

# KATHMANDU UNIVERSITY

## DHULIKHEL, KAVRE



COMP-342

Lab Report:"4"

Date: 2023/05/03

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## LAB -4

### 1. Write a Program to implement:

- a. 2D Translation
- b. 2D Rotation
- c. 2D Scaling
- d. 2D Reflection
- e. 2D Shearing

### GL setup to draw rectangle

```
function createrectangle(vertices, fragCode = `
void main(void) {
    gl_FragColor = vec4(1.0, 0.0, 0.0, 1.0);
}
`){
    var vertexBuffer = gl.createBuffer();
    // Bind the buffer to ARRAY_BUFFER
    gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, vertexBuffer);

    // Copy the vertices data to the buffer
    gl.bufferData(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, vertices, gl.STATIC_DRAW);

    // Create the fragment shader
    var fragShader = gl.createShader(gl.FRAGMENT_SHADER);

    // Define the fragment shader code

    // Attach the code to the shader
    gl.shaderSource(fragShader, fragCode);

    // Compile the shader
    gl.compileShader(fragShader);

    // Create the shader program
    var shaderProgram = gl.createProgram();

    // Attach the vertex shader and fragment shader to the program
    gl.attachShader(shaderProgram, vertShader);
    gl.attachShader(shaderProgram, fragShader);

    // Link the program
    gl.linkProgram(shaderProgram);

    // Use the program
    gl.useProgram(shaderProgram);

    // Enable the vertex attribute array
    var coord = gl.getAttribLocation(shaderProgram, "coordinates");
    gl.enableVertexAttribArray(coord);
```

```
// Specify how to read the buffer data
gl.vertexAttribPointer(coord, 2, gl.FLOAT, false, 0, 0);

// Draw the square
gl.drawArrays(gl.TRIANGLE_FAN, 0, 4)
}
```

## Main.js

```
const canvas = document.querySelector("#canvas");

const canvasHeight = canvas.height;
const canvasWidth = canvas.width;
const gl = canvas.getContext("webgl");

if (!gl) {
  throw new Error(
    "Unable to load WebGL. Your computer or browser maynot support it"
  );
}

var vertexBuffer = gl.createBuffer();

gl.bindBuffer(gl.ARRAY_BUFFER, null);

var vertCode =
  "attribute vec3 coordinates;" +
  "void main(void)" +
  "{" +
  "gl_Position = vec4(coordinates, 1.0);" +
  "gl_PointSize = 10.0;" +
  "}";

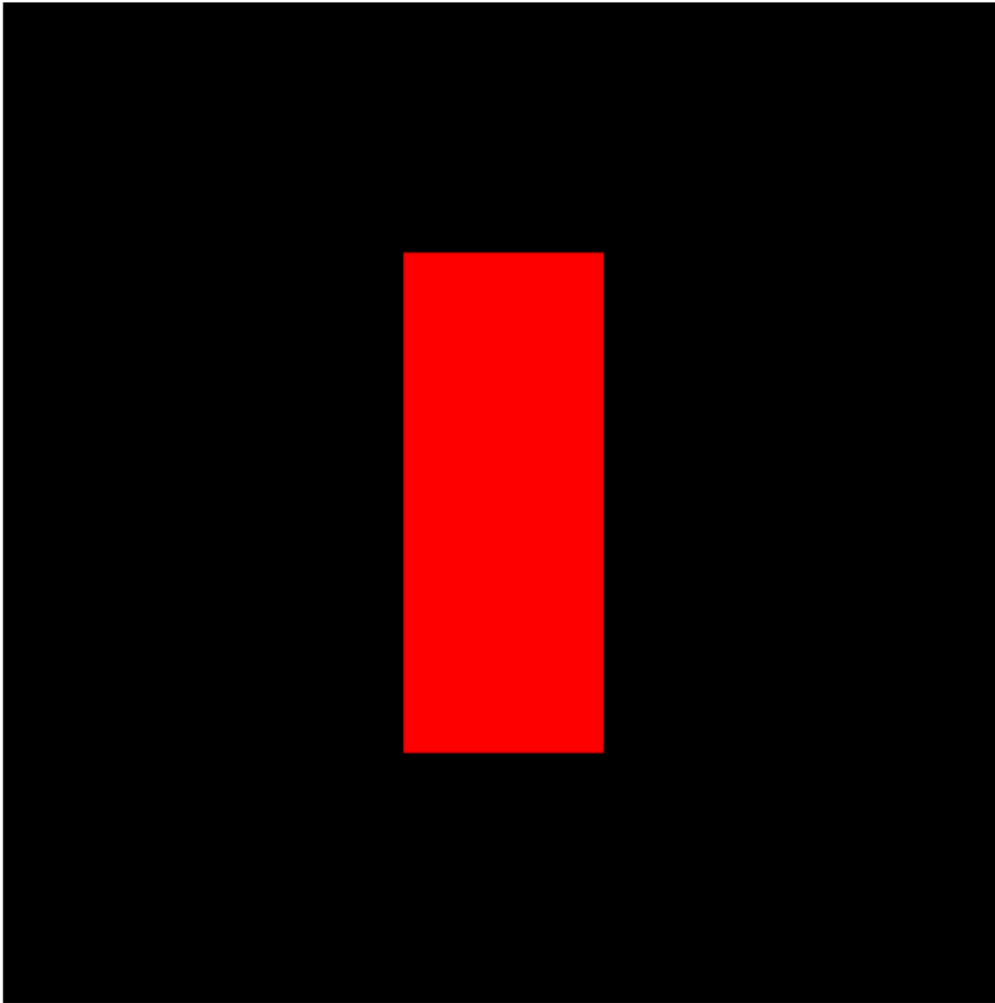
var vertShader = gl.createShader(gl.VERTEX_SHADER);

gl.shaderSource(vertShader, vertCode);

gl.compileShader(vertShader);

// gl.clearColor()
// gl.clear()
```

## lab 4



Rectangle ▼



### a) 2D Translation

```
var initial_vertices = new Float32Array([
    -0.2, -0.5, // Bottom-left corner
    +0.2, -0.5, // Bottom-right corner
    +0.2, +0.5, // Top-right corner
    -0.2, +0.5  // Top-left corner
]);
```

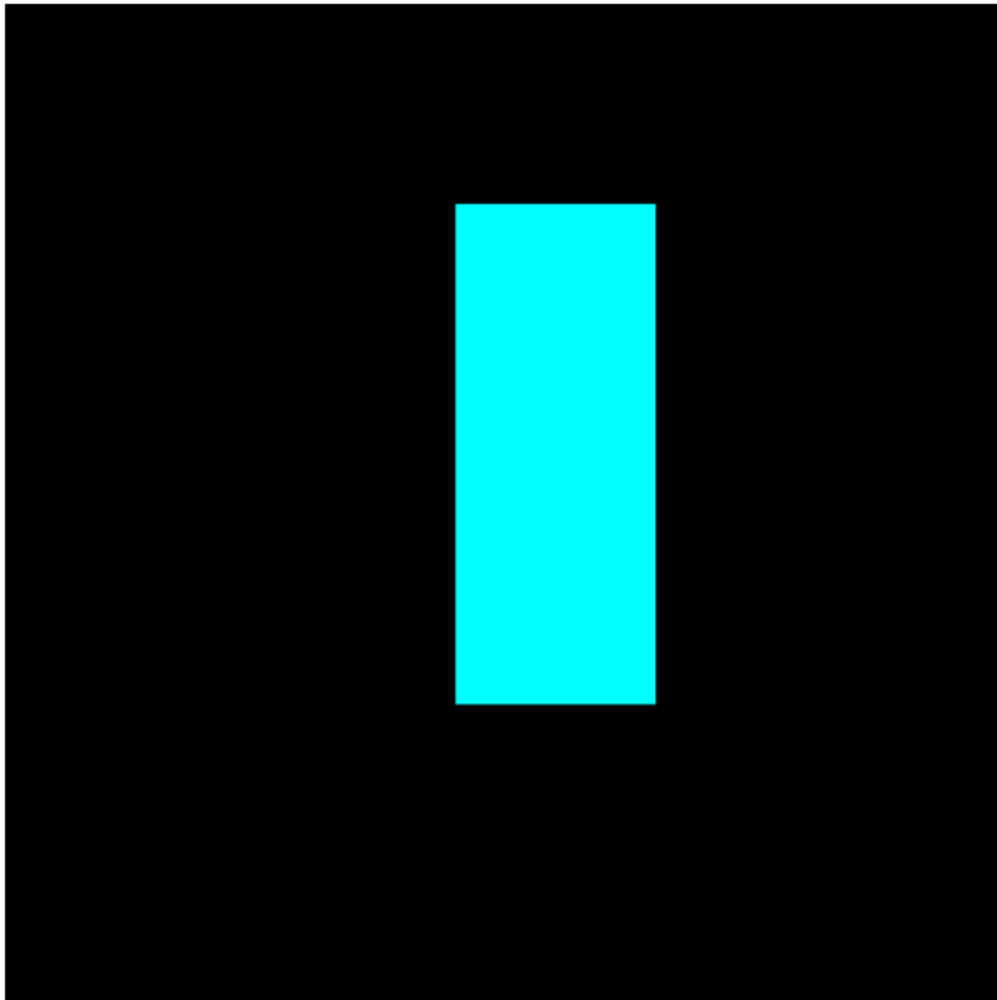
```
function translaterectangle(vertex,translation) {
  let translated_Vertices = [];

  for (let i = 0; i < vertex.length; i = i + 2) {
    translated_Vertices.push(vertex[i] + translation[0]);
    translated_Vertices.push(vertex[i + 1] + translation[1]);
  }
  return translated_Vertices;
}

var translatedVertices = translaterectangle(initial_vertices, [0.1, 0.1]);
tarr=new Float32Array(translatedVertices)
```

Output

## lab 4



## translate

2D Translation ▼



## b)2D Rotation

```
//rotation
function rotateRectangle(vertexe, angle) {
  let rotated_Vertices = [];

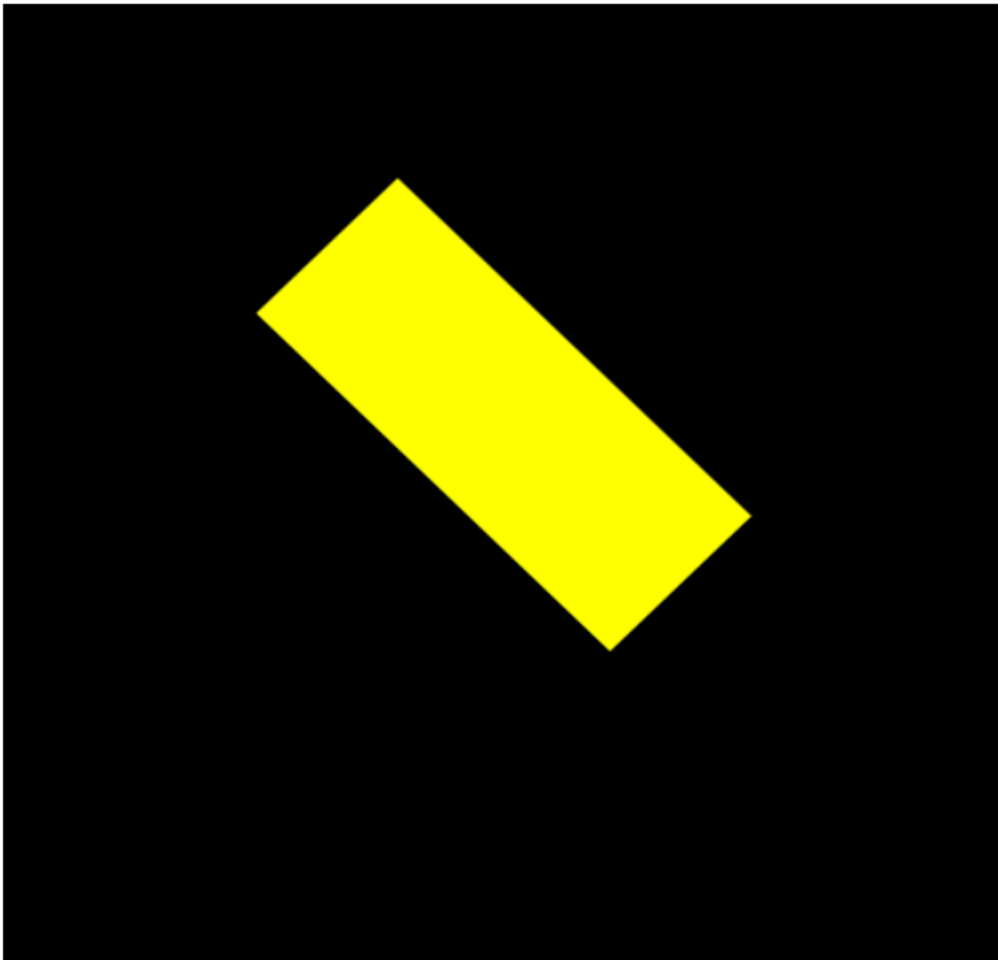
  for (let i = 0; i < vertexe.length; i = i + 2) {
    let x = vertexe[i];
    let y = vertexe[i + 1];

    // Rotate the point (x, y) around the origin (0, 0)
    let rotatedX = x * Math.cos(angle) - y * Math.sin(angle);
    let rotatedY = x * Math.sin(angle) + y * Math.cos(angle);

    rotated_Vertices.push(rotatedX);
    rotated_Vertices.push(rotatedY);
  }
  return rotated_Vertices;
}
var rotatedVertices = rotateRectangle(tarr, Math.PI / 4);
var rotatedArr = new Float32Array(rotatedVertices)
```

Output:

## lab 4



**rotate**

2D Rotation ▼



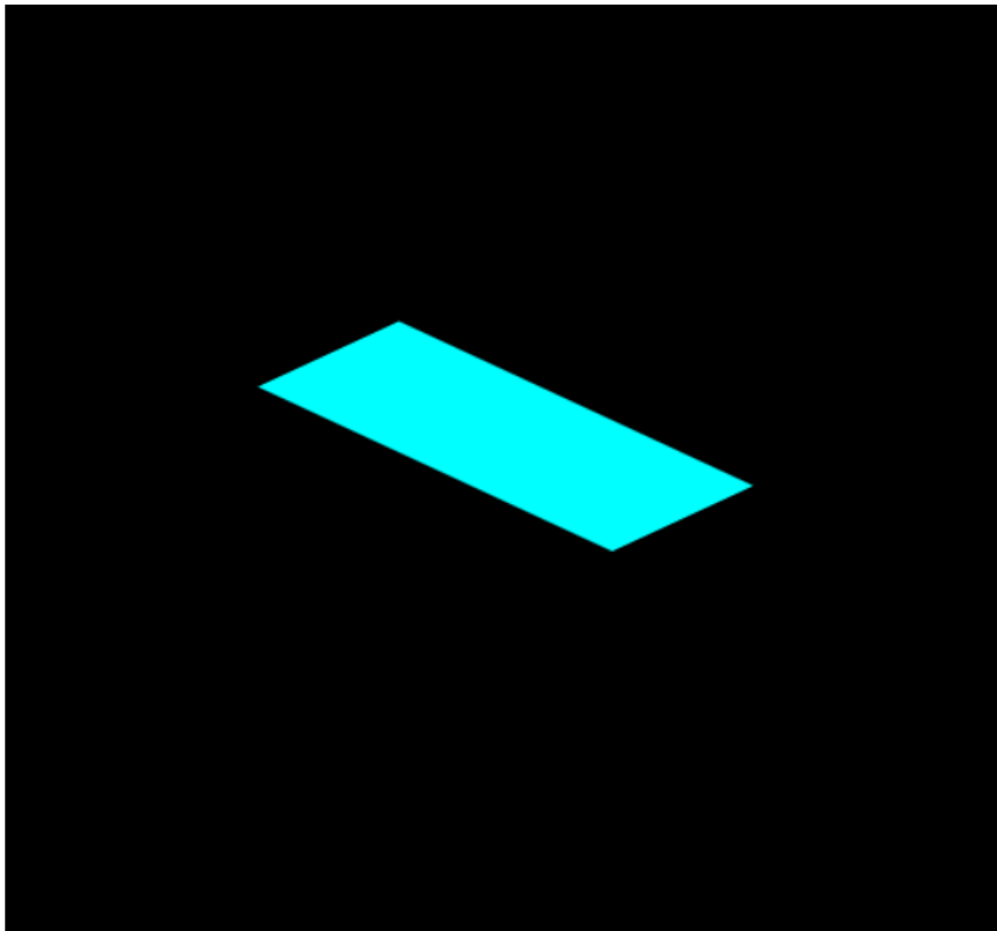
### c) 2D Scaling

```
function scalerectangle(vertices, scale) {  
  let scaledVertices = [];  
  
  for (let i = 0; i < vertices.length; i = i + 2) {  
    scaledVertices.push(vertices[i] * scale[0]);  
    scaledVertices.push(vertices[i + 1] * scale[1]);  
  }  
  
  return new Float32Array(scaledVertices);  
}  
  
var scaledVertices = scalerectangle(rotatedArr, [1, 0.5]);  
scaled = new Float32Array(scaledVertices);
```

Output:

---

## lab 4



## scaling

2D Scaling ▼



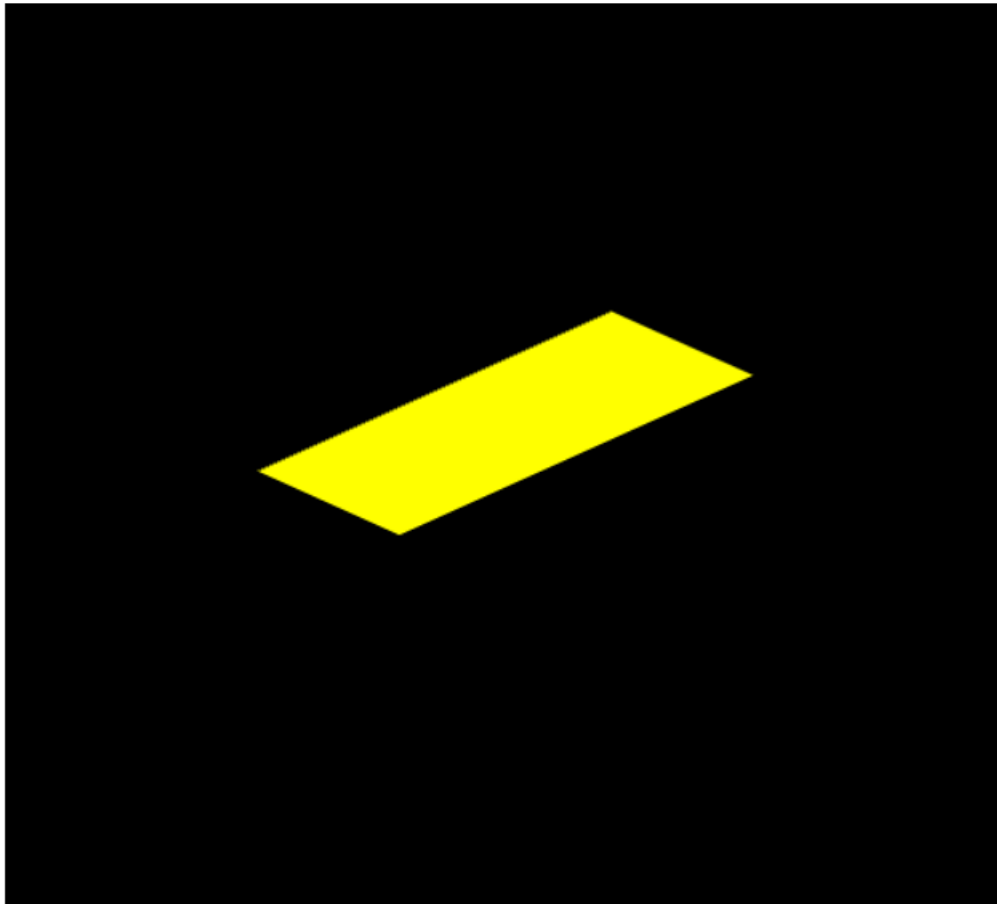


## d) 2D Reflection

```
function reflectrectangle(vertices) {  
    let reflectedVertices = [];  
  
    for (let i = 0; i < vertices.length; i = i + 2) {  
        reflectedVertices.push(vertices[i] * -1); // flip x-coordinate  
        reflectedVertices.push(vertices[i + 1]); // keep y-coordinate  
    }  
  
    return new Float32Array(reflectedVertices);  
}  
  
var reflectedVertices = reflectrectangle(scaled);
```

Output:

## lab 4



## reflect

2D Reflection ▼

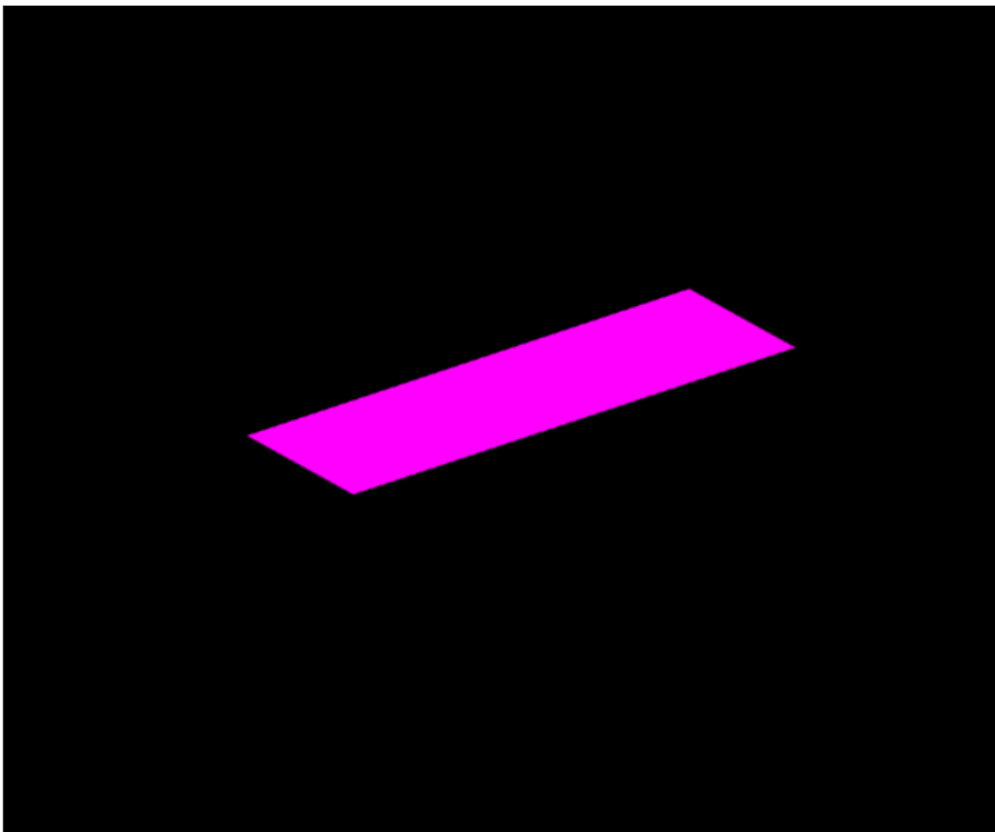


## e) 2D Shearing

```
function shearrectangleX(vertices, shear) {  
  let shearedVertices = [];  
  
  for (let i = 0; i < vertices.length; i = i + 2) {  
    shearedVertices.push(vertices[i] + vertices[i + 1] * shear[0]);  
    shearedVertices.push(vertices[i + 1]);  
  }  
  
  return new Float32Array(shearedVertices);  
}  
  
var shearedVertices = shearrectangleX(reflectedVertices, [0.5]);  
sheared = new Float32Array(shearedVertices);
```

Output:

### lab 4



## shearing

2D shearing ▼



**Conclusion:**

**Hence, an initial rectangle was drawn with the initial vertices and accordingly it was reflected, rotated, translated, scaled and sheared. All these transformation was performed using WebGL library.**