

# ECGR 8119 – Applied AI Midterm Report

## Model A – Training Model (MobileNetV2) on Original Cats and Dogs Dataset

```
Epoch 1/10
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/keras/src/trainers/data_adapters/py_data_adapter.py:145:
self._warn_if_super_not_called()
547/547 ————— 150s 244ms/step - accuracy: 0.8891 - loss: 0.4649
Epoch 2/10
547/547 ————— 110s 197ms/step - accuracy: 0.9243 - loss: 0.1761
Epoch 3/10
547/547 ————— 110s 200ms/step - accuracy: 0.9332 - loss: 0.1543
Epoch 4/10
547/547 ————— 139s 193ms/step - accuracy: 0.9411 - loss: 0.1431
Epoch 5/10
547/547 ————— 110s 198ms/step - accuracy: 0.9377 - loss: 0.1479
Epoch 6/10
547/547 ————— 106s 192ms/step - accuracy: 0.9416 - loss: 0.1402
Epoch 7/10
547/547 ————— 108s 195ms/step - accuracy: 0.9445 - loss: 0.1339
Epoch 8/10
547/547 ————— 141s 193ms/step - accuracy: 0.9404 - loss: 0.1386
Epoch 9/10
547/547 ————— 107s 193ms/step - accuracy: 0.9440 - loss: 0.1341
Epoch 10/10
547/547 ————— 155s 217ms/step - accuracy: 0.9462 - loss: 0.1366
```

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**Figure: Accuracy and Loss Results of Model A Training**

```
# Step 1: Evaluate the model on the test set
test_loss, test_accuracy = model.evaluate(
    test_generator,
    steps=test_generator.samples // BATCH_SIZE
)
```

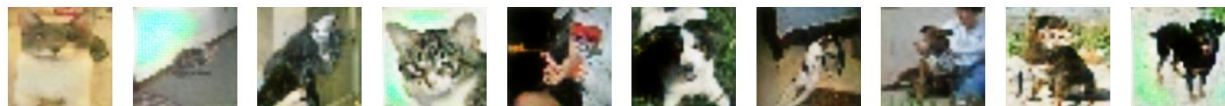
```
print(f"Test Loss: {test_loss}")
print(f"Test Accuracy: {test_accuracy}")
```

```
234/234 ————— 14s 59ms/step - accuracy: 0.9462 - loss: 0.1533
Test Loss: 0.148750901222229
Test Accuracy: 0.9465811848640442
```

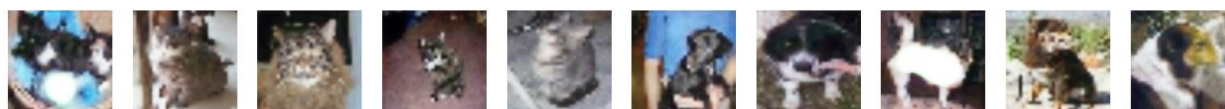
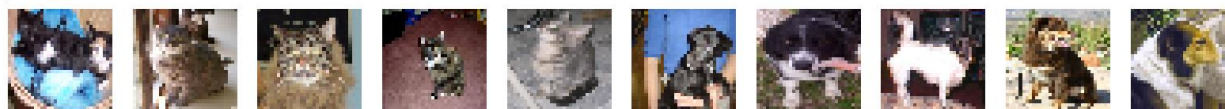
```
Precision: 0.9101151114376684
Recall: 0.9909333333333333
F1 Score: 0.9488063321843483
AUC: 0.9956101333333333
```

**Figure: Test Accuracy, Loss Precision, Recall, F1 Score, and AUC Results**

Epoch: 1 --> Discriminator Loss: 0.6910 --> Generator Loss: 0.8301

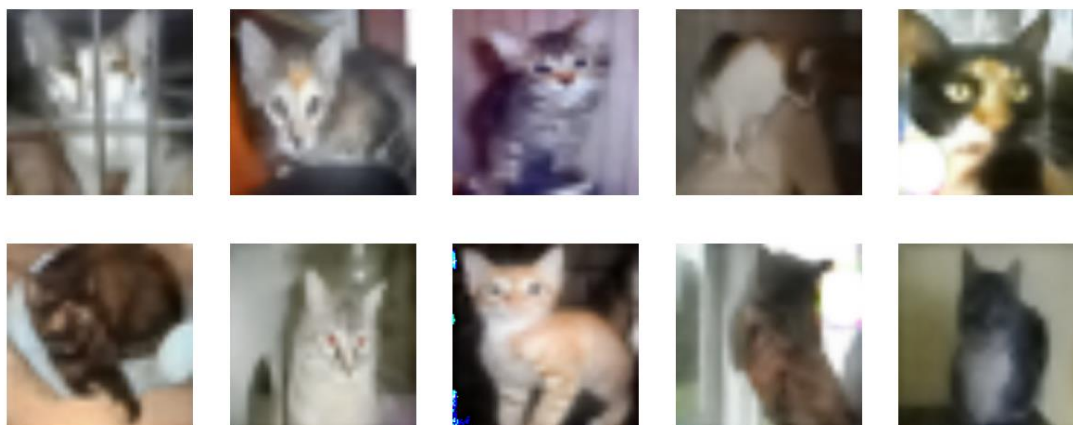


Epoch: 2 --> Discriminator Loss: 0.6925 --> Generator Loss: 0.7334

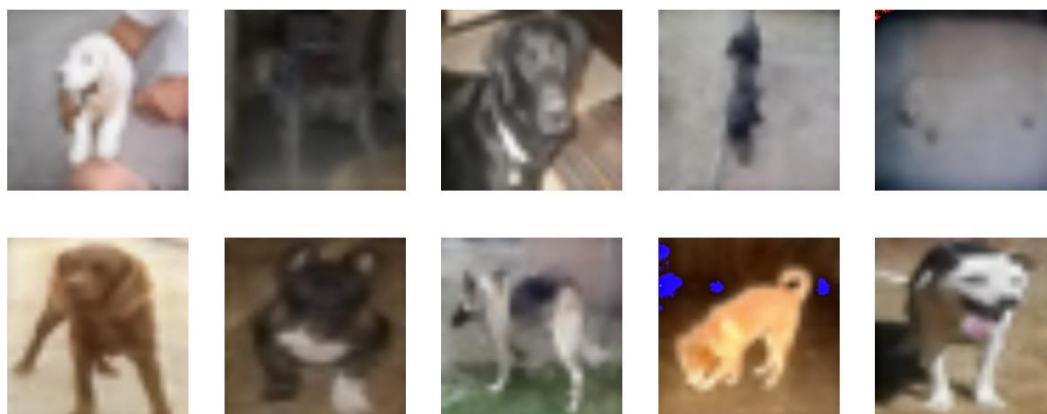


**Figure: Sample Output for Every Epoch of SRGAN Model Training**

Cat Images



Dog Images



## **Model B – Training Model (MobileNetV2) on Original Cats and Dogs Dataset + Super Resoluted 128x128 SRGAN Generated Images**

```
Epoch 1/10
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/keras/src/trainers/data_adapters/py_dat
self._warn_if_super_not_called()
657/657 ————— 163s 229ms/step - accuracy: 0.8329 - loss: 0.7103
Epoch 2/10
657/657 ————— 173s 194ms/step - accuracy: 0.8973 - loss: 0.2224
Epoch 3/10
657/657 ————— 138s 187ms/step - accuracy: 0.9027 - loss: 0.2123
Epoch 4/10
657/657 ————— 143s 190ms/step - accuracy: 0.9063 - loss: 0.2086
Epoch 5/10
657/657 ————— 139s 185ms/step - accuracy: 0.9047 - loss: 0.2079
Epoch 6/10
657/657 ————— 141s 184ms/step - accuracy: 0.9079 - loss: 0.2020
Epoch 7/10
657/657 ————— 145s 189ms/step - accuracy: 0.9094 - loss: 0.2033
Epoch 8/10
657/657 ————— 124s 186ms/step - accuracy: 0.9155 - loss: 0.1911
Epoch 9/10
657/657 ————— 141s 185ms/step - accuracy: 0.9125 - loss: 0.1978
Epoch 10/10
657/657 ————— 141s 183ms/step - accuracy: 0.9125 - loss: 0.1929
```

**Figure: Accuracy and Loss Results of Model A Training**

```
from sklearn.metrics import precision_score, recall_score, f1_score, roc_auc_score

# Step 1: Evaluate the model on the test set
test_loss, test_accuracy = model.evaluate(
    test_generator,
    steps=test_generator.samples // BATCH_SIZE
)

print(f"Test Loss: {test_loss}")
print(f"Test Accuracy: {test_accuracy}")
```

```
281/281 ————— 18s 57ms/step - accuracy: 0.9394 - loss: 0.1496
Test Loss: 0.15288200974464417
Test Accuracy: 0.9356094598770142
```

Precision: 0.9273877017008286  
Recall: 0.9451111111111111  
F1 Score: 0.9361655293858684  
AUC: 0.9863880987654321

**Figure: Test Accuracy, Loss Precision, Recall, F1 Score, and AUC Results**

Comparing the Results Model A Vs. Model B

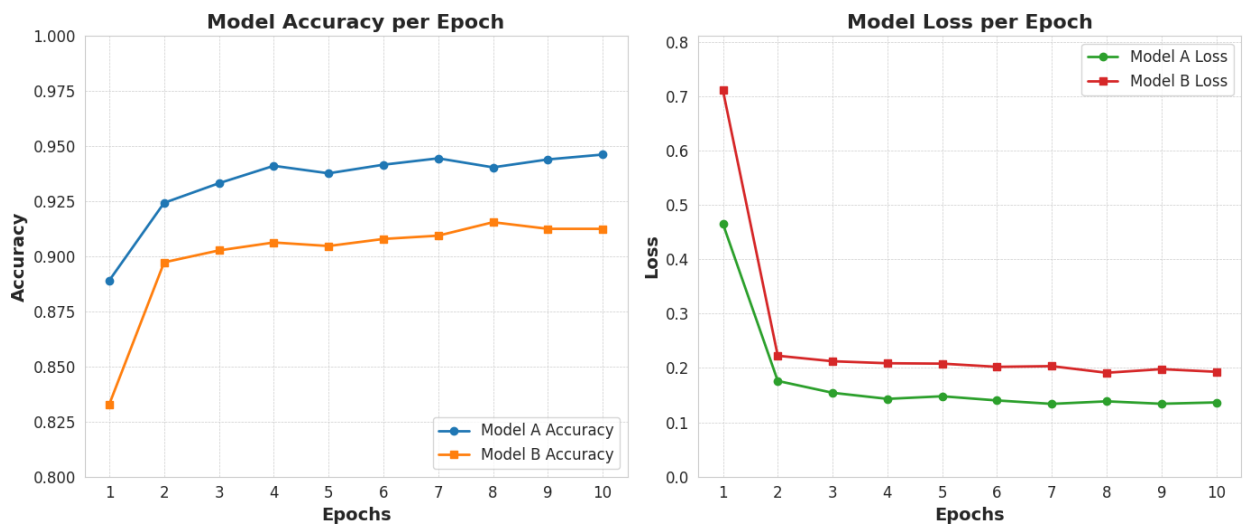


Figure: Model Accuracy and Loss for Model A Vs. Model B

- 1. Model B's final accuracy of around 91.2% is only slightly lower than Model A's 94.6%, showing it still performed well despite the blurry images.
- 2. Model B's accuracy steadily improves over epochs, indicating it learned effectively from both original and SRGAN-generated images.
- 3. Model B's loss quickly stabilizes, similar to Model A, suggesting it successfully adapted to the dataset's features.

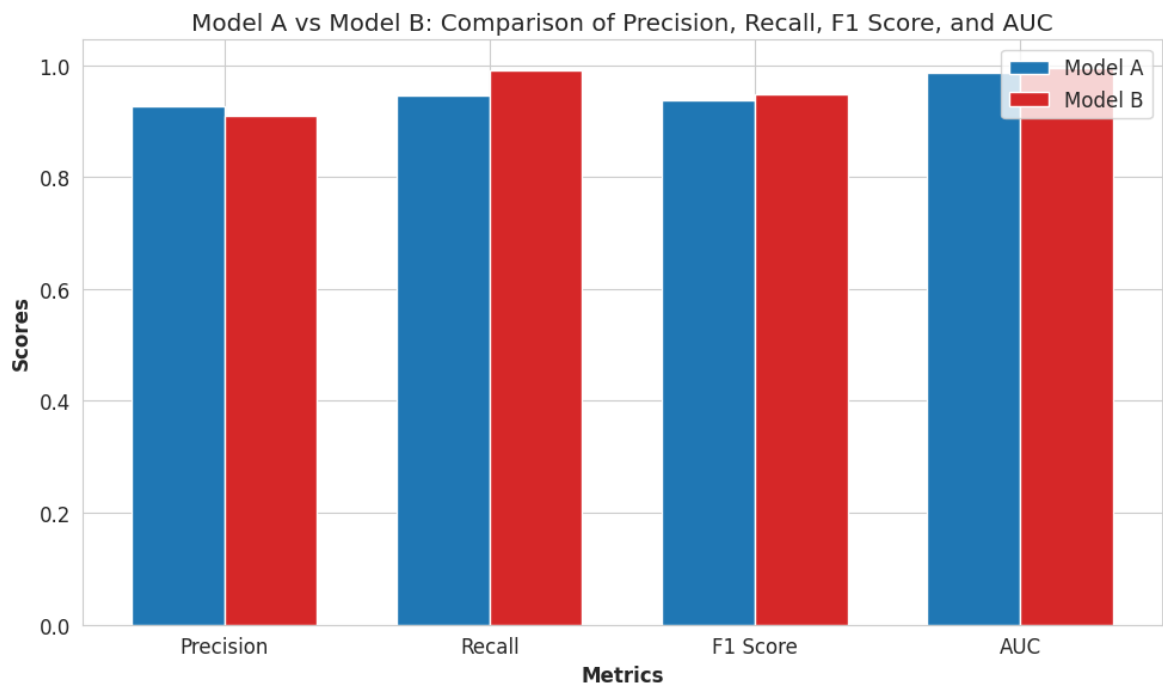


Figure: Model A Vs. Model B Metric Comparison

1. Model A and Model B have nearly identical precision scores, both just slightly below 1.0, indicating minimal difference in precision.
2. Model B shows a slightly higher recall score than Model A, reaching nearly 1.0, which suggests it has a better ability to capture all relevant instances.
3. Both models have very close AUC scores, close to 1.0, indicating that both models have similarly strong classification performance across different thresholds.