);
 add[x]=p;
 d[x]=c;
 x++;
 j++;
 else
 ch=c;
 if(ch=='+'||ch=='-'||ch=='*'||ch=='=')
  p=malloc(ch);
  add[x]=p;
```

```
d[x]=ch;
printf("\n %c \t %d \t operator\n",ch,p);
x++;
j++;
}}}}
```

```
10.0.0.11 - PuTTY
login as: exam01
exam01@10.0.0.11's password:
Last login: Sat Aug 20 12:31:06 2022 from 10.0.24.18
-bash-4.2$ vi symtab.c
-bash-4.2$ cc symtab.c
-bash-4.2$ ./a.out
Expression terminated by $:c=a+b$
Given Expression:c=a+b
Symbol Table
Symbol addr
                 type
         167190536
                          identifier
         167190640
                         operator
         167190712
                         identifier
         167190816
                         operator
         167190864
                          identifier
-bash-4.2$
```

```
/*Lexical analyser to recognize a few pattern in C*/
#include<stdio.h>
#include<ctype.h>
#include<string.h>
void main()
FILE *fi,*fo,*fop,*fk;
int flag=0, i=1;
char c,t,a[15],ch[15],file[20];
printf("\n Enter the File Name:");
scanf("%s",&file);
fi=fopen(file,"r");
fo=fopen("inter.c","w");
fop=fopen("oper.c","r");
fk=fopen("key.c","r");
c=getc(fi);
while(!feof(fi))
if(isalpha(c)||isdigit(c)||(c=='['||c==']'||c=='.'==1))
fputc(c,fo);
else
if(c=='\n')
fprintf(fo, "\t\$\t");
else fprintf(fo,"\t%c\t",c);
c=getc(fi);
fclose(fi);
fclose(fo);
fi=fopen("inter.c","r");
printf("\n Lexical Analysis");
fscanf(fi,"%s",a);
printf("\n Line: \% d \n", i++);
while(!feof(fi))
if(strcmp(a,"$")==0)
printf("\n Line: %d \n",i++);
fscanf(fi, "%s",a);
fscanf(fop,"%s",ch);
while(!feof(fop))
if(strcmp(ch,a)==0)
```

```
fscanf(fop,"%s",ch);
printf("\t\s\s\s\n",a,ch);
flag=1; } fscanf(fop, "%s", ch);
rewind(fop);
fscanf(fk,"%s",ch);
while(!feof(fk))
if(strcmp(ch,a)==0)
fscanf(fk,"%k",ch);
printf("\t\% s\t:\tKeyword\n",a);
flag=1;
fscanf(fk,"%s",ch);
rewind(fk);
if(flag==0)
if(isdigit(a[0]))
printf("\t\t%s\t:\tConstant\n",a);
else
printf("\t\t% s\t:\tIdentifier\n",a);
flag=0;
fscanf(fi,"%s",a); }
vi key.c
int
void
main
char
if
for
while
else
printf
scanf
FILE
Include
stdio.h
conio.h
iostream.h
```

```
vi oper.c
( open para
) closepara
{ openbrace
} closebrace
< lesser
> greater
" doublequote ' singlequote
: colon
; semicolon
# preprocessor
= equal
== asign
% percentage
^ bitwise
& reference
* star
+ add
- sub
\ backslash
/ slash
vi.sample.c
#include<stdio.h>
Void main()
int a;
a=2+3;
printf("result is %d",a);\
```

```
[exam24@mahendralinux ~]$ vi cprg.c
[exam24@mahendralinux ~]$ vi sample.c
[exam24@mahendralinux ~]$ cc cprg.c
[exam24@mahendralinux ~]$ ./a.out
 Enter the File Name:sample.c
Lexical Analysis
Line: 1
                                        preprocessor
                    #
                                        preprocessor
                                         Identifier
                    include :
                                        lesser
                                        lesser
                    stdio.h :
                                        Keyword
                                         greater
                                         greater
                                         Identifier
```

```
/*Implementation of lexical Analyser using Lex tool*/
% {
int COMMENT=0;
% }
identifier [a-zA-Z][a-z_A-Z0-9]*
#.* {printf("\n%s is a preprocessor directive", yytext);}
int |
float |
char |
double |
while |
for |
do |
if |
break |
continue |
void |
switch |
case |
long |
struct |
const |
typedef |
return |
else |
goto {printf("\n%s is a KEYWORD",yytext);}
"/*" {COMMENT=1;}
"*/" {COMMENT=0;}
{identifier}\( {if(!COMMENT)printf("\n\n FUNCTION\n\t%s",yytext);}
\{ \{ \( \text{if(!COMMENT) printf("\n BLOCK BEGINS");} \\ \}\\
\} {if(!COMMENT) printf("\n BLOCK ENDS");}
{identifier} {if(!COMMENT) printf("\n%s is an IDENTIFIER", vytext);}
\".*\" {if(!COMMENT)printf("\n\t%s is a STRING",yytext);}
[0-9]+ {if(!COMMENT)printf("\n\t%s is a NUMBER",yytext);}
\)(\;)? {if(!COMMENT)printf("\n\t");ECHO;printf("\n");}
\(ECHO;
= {if(!COMMENT) printf("\n\t%s is an ASSIGNMENT OPERATOR",yytext);}
\<= |
\>= |
<
\> {if(!COMMENT) printf("\n\t%s is a RELATIONAL OPERATOR",yytext);}
int main(int argc,char **argv)
```

```
if(argc>1)
{
    FILE *file;
    file=fopen(argv[1],"r");
    if(!file)
    {
        printf("could not open %s \n",argv[1]);
        exit(0);
    }
        yyin=file;
    }
    yylex();
    printf("\n\n");
    return 0;
    }
    int yywrap()
    {
        return 0;
    }
}
```

```
/* YACC program to recognize valid arithmetic expression*/
LEX PART:
% {
 #include "y.tab.h"
% }
%%
[a-zA-Z_][a-zA-Z_0-9]* return id;
[0-9]+(\.[0-9]*)?
 return num;
[+/*]
return op;
return yytext[0];
\n
return 0;
%%
int yywrap()
{
return 1;
YACC PART:
 #include<stdio.h>
  int valid=1;
% }
%token num id op
%%
start : id '=' s ';'
s: id x
   num x
   | '-' num x
   | '(' s ')' x
x: op s
   | '-' s
%%
int yyerror()
  valid=0;
  printf("\nInvalid expression!\n");
  return 0;
int main()
```

```
printf("\nEnter the expression:\n");

yyparse();
if(valid)
{
    printf("\nValid expression!\n");
}
}
```

```
virus@virus-desktop: ~/Desktop/syedvirus
virus@virus-desktop:~/Desktop/syedvirus$ yacc -d 4a.y
virus@virus-desktop:~/Desktop/syedvirus$ lex 4a.l
virus@virus-desktop:~/Desktop/syedvirus$ gcc lex.yy.c y.tab.c -w
virus@virus-desktop:~/Desktop/syedvirus$ ./a.out
Enter the expression:
a=b+c;
Valid expression!
virus@virus-desktop:~/Desktop/syedvirus$ ./a.out
Enter the expression:
a=b+c
Invalid expression!
virus@virus-desktop:~/Desktop/syedvirus$ ./a.out
Enter the expression:
a=b;
Valid expression!
virus@virus-desktop:~/Desktop/syedvirus$
```

```
//write code to generate Abstract Syntax Tree
LEX PART:
% {
#include"y.tab.h"
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
int LineNo=1;
% }
identifier [a-zA-Z][_a-zA-Z0-9]*
number [0-9]+|([0-9]*\.[0-9]+)
%%
main\(\) return MAIN;
if return IF;
else return ELSE;
while return WHILE;
int |
char |
float return TYPE;
{identifier} {strcpy(yylval.var,yytext);
return VAR;}
{number} {strcpy(yylval.var,yytext);
return NUM;}
<
\> |
\>= |
\<= |
== {strcpy(yylval.var,yytext);
return RELOP;}
[\t];
\n LineNo++;
. return yytext[0];
%%
YACC PART:
% {
#include<string.h>
#include<stdio.h>
struct quad
char op[5];
char arg1[10];
char arg2[10];
char result[10];
}QUAD[30];
struct stack
```

```
int items[100];
int top;
}stk;
int Index=0,tIndex=0,StNo,Ind,tInd;
extern int LineNo;
% }
%union
char var[10];
%token <var> NUM VAR RELOP
%token MAIN IF ELSE WHILE TYPE
%type <var> EXPR ASSIGNMENT CONDITION IFST ELSEST WHILELOOP
% left '-' '+'
% left '*' '/'
%%
PROGRAM: MAIN BLOCK
BLOCK: '{' CODE '}'
CODE: BLOCK
| STATEMENT CODE
| STATEMENT
STATEMENT: DESCT ':'
| ASSIGNMENT ';'
| CONDST
| WHILEST
DESCT: TYPE VARLIST
VARLIST: VAR ',' VARLIST
| VAR
ASSIGNMENT: VAR '=' EXPR{
strcpy(QUAD[Index].op,"=");
strcpy(QUAD[Index].arg1,$3);
strcpy(QUAD[Index].arg2,"");
strcpy(QUAD[Index].result,$1);
strcpy($$,QUAD[Index++].result);
EXPR: EXPR '+' EXPR {AddQuadruple("+",$1,$3,$$);}
| EXPR '-' EXPR {AddQuadruple("-",$1,$3,$$);}
```

```
| EXPR '*' EXPR {AddQuadruple("*",$1,$3,$$);}
EXPR '/' EXPR {AddQuadruple("/",$1,$3,$$);}
'-' EXPR {AddQuadruple("UMIN",$2,"",$$);}
| '(' EXPR ')' { strcpy($$,$2); }
| VAR
| NUM
CONDST: IFST{
Ind=pop();
sprintf(QUAD[Ind].result,"%d",Index);
Ind=pop();
sprintf(QUAD[Ind].result,"%d",Index);
| IFST ELSEST
IFST: IF '(' CONDITION ')' {
strcpy(QUAD[Index].op,"==");
strcpy(QUAD[Index].arg1,$3);
strcpy(QUAD[Index].arg2,"FALSE");
strcpy(QUAD[Index].result,"-1");
push(Index);
Index++;
}
BLOCK { strcpy(QUAD[Index].op,"GOTO"); strcpy(QUAD[Index].arg1,"");
strcpy(QUAD[Index].arg2,"");
strcpy(QUAD[Index].result,"-1");
push(Index);
Index++;
};
ELSEST: ELSE{
tInd=pop();
```

```
Ind=pop();
push(tInd);
sprintf(QUAD[Ind].result,"%d",Index);
BLOCK{
Ind=pop();
sprintf(QUAD[Ind].result,"%d",Index);
};
CONDITION: VAR RELOP VAR { AddQuadruple($2,$1,$3,$$);
StNo=Index-1;
}
| VAR
| NUM
WHILEST: WHILELOOP{
Ind=pop();
sprintf(QUAD[Ind].result,"%d",StNo);
Ind=pop();
sprintf(QUAD[Ind].result,"%d",Index);
WHILELOOP: WHILE'('CONDITION')' {
strcpy(QUAD[Index].op,"==");
strcpy(QUAD[Index].arg1,$3);
strcpy(QUAD[Index].arg2,"FALSE");
strcpy(QUAD[Index].result,"-1");
push(Index);
Index++;
BLOCK {
strcpy(QUAD[Index].op,"GOTO");
strcpy(QUAD[Index].arg1,"");
strcpy(QUAD[Index].arg2,"");
strcpy(QUAD[Index].result,"-1");
push(Index);
Index++;
}
%%
extern FILE *yyin;
int main(int argc,char *argv[])
FILE *fp;
int i;
if(argc>1)
```

```
fp=fopen(argv[1],"r");
if(!fp)
printf("\n File not found");
exit(0);
yyin=fp;
yyparse();
printf("\n\t\t -----"\n\t\t Pos Operator \tArg1 \tArg2 \tResult" "\n\t\t------
----");
for(i=0;i<Index;i++)
printf("\n\t\t %d\t %s\t %s\t
%s\t%s",i,QUAD[i].op,QUAD[i].arg1,QUAD[i].arg2,QUAD[i].result);
printf("\n\t\t -----");
printf("\n\n"); return 0; 
void push(int data)
{ stk.top++;
if(stk.top==100)
printf("\n Stack overflow\n");
exit(0);
stk.items[stk.top]=data;
int pop()
int data;
if(stk.top==-1)
printf("\n Stack underflow\n");
exit(0);
data=stk.items[stk.top--];
return data;
void AddQuadruple(char op[5],char arg1[10],char arg2[10],char result[10])
strcpy(QUAD[Index].op,op);
strcpy(QUAD[Index].arg1,arg1);
strcpy(QUAD[Index].arg2,arg2);
sprintf(QUAD[Index].result,"t%d",tIndex++);
strcpy(result,QUAD[Index++].result);
```

```
}
yyerror()
{
printf("\n Error on line no:%d",LineNo);
}
INPUT:
main()
{
int a,b,c;
if(a<b)
{
    a=a+b;
}
while(a<b)
{
    a=a+b;
}
if(a<=b)
{
    c=a-b;
}
else
{
    c=a+b;
}
}</pre>
```

```
virus@virus-desktop: ~/Desktop/syedvirus
virus@virus-desktop:-/Desktop/syedvirus$ lex 5.1
virus@virus-desktop:-/Desktop/syedvirus$ yacc -d 5.y
virus@virus-desktop:-/Desktop/syedvirus$ gcc lex.yy.c y.tab.c -ll -lm -w
virus@virus-desktop:-/Desktop/syedvirus$ ./a.out test.c
                    Pos Operator Arg1
                                                           Result
                                                 Arg2
                    0
                                                   ь
                                                            to
                                                   FALSE S
                                         to
                              **
                                                           tı
                                                   ь
                                         t1
                                                            a
                    COTO
                                                            5
                     5
                                                            tz
                     6
                                         t2
                                                   FALSE
                                                           10
                              .
                     7
                                                            t3
                     8
                                         t3
                              COTO
                     9
                                                            5
                     10
                                                            t4
                              <=
                     11
                                         t4
                                                   FALSE 15
                               **
                                                           t5
                     12
                                                   ь
                     13
                                         t5
                               .
                              GOTO
                     14
                                                           17
                     15
                                                   ь
                                                           t6
                                         a
                     16
                                         t6
                                                           c
virus@virus-desktop:-/Desktop/syedvirus$
```

/* Implementation of Type Checking*/

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int main()
int n,i,k,flag=0;
char vari[15],typ[15],b[15],c;
printf("Enter the number of variables:");
scanf(" %d",&n);
for(i=0;i< n;i++)
printf("Enter the variable[%d]:",i);
scanf(" %c",&vari[i]);
printf("Enter the variable-type[%d](float-f,int-i):",i);
scanf(" %c",&typ[i]);
if(typ[i]=='f')
flag=1;
}
printf("Enter the Expression(end with $):");
i=0:
getchar();
while((c=getchar())!='$')
b[i]=c;
i++; }
k=i;
for(i=0;i<k;i++)
if(b[i]=='/')
flag=1;
break; } }
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
if(b[0]==vari[i])
if(flag==1)
if(typ[i]=='f')
{ printf("\nthe datatype is correctly defined..!\n");
break; }
else
{ printf("Identifier %c must be a float type..!\n",vari[i]);
break; } }
else
{ printf("\nthe datatype is correctly defined..!\n");
```

```
break; } }
return 0;
}
```

```
Identifier a must be a float type ..!
-bash-4.2$ vi typecheck.c
-bash-4.2$ cc typecheck.c
-bash-4.2$ ./a.out
Enter the number of variables:4
Enter the variable[0]:a
Enter the variable-type[0](float-f,int-i):i
Enter the variable[1]:b
Enter the variable-type[1](float-f,int-i):i
Enter the variable[2]:c
Enter the variable-type[2](float-f,int-i):f
Enter the variable[3]:d
Enter the variable-type[3](float-f,int-i):i
Enter the Expression (end with $):a=b+c/d$
Identifier a must be a float type ..!
-bash-4.2$
```

```
/* Control Flow Analysis */
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
#include<ctype.h>
void input();
void output();
void change(int p,int q,char *res);
void constant();
void expression();
struct expr
char op[2],op1[5],op2[5],res[5];
int flag;
}arr[10];
int n;
int main()
int ch=0;
input();
constant();
expression();
output();
void input()
int i;
printf("\n\nEnter the maximum number of expressions:");
scanf("%d",&n);
printf("\nEnter the input : \n");
for(i=0;i< n;i++)
scanf("%s",arr[i].op);
scanf("%s",arr[i].op1);
scanf("%s",arr[i].op2);
scanf("%s",arr[i].res);
arr[i].flag=0;
}
}
void constant()
int i;
int op1,op2,res;
char op,res1[5];
for(i=0;i< n;i++)
if(isdigit(arr[i].op1[0]) && isdigit(arr[i].op2[0]))
```

```
op1=atoi(arr[i].op1);
op2=atoi(arr[i].op2);
op=arr[i].op[0];
switch(op)
case '+':
res=op1+op2;
break;
case '-':
res=op1-op2;
break;
case '*':
res=op1*op2;
break;
case '/':
res=op1/op2;
break;
sprintf(res1,"%d",res);
arr[i].flag=1;
change(i,i,res1);
void expression()
int i,j;
for(i=0;i< n;i++)
for(j=i+1;j< n;j++)
if(strcmp(arr[i].op,arr[j].op)==0)
if(strcmp(arr[i].op,"+")==0||strcmp(arr[i].op,"*")==0)
if(strcmp(arr[i].op1,arr[j].op1) == 0 \&\&strcmp(arr[i].op2,arr[j].op2) == 0 \parallel
strcmp(arr[i].op1,arr[i].op2)==0\&\&strcmp(arr[i].op2,arr[i].op1)==0)
arr[j].flag=1;
change(i,j,NULL);
}
else
if(strcmp(arr[i].op1,arr[i].op1)==0\&\&strcmp(arr[i].op2,arr[i].op2)==0)
```

```
arr[j].flag=1;
change(i,j,NULL);
}
       }
       }
       }
void output()
int i=0;
printf("\nOptimized code is : ");
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
if(!arr[i].flag)
printf("\n%s %s %s %s\n",arr[i].op,arr[i].op1,arr[i].op2,arr[i].res);
void change(int p,int q,char *res)
int i;
for(i=q+1;i< n;i++)
if(strcmp(arr[q].res,arr[i].op1)==0)
if(res == NULL)
strcpy(arr[i].op1,arr[p].res);
else
strcpy(arr[i].op1,res);
else if(strcmp(arr[q].res,arr[i].op2)==0)
if(res == NULL)
strcpy(arr[i].op2,arr[p].res);
strcpy(arr[i].op2,res);
}
```

```
/* Any Storage Allocation –Stack*/
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct node
  int info;
  struct node *ptr;
}*top,*top1,*temp;
int topelement();
void push(int data);
void pop();
void empty();
void display();
void destroy();
void stack_count();
void create();
int count = 0;
void main()
  int no, ch, e;
  printf("\n 1 - Push");
  printf("\n 2 - Pop");
  printf("\n 3 - Top");
  printf("\n 4 - Empty");
  printf("\n 5 - Exit");
  printf("\n 6 - Dipslay");
  printf("\n 7 - Stack Count");
  printf("\n 8 - Destroy stack");
   create();
   while (1)
     printf("\n Enter choice : ");
     scanf("%d", &ch);
     switch (ch)
     case 1:
       printf("Enter data : ");
       scanf("%d", &no);
       push(no);
       break;
     case 2:
       pop();
       break;
     case 3:
       if (top == NULL)
          printf("No elements in stack");
```

```
else
          e = topelement();
          printf("\n Top element : %d", e);
       break;
     case 4:
       empty();
       break;
     case 5:
       exit(0);
     case 6:
       display();
       break;
     case 7:
       stack_count();
       break;
     case 8:
       destroy();
       break;
     default:
       printf(" Wrong choice, Please enter correct choice ");
       break;
/* Create empty stack */
void create()
  top = NULL;
/* Count stack elements */
void stack_count()
  printf("\n No. of elements in stack : %d", count);
/* Push data into stack */
void push(int data)
  if (top == NULL)
     top =(struct node *)malloc(1*sizeof(struct node));
     top->ptr = NULL;
     top->info = data;
  }
  else
```

```
{
     temp =(struct node *)malloc(1*sizeof(struct node));
     temp->ptr = top;
     temp->info = data;
     top = temp;
  }
     count++;
}
/* Display stack elements */
void display()
  top1 = top;
  if (top1 == NULL)
     printf("Stack is empty");
     return;
   while (top1 != NULL)
     printf("%d ", top1->info);
     top1 = top1 -> ptr;
  }
/* Pop Operation on stack */
void pop()
  top1 = top;
  if (top1 == NULL)
     printf("\n Error : Trying to pop from empty stack");
     return;
  else
  top1 = top1 -> ptr;
  printf("\n Popped value : %d", top->info);
  free(top);
  top = top1;
  count--;
/* Return top element */
int topelement()
  return(top->info);
/* Check if stack is empty or not */
```

```
void empty()
  if (top == NULL)
    printf("\n Stack is empty");
  else
    printf("\n Stack is not empty with %d elements", count);
/* Destroy entire stack */
void destroy()
  top1 = top;
  while (top1 != NULL)
    top1 = top->ptr;
    free(top);
    top = top1;
    top1 = top1 -> ptr;
  free(top1);
  top = NULL;
  printf("\n All stack elements destroyed");
  count = 0;
}
```

```
10.0.0.11 - PuTTY
g<sup>®</sup> login as: exam01
g<sup>®</sup> exam01@10.0.0.11's password:
Last login: Tue Nov 8 09:39:30 2022 from 10.0.24.77
-bash-4.2$ vi stack.c
-bash-4.2$ cc stack.c
-bash-4.2$ ./a.out
 1 - Push
2 - Pop
 3 - Top
 4 - Empty
 5 - Exit
 6 - Dipslay
 7 - Stack Count
 8 - Destroy stack
 Enter choice: 1
Enter data: 10
 Enter choice : 1
Enter data: 20
Enter choice : 1
Enter data: 30
 Enter choice: 2
 Popped value: 30
 Enter choice: 6
20 10
Enter choice: 3
Top element: 20
 Enter choice: 1
Enter data : 50
 Enter choice: 6
50 20 10
 Enter choice: 7
 No. of elements in stack: 3
 Enter choice :
```

```
/*Construction of DAG*/
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<time.h>
#define MIN_PER_RANK 1
#define MAX PER RANK 5
#define MIN_RANKS 3
#define MAX RANKS 5
#define PERCENT 30
void main()
int i,j,k,nodes=0;
srand(time(NULL));
int ranks=MIN_RANKS+(rand()%(MAX_RANKS-MIN_RANKS+1));
printf("DIRECTED ACYCLIC GRAPH\n");
for(i=1;i<ranks;i++)
int new_nodes=MIN_PER_RANK+(rand()%(MAX_PER_RANK-MIN_PER_RANK+1));
for(j=0;j< nodes;j++)
for(k=0;k<new_nodes;k++)</pre>
if((rand()%100)<PERCENT)
printf("\%d->\%d;\n",j,k+nodes);
nodes+=new_nodes;
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/*Implementation of Simple Code Optimization Techniques*/
PROGRAM
#include<stdio.h>
#include<string.h>
struct op { char l; char r[20];
op[10],pr[10];
void main()
int a,i,k,j,n,z=0,m,q;
char *p,*l;
char temp,t;
char *tem;
printf("Enter the Number of Values:");
scanf("%d",&n);
for(i=0;i< n;i++)
{ printf("left: ");
scanf(" %c",&op[i].l);
printf("right: ");
scanf(" %s",op[i].r);
printf("Intermediate Code\n");
for(i=0;i< n;i++)
{ printf("%c=",op[i].l);
printf("%s\n",op[i].r);
for(i=0;i< n-1;i++)
{ temp=op[i].l;
for(j=0;j< n;j++)
{ p=strchr(op[j].r,temp);
if(p) { pr[z].l=op[i].l;
strcpy(pr[z].r,op[i]. r); z++;
}
pr[z].l=op[n-1].l;
strcpy(pr[z].r,op[n-1].r);
printf("\nAfter Dead Code Elimination\n");
for(k=0;k< z;k++)
{ printf("%c\t=",pr[k].l);
printf("\%s\n",pr[k].r); 
for(m=0;m<z;m++)
{ tem=pr[m].r;
for(j=m+1;j< z;j++)
{ p=strstr(tem,pr[i].r);
if(p)
{ t=pr[j].l;
pr[j].l=pr[m].l;
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for(i=0;i< z;i++)
{ l=strchr(pr[i].r,t);
if(1)
a=l-pr[i].r;
printf("pos: %d\n",a);
pr[i].r[a]=pr[m].l;
}}}}
printf("Eliminate Common Expression\n");
for(i=0;i< z;i++)
{ printf("%c\t=",pr[i].l);
printf("%s\n",pr[i].r);
for(i=0;i< z;i++)
\{ for(j=i+1;j< z;j++) \}
{ q=strcmp(pr[i].r,pr[j].r);
if((pr[i].l=pr[j].l)&&!q)
{ pr[i].l='\0'; } }
printf("Optimized Code\n");
for(i=0;i< z;i++)
{ if(pr[i].1!='\0')
{ printf("%c=",pr[i].l);
printf("%s\n",pr[i].r);
} } }
Output:
Enter the Number of Values: 3
left: a
right: b+c
left: d
right: b+c
left: 1
right: d
Intermediate Code
a=b+c
d=b+c
1=d
After Dead Code Elimination
d
          =b+c
          =d
Eliminate Common Expression
          =b+c
d
          =d
Optimized Code
d=b+c
```

1=d