

4 SEPTEMBER 2023

CLDV6212

POE PART 1

ST10075585

NSIKELELO TSOELOPELE KUMALO

CLDV6212 POE PART 1 ST10075585 Nsikelelo Kumalo



SECTION A.

Traditional On-Premises		Modern Cloud	
On-premises definition	On-premises example	Cloud definition	Cloud example
<p>Monolithic: a self-contained software model that operates with a single code base. It is commonly linked with large and inflexible environments, which can lead to time-consuming and restrictive updates. However, monoliths provide advantages in terms of code management, reduced cognitive complexity, and streamlined deployment, enabling the quick release of all components at once. (Harris, 2023)</p>	<p>An online marketplace operates using a monolithic architecture within an on-premises environment. All the functions of the platform, such as product search, user authentication, and payment processing, are tightly integrated into a single software application hosted on the company's own servers. This setup requires manual scaling and maintenance, making it more challenging to adapt to changing demands compared to a cloud-based decomposed architecture.</p>	<p>Decomposed: A decomposed architecture, commonly known as microservices architecture, is a design approach that involves dividing a complex application into smaller, self-contained units called microservices. Each microservice is responsible for a specific business function and can be developed, deployed, and scaled independently without reliance on other services. By breaking down major business concerns into separate, autonomous code bases, microservices become more visible and easier to handle. These smaller processes operate independently, working together to create the complete solution (Harris, 2023)</p>	<p>An online marketplace runs on a cloud-based decomposed architecture. Various microservices handle functions like product search, user authentication, and payment processing. These microservices communicate over the internet and can be independently scaled to meet demand.</p>
<p>Designed for predictable scalability: the ability of a system to handle increasing demands without affecting its performance. In the context of On-premises, predictable scalability means that the system can be easily expanded to meet the needs of a growing business.</p>	<p>DStv, a popular African satellite television service, is designed for predictable scalability due to its fixed number of satellite transponders. This scalability is more predictable than streaming platforms. During major sporting events like the FIFA World Cup or Olympics, DStv can anticipate a significant increase in viewership. To handle this, they</p>	<p>Designed for elastic scale refers to the ability of an on-premises IT infrastructure to be scaled up or down as needed. This can be done by adding or removing physical servers, virtual machines, or containers. (madhav_mohan, 2023)</p>	<p>Netflix is a prime example of a service that is designed for elastic scale. They operate in the cloud and have built their architecture to automatically scale up or down based on real-time demand. During peak times, like when a popular show releases new episodes, or during weekends and</p>

<p>This can be done by adding more servers, storage, or network bandwidth. (Glossary, n.d.)</p>	<p>plan and allocate additional transponders. By leveraging historical data and understanding viewing patterns, they can estimate the required scalability to maintain high-quality broadcasting without disruptions. This scalability is foreseeable due to the nature of events and historical viewership data, allowing DStv to plan ahead and allocate resources for uninterrupted broadcasting during high-demand periods.</p>		<p>evenings when more people are streaming, Netflix can dynamically allocate additional resources to ensure smooth playback and user experience. Conversely, during off-peak times, resources are scaled down to save costs. This elastic scaling allows Netflix to maintain a consistent user experience regardless of varying levels of demand.</p>
<p>Relational database: allows administrators to update physical storage without changing the logical data structure by organising data points with established relationships for simple access. They function effectively with organised data and assist organisations in making efficient business decisions and minimising expenditures. (Lutkevich, 2021)</p>	<p>In the context of a banking system like ABSA, a relational database could be used to manage core customer data, account information, transaction history, and user authentication. For instance, ABSA might use a relational database to store structured information about customers, their personal details, account balances, and transaction records. This data would be stored in tables with predefined schemas using SQL queries for retrieval and management. This approach ensures data integrity, ACID (Atomicity, Consistency, Isolation, Durability)</p>	<p>Polyglot persistence (mix of storage technologies): is a concept involving multiple data storage approaches and technologies for enterprise applications. It suggests that database engineers should prioritize determining the best database technology for application data manipulation to address storage performance issues, simplify operations, and prevent fragmentation. (Brunskill, 2023)</p>	<p>In the case of Polyglot Persistence, ABSA might use different storage technologies to address diverse data needs. For instance, ABSA could utilize a NoSQL database for handling unstructured or semi-structured data, such as customer feedback, social media interactions, or logs. This allows ABSA to store and process large volumes of unstructured data more efficiently than a traditional relational database. The bank might also use a specialized time-series database to store and analyse real-time market data for investment purposes. By adopting a polyglot</p>

	compliance, and robust data relationships, all crucial aspects of a banking system.		persistence approach, ABSA can optimize data storage and retrieval for different types of information, achieving better performance and scalability.
Synchronized processing is a way of ensuring that multiple processes access shared resources in a consistent manner. This is done by using locks or semaphores to prevent one process from accessing a resource that is being used by another process. (GeeksforGeeks, 2023)	In Google Docs, when multiple users collaborate on a document in real time, their changes and edits are synchronized in a synchronized processing manner. When one user types or makes changes, others can immediately see the modifications happening in real time. Each change is synchronized and displayed to all collaborators as soon as it's made, ensuring that everyone is working on the most up-to-date version of the document.	Asynchronous processing: provides a means of distributing the processing that is required by an application between systems in an intercommunication environment. distributes the processing required by an application between intercommunicating systems. The processing is independent of the sessions in which requests are sent and replies are received. Remains the same as the general concept, involving tasks that are decoupled and can run independently. (IBM, 2023)	Google Photos Backup When you upload photos to Google Photos from your mobile device, the backup process uses asynchronous processing. Your device starts the upload process, and Google Photos continues the backup in the background, even if you exit the app or turn off your device. The photos are uploaded asynchronously, allowing you to continue using your device without waiting for the entire backup to complete. This asynchronous approach ensures that your photos are securely backed up to the cloud without interrupting your device's performance or your usage.
Design to avoid failures (MTBF): is a metric used to measure the reliability and availability of a technology product.	SHEIN implements a Design to Avoid Failures (MTBF) strategy for Black Friday by carefully planning and optimizing its infrastructure to	Design for failure (MTTR): the average time it takes to fully resolve a failure, including detecting, diagnosing, and repairing the issue,	SHEIN also employs a Design for Failure (MTTR) approach during Black Friday to ensure quick recovery in case of any unexpected system failures. They

<p>Companies aim to maintain high MTBF to minimize failure frequency. On-premises design aims to increase system reliability by minimizing failure frequency through redundancy and careful system design. (ATLASSIAN, 2023)</p>	<p>handle the anticipated surge in traffic. The company invests in high-quality servers, redundant hardware components, and load balancers to ensure stable performance throughout the Black Friday sale. They analyse historical data to predict traffic patterns and allocate resources based on expected demand. By doing so, SHEIN aims to provide a seamless shopping experience for its customers, minimizing the chances of server crashes or slowdowns during peak hours.</p>	<p>and ensuring it doesn't happen again. It extends the team's responsibility to improve long-term performance, similar to fireproofing a house. It's strongly correlated with customer satisfaction, and in the cloud, design for failure emphasizes rapid recovery using cloud-specific services and tools. (ATLASSIAN, 2023)</p>	<p>set up automated monitoring tools that constantly track server health and response times. If any server or component experiences issues, the system triggers an automatic alert. In response, the platform immediately redirects traffic away from the affected server and provisions a new instance to replace the problematic one. This approach minimizes downtime and ensures that customers can continue shopping without disruption. SHEIN's focus is on rapid recovery and maintaining availability rather than trying to prevent all failures.</p>
<p>Occasional large updates: software updates that are released less frequently than small, incremental updates. They typically contain more significant changes, such as new features, major bug fixes, or performance improvements (reddit, 2011)</p>	<p>Microsoft 365 (formerly Office 365) often receives occasional large updates. These updates are significant and may introduce major new features, user interface changes, and improvements to the suite of applications. For instance, every few months, Microsoft might release a substantial update that includes new tools, enhanced collaboration features, or a redesigned user</p>	<p>Frequent small updates are software updates that are released on a regular basis, typically weekly or monthly. They typically include bug fixes, security patches, and minor new features. (Eckert, 2012)</p>	<p>On the other hand, Microsoft 365 also experiences frequent small updates. These updates are more incremental and focus on bug fixes, performance enhancements, security patches, and minor feature improvements. These updates are rolled out more regularly, sometimes even on a weekly or bi-weekly basis, to ensure that the software remains stable, secure, and</p>

	interface. These updates require users to adjust to the changes and sometimes come with accompanying learning resources to help users adapt to the new features.		up to date. These small updates might not introduce major changes but collectively contribute to the overall user experience and reliability of the software suite.
Manual management: is the manual management of a system or process using pen and paper, spreadsheets, or other non-automated technologies. It can be applied in a variety of scenarios, although it is most typically applied to minor systems or processes that do not require a high level of complexity or sophistication. It can also be used as a stopgap measure until a more automated system can be put in place. (LinkedIn, 2023)	Imagine a company that operates its network infrastructure on-premises. The IT team is responsible for configuring routers, switches, firewalls, and load balancers manually. If a new application needs to be deployed, the team must physically set up the required networking components, configure routing rules, and ensure proper security settings. This process is time-consuming and prone to human errors, and any changes require manual intervention. In case of a sudden traffic surge, the IT team needs to manually adjust the network resources to handle the increased load, which might lead to delays in responding to the changing demands.	Automated self-management: Involves the utilization of automation and orchestration tools to manage activities such as deployment, scaling, and recovery autonomously, minimizing the need for constant human involvement. (Lynn, et al., 2016) (Puviani & Frei, 2013)	Contrast this with a cloud-based network environment. An organization utilizes a cloud service provider for its network infrastructure. The cloud platform offers automated networking services like load balancing, virtual networking, and firewall configuration. When a new application is deployed, the networking components are provisioned automatically according to predefined templates. As traffic patterns change, the cloud platform can automatically scale the network resources up or down based on demand, ensuring optimal performance and minimal downtime. Security updates and patches for network components are also applied automatically by the cloud provider, reducing the burden on the IT team. This

			automated approach allows the organization to focus more on application development and business needs rather than routine network management tasks.
<p>Snowflake servers: launched mission-critical software that can only be launched on a specified configuration of operating system and application server. Because these servers cannot be upgraded, they drift further and further away from normal setups, requiring more and more IT resources to monitor. Snowflake servers make automation techniques like Infrastructure as Code harder to implement. Having many Snowflake Servers results in what is known as a fragile infrastructure. (Kemp, 2023)</p>	<p>Imagine an on-premises version of Instagram where the platform's servers are manually configured with unique setups for handling different features. For instance, there might be specific servers optimized for photo uploads, others tailored for video processing, and more dedicated to user authentication.</p> <p>Over time, as new features are added and server configurations become more intricate, managing these servers becomes complex. If one server experiences a performance issue, replicating its unique configuration to troubleshoot the issue across other servers is challenging. This diversity of server setups can lead to inconsistencies and difficulties in maintaining a</p>	<p>Immutable infrastructure: refers to computer infrastructure (virtual machines, containers, and network appliances) that once deployed cannot be modified. This can be enforced by an automated procedure that overwrites unauthorised changes or by a system that does not allow changes to begin with. (Cloud Native Glossary Authors, 2022)</p>	<p>Consider the cloud-based version of Instagram, where the platform follows immutable infrastructure principles. Whenever updates or changes are required, the platform creates new instances from standardized images or templates. For instance, a new version of the image might include the latest codebase, software libraries, and configurations.</p> <p>In this scenario, if an issue arises after a deployment, the platform can quickly revert to the previous version by launching instances from the earlier image. This ensures that all instances are consistent and eliminates the risk of configuration drift. Updates become streamlined, and the platform benefits from reproducible environments, making it easier to maintain a reliable and scalable social media platform like</p>

	cohesive and reliable user experience.		Instagram in the cloud.
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SECTION B.

The steps you took to deploy the function (there must be several steps):

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- WordPress Web Server on Ubuntu 18.04 + Apache SSL**
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Home > Create a resource > **Create Function App** ...

Basics Storage Networking Monitoring Deployment Tags Review + create

Create a function app, which lets you group functions as a logical unit for easier management, deployment and sharing of resources. Functions lets you execute your code in a serverless environment without having to first create a VM or publish a web application.

Project Details

Select a subscription to manage deployed resources and costs. Use resource groups like folders to organize and manage all your resources.

Subscription *

Resource Group * [Create new](#)

Instance Details

Function App name * [.azurewebsites.net](#)

Do you want to deploy code or container image? * ☒ Code ☐ Container image

Runtime stack *

Version *

Region *

Operating system

The Operating System has been recommended for you based on your selection of runtime stack.

Operating System * ☐ Linux ☒ Windows

Hosting

The plan you choose dictates how your app scales, what features are enabled, and how it is priced. [Learn more](#)

[Review + create](#) [Previous](#) [Next: Storage](#)

Basics **Storage** Networking Monitoring Deployment Tags Review + create

Storage
When creating a function app, you must create or link to a general-purpose Azure Storage account that supports Blobs, Queue, and Table storage.

Storage account *
(New) nsikelelo18
[Create new](#)

Basics **Storage** Networking Monitoring Deployment Tags Review + create

Storage
When creating a function app, you must create or link to a general-purpose Azure Storage account that supports Blobs, Queue, and Table storage.

Storage account *
st10075585poestorage (v2)
[Select a resource group to enable create new storage account option.](#)

Home > Create a resource >

Create Function App

✕

Basics Storage **Networking** Monitoring Deployment Tags Review + create

Function Apps can be provisioned with the inbound address being public to the internet or isolated to an Azure virtual network. Function Apps can also be provisioned with outbound traffic able to reach endpoints in a virtual network, be governed by network security groups or affected by virtual network routes. By default, your app is open to the internet and cannot reach into a virtual network. These aspects can also be changed after the app is provisioned. [Learn more](#)

Enable public access ☐ On ☒ Off

⚠️ Network injection is only available in Functions Premium and Basic, Standard, Premium, Premium V2, Premium V3 Dedicated App Service plans.

Enable network injection ☐ On ☒ Off

[Review + create](#) < Previous Next: Monitoring >

Home > Create a resource >

Create Function App

✕

Basics Storage Networking **Monitoring** Deployment Tags Review + create

Azure Monitor application insights is an Application Performance Management (APM) service for developers and DevOps professionals. Enable it below to automatically monitor your application. It will detect performance anomalies, and includes powerful analytics tools to help you diagnose issues and to understand what users actually do with your app. Your bill is based on amount of data used by Application Insights and your data retention settings. [Learn more](#)

App Insights pricing

Application Insights
Enable Application Insights ☒ No ☐ Yes

⚠️ Application Insights code-less monitoring isn't supported with your selections of subscription, runtime stack, operating system, publish type, region, or resource group. If you want to keep these selections, you can use the Application Insights SDK to monitor your app.

[Review + create](#) < Previous Next: Deployment >

Home > Create a resource >

Create Function App

✕

Basics Storage Networking Monitoring **Deployment** Tags Review + create

Enable GitHub Actions to continuously deploy your app. GitHub Actions is an automation framework that can build, test, and deploy your app whenever a new commit is made in your repository. If your code is in GitHub, choose your repository here and we will add a workflow file to automatically deploy your app to App Service. If your code is not in GitHub, go to the Deployment Center once the web app is created to set up your deployment. [Learn more](#)

GitHub Actions settings
Continuous deployment ☒ Disable ☐ Enable

GitHub Actions details
Select your GitHub details, so Azure Web Apps can access your repository. You must have write access to your chosen repository to deploy with GitHub Actions.

GitHub account

Organization

Select organization

Repository

Select repository

Branch

Select branch

Workflow configuration
File with the GitHub Actions workflow configuration.

📘 Complete the Basics tab and the form above to preview the GitHub Actions workflow file.

[Preview file](#)

[Review + create](#) < Previous Next: Tags >

Create Function App



Basics Storage Networking Monitoring Deployment **Tags** Review + create

Tags are name/value pairs that enable you to categorize resources and view consolidated billing by applying the same tag to multiple resources and resource groups.

Note that if you create tags and then change resource settings on other tabs, your tags will be automatically updated.

Name	Value	Resource
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	4 selected



Review + create

< Previous

Next: Review + create >

Create Function App



Basics Storage Networking Monitoring Deployment Tags **Review + create**

Summary



Details

Subscription	e931273bf-0dae-4395-abb5-33f801de7c65
Resource Group	AZ-JHB-RSG-VCKNDW-ST10075585-TER
Name	st10075585POEMainFunction
Runtime stack	.NET 6 (.LTS)

Hosting

Storage (New)

Storage account	nsikele18
-----------------	-----------

Plan (New)

Hosting options and plans	Consumption (Serverless)
Name	ASP-AZ-JHB-RSG-VCKNDW-ST10075585-TER-b942
Operating System	Windows
Region	East US
SKU	Dynamic

Monitoring

Application Insights	Not enabled
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Deployment

Continuous deployment	Not enabled / Set up after app creation
-----------------------	---



Create

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Create Function App



Basics storage Networking Monitoring Deployment tags **Review + create**

Summary



Details

Subscription	e931273bf-0dae-4395-abb5-33f801de7c65
Resource Group	AZ-JHB-RSG-VCKNDW-ST10075585-TER
Name	st10075585POEMainFunction
Runtime stack	.NET 6 (.LTS)

Hosting

Storage (New)

Storage account	nsikele18
-----------------	-----------

Plan (New)

Hosting options and plans	Consumption (Serverless)
Name	ASP-AZ-JHB-RSG-VCKNDW-ST10075585-TER-b942
Operating System	Windows
Region	East US
SKU	Dynamic

Monitoring

Application Insights	Not enabled
----------------------	-------------

Deployment

Continuous deployment	Not enabled / Set up after app creation
-----------------------	---



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Deployment

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Overview

Inputs

Outputs

Template

Deployment is in progress

Deployment name: Microsoft.Web-FunctionApp-Portal-e25d3efa-9... Start time: 9/2/2023, 3:27:42 PM
Subscription: ADVTECH-Tertiary Varsity College
Resource group: AZ-JHB-RSG-VCKNDW-ST10075585-TER
Correlation ID: cfb45440-ac91-4892-99b5-436d2bb0b3a4

Deployment details

Resource	Type	Status	Operation details
No results.			

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Deployment

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Overview

Inputs

Outputs

Template

Deployment is in progress

Deployment name: Microsoft.Web-FunctionApp-Portal-e25d3efa-9... Start time: 9/2/2023, 3:27:42 PM
Subscription: ADVTECH-Tertiary Varsity College
Resource group: AZ-JHB-RSG-VCKNDW-ST10075585-TER
Correlation ID: cfb45440-ac91-4892-99b5-436d2bb0b3a4

Deployment details

Resource	Type	Status	Operation details
ASP-AZ-JHB-RSG-VCKNDW-ST10075585-TER-8042	Microsoft.Web/serverfarms	OK	Operation details
rukelele18	Microsoft.Storage/storageAccounts	OK	Operation details

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Search resources, services, and docs (Ctrl+K)

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Function App

Search

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Access control (IAM)

Tags

Diagnose and solve problems

Microsoft Defender for Cloud

Events (preview)

Functions

App keys

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Proxies

Deployment

Deployment slots

Deployment Center

Settings

Configuration

Authentication

Application Insights

Identity

Backups

Custom domains

Certificates

Networking

Essentials

Resource group (movs) : AZ-JHB-RSG-VCKNDW-ST10075585-TER

Status : Running

Location (movs) : South Africa North

Subscription (movs) : ADVTECH-Tertiary Varsity College

Subscription ID : e312738f-0da6-4395-ab85-33f801de7c65

URL : https://st10075585mainfunction.azurewebsites.net

Operating System : Windows

App Service Plan : ASP-AZ-JHB-RSG-VCKNDW-ST10075585-TER-a79a/Y1:01

Properties : See More

Runtime version : ...

Tags (add) : Add tags

Functions

Metrics

Properties

Notifications (0)

+ Create

Set up local environment

Refresh

Filter by name...

Name	Trigger	Status	Monitor
st10075585	HTTP	Enabled	Invocations and more

(Leshaba, 2023)

The function code:

```
using System;
using System.IO;
using System.Threading.Tasks;
using Microsoft.AspNetCore.Mvc;
using Microsoft.Azure.WebJobs;
using Microsoft.Azure.WebJobs.Extensions.Http;
using Microsoft.AspNetCore.Http;
using Microsoft.Extensions.Logging;
using Newtonsoft.Json;
using System.Collections.Generic;

namespace ST10075585CLDV6212P0EPart1
{
    public static class Function1
    {
        private static List<Person> validPeople = new List<Person>
        {
            new Person("John Doe", "1234567890123", 35, "Married", true, new
List<string> { "2023-07-01", "2023-07-15" }),
            new Person("Jane Smith", "9876543210123", 28, "Single", false, new
List<string>()),
            new Person("Michael Johnson", "4567890123456", 45, "Divorced", true,
new List<string> { "2023-06-20" }),
            new Person("Emma Davis", "3456789012345", 22, "Single", true, new
List<string> { "2023-08-10" }),
            new Person("Robert Brown", "2345678901234", 30, "Married", true, new
List<string> { "2023-05-25" }),
            new Person("Linda Wilson", "7890123456789", 50, "Widowed", false, new
List<string>())
        };
        // Add more people here
        [FunctionName("ST10075585")]
        public static async Task<ActionResult> Run(
            [HttpTrigger(AuthorizationLevel.Function, "get", "post", Route =
"id/{id}")] HttpRequest req,
            string id,
            ILogger log)
        {
            log.LogInformation($"C# HTTP trigger function processed a request for
ID: {id}");

            if (string.IsNullOrEmpty(id))
            {
                return new BadRequestObjectResult("Please provide a valid ID.");
            }

            Person person = validPeople.Find(p => p.ID.Equals(id,
StringComparison.OrdinalIgnoreCase));

            if (person != null)
            {
                var vaccinationStatus = person.IsVaccinated ? "Fully
Vaccinated" : "Not Vaccinated";
                var vaccinationDates = person.VaccinationDates.Count > 0 ?
string.Join(", ", person.VaccinationDates) : "N/A";

                var vaccinationData = new
                {
                    Name = person.Name,
```

```

        Age = person.Age,
        MaritalStatus = person.MaritalStatus,
        VaccinationStatus = vaccinationStatus,
        VaccinationDates = vaccinationDates
    };

    return new OkObjectResult(vaccinationData);
}
else
{
    return new NotFoundObjectResult("ID not found. !Please fill in
the correct information or double check your information!");
}
}

private class Person
{
    public string Name { get; }
    public string ID { get; } // Updated property name
    public int Age { get; }
    public string MaritalStatus { get; }
    public bool IsVaccinated { get; }
    public List<string> VaccinationDates { get; }

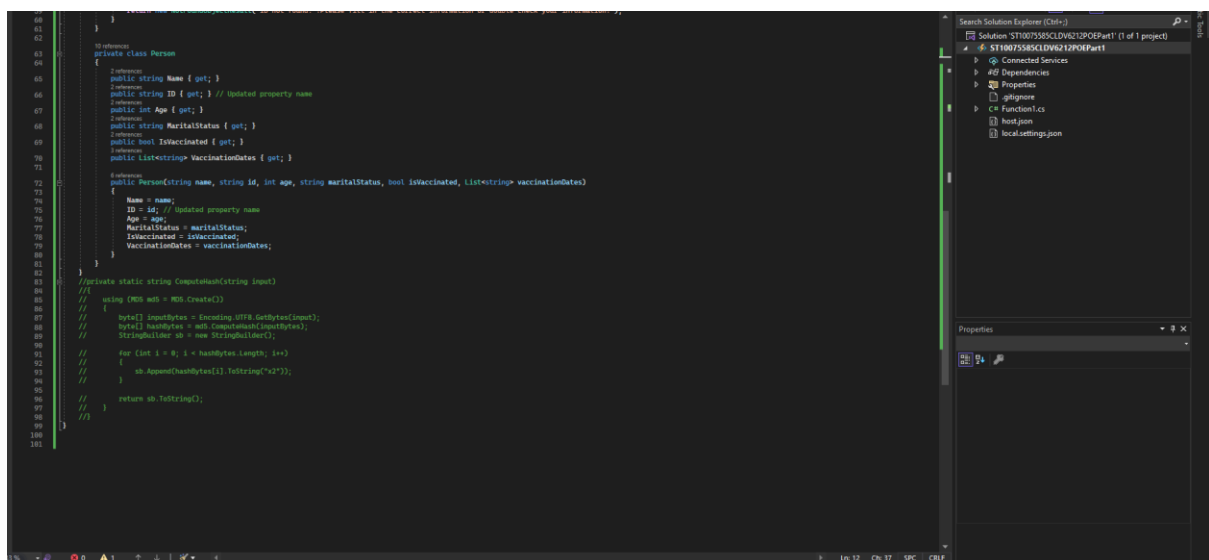
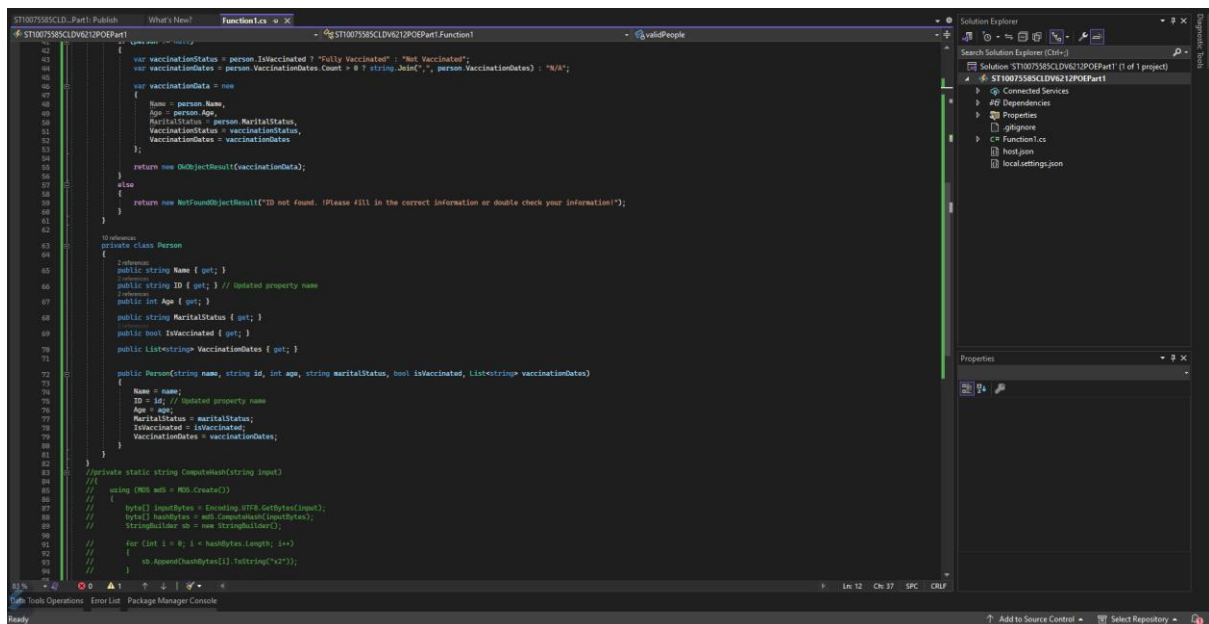
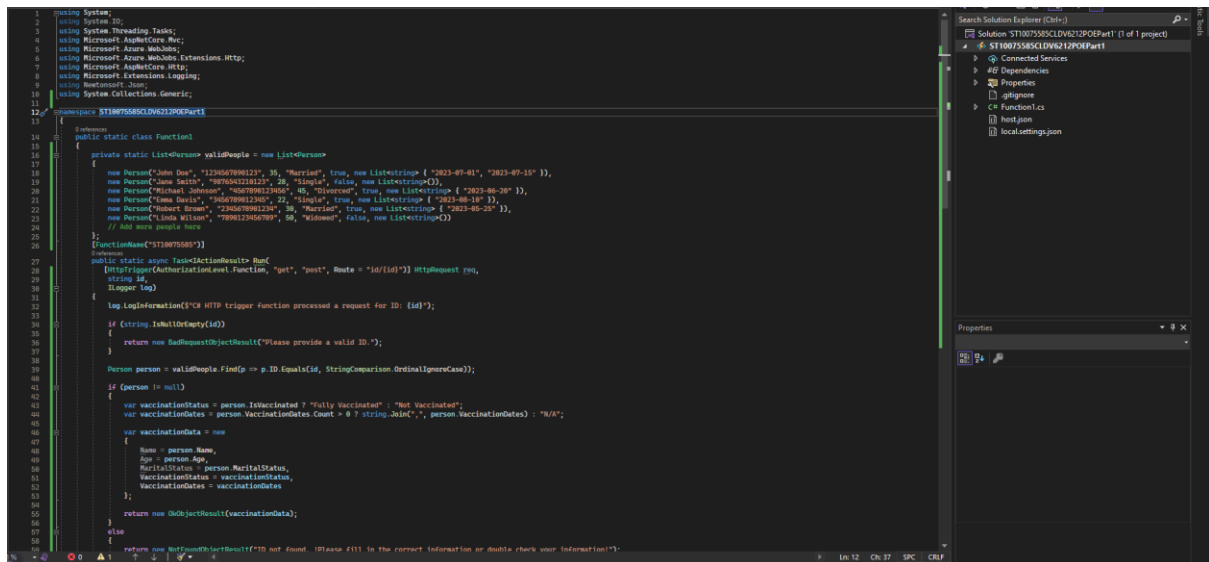
    public Person(string name, string id, int age, string maritalStatus,
bool isVaccinated, List<string> vaccinationDates)
    {
        Name = name;
        ID = id; // Updated property name
        Age = age;
        MaritalStatus = maritalStatus;
        IsVaccinated = isVaccinated;
        VaccinationDates = vaccinationDates;
    }
}

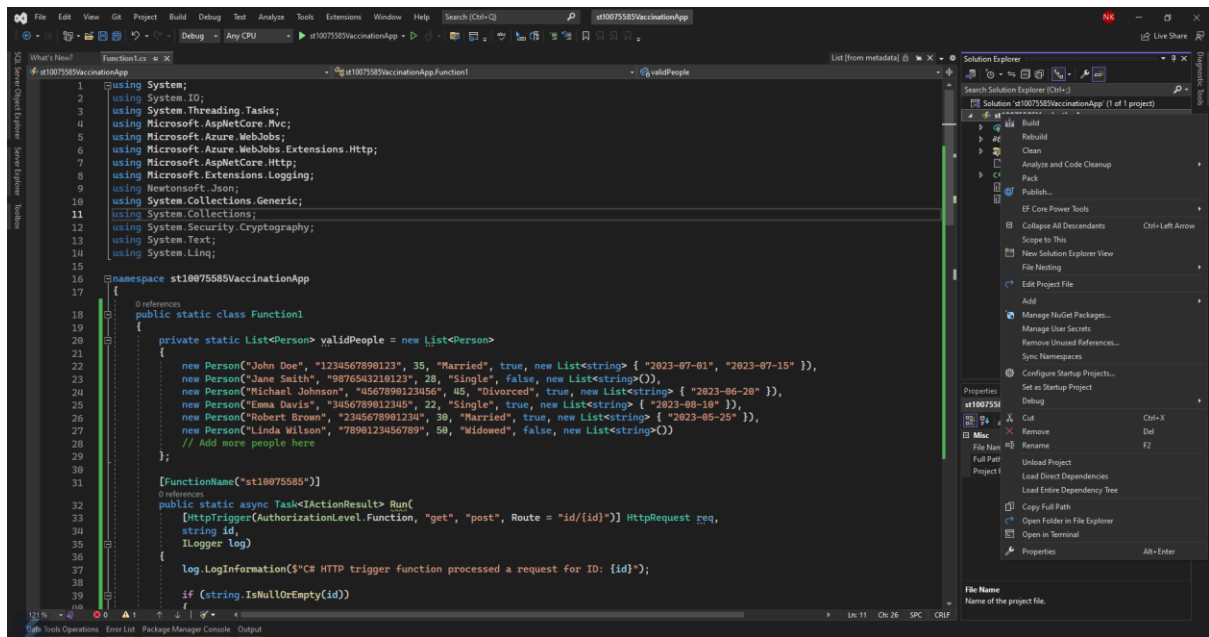
//private static string ComputeHash(string input)
//{
//    using (MD5 md5 = MD5.Create())
//    {
//        byte[] inputBytes = Encoding.UTF8.GetBytes(input);
//        byte[] hashBytes = md5.ComputeHash(inputBytes);
//        StringBuilder sb = new StringBuilder();

//        for (int i = 0; i < hashBytes.Length; i++)
//        {
//            sb.Append(hashBytes[i].ToString("x2"));
//        }

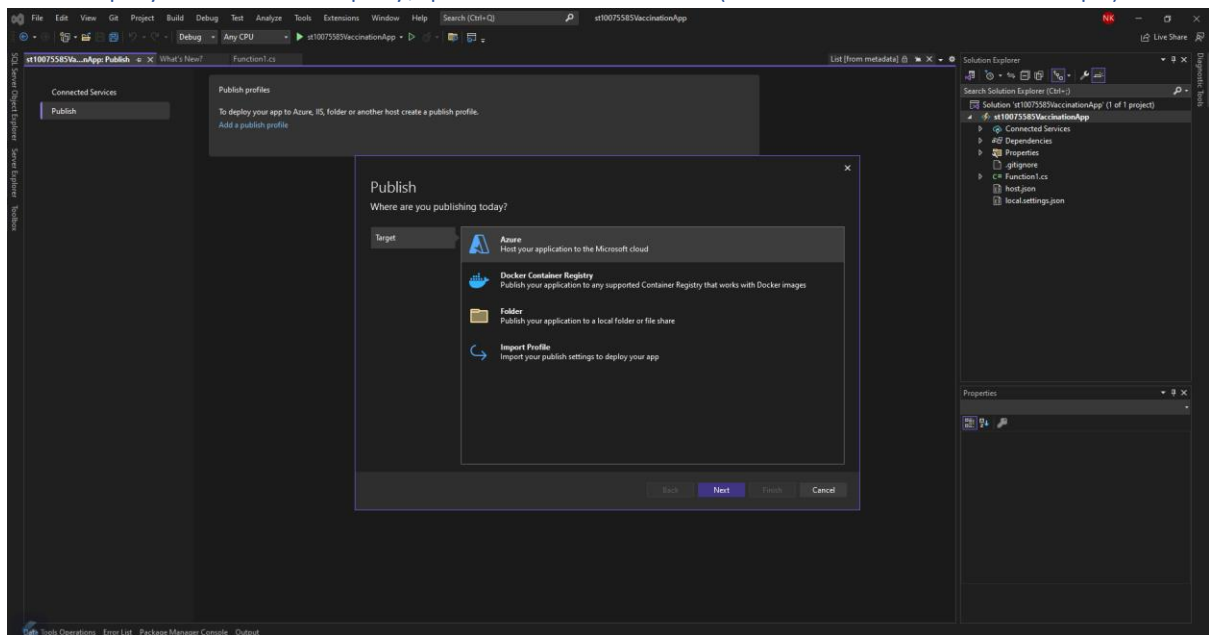
//        return sb.ToString();
//    }
//}
}

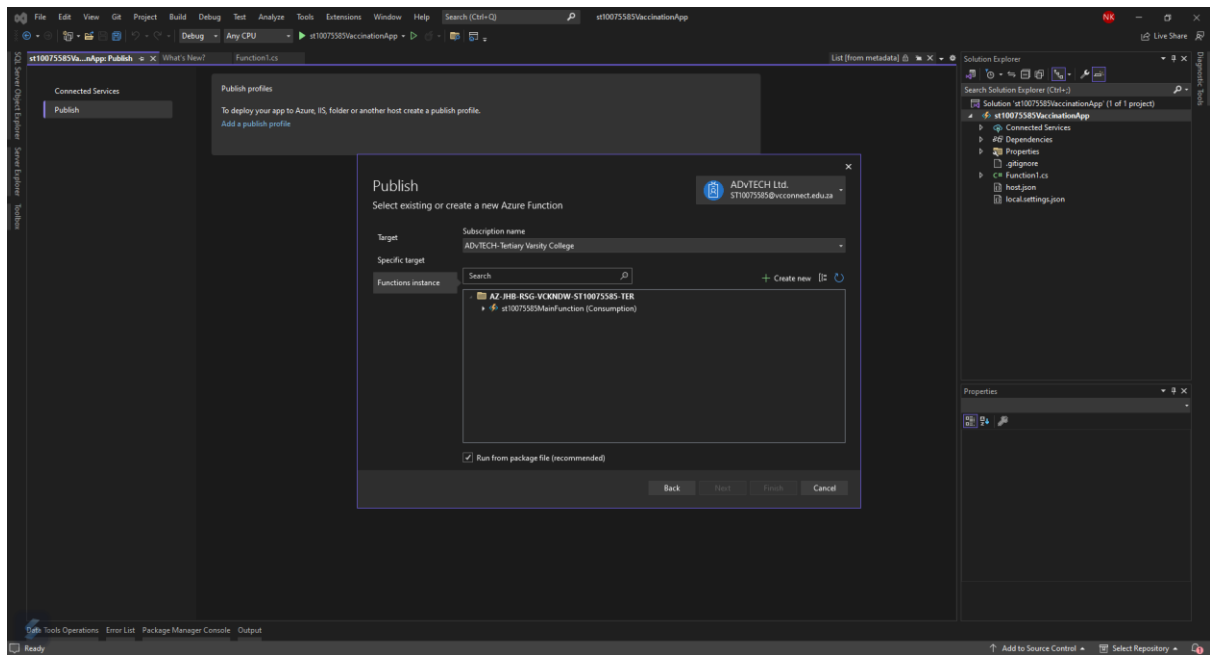
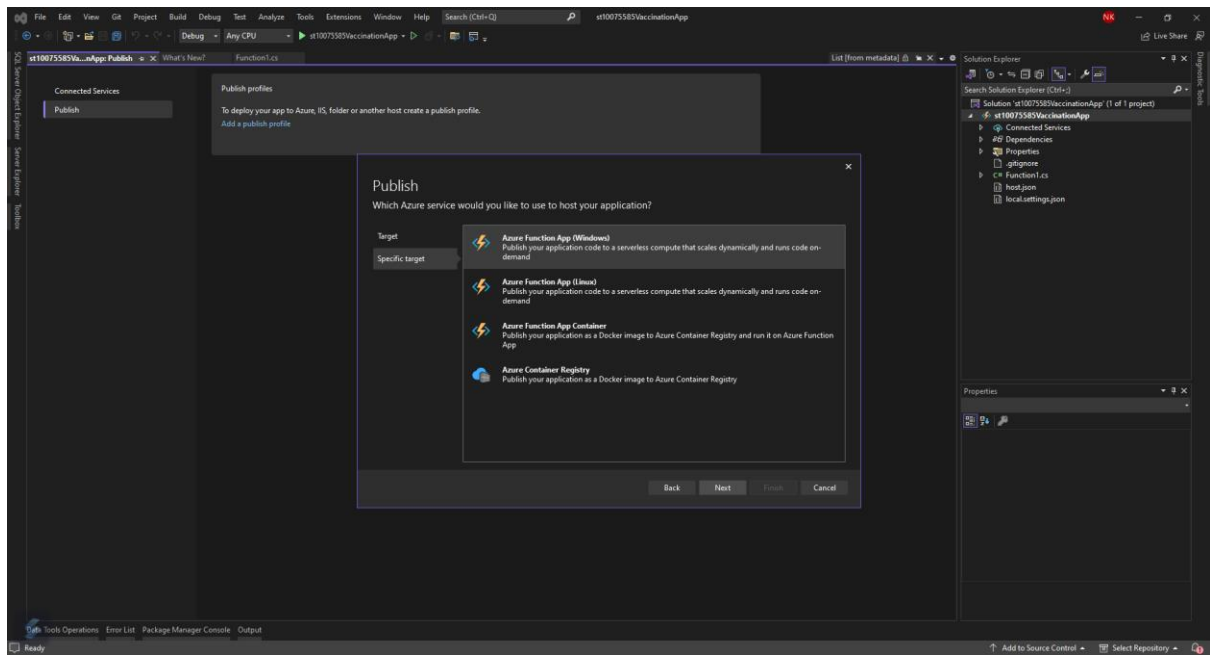
```

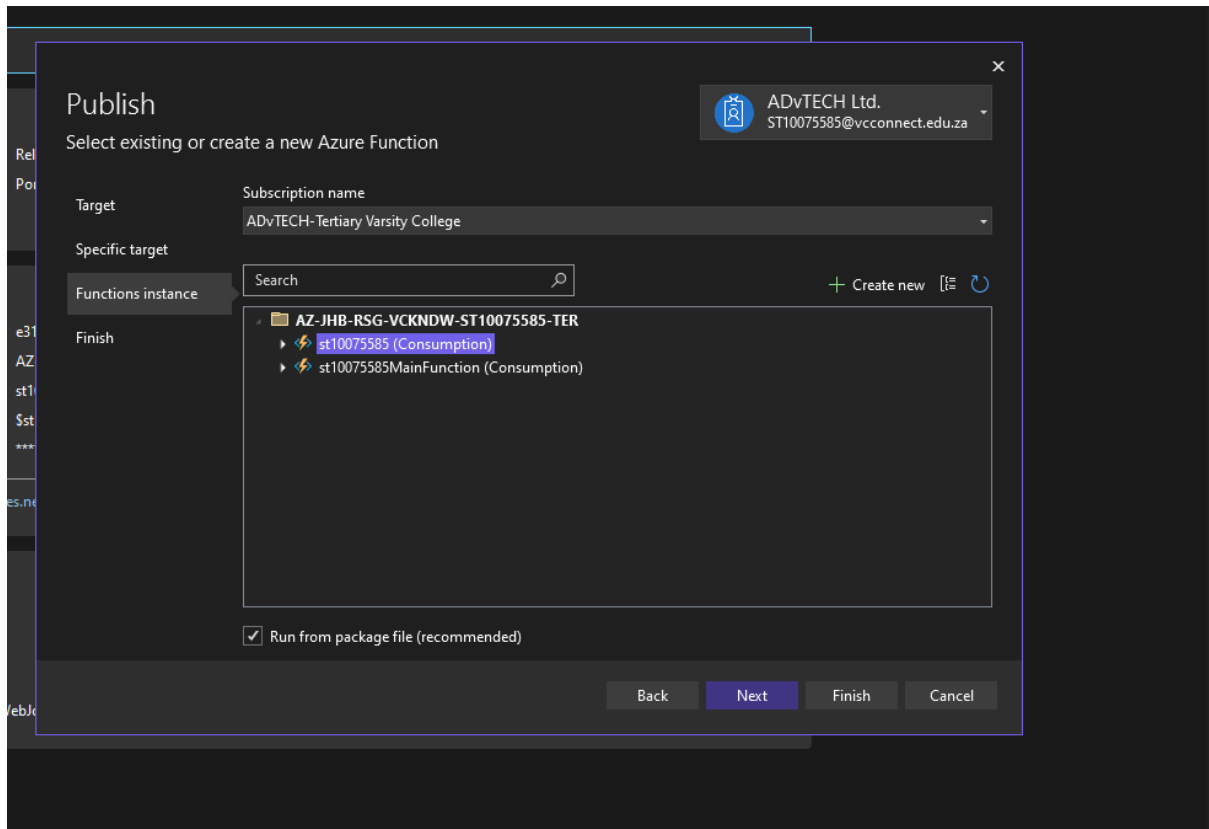
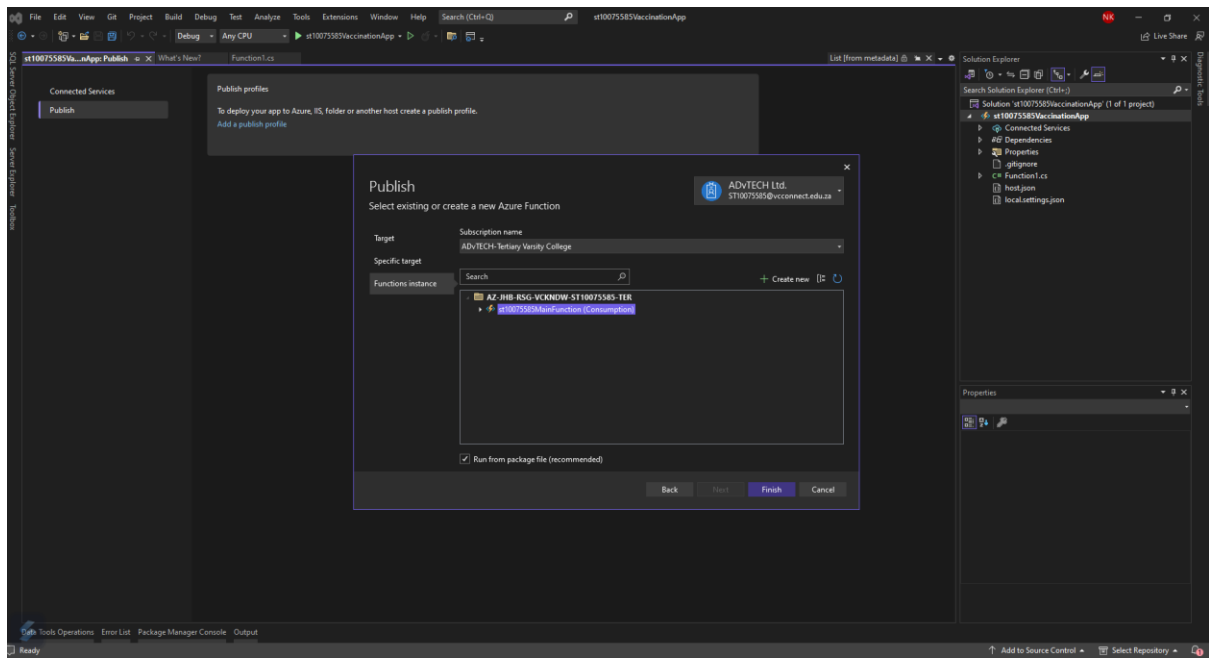


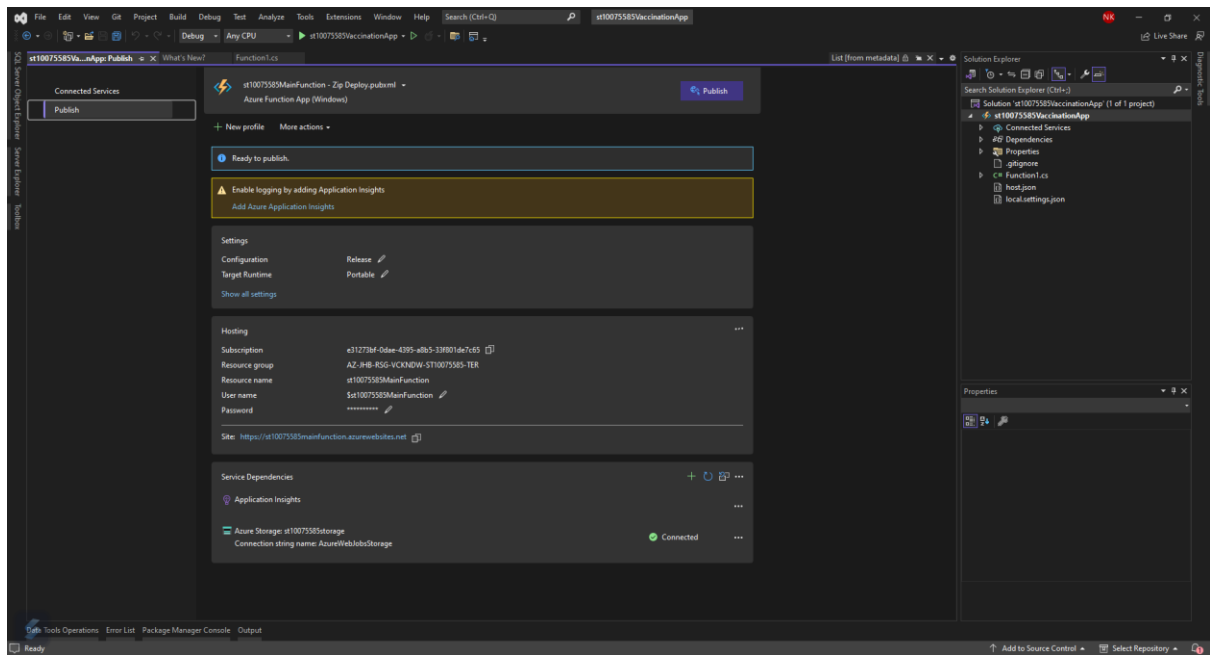
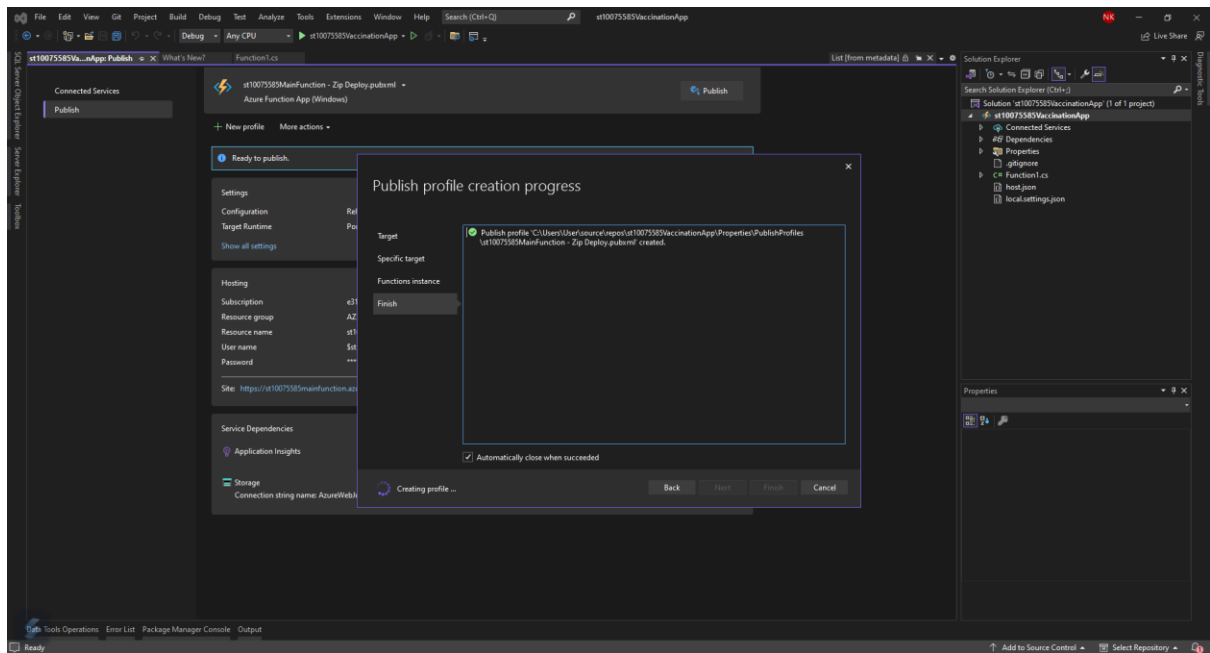


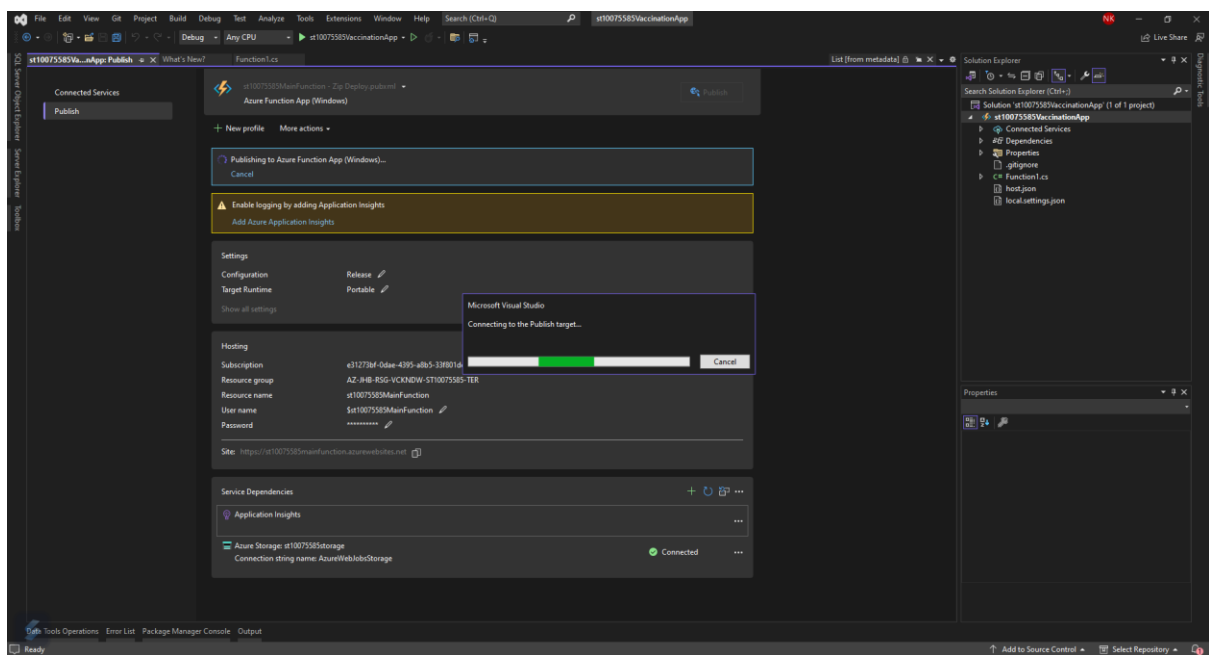
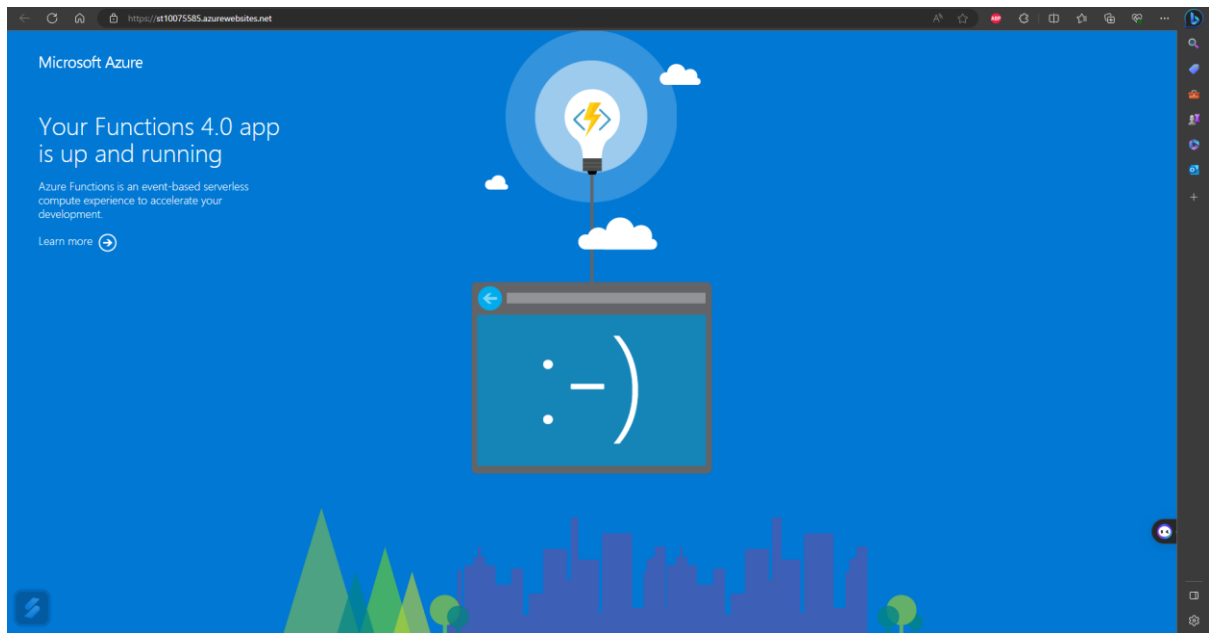
The steps you took to deploy/ publish the function (there must be several steps):

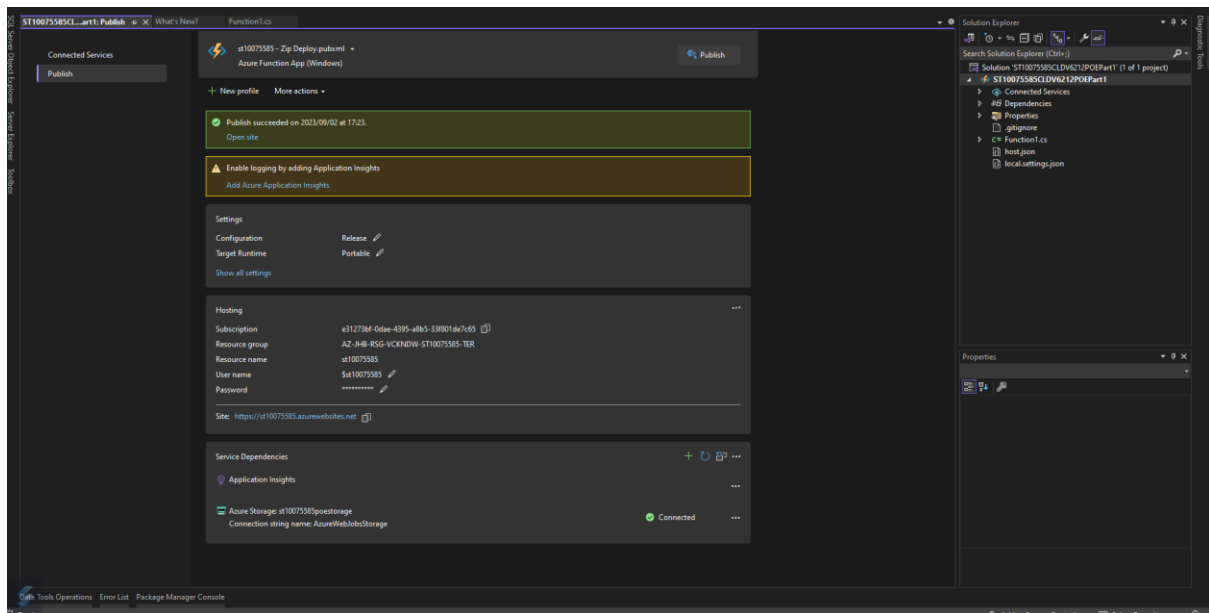










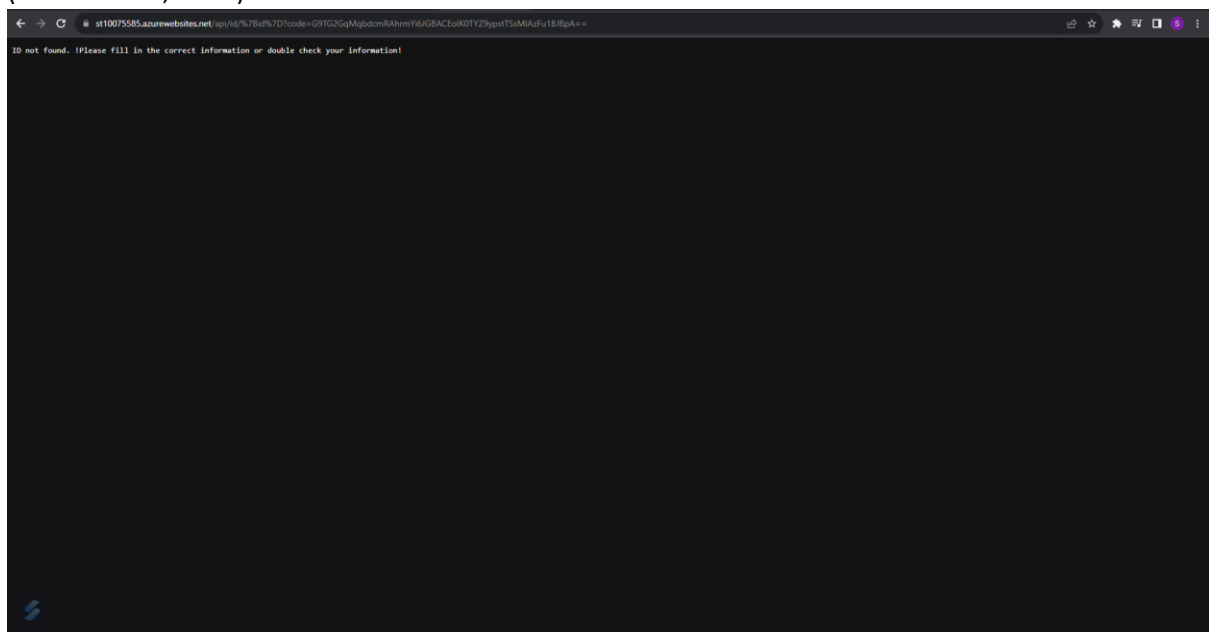


(Leshaba, 2023)

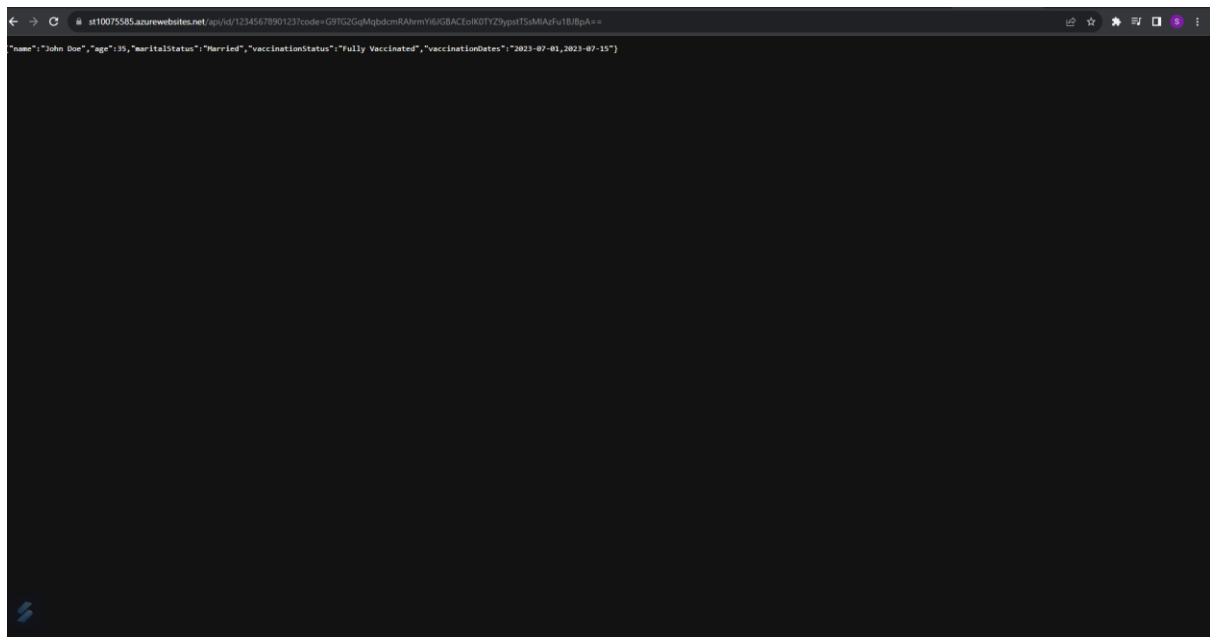
The function working in a web browser with the URL clearly visible (which must start with your student number):

<https://st10075585.azurewebsites.net/api/id/{id}?code=G9TG2GqMqbdcmRAhrmYi6JGBACEoIK0TYZ9ypstTsMIAzFu1BJBpA==>

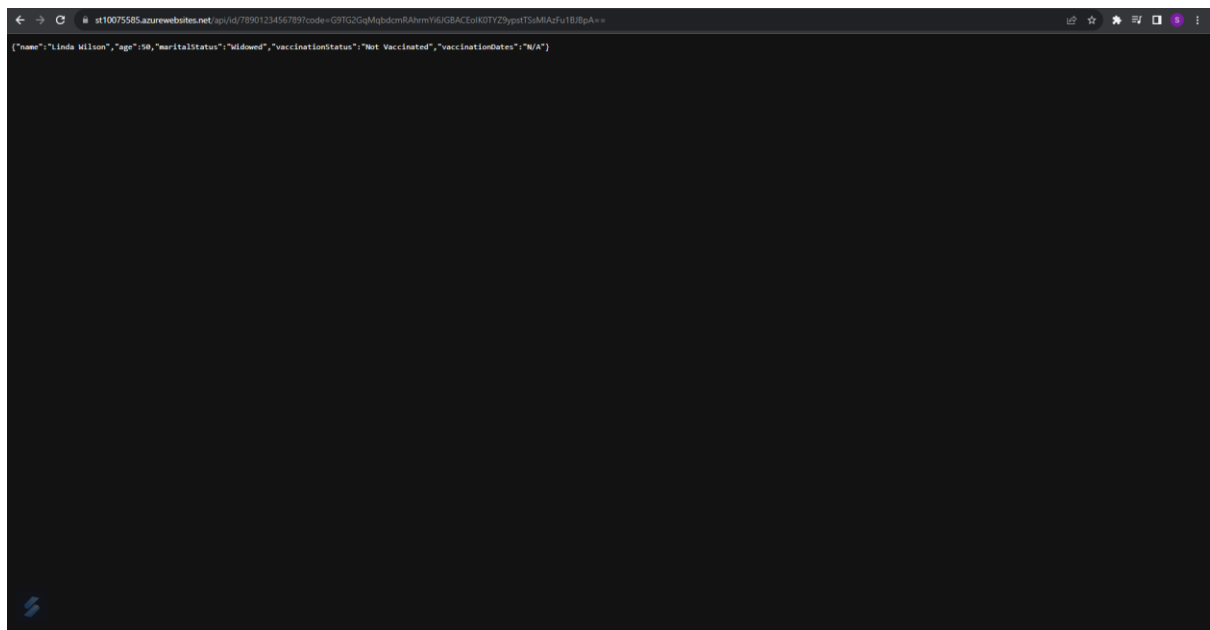
(ST10075585, 2023)



VACCINATED



NOT VACCINATED:



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